Spray Courier.

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EDITORIALS

PENDLETON IS IDEAL LOCATION FOR NORMAL

CITY'S RAILROAD, HEALTH, EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER FACILITIES ADAPT IT FOR SCHOOL SITE.

Pendleton, Ore.—Pendleton's claims for the establishment of a State Normal School are based upon the unusual advantages offered for such an institution. It is ideally located with respect to railroad facilities and in the center of the country which it will serve. Its health conditions are excellent. It has a bountiful supply of clear, cold, pure mountain water.

It offers a library of 12,000 volumes, to which are added 3000 annually, housed in a beautiful new building, erected at a cost of $40,000. The largest athletic stadium in the Northwest, capable of accommodating 20,000 people; a natatorium, modern and equipped for the use of men and women, built at a cost of $11,000; ample auditorium room for lyceum courses and lectures and a school system that is without equal in a city of its size. Its facilities and the students necessary for practice teaching have been guaranteed by the city board.

OREGON RANKS LOW IN NORMAL SCHOOLS

U. S. BUREAU OF EDUCATION REPORT UNCOMPLIMENTARY TO STATE'S SCHOOL POLICY.

Pendleton, Ore.—Oregon is one of the most poorly equipped states in the Union for the training of teachers, according to the United States Bureau of Education.

Only five states in the Union have less Normal equipment than Oregon. Oregon has one Normal School and forty states have more than one. New York has 18, Pennsylvania 18, Massachusetts 12, California 8, Washington 5 and Idaho 2.

The report of the Bureau of Education shows that even the little state of Idaho, with a population only half as large as that of Oregon, is spending more than twice as much for Normal Schools as is this state.

The same report urges that Normal Schools be located in the railroad centers with public schools sufficiently large to give teaching practice to the normal students.

State Superintendent Churchill's annual report shows that of the 6055 teachers in Oregon last year but 791, or 13 per cent, were Normal School graduates. The same official estimated that 1000 new teachers are needed each year and the present Normal school is turning out but 150. The majority of Normal trained teachers are shown to be teaching within a small radius of Monmouth, although Eastern Oregon pays on the average of $10.41 a month more for teachers than does the Willamette Valley.

POINTS FROM HUGHES' SPEECHES

Reckless extravagance of the Democrats is an insult to the American people.

Deserving Democrats! Deserving in heaven's name of what?

We have a splendid system of government, on paper, but we want that system vitalized.

The pork barrel bill brings a blush of shame to the cheeks of every American.

I am here because I have a vision of what America needs.

An idle American will always feel uncomfortable.

America will not hold her own by high-sounding phrases.

Are we not a nation great enough to have sufficient foresight to protect our borders in a sensible fashion by means of sensible preparedness?

If we state our rights in a firm and determined manner it should carry conviction. There should be no vacillation in connection with that assertion.

THE RIGHTS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS DO NOT STOP AT THE COAST LINE.

"When I say that I am an American citizen, I ought to say the proudest thing that any man can say in this world. But you can't have that pride if American citizenry is a cheap thing. If it is not worthy of protection this wide world over. There is no man who could successfully present to an American community the platform that an American citizen's rights stop at the coast line and that beyond that American life is to be the prey of any marauder who chooses to take it."—From a speech of Mr. Hughes in the West.

TELL HOW WOMEN VOTERS WILL CONTROL POLITICS

Congressional Union Leaders Explain the Movement in Opposition to President Wilson.

Just how the decision of the woman's party to oppose President Wilson for re-election is expected to change the national political situation was explained in a statement by suffrage leaders at the headquarters of the Congressional Union for Woman's Suffrage at Washington.

It was pointed out that unless he wins the West the defeat of Mr. Wilson "seems inevitable."

Needed to Offset Loss of Ohio.

To counteract the loss of Ohio alone, which, judging from indications at the primaries, will go with its twenty-four electoral votes to the Republican count, the Democrats will have to win in the West. California, with its thirteen electoral votes; Nevada, with three; Colorado, with six, and Arizona, with three, woman's party representatives here asserted.

"In Idaho the Progressive party is dissolved," they continue, "so that the Democrats will have to work hard to get any electoral votes there. Illinois is practically conceded to the Republicans, in the view of woman's party members, three-fourths or more of the Progressives there having returned to the Republican ranks.

Conditions in Other States.

"In Kansas the Progressives and Republicans are practically one again. In Montana there is great dissatisfaction over the proposed Democratic tax on copper. Oregon and Washington are expected to go Republican. These two states were hit hard by the Panama Canal tolls act and the Democratic tariff is seriously felt by the lumber industry there. Utah is considered safe by the Republicans. In Wyoming the Progressives and Republicans have joined hands."

POLITICAL JOTTINGS

At that, however, from beginning to end this has been more of a "you kick me and I'll kiss you" administration.

Vance McCormick says the Progressives are stampeding to Wilson, and it's a ten to one bet he wishes he could believe it.

The Democrats are finding out that pork comes home to root out their standing.

The men and women who prefer a man who does things to a man who writes notes about them will vote for Hughes. Government by correspondence takes too long to get anywhere, but government by deeds is always on the job.

Those who are concerned to know what Mr. Hughes would have done had he been in Mr. Wilson's place may rest assured he would not have done as Mr. Wilson has. And that is answer enough.

Mr. Hughes is not only going direct to the public, but the public is going direct to him. A genuine American fifty-fifty!

President Wilson's alarm clock is ringing at 5 o'clock these mornings. He can reach out of bed and turn it off the morning of March 5.

Postmaster General Burleson is too foxy a politician to adopt for his department the McAdoo rule forbidding Treasury department employees participating in politics. Mr. Burleson realizes that postmasters are entitled to some exercise for the money.

There are no strings or mental reservations to the public pledges of administrative reform given by Charles E. Hughes. His record as governor of New York guarantees the fulfillment of every promise.

Democrats are now convinced that Charles Evans Hughes is a warm proposition.

It is gratifying, indeed, to find that Mr. Wilson still stands on the suffrage question where he stood at the beginning of his administration. He has changed on about everything else.—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

It strikes one that instead of wildly hustling for the State of Maine, Vance McCormick might do better work by taking his wrecking crew to the West to repair the Democratic bridges that are being dynamited by Justice Hughes.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, Aug 12, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Daniel W. Moore, of Winlock, Oregon, who on May 29 1913, made Homestead Entry No. 011747, and on April 2, 1914, made additional Homestead Entry No. 012774, for NW¼, & N½SW¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 8 S. R. 24 E. Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Scott Sasser, Clerk of Circuit Court, at Fossil, Oregon on the 5th day of Oct. 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Burr Frutchey, Charles F. Seitz, Walter T. Eines, Sanford L. Harry all of Winlock, Oregon.

H. Frank Woodcock, Register

8-24—10-5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon, Aug. 14th 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Chancie E. Round, of Monument, Oregon, who on May 29th 1911, made Homestead Entry No. 09444, for NE¼SW¼ W½SE¼, Section 13, NW¼NE¼, Sec. 24, and on Nov. 12, 1914, made Ad. Hd. 013975 for SE¼SE¼, Sec. 13, E½NE¼, Sec. 24, Tp. 10 S., R. 27 E., and Lot 4, Section 18, Township 10 South, Range 28 East, Willamette Meridian has filed notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. A. Steach, U. S. Commissioner, at Long Creek, Ore, on the 30 day of Sept, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

R. R. Gentry, M. J. Thompson, H. L. Leasey and Ed. Gienger, all of Monument, Oregon.

F. C. Bramwell Register.

8—24 9—28

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale on foreclosure issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Wheeler in the cause wherein E. F. Johnson and R. W. Johnson are plaintiffs, and Olive C. Johnson and the Condon National Bank, a corporation, are defendants, in which it is decreed that the plaintiff have and recover off and from the defendant Olive C. Johnson the sum of one thousand dollars and interest thereon at ten per cent from Dec. 2, 1912, and the further sum of one hundred forty dollars attorneys fees, and the costs and disbursements of the suit taxed at $18.50 and in the which it is further decreed that the Condon National Bank, defendant, recover from the said defendent Olive C. Johnson the sum of one thousand dollars and interest thereon at ten per cent from the 13th day of Dec. 1913, and the further sum of one hundred dollars attorneys fees, and $27. costs; and in which it is decreed that the [mortgages] securing said sums be foreclosed; and the proceeds of the sale be applied first on the amount due the plaintiffs and the remainder on the amount due the Condon National Bank; and that in pursuance of said decree I have duly levied upon the W½ of the NW¼; the SE¼ of the NW¼; the NE¼ of the SW¼ the N½ of the SE¼; and the SE¼ of the SE¼ of Sec. 23, in Tp. 9 S. R. 25 E. W. M containing 280 acres, and situated in Wheeler County, Oregon, and all water and water rights appurtenant to the said lands; and that I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand all the interest which the defendants or either of them had therein on Dec 2, 1911, or have since acquired therein, at the Court House door in Fossil, Wheeler County, Oregon, on Saturday the 23rd day of Sept 1916, at one o'clock P M of said day. Said sale will be made subject to a mortgage of $3000 on this and other lands to the State Land Board, and subject to confirmation by the Court.

Given under my hand and dated this 14th day of August, 1916.

OSCAR KELSAY
Sheriff of Wheeler County, Oregon

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

President, Woodrow Wilson; of New Jersey; Vice President, Thomas Marshall, of Indiana; Secretary of State, Robert Lansing, of Pennsylvania; Secretary of Treasury, William G. McAdoo, of New York; Secretary of War, Lindley M. Garrison, of New Jersey; Attorney-General, Thomas W Gregory, of Tennessee; Postmaster-General, Albert S. Burleson, of Texas; Secretary of Navy, Josephus Daniels, of North Carolina; Secretary of Interior Franklin K. Lane, of California; Secretary of Agriculture, David A. Huston, of Missouri; Secretary of Commerce, William C. Redfield, of New York; Secretary of Labor, William B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania; Secretary to the President, Joseph P. Tumulty, of New Jersey.

State of Oregon

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WHEELER COUNTY

Attorney; Joseph K. Starr. Judge; Henry D. Keyes. Commissioners; M. Dukek and R. E. Wright. Clerk; Scott Sasser. Treasurer; A. B. Lamb. School Superintendent; Henry J. Simmons. Sheriff; Oscar Kelsay. Assessor; Peter Hartman. Surveyor; Robert Hendricks.

BUSINESS CARDS.

SUBSCRIBE For The COURIER