

The Hood River Glacier.

VOL. XVI.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, DECEMBER 29, 1904.

No. 33

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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ARTHUR D. MOE, Publisher.

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in advance.

NOTICES.

GRAND JURY—Meets the second and fourth
Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially wel-
comed. F. U. BOSTON, Commissioner.

W. U. BOSTON—Hood River
Union No. 342, meets in Old Fellow hall
second and fourth Saturdays in each month.
T. U. BOSTON, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CAMP, No. 770, M. W. A.,
meets in K. of P. hall every Wednesday
night. M. M. RUSSELL, V. C.

HOOD RIVER CAMP, No. 770, W. O. W., meets
on first and third Tuesday of each month
in Old Fellow hall. A. C. STAYAN, C. P.

WALCOMA LODGE, No. 30, K. of P., meets
in K. of P. hall every Tuesday night.
H. M. DUKES, C. C.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 25, O. E. F.,
meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings
of each month. Visitors cordially wel-
comed. A. K. MARY B. DAVISON, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE, No. 524, Women of
Woodcraft, meets at K. of P. hall on the
first and third Fridays of each month.
H. M. DUKES, Guardian Neighbor.
NEAL HULLWELL, Clerk.

CANBY POST, No. 16, G. A. R., meets at A. O. U. W. hall, second and fourth Saturdays
of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R.
members invited to assist with us.
T. J. CUNNING, Adjutant.

CANBY W. R. C., No. 36, meets second and
fourth Saturdays of each month in A. O. U. W.
hall at 2 p. m.
MRS. ALIDA SHOOKER, President.
MRS. T. J. CUNNING, Secretary.

EDEN ENCAMPMENT, No. 48, I. O. O. F.,
Regular meeting second and fourth Thurs-
days of each month. A. J. GATCHELL, C. P.
H. B. HENRIKSON, Sec'y.

DEWEILD LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F., meets
in Fraternal Hall, every Thursday night.
E. M. HAYES, Sec'y.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 27, E. A. M.,
meets third Friday night of each month.
D. McDONALD, Secretary.

COURT HOOD RIVER, No. 42, Foresters of
America, meets second and fourth Thurs-
days of each month in K. of P. hall.
H. T. DEWITT, C. R.

L. L. REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 47,
I. O. O. F., meets first and third Fridays
of each month. FRANK MORSE, S. G.
THERESA LAMPERT, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER LODGE, No. 36, A. F. and A. M.,
meets Saturday evening on or before
each full moon. D. McDONALD, W. M.
E. M. SAVAGE, Secretary.

OLYMPIA ASSEMBLY, No. 106, United Artists,
meets first and third Wednesdays, work-
second and fourth Wednesdays, social. Artists
hall at 8 p. m. MRS. SARAH BRADLEY, C. O. H.
MISS CORA COPPIN, Secretary.

RIVERSIDE LODGE, No. 68, A. O. U. W., meets
first and third Saturdays of each month.
E. S. BRADLEY, Financier. W. B. SWITZ, W. M.
J. O. HAYES, Recorder.

RIVERSIDE LODGE, No. 40, Degree of Hon-
or, A. O. U. W., meets first and third Satur-
days at 8 p. m. MRS. SARAH BRADLEY, C. O. H.
MISS CORA COPPIN, Secretary.

MOUNTAIN HOME CAMP, No. 3409, R. N. A.,
meets at K. of P. hall on the second and
fourth Friday of each month.
MRS. ELLA DAVIS, Recorder.

WAINA TEMPLE, No. 6, Rathbone's girls,
meets every second and fourth Thurs-
days of each month.
ANANDA WITTEBREAD, M. E. C.
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ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAELS.

HOOD RIVER.

The postoffice is open daily between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday from 12 to 1 o'clock. Mails for the West close at 11:20 a. m., 8:20 p. m. and 9 p. m.; for the East at 2:45 p. m. and 9 p. m. The carriers on R. F. D. routes No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 8:30 daily. Mail trains for Mt. Hood, daily at 12:00 m.; arrive, 10:30 a. m.
For Chewuch, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrive same days at 8 p. m.
For Underwood, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrive same days at 8 p. m.
For White Salmon, Wash., daily at 2:45 p. m.; arrive at 11 a. m.

WHITE SALMON.

For Hood River daily at 9 a. m.; arrive at 4:45 p. m.
For Huston, Trout Lake and Ouler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrive at 9 p. m.
For Pleasant and Snowdon, Wash., at 11:30 a. m. Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive same days, 10:30 a. m.
For Rippen, Wash., daily at 4:45 p. m.; arrive at 8:45 a. m.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oreg., Dec. 12, 1904. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act August 4, 1891.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Offices and Residence in E. L. Smith Building
First Nat. Bank, Eugene, Ore.
of Hood River, Oreg., on the 4th day of December, 1904.

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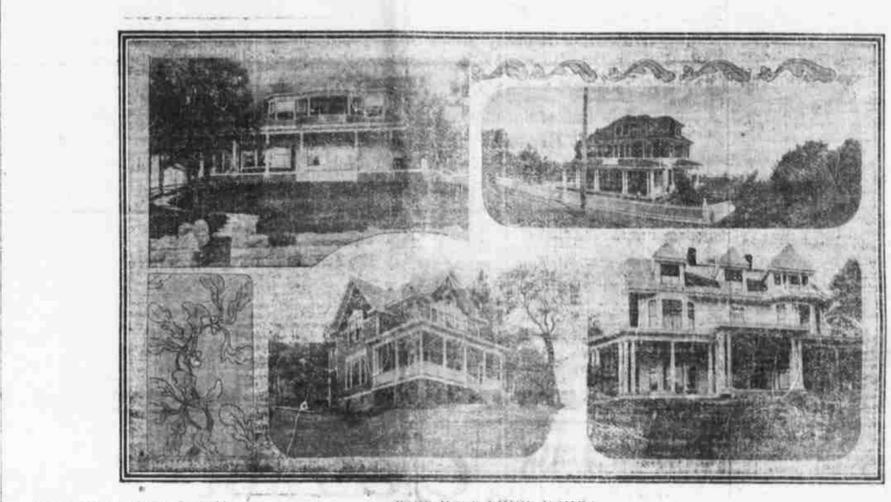
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FOUR HOOD RIVER HOMES.

FRUIT VALUE

HALF MILLION

WASCO COUNTY'S BANNER CROP

Hood River Farmers Get \$275,000

Mosier Country Makes Splendid Showing—Dalles' Fine Prunes.

From the forthcoming report of R. H. Weber, horticultural commissioner of the fourth district, the total value of the district's fruit crop for 1904 is placed at half a million dollars. Wasco county is the principal fruit producing section of this district, and in fact the only section considered in the estimate. Of this half-million Hood River is credited with \$275,000.

The Mosier country to the east of here is rapidly coming to the front as a fruit-producing section. Commissioner Weber speaks in high praise of the efforts of the Mosier fruit growers, and finds their total fruit shipments last summer and fall brought over \$20,000 into that prosperous little valley.

Following is a portion of Commissioner Weber's report, prepared for the annual report of the state board, which E. L. Smith is preparing for the state printer.

"The setting of new orchards has been very extensive in this district during the last planting season, apples predominating, particularly in Hood River and Mosier, while at The Dalles and other sections of the district cherries and peaches were very largely set out.

"Hood River valley leads in the production of apples in this district and has at this time about 3,000 acres in apple orchards, which is about ten per cent of the available land suitable for fruit in the valley. This year's apple crop amounts to practically 100,000 boxes, and is valued at \$125,000. Strawberries yielded heavier than ever before, and fully 100,000 crates of this luscious fruit were shipped, which brought the growers about \$155,000. About 1200 acres are now devoted here to new devoted to strawberry culture in the valley. Pears do exceptionally well here, though as yet they receive but scant attention, only about four carload were put on the market from here this year. I am convinced, however, that pear culture in the near future will receive more attention, as particularly the heavier soils are splendidly adapted to the production of high grade fruit of this variety. Besides the above cherries and blackberries are quite extensively grown here. The approximate value of the Hood River fruit crop this year will reach the magnificent sum of \$275,000.

"Mosier is steadily forging ahead as a fruit center, and is fast making a reputation as a shipping point for fancy apples, cherries, prunes and strawberries. This year about \$12,000 will be shipped from here. Further we find 1000 crates of strawberries were marketed at an average price of \$2.25 a crate, or \$1,250 for the crop; 3000 crates of cherries, at 60 cents per crate, \$1,800; 250 tons of prunes, \$3,750; 20 tons of plums, \$500. There are at present about 300 acres devoted to apples and ten acres to strawberries, which is about ten per cent of the available area suitable for fruit culture in the territory comprising this Mosier country.

"The fruit crop at The Dalles was exceptionally heavy this year, and all the numerous varieties of fruit grown here yielded abundantly. In point of quantity prunes are in the lead, the yield of these was about 1000 tons; value \$15,000. Fifty carloads of the above have found their way in the green state, to Eastern markets, principally New York. Further, we have 150 tons of plums, value \$2,250; 40,000 boxes of apples, value \$30,000. I will state here that the apparent disparity in the value of Hood River apples and those grown at Mosier and the Dalles is attributed to the large per cent of Yellow Newtowns and Spitzenbergs grown at the former place, which, selling at a higher price than other varieties, naturally increase the average.

"Easily 500 tons of cherries found a

REGARDS IT AS

NOT IMPOSSIBLE

FORECASTS AT LONG RANGE

Local Man Has More to Say on the Subject—Weather Bureau to Make Extensive Observations.

The subject of long-range or seasonal forecasts of the weather seems to be seriously agitating the government officials, as well as the lesser lights in weather prognostications. H. B. Wren, of Maryland, had the following to say on the subject a short time ago, which was copied and issued by Section Director Beals, at Portland, in the climate and crop service bulletin for November, just received:

"The ceaseless change in the midst of essential stability and permanence that is apparent among heavenly bodies suggests a relation between those movements and the destinies of men and of nations as well as of weather sequences. So obvious is this analogy that it is not strange that in the childhood of the race it was exploited into absolute casual connection. There is no more interesting page of history than that which traces the growth of astrology through its various phases, the art of divination, the taking of the horoscopes and amulets, and the gradual development of the science of astronomy and meteorology. The first oracles and conceptions of the Chaldean priests and the Magi were honest efforts to interpret natural phenomena. In the latter days simple signs, however, when the priestly class were still the repositories of wisdom, they sought to perpetuate their influence by concealing knowledge from the masses or by surrounding it in mystery, and finally they wielded it not to enlighten but to enslave. And so persistent is slavery, and so deep-seated in the heart of the race are these early teachings and beliefs that there is even yet a disposition to accept the supernatural rather than to seek the natural causes of things.

Astology once permeated all religion, all science, and even politics; and the baneful influence of ungodly, unscrupulous, or portentous predictions has not been wholly effaced. Montaigne, the French philosopher and essayist of the sixteenth century, remarks that "a large sum of money was lost on 'Change at Rome by this prognostication of our ruin,' referring to the prediction by Italian astrologers of the downfall of the French nation. Dean Swift, the powerful satirist, wrote 'Predictions for the year 1708, by Isaac Bickerstaff, Esq.' to emphasize the absurdities and weaken the influence of long range forecasts. The infinite desirability of forecasting the seasons for the benefit of husbandmen is at once the opportunity of charlatans and the justification of National Weather Service. It available little to deny the methods of impostors or to brand them as lacking the merit of practical forecasters of the downfall of nations; results must always be the comparison of results; and such comparison every one can now make for himself. Weather maps showing the actual conditions on every day are now published by practically every civilized nation, and are accessible to all; and all that is needed to cure implicit belief in almanac predictions is an honest comparison of these predictions for a single season with the actual occurrences as shown by these maps. Conspicuous instances of failure such as those of artificial rain makers, who a decade ago were given the fullest opportunity to test and exploit their theories; or the evidence results of the extensive bombardment as a protection against hail, which has been conducted for several years in Southern Europe, do not convince the credulous. They do serve, however, to illustrate the 'confusion of tongues' among the prophets of these latter days, who bombard the skies with precipitate storms, and bombard the clouds to dissipate them. Government meteorologists are not alone in the denunciation of the fables, absurdities and pernicious effects of so-called long-range forecasts. Professor Young, probably the foremost American astronomer, speaking of lunar influences, points out that the frequency of the moon's changes is so great that it is always easy to find instances by which to verify a belief that the changes of the moon control conditions on the earth. A change of the moon necessarily occurs about once a week. All changes of the weather must therefore occur within three and three-fourths days of a change of the moon, and one-half of all the changes ought to occur within 46 hours of a change in the moon even if there were no causal connection whatever. Now it requires only a very slight predisposition in favor of the effectiveness of the moon's changes to make one forget a few of the changes that occur too far

APPLE ORCHARDS

AT WILLOW FLAT

C. R. Bone says the Hood River Fruit Co., in which he and Mr. Van Horn are interested, in the Willow Flat district, have their 90 acres nearly all cleared and ready for setting to apple trees during the months of March and April. When set to trees, this will constitute the largest individual orchard in the valley. Mr. Bone has also cleared 20 acres which he will set for himself. The varieties to be planted are of course the Newtowns and Spitzenbergs, with now and then a row of pollinizers.

Mr. Bone figures out that by May 1 next, 350 acres of the Willow Flat country will be planted to apple trees. At 80 trees to the acre this will mean 28,000 trees. In five years they should be bearing 3 boxes to the tree, or 84,000 boxes, almost equal to the total crop for the whole of Hood River valley this year.

At \$2 a box for the apples—a well a fourth grade mathematician can figure out the result.

The soil in the Willow Flat district is a light clay or ash, and by the United States geological surveyers it is classed as third grade. That it can grow premium apples has already been tested. The land has been cleared at a cost of \$30 to \$150 an acre. At a conservative estimate less than one-quarter of the available land will be planted in orchard next year. In a very few years the whole flat will be one vast orchard.

Among those who have orchards on Willow Flat are C. R. Bone, the Hood River Fruit Company, Arthur Davidson, the Davidson Fruit company, Mr. Garbade, Mrs. J. L. Atkinson, D. L. Davidson, Mrs. W. B. Bone, Frank Massee, Mr. Massee.

Apples Make Another Convert.

H. G. Colton of Portland, Pacific coast manager for the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance company, got hold of some Hood River apples, and after sampling the fruit declared he must secure some property here as soon as possible. Colton was here a few days ago, and went out to look at some land in the upper part of the valley. Mr. Jordan drove over the valley with Mr. Colton, and on his return J. J. Jordan sent a box of "seconds" to the insurance man, his "firsts" being all sold. In reply to the apples Mr. Jordan received the following letter:

"Your favor with a box of apples has been received, and I have taken great pleasure in looking at the fruit, and am surprised at the quality you raise, if these are enlis, I am sure the genuine article must be pretty good stuff. The potato is certainly a wonder, and I presume the strawberries have all the qualities you claim. I should like very much to see your place, but am hardly in position to do so. I have sickness in my family now, and expect to go East the 10th of January, and will be very busy until then. On my return, if everything is agreeable, I may call on you. I am more convinced than ever that your location is superior to some other places, and I am anxious to get hold of property like yours as early as I can. I thank you for the apples, and shall endeavor to see you at the earliest possible moment."

"Easily 500 tons of cherries found a

WILD TRIBES TO BE

SEEN AT 1905 FAIR

More Comprehensive Exhibit than at St. Louis—Filipino Villages.

Special to the Glacier.

Portland, December 28.—Native villages will be a feature of the Philippine display at the Lewis and Clark exposition, and they will embrace a more comprehensive showing of the manners and customs of the wild tribes of the islands than did those at St. Louis.

The villages will be inhabited by three hundred natives representing several different tribes. There will be the head-hunting, dog-eating Igorrotes, the fighting Moros, the Negritos, who are the real aborigines of the islands, and the gentle, civilized Visayans. The natives will arrive at the exposition some time in April and will build their own houses out of bamboo and nipa. The villages will be located on the government peninsula in the center of Guild's lake. The Moros will build their houses on poles over the water as they do at home, while the Igorrotes and Negritos will build squatly little huts in the wooded portion of the peninsula. The Visayans will be located on the trail where they will conduct a native theater.

The natives who were at the St. Louis exposition are now on their way back to the Philippines, having left Seattle, December 13, on the Iyo Maru, a Japanese vessel. They are returning home with the intention of telling the people of their tribe of the wonders of America, and many are looking forward to their return to Portland next spring. Antonio, chief of the Bontoc Igorrotes, a warrior who has five human heads to his credit, visited Portland recently with Dr. T. K. Hunt, who collected and had charge of the exhibit at St. Louis. Antonio will return to the Lewis and Clark exposition, he desired to look over the grounds so that he could tell the people where they were coming next year. Antonio was much pleased with the exposition and the Rose City, and will exert his influence in Dr. Hunt's behalf, in the collection of the natives.

When Dr. Hunt was arranging for the St. Louis exhibit, he was handicapped by the fact that the Igorrotes had never been over ten miles from home, and knew practically nothing of the outside world. They had no idea where they were going, how they would get there or whether they would ever return. But, nevertheless, some had implicit confidence in Dr. Hunt, who had lived with them for a year and who had always been their friend. Naturally there were some of the warriors of the tribe, fighting men six feet in stature, who refused to make the trip. But the glowing accounts of the safely returned travelers will create a desire in the rest of the people to visit America and Dr. Hunt can take his pick of the best of the types of men and women on the islands.

Besides the wild tribes, the government will detail 100 Filipino scouts for duty at the exposition. The scouts are made up of representatives of the higher class Filipinos and are a part of the regular army. A band of native musicians will probably accompany the company.

Lewis and Clark Fair Notes.

Almost every county in the state of Oregon will have an exhibit at the Lewis and Clark centennial.

Almost every nation that rises to the dignity of a place on the map will be represented at the Lewis and Clark centennial.

Photographs of several hundred school buildings will form an interesting feature of Oregon's educational exhibit at the Lewis and Clark centennial.

Italian fruit growers will prepare for the Lewis and Clark centennial, an apple exhibit which promises to rival those of Oregon and California.

The Italian commissioner, Mr. Zeggio, is now in Venice arranging for the collection of an exhibit of Italian works of art for the Lewis and Clark fair.

Lewis and Clark souvenir gold dollars are proving popular as Christmas presents. They are mounted as stick pins, or used in groups of two or three as brooch pins.

An elegantly mounted wild cat, shot 15 years ago on the site of the agricultural building at the Lewis and Clark centennial, will be on exhibition at the fair.

California will probably increase its appropriation for the Lewis and Clark centennial from \$20,000 to \$25,000 or \$75,000, and build a state pavilion.

The Legislature of the state of Washington will be asked to appropriate \$75,000 for the erection of a state building and the collection of a suitable exhibit for the Lewis and Clark centennial.

The building which will house Russia's exhibit of paintings by modern Russian artists at the Lewis and Clark centennial will be a replica of an old Moscow palace used by the Romanoff kings of the early times.

Professor R. F. Robinson, superintendent of the Portland public schools, has been chosen superintendent of Oregon's educational exhibit at the Lewis and Clark exposition in place of Professor H. S. Lyman who resigned on account of ill health.

The art display at the Lewis and Clark centennial will be of fabulous value, representing more money than will be spent in producing the entire exposition. There will be not a few paintings worth on the market at least \$1,000 each, and the aggregate value of the display will amount to millions of dollars.

Continued on Page 4.