

CROOK COUNTY ELEVEN WINNER

LONG RUNS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL OF VISITORS' SCORES—BEND'S BEST SHOWING MADE IN STRAIGHT FOOTBALL.

Before a crowd which filled the grandstand and massed along the sidelines, the Bend high school eleven, playing against a heavier, more experienced team, lost to Crook county high school Saturday by a 21-6 score. Houston, Prineville's slippery right end, with two sensational runs, one for 60 yards, contributed two touchdowns, and Smith, quarterback, made the 40 yard run in the first quarter which was responsible for the first time the ball was placed behind the line. Smith's trained toe guided the oval between the posts and over the bar for each of the three goal kicks. Bend's lone touchdown came as the result of a series of bucks, Dutt carrying the ball until within striking distance when McNeely carried it over.

Undeterred by the apparent certainty of defeat, Bend rooters took the field, serpentine and cheering between halves, while the score stood 14-0 against them. The small size of the Prineville rooting section prevented a similar demonstration on the part of the visitors.

In the list of the officials was included Ned Shevlin, end on the Yale eleven of last year. Shevlin, who is visiting his brother, Crosby, here, held down the job of head line man during the game.

Bend Gains Vain

Prineville scored toward the middle of the first quarter, after punting consistently to Bend. As the feature of the Crook county high school offensive came a 40 yard run by Smith, followed by a successful pass. Line bucks carried the ball over the line, with Bend giving way before the tearing attacks of the visitors. Smith kicked goal.

The latter part of the quarter, Bend showed more fight, and was taking the offensive when the whistle blew.

At the end of the second quarter Prineville had added seven more. Bend had worked the ball to within 10 yards of the Crook county goal, but Norcott missed a drop kick. The sensation of the game occurred after Prineville had gained possession of the ball, when Houston, right end for the visitors, plucked a forward pass out of the air and dodged his way through a broken field, completing a 60 yard run in making Prineville's second touchdown. Three attempted tackles failed to stop him. Smith kicked goal.

Straight Football Scores

Houston scored again in the third period when he scooped up a fumble and ran 29 yards to safety. Smith kicked goal. Bend made good gains on line bucks but was unable to hang onto the ball. Dutt and Norcott were consistent yardage earners.

Two minutes after the last quarter started, the Bend team started its march down the field, short line bucks and a penalty against Smith of Prineville, for interfering with a pass, featuring the advance. McNeely was given the pigskin for the last run. Claypool failed to kick goal.

The Teams

Prineville	Position	Bend
L. Lewelling	L. r.	Claypool
Roberts	L. r.	Boyd
Cross	L. r.	Eslick
Jacobs	C.	Kohfeld
Cashow	r. l.	Nelson
Polk	r. l.	G. Blakely
Houston	r. e. l.	Johnson
Smith	q.	L. Blakely
Dishman	l. h. r.	McNeely
C. Lewelling	r. h. l.	Dutt
Wright	f.	Norcott

COMMISSION WILL AID APPLICANTS

Applications of ex-service men for miscellaneous benefits which require checking with the applicants original discharge need not be postponed until the discharge certificate is returned from the World War Veterans' State Aid commission offices at Salem, writes Secretary H. C. Brumbaugh to local officers of Percy A. Stevens Post, American Legion. The commission advises, that if the applications are sent to Salem, the needed information will be filled in there and the applications returned.

PROMISES POTATO DISPLAY PUBLICITY

Care that the Central Oregon display at the Duluth International Potato show should receive all possible publicity was promised by E. P. Gibson, manager of the show, in a letter received by the Bend Commercial club. The display was sent Friday.

850 DISASTER DEATH TOLL FOR ONE YEAR

Red Cross Gives \$1,871,000 Relief When 65,000 Families Are Made Homeless.

Forty-three disasters, resulting in the death in the United States of 850 persons and the injury of 2,500 called for emergency relief measures and the expenditure of \$1,871,000 by the American Red Cross during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, says an announcement based upon the forthcoming annual report of the Red Cross. These disasters caused property damage estimated at \$50,000,000, affected sixty-seven communities and rendered 65,000 families homeless.

The year's disasters were of varying types, including several which previously had never been thought of as falling within that classification. The Red Cross furnished relief in seventeen fires of magnitude, five floods, seven tornadoes or cyclones, one devastating storm, three explosions, including the one in Wall street; one building accident, two typhoid epidemics, the most serious being that at Salem, Ohio, which affected 9 per cent of the population; one smallpox epidemic, in the republic of Haiti; one train wreck, the race riot at Tulsa, Okla.; the famine in China, emergency relief in famine among the Indians of Alaska, the grasshopper plague in North Dakota and an earthquake in Italy.

Pueblo Most Serious

By far the most severe of the disasters in the United States during the period covered by the Red Cross report was the Pueblo flood early in June, 1921. The rehabilitation problem confronting the Red Cross in Pueblo was one of the most difficult in recent years. When the first news of the horror was flashed throughout the country, the American Red Cross National Headquarters responded with a grant of \$105,000 for relief work. Governor Shoup of Colorado, appreciating the long and successful experience of the Red Cross in organizing disaster relief work, placed the entire responsibility for the administration of relief in its hands.

In response to appeals from President Harding, Governor Shoup and other governors of western states and through local chapters of the Red Cross and other community organizations, public-spirited citizens brought the total contributed for Pueblo's rehabilitation to more than \$225,000.

The terrible havoc wrought by the flood waters is a matter of record. More than 2,300 homes were affected and 7,351 persons were left homeless. Estimates of \$500,000 as an absolute minimum for rehabilitation were made by Red Cross officials in charge of the relief work.

Fast Work in Wall Street

The Wall street explosion was notable in that relief workers of the Red Cross were on the scene twenty minutes after the disaster occurred. The race riot at Tulsa also was unique in disaster relief annals in that outside of a small emergency relief fund contributed by the Red Cross, the only relief measures outside the city consisted of the service of social workers, nurses and a trained executive whose object was to assist local forces in directing their own efforts.

In decided contrast with the previous year, only one tornado assumed the proportions of a major disaster. This occurred on April 15, in the border sections of Texas and Arkansas with the city of Texarkana as the center. The significant feature of this disaster relief work was the fact that it covered so much rural territory as to make necessary a large number of relief workers.

The famine in China, necessitating relief expenditures totalling more than \$1,000,000 by the American Red Cross was by far the most serious of the foreign disasters in which the Red Cross gave aid.

Builds Up Its Machinery

In connection with the administration of disaster relief measures, an increasing effectiveness on the part of the Red Cross to deal with emergencies was manifested during the past year. In 328 chapters of the American Red Cross there have been formed special committees to survey the resources of their respective communities and to be prepared in case of disaster. In others of the 3,402 active chapters, a network of communication has been formed through which instantaneous relief may be dispatched to any part of the United States.

That its work in this field may be continued with ever greater effectiveness, the American Red Cross is appealing for widespread renewal of membership during its Annual Roll Call, to be conducted this year from November 11 to 24.

LIFE SAVING CORPS ENROLLMENT 10,000

Growth of Red Cross Life Saving Corps throughout the country continued unabated during the last fiscal year, a summary of the year's achievements by that Red Cross Service shows. There are now 100 Corps with a total membership of more than 10,000 members, of which 1,276 are sufficiently skilled in the work to act as examiners. Among the outstanding achievements of the Red Cross in this field during the last year was the organization at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, of what is perhaps the largest life saving corps in the world.

MATTER OF DEATH IN DOUBT

Authorities Puzzled as to Whether Man's Being Pronounced Dead Makes Him Legally So.

Al F. Williams, United States district attorney for Kansas, received a letter a short time ago asking his opinion as to the status of a person upon whom a death sentence has been executed, who has been legally pronounced dead, but afterwards regains consciousness and recovers.

The case cited was that of five bandits who were convicted of highway robbery in the province of Cagayan, Philippine Islands, and sentenced to die by the old Spanish method of strangulation. After the execution the five bandits were placed on the floor of a church to await funeral rites in the morning. In the night three regained consciousness. Two of the three died "again" in a couple of days, but one recovered, although left in a deformed condition.

The questions asked are whether the bandit who lived could be strangled again, or, if he could not, would the fact that he was legally pronounced dead prevent his being tried in the courts if he committed another crime. Mr. Williams wrote an opinion to the inquiring person, declaring that he believed that an order could be obtained from the court setting aside the first execution as having never been performed and another one ordered.

His opinion was that if the bandit were not killed, finally, he could be held amenable for other crimes, although legally he was not in existence. "Of course," Mr. Williams said, "you will probably find as many lawyers and judges disagreeing with my opinion as concurring."

FLED FROM CHEESE BARRAGE

Commander of Brazilian Warship Thought Some New Kind of Bomb Was Being Used.

Probably the strangest and most curious use to which cheese was ever put occurred in a naval battle between Brazil and Uruguay in the mid-Nineteenth century, records the Intelligence.

The Uruguay ship, commanded by Captain Coe, in the midst of the battle became exhausted of shot. A lieutenant reported the facts to Coe.

"Powder all gone?" asked Coe.

"No, sir; lots of that yet."

"We had a damned hard cheese—a round Dutch one—for desert at dinner today; do you remember it?" said Coe.

"I ought to; I broke the carving knife in trying to cut it, sir."

"Are there any more aboard?"

"About two dozen. We took them from a drawer."

"Will they go in the 18-pounders?"

"By thunder, commodore, but that's the idea! I'll try 'em."

And in a few minutes the bombardment from Coe's ship reopened, and the enemy found more shot flying over their heads. At last one shot struck the mainmast, scattering the bits of cheese far and wide. Then another came. Then four or five more slapped against the sails. The enemy commander, unable to decide what was happening, and thinking that a new kind of bomb was being used on him, became terrorized and ordered his boat to back away. Little did he know that he was retreating from a barrage of Dutch cheese.

Where Men Carry Fans.

The folding fan came originally from Japan. In the East fans were carried by both sexes and were much used at important ceremonies. The Japanese had war fans, colored bright red, and there are some fans which have a small poison concealed in the handle. The folding fan was introduced to England in Henry VIII's time, coming from Italy, to which it had been introduced by Catherine de Medici.

REPRESENTATIVE OF BUREAU COMES SOON

L. D. Mowat To Visit Commercial Club In November To Render Services Contracted For.

L. D. Mowat of the American City bureau, will be in Bend from November 11 to 19, to visit the Bend Commercial club, render the service which the bureau contracted for last year, and determine whether the club has functioned according to the plans then laid down.

The club directors express a hope that Mowat will find the financial condition of the club such that his labors will be light during his visit here.

Bulletin "Want Ads" bring results. Try them.

Boy Embarks On Circus Career, Gets as Far as Maupin---Brought Back, He Eludes Father and Officers at Depot

Stowing away in a car of the Anderson-Scader show train which left Bend early Sunday morning, Howard Noonchester, 14 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Noonchester, embarked on what he conceived as a circus career. He got as far as Maupin, where he was discovered by railroad men, and after inquiries had been made, he was started home on the afternoon train.

Howard apparently enjoyed the return trip as much as he had the runaway. He told the conductor he

would be glad to get home. The train stopped at the depot and Howard arose with the other passengers and started toward the door, outside which his father and two policemen awaited.

But Howard never got off to greet them. A thorough search of the car was made. Howard was not there. When the elder Noonchester had paid his son's fare from Maupin to Bend and gone home, he found his son there before him, quite contented with the outcome of his adventure.

Or Burn the Bridges.

Be sure you are right, then go ahead, but don't destroy your return ticket.—Wayside Tales.

The Originals.

Adam and Eve were the first people to put too much confidence in their family tree.

The Much Talked of Buick Four IS HERE!

With its automatically lubricated Valve-In-Head Motor and perfectly co-ordinated parts, gives a remarkable measure of serviceability combined with simplicity and ease of operation.

Its mechanical excellency, which has grown out of twenty years spent in developing Buick cars, is supplemented by innumerable refinements, each of which contributes its share to convenience and performance.

Expert engineering and the best of materials have produced in this model a full power, economical and well balanced light touring car. While it is moderate in price, it is a big car and very similar in appearance to the other Buick open models.

The price delivered in Bend is identical with that everywhere on the Pacific Coast.

\$1180.00

Call and let us demonstrate to you the real value in the "Buick Four."

THE BEND GARAGE

Wall Street

We are giving you a table of comparisons on Four Cylinder Cars that is interesting, when you take what we give you for the money into consideration.

	BUICK	DODGE	NASH
Roadster	\$1130.00	\$1120.00	\$1245.00
Touring	1180.00	1190.00	1265.00
Coupe	1730.00	1810.00	1895.00
Sedan	1925.00	2030.00	2115.00
	31x4 Cord Tires	32x4 Cord Tires	33x4 Cord Tires

Mr. H. E. Allen, with his choice of a Four Cylinder Car, decided upon a Nash. Ask him why.

DESCHUTES GARAGE COMPANY

NASH CARS

FEDERAL TIRES