

# INTERMOUNTAIN TRIBUNE

—AND—

## LINN COUNTY AGRICULTURALIST

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SWEET HOME, LINN COUNTY, OREGON, JANUARY 1, 1913

\$1.25 THE YEAR

### LINN COUNTY HAS 53 PRECINCTS

Some Odd Names Are Chosen for Polling Places, Such as Crowfoot, Sunrise and Strawberry

"Strawberry" was the name given to a new voting precinct created by the county court of Linn county. The precinct adjoins the city limits of Lebanon on the south, east and west sides and in deference to the prominence of Lebanon as a strawberry center this name was assigned.

Among other unique names given to new precincts created by the county court this month are Crowfoot, Providence and Sunrise. Crowfoot is a precinct south of Lebanon. This has been the name of a school district situated at a corner where three roads come together in the shape of a crow's foot.

In early days in Linn county a church called Providence Church was erected near the South Santiam river, on the road from Lebanon to Seio. The church has always borne that name and the neighborhood began to be called the Providence neighborhood. So when the court created a new precinct out of portions of Santiam and Lacombe precincts, embracing the Providence neighborhood, this name was the natural selection.

Sunrise precinct adjoins the city limits of Albany on the south. A few years ago W. E. Baker established a poultry yard south of the city, which he called the Sunrise Poultry Yards.

Linn county now has 53 election precincts instead of 34 as formerly.

### DR. I. B. WILSON

Physician and Surgeon

Calls promptly attended  
day or night



SWEET HOME

OREGON

Clean Wholesome Beds.

Mountain Air

### Hotel Foster

Newly refurnished and painted inside. Tables are supplied with the best the market affords

Feed barn in connection with the Hotel.....

Meals 35c.

Beds 25c.

F. B. KNAPP, MANAGER

FOSTER

OREGON

### INCOME OF FARMS NEVER SO AMPLE

Most Successful Yield of Husbandry in the United States--Back to Soil Move Tells

Washington, Dec. 29.—Ten billion dollars' worth of products, \$5,000,000,000 of cash income—a bumper year in spite of droughts and other setbacks—is the 1913 record of 6,000,000 American farms.

The most successful yield of husbandry in the United States brought forth \$6,100,000,000 worth of crop, of which \$2,896,000,000 were represented by cereals alone and \$3,650,000,000 worth of animals sold and slaughtered and animal products.

The value of the 1913 crop is twice as great as that of 1899; more than a billion dollars over 1909 and substantially greater than 1912.

Of all the crops, however, it is estimated that 52 per cent will remain on farms where they were produced and that 20 per cent of the animal production will remain. On that basis the cash income is estimated by the Department of Agriculture at \$5,847,000,000.

But despite a record year of crop value—although the record of production has fallen—and the fact that the number of farms has increased 11 per cent since 1910 until there are estimated to be 6,600,000 farms in the country, the department in a discussion of the subject made public today, does not take the view that a lower cost of living will follow as a consequence.

"However desirable increased production on farms may appear to be from the consumers standpoint, it does not follow that such increased production would result in any increase in the cash income per farm or per capita of farm population, or that prices paid by consumers would be any lower," says the report.

"Had the total production in 1913 equalled or exceeded the 1912 production, it seems probable that the cash income per farm would not have been greater and might have been less than in 1912, but it is extremely doubtful whether the cost to the consumer would have been any less because retail prices are promptly raised on a prospect of under-production, but are very slow to decline if there is over-production.

"The high prices paid by consumers, ranging from five to nearly 500 per cent in some cases more than the farmer receives, indicate that there is plenty of room for lowering the cost of farm products to consumers and at the same time largely increasing the cash income per farm without increasing farm production.

"This condition is undoubtedly a marketing problem which will have to be solved by better organizations of farmers and improved methods of marketing."

Agate mounting, gold filled or solid gold. Stacy, Lebanon.

### A DUCK'S CRAW A SMALL GOLD MINE

The George Philippi Farm of North of This City, is the Scene of the Find

When Mrs. George Philippi, of across the river, was slaughtering a duck for the Christmas dinner, she investigated the contents of its craw. When the contents were panned out, among the numerous particles of gravel and other hard substances, were found some eight or ten small particles of gold, which the duck had probably gleaned from the bed of a small creek which runs through the premises.

Mrs. Philippi brought the "find" to town and exhibited it on the streets to various persons, causing some little excitement and interest.

Several parties went over to the Philippi home Christmas day prospecting, but none of them proved so successful as Mr. Duck. The source from which the gold came is near for the creek heads within a mile of the Philippi home.

### Labor News and Notes

The Canadian Pacific railway will not employ any person under sixteen years of age in future.

Farm crops in Missouri are \$12,000,000 less than last year; the decrease would have been greater but for higher prices in 1913.

There are about 600,000 more union laborers in Great Britain and Ireland although these countries have only a little over half the population of the United States.

According to reports from Montreal, it is the intention of the trades and labor congress of Canada to enter the political arena on a larger scale, and to organize a labor party on lines similar to those of the British labor party.

The most important industry in New York state, measured by the number of employes, is the manufacture of clothing and millinery, which employs 26 per cent of the factory force of the state.

The Machinists' union of San Francisco has set aside a certain sum of money to be used in providing the necessities of life for the 150 members of the union who are at present unemployed.

At 10 cents a drink the United States liquor bill figures \$859,800,000 for the year. And the value of all the bread made in the bakeries of the country was but \$396,865,000.

A new law in Greece stipulates that all wages must be paid in cash either weekly or three times a week and that amounts up to one-quarter of the wages only may be deducted in payment of fines or for other purposes.

The city of Milwaukee is regulating its street car service and it has adopted a mathematical plan. Hereafter, in rush hours the company must run cars enough to provide 67 seats for every 100 passengers.

### 22 INSANE CHINESE START HOME TODAY

Men Being Deported From the Oregon Insane Asylum Will Pass Through Portland

Portland Dec. 20—Twenty-two insane Chinese from the State Insane Asylum will arrive in Portland this morning for deportation to their native land. The men will be taken from here to Seattle, where they will be placed aboard the steamship Minnesota, which will sail for Hongkong Tuesday.

Superintendent Steiner, of the asylum, announced some time ago, when he began negotiations for returning the men to China, that with an expectancy of life of each man of ten years, the state would save about \$60,000.

After the publication of Dr. Steiner's plans, a move was started here against the deportation of the Chinese, but when it was explained that the state would save a large amount of money and that the authorities at Hongkong had arranged to receive the lunatics, virtually all opposition was dropped. About six Chinese have been deported from the institution in the last two weeks and soon will arrive in their native land.

A report that insane persons were summarily dealt with in China apparently was unfounded. This was the chief cause of opposition to the state's plan when first announced.

Superintendent Steiner has arranged for comfortable quarters for the insane men on the steamer, and they will be given careful attention. It originally was the intention of the superintendent to accompany the men, but it is reported from Salem that he cannot go because of a rearrangement of the force of employes at the asylum, as the result of the Supreme Court's decision in the eight-hour law case. In case the opinion is interpreted as meaning all employes may work only eight hours daily, 90 additional ones would have to be employed and the Superintendent would have his hands full rearranging shifts.

It has been the custom of the asylum authorities to deport insane persons who were citizens of other states, and the State Board of Control and Superintendent Steiner, after an investigation, decided that there was no reason why the plan should not be applied to foreigners.

### Statement of Ownership and Management of Intermountain Tribune

I, T. L. DUGGER, state that I am editor, manager and sole owner of the Intermountain Tribune, that it is published weekly and its address is Sweet Home, Oregon. Outstanding mortgages, stock or indebtedness, none.

T. L. DUGGER

Subscribed and sworn to this 31st day of December, 1913.

J. A. Thompson

Notary Public for Oregon.

### PAY TAXES TO THE COUNTY TREASURER

The Sheriff no Longer Takes the Money -- Taxes Become Delinquent April 1 Hereafter

Under the new tax law passed by the last session of the state legislature, the county treasurer becomes collector of taxes instead of the sheriff. The following statement of the changes and operation of the new tax law was submitted to Gale S. Hill, district attorney, and endorsed by him as substantially correct before being published. Here are the important modifications and conditions:

The most vital differences to the taxpayer is that taxes must be paid before April 1, or the taxpayer becomes delinquent. Another important change that there is no longer any discount for prompt payment. Under the old system, if a person paid his taxes before April 1, he was given a three per cent rebate, and had until October to pay without becoming delinquent.

The following are the provisions of the new law relating to the time when taxes are payable:

Taxes legally levied and charged in any year shall be paid before the 1st day of April following. If the taxes against any particular parcel of real property, or the taxes on personal property charged against any individual, firm or corporation, are not paid before the said 1st day of April, penalties shall be charged on such taxes and added to and collected with the same as follows:

1—A penalty of one per cent on all taxes paid on or after said 1st day of April and before the 1st day of May following.

2—A penalty of two per cent on all taxes paid on or after the 1st day of May and before the 1st day of June following.

(Continued on page 5)

Save Money On Rubber Footwear

When you buy "Ball-Band" Footwear you buy so many days of dry, warm feet. "Ball-Band" gives more days' wear than other kinds.

It makes satisfied customers—that's why we recommend

**"BALL-BAND"**

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