Classified Advertisements

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—160 Acre Ranch Located miles east of Klamath Falls a bargain for some homeseeker, for particulars inquire at this office. 6-6

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN—Hard times but I have some money to loan if you have the security.—E. B. Hall.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Rotary ball bearing White Sewing Machine, latest design, at Gillette Furniture Store. tf

Piano For Sale—An upright Heinze piano in good condition. Phone 504 or call at this office. tf

Sales—Two practically new Herring-Hall-Marvin safes, at a bargain, one 20x inches and one 25x32 inches, inside. Inquire at Heitkempers Jewely store.

FOR SALE—One dresser, one washstand, one rocking chair, one table and one heating stove. Call at the Brick store. tf

Notice For Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Lakeview Oregon, May 15, 1908. Notice is hereby given that Albert Harrison, of Klamath Falls, Oregon, who, on Nov. 8, 1907, made timber and stone application, No. 4015, for NE¼ NW¼, Section 29, Township 37 S., Range 9 E., Will. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before County Clerk Klamath Co., at his office at Klamath Falls, Ore., on the 11th day of August, 1908. Claimant names as witnesses: John G Schallock, of Klamath Falls, Oregon, T. J. Staten, of Klamath Falls, Oregon, Albo Jamison, of Klamath Falls Ore gon, Wm. Carlisle, of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

J. N. Watson, Register. 5 18

Furs Wanted

C. D. Wilson is in the market for all kinds of furs, for which he will pay the highest market price. Address him at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Treasurers Notice

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the county treasury for the redemption of all outstanding county warrants protested on and prior to July 28, 1906. Interest on same will cease from this date.

Dated at Klamath Falls this 15th day of April, 1908.

L. Alva Lewis,
County Treasurer.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, GENERAL LAND OFFICE, Washington, D. C. March 27, 1908. NOTICE OF RESTORATION OF PUBLIC LANDS TO SETTLEMENT AND ENTRY.—Notice is hereby given that the acting Secretary of the Interior has signed departmental order of withdrawal in so far as the same affects the withdrawal for irrigation purposes under the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat., 388) for use in connection with the Klamath Project, Oregon, of the following described lands in the State of Oregon, and by his authority such of said tracts as have not been heretofore finally restored and are not otherwise withdrawn, reserved or appropriated, will be subject to settlement under the public land laws of the United States on and after June 23, 1908, but shall not be subject to entry, filing, or selection until July 20, 1908, at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, notice being expressly given that no person will be permitted to gain or exercise any right whatever under any settlement or occupation begun after February 12, 1908 and prior to June 20, 1908, of such settlement or occupation being forbidden: NE¼ NE¼, W½ SE¼, Section 20, T. 37S., R. 9 E., Oregon.

FRED DENNETT
Commissioner of the General Land Office
FRANK PIERCE
First Assistant Secretary of the Interior

G. Helming & Co.

Fur Merchants

Address Marshfield, Oregon, or

Klamath Falls, Oregon

Zim's Plumbing Shop

Contracting and Jobbing

Firstclass Line of Plumbing Specialties and firstclass Workmanship.

A. O. U. W. Building
Klamath Falls

Jackson Hotel
Fort Klamath, Ore.

Clean rooms, good beds, and the table always supplied with the best the market affords-Terms reasonable.

C. C. Jackson, Prop.

A Turn of the Wheel.

[Original.]

Enid Ford not only possessed a fortune, but, her father and mother being dead, there was no one to direct her movements in any respect. Walker Brooks was an eligible party, being also wealthy, and, although he was not intellectual and had no object in life, Enid had concluded that their two estates united would involve many advantages. She gave him some encouragement. He proposed and was accepted.

In memory of her parents Enid built a little church in the town where she lived. When it was finished she cast about for some one to take charge of it as pastor. Laurence Keith, a recent graduate of a theological seminary, was recommended and finally chosen for the position.

Keith was one of those young men who from the first indicate that they are destined to make their mark in the world. He had, first of all, that requisite for a pastor, the gift of extempore utterance. When he had anything to say to his congregation he did not halt nor hesitate for words nor become inextricably involved in the construction of sentences.

Being at the head of a church built and endowed by Enid Ford, there were many things constantly arising for them to talk over. They invariably confined themselves to church and charitable interests, seldom if ever dropping into that small talk so natural to young people. Indeed, Mr. Keith treated Miss Ford as the owner of the church of which he was pastor, and Miss Ford treated Mr. Keith as the pastor of the church of which she was owner.

When Mr. Keith had administered the affairs of the church and its congregation a year Miss Ford said to him:

"I am very well pleased, Mr. Keith, with my selection of a pastor for my church. There is, however, one recommendation you do not possess. A clergyman should have a wife. On your salary, I admit, marriage would be unwise, but I can relieve this deficiency. Your salary for the next year will be double what it has been."

Mr. Keith thought a few moments, then declined the raise with the condition, whereupon Miss Ford assured him that there was no condition attached, and he was satisfied. A few more matters of business were talked over between them, when Miss Ford said:

"I have a request to make of you—an invitation to extend to you—and I don't wish you to be influenced in your acceptance by our relative positions. Perhaps I am making too much of the matter, but everything connected with a girl's main event in life, marriage, is the cause of deep feeling to her."

"I can understand that, and it should be so. What is this invitation?"

"Will you marry me?"

Mr. Keith looked at the girl in astonishment, then, instead of making a reply, turned and walked back and forth for several minutes in deep thought. Meanwhile Miss Ford looked at him, equally surprised.

"I do not think," he said at last, "that such a course would be well for either of us. In a career such as mine wealth possessed by my wife would be a detriment to me, for my view of wealth is that it belongs to the poor. I have observed that, however liberal rich people are, their wealth is their paramount interest. With this predisposition to hold and increase what you have, I would advise you to marry a rich man."

It is needless to say that Miss Ford listened to this with interest. Mr. Keith had mistaken her entirely. What she intended to ask of him was that he would perform the marriage ceremony soon to take place between her and Walker Brooks. He had supposed that she, being rich, had considered it her part to propose marriage. When he had finished speaking, instead of informing him of his blunder she said:

"What you say is worthy of thoughtful consideration."

A week later Mr. Brooks received a note from his fiancee stating that she had come to the conclusion that she was not the woman she would marry; that she had resolved to spend her income in doing good only and not in pleasure seeking. Mr. Brooks was somewhat disappointed at losing so considerable an addition to his fortune, calculating to spend the united income in fashionable living. But he weighed the matter and decided that he would rather give up Miss Ford's fortune than see it expended in building institutions. He released her.

From this time Miss Ford began to rely on her pastor in certain expenditures which she designed on account of his experience in the line she proposed to spend the money and because of his administrative ability, which was of the first order. It was not long before their interests became identical. Miss Ford furnished the means for good, and Mr. Keith saw that the money went into many a household where it was not only a godsend, but was expended to a practical purpose. One evening after they had been talking of these matters Miss Ford said:

"Mr. Keith, I once gave you an invitation which you declined. Were the situation now what you inferred it to be, your reasons for declining would have been excellent. But since then I have made my calling your calling. I see no reason why a fortune held in trust, as I hold mine, for the poor should not continue to go through you to the greatest good. Again I ask, will you marry me?"

The second invitation was accepted.

EMMALINE C. BURKE.

FACTS ABOUT KLAMATH PROJECT

The Klamath Project

The Klamath Project is the name that has been applied to the reclamation of about 100,000 acres of land now under the overflow of the Klamath River and of Lower Klamath Lake and Tule Lake and the irrigation of about 140,000 acres of valley land adjacent to the Klamath River, along the course of Lost River and the tributary portion of the great plateau lying chiefly in Klamath County, Oregon, but also embracing a part of Siskiyou and Modoc Counties, California, a total area of 200,000 acres.

The Project embraces the construction of a very great mileage of canals, laterals and drainage canals and will have its principal source in Upper Klamath Lake. Clear Lake and Horsefly are reservoir sites where flood water will be impounded and utilized for irrigation of land included in the upper portion of the Project.

Work on the main canal was started in the Spring of 1906 and the first unit of nine miles is now completed. About 13,000 acres of land will be irrigated from the first unit, the laterals for which are being constructed under the supervision of the engineers having charge of the Project. By far the largest proportion of the land under the first unit is now in sagebrush and must be cleared and broken in time for crops in the Spring of 1908. Work on the second unit is being done by the Government and embraces nineteen miles of main canal and twenty-six miles of laterals to furnish water to about 20,000 additional acres of land. Work on this unit will be prosecuted as rapidly as possible.

Nearly one-half of the area to be irrigated is now under water to a depth of from one to fifteen feet and will be reclaimed by a system of drainage to lower the level of the rivers and lakes. A large part of the swamp land and practically all of the valley land in the Klamath Basin are held in private ownership and some in very large tracts which must be sold in tracts of 160 acres or less under the regulations governing the perfection of a water-right.

KLAMATH'S GREATEST NEED

For its development and prosperity the Klamath Basin must have people, and the right kind of people at that. Its great need is intelligent, practical farmers, who understand the meaning of intensified and diversified farming; men who will buy land, not for speculative purposes, but with the idea of clearing off the sagebrush and making permanent and comfortable homes. Such men are bound to succeed. There is room for thousands of them.

Developing Various Industries

Sugar beets have been grown experimentally throughout the Klamath Valley. The percentage of sugar is high, as will be noted from the following analysis made by the United States Department of Agriculture from beets grown near sugar in beets, per cent., 21.7; sugar in juice, per cent., 24.1; coefficient of purity, 83.1.

Experience has demonstrated that excellent asparagus, onions and celery can be grown, the tule lands being very similar to those of the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys of California, where such vegetables are so successfully cultivated. Throughout the world the reclaimed marshlands are the best suited for the highest development of dairy interests.

There is no question that this will become a sugar beet producing section and that a number of factories will be built and operated with the development of the industry.

All kinds of fruit adapted to the temperate zone thrive here—apples, peaches, pears, cherries, prunes, plums, apricots and nectarines do well, and small fruits bear abundantly and of excellent quality. There are a great many small orchards throughout the basin that prove the adaptability of the region to the profitable production of fruit.

E. L. Smith, former president of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture, gives it as his opinion that the foothill lands are specially adapted to apple growing.

Cultivation of the potato has passed beyond the experimental stage, the sandy loam of the uplands producing them in great abundance.

Klamath County wheat, grown without irrigation, took the premium at the New Orleans Exposition. The most important forage crop is alfalfa, the soil being peculiarly adapted to its growth.

Excess Holdings Must Be Sold

All landowners being required to sell their excess holdings, there is a large area of good land for sale at reasonable figures, prices ranging from about $15 to $35 for unimproved, and $20 to $50 per acre for improved land. Land adjacent to the principal towns commands higher prices. The purchaser pays for the water right at a cost of about $18 per acre to be paid for in ten equal annual installments without interest. This amounts to less than the ordinary annual rental paid private ditch companies. Some of the irrigators of Klamath Valley (and they are the most prosperous farmers) have already paid out to such companies for water $60 per acre and own no water. All of these companies have been purchased by the Government and included in the system.

No public lands will be open for settlement for several years.

Climate and Soil

The upland soil is mainly a rich sandy loam of great uniformity and composed largely of disintegrated and eroded lava with an admixture of volcanic ash and diatomaceous earth, the latter material of plant origin, formed in the bottom of the ancient sea which covered the greater part of the Great Basin, and of which Klamath Valley is a northwesterly extension. Such soil, characteristic of many of the richest agricultural sections of the world, including much of Italy and the great plains of India, is extremely fertile, and of lasting productiveness. The lake and tule lands are made up of a volcanic soil containing much organic matter, a vegetable accumulation of ages, and is of a peatty nature.

The climate is extremely healthful and not severe. There is rarely any Winter weather before the latter part of December, and but little zero weather during the entire Winter. The annual precipitation is about fifteen inches, with little rain during the Summer months.

BUY According to Season

Groceries, the same as wearing apparel, should be bought according to seasons. You make no mistake when you leave it to us to decide which is the best at this time. We always guarantee satisfaction. Just call up phone 516

CHASE & SANBORN COFFEES THE LEADERS. . . . . **VAN RIPER BROS.**

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Our goods are new and attractive.
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Klamath Falls, Oregon

East End Meat Market

CRISLER & STILTS, Proprietors

Prime Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork and Poultry

Fresh and Cured Meats and Sausages of all kinds. We handle our meats in the most modern way in cleanliness and surroundings. Try us and we will be most happy to have you for a customer. Free Delivery.

MILLS ADDITION LOTS are Advancing in Value

When blocks in Mills Addition were offered at bargain prices a number of shrewd investors bought; since that time values have increased materially.

These Lots are Bargain Buys

at present prices, and there is every reason to anticipate an advance in prices. Remember these lots are **FIFTY** feet in width and **ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY FEET** deep—more than double the area of most town lots offered to investors.

FRANK IRA WHITE

CAPT. O. C. APPLEGATE
FRANK WARD
Land Salesmen.

Office on Fifth Street

The Gem

Restaurant and Lodging House

Special accommodations for Family Dinner Parties. The largest and best arranged eating house in the city. Open day and night.

WOOD WOOD

Sixteen inch and four foot wood in any quantities.
Orders can be left at Navigation Co., Phone 461
or K K K Store, Phone 174

J. L. FIELDER Wood Yard and Office Near City Hall
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Heavy Freighting a Specialty. Baggage Orders Are Given Prompt Attention

O. K. Transfer & Storage Company

Having up-to-date piano trucks we solicit your fine piano moving

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