

The Bend Bulletin

Entered March 15, 1903, at Deschutes, Oregon, as second-class matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT DESCHUTES, OREGON.
MAX LUEDDEMANN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per year \$1.00
Six months .50
Three months .25
(Invariably in advance.)

Advertisers who wish to change their ads should have copy in not later than Tuesday noon preceding the issue in which change is desired.

FRIDAY JUNE 12, 1903

Several of our exchanges seem to object to the creation of forest reserves on the ground that such action is not locally popular. But this is a matter that is not to be decided by popular vote of the immediate neighborhood. The people who find immediate profit in exploiting the government timber land are, of course, opposed to a policy that will deprive them of that immediate profit. They are not caring for the future of the region or for the general welfare of the country. They kick because it affects them adversely just now. No project or policy for the general good would ever succeed if it were left to the pleasure of those immediately interested in defeating it. The selfish interest of each little locality would thus tend toward ruination for the whole country. The little members would rather eat goose meat today than have the golden egg continue to drop for the whole country. This is not by any means to say that the provisional withdrawals should be confirmed into permanent reserves just as they are. Doubtless many changes can be made that will be beneficial to all concerned. But they can never be made in a spirit of hostility to the forest reserve as an institution, and that is the spirit that underlies much of the criticism against recent provisional withdrawals in Oregon.

A. W. Machin, formerly chief of the free delivery division of the postoffice department, was popular among senators and representatives because he so generously granted their applications for rural delivery routes and was such a good fellow generally. In the first stages of the investigation of the department which is still in progress the statement was published broadcast that he might have been guilty of some indiscretion, that his good nature might have prompted him to grant too many requests for extension of the free delivery service beyond the limits contemplated by congressional appropriations, but that no moral or legal delinquency could be laid at his door. Now comes the grand jury with an indictment for receiving nearly \$19,000 as bribery in connection with contracts for postal supplies. These "good fellows" who are so popular with politicians and senators and representatives that their own superiors are practically defied, are frequently of the kind who receive, or should receive, the attention of the grand jury. It is easy for one to be a "good fellow" at somebody else's expense.

That the automobile has not yet solved the problem of transportation over wagon roads is indicated by the experience of a machine that reached Lakeview last week, the first ever seen there. It was on its way from San Francisco to New York City. It had been 11 days on the road, six of which had been spent in making repairs and before leaving Lakeview it received punctures that necessitated another day's delay. The progress of this fine and powerful touring machine was marked with all sorts of annoyances and delays, although an expert machinist was along to mend it. But the Lakeview people had their first sight of a horseless carriage and the vast sahara of life has become for them a blossom-covered garden.

In the Mississippi valley, in the Carolinas and in New England much havoc has been wrought in the past two weeks by flooding rivers. In the Allegheny mountain region forest fires have been devastating the country. These recurring visitations from unruly elements teach the lesson that their control would vastly reduce the losses which industry must bear. In a country that gets its moisture through irrigation these natural forces are governable and they are made to yield the greatest good and

least harm to productive industry, and to bring the largest possible benefit to humanity. Properly adjusted irrigation tolerates neither flood nor drouth.

It is to be hoped that sober counsel will prevail at the school meeting to be held next Monday afternoon, and that the business transacted will be for the general good of the district. The persons—men or women—chosen for director and clerk, should be actively identified with the best interests of the community and should not only be acquainted with school needs but also have fair business judgment and ability. Those who have substantial interests, who pay the taxes, may properly claim the new member of the board, inasmuch as the school children are well represented by the holdover members. Those who have resided here a considerable time should have preference over newcomers, where other considerations at all approach equality. We all want a good school without waste of money. The substantial citizens, who are acquainted with all the community needs, should turn out and see that the best means to accomplish this end are provided.

One result of the smallpox scare is that a large volume of travel that formerly passed through Prineville now avoids that town, coming from Shaniko direct to Bend without touching the county seat. Still, the Prineville hotels are reported to be doing a brisk business and trade generally is picking up in that town. Now that Prineville has cleansed itself of the pestilence, travel will probably drift back into the old channel, for Bend has no inclination to pull for a direct route to the railroad as against the Prineville route when considerations of health do not call for such action. The number of people now flocking to the upper Deschutes valley show that the outside world is finally convinced that it is a safe place to visit. Thirty to forty arrivals daily tax all accommodations to the utmost and the stream is increasing in volume every day.

Joe Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, finds his protective tariff views to be even more unpopular in Britain than was his war on the Boers. Corn will enter the islands free. This will please the American grain raisers and millers who have been paying a goodly customs tax since the imposition of war rates to get their productions into the British market.

This week's wool sale at Shaniko is reported to be the most successful ever held in Oregon. Tuesday 650,000 pounds were sold at prices ranging from 12 to 14 1/2 cents. Andrew Morrow, of Willow creek, got the highest price. The B. S. & L. Co. sold on Wednesday. All the sales are on bids and there is active competition.

The Portland railroad men who came to examine the conditions in Central Oregon could not fail to be impressed with the need of this country for better transportation facilities. That conviction must have been driven home to them in several ways. Now we shall watch for results.

The Crook county wool clip for this year is now estimated at 3,000,000 pounds, which is slightly below the average, but the shortage in weight is said to be made up in quality.

Prineville is agitating for a Crook county fair next fall. A good idea. Bend will be there.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon,
May 12, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by Act of August 4, 1892,

George Millican of Prineville, county of Crook, state of Oregon, has on Oct. 23, 1902, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1207, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33 and SW 1/4 sec 34, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before W. A. Bell, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on Friday, the 31st day of July, 1903.

He names as witnesses: Charles H. Dealy, William A. Davis, John Elliott, George Kitching, all of Prineville, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 31st day of August, 1903.
MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon,
May 16, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by Act of August 4, 1892, the following-named persons have filed in this office their sworn statements, to-wit:

Rean West of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1248, filed Dec. 15, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2.

Charles F. Brosterhouse of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1250, filed Dec. 15, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33 and W 1/2 sec 34, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2.

James Shaw of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1255, filed Dec. 15, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2.

Louis F. Cottor of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1256, filed Dec. 15, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2.

Charles J. Cottor of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1257, filed Dec. 15, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 33, T 19 S, R 13 E, W 1/2.

Samuel A. Zimmerman of St. Paul, county of Ramsey, state of Minnesota; sworn statement No. 4261, filed Jan. 3, 1903, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25 and lots 1 and 2 sec 24, T 15 S, R 11 E, W 1/2.

Charles L. Brock of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1252, filed Jan. 12, 1903, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25 and SW 1/4 sec 26, T 17 S, R 12 E, W 1/2.

The Erickson of Climax, county of Polk, state of Minnesota; sworn statement No. 1243, filed Dec. 12, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25 and SW 1/4 sec 26 and W 1/2 sec 27, T 20 S, R 12 E, W 1/2.

That they will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish their claims to said land before J. M. Lawrence, U. S. Commissioner, at Deschutes, Oregon, on Saturday, the 8th day of August, 1903.

They name as witnesses: Frank West, John Stead, John Bloss, John I. West, James Hunter, J. N. Hunter, James Shaw, C. F. Brosterhouse, D. F. Steffen, Fred Kling, W. H. Brock, Charles Cottor, Charles L. Brock, Nelson and Gilbert Hagan, all of Bend, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 8th day of August, 1903.
MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon,
May 16, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by Act of August 4, 1892, the following-named persons have filed in this office their sworn statements, to-wit:

William Middaugh of The Dalles, county of Wasco, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1242, filed Nov. 10, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 20 and SW 1/4 sec 21 and SW 1/4 sec 22, T 20 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Somannah Barnes of Prineville, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1244, filed Nov. 4, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 24 and SW 1/4 sec 25, T 17 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Jeane R. Watkins of Prineville, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1245, filed Nov. 10, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 24 and SW 1/4 sec 25, T 17 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

John B. Gustafson of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1246, filed Nov. 17, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25, T 16 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Solomon F. Barnes of Prineville, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1247, filed Dec. 25, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 24, T 17 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Solomon Barnes of Prineville, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1248, filed Dec. 26, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 24, T 17 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

James E. Reed of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1249, filed Dec. 1, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 24, T 16 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Julia Steidl of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1251, filed Dec. 22, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25, T 17 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Frank West of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1242, filed Dec. 12, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 23, T 16 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

Charles J. Wilson of Bend, county of Crook, state of Oregon; sworn statement No. 1252, filed Dec. 2, 1902, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 25, T 16 S, R 10 E, W 1/2.

That they will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish their claims to said land before J. M. Lawrence, U. S. Commissioner, at Deschutes, Oregon, on Friday, the 7th day of August, 1903.

They name as witnesses: Moses Middaugh, of The Dalles, Oregon; George Boggs and William Boggs, of Lava, Oregon; John Gustafson, John LePage, John I. West, J. N. Hunter, John Steidl, John West, H. M. Phillips, Joseph N. Hunter, John Bloss, Rean West, W. H. Brock and J. E. Reed, of Bend, Oregon; and John W. Barnes, William Watkins, Aaron I. Watkins, Solomon Barnes, Solomon F. Barnes, of Prineville, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 7th day of August, 1903.
MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
U. S. Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon,
May 16, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by Act of August 4, 1892,

Nils John Kaller, of Walker, county of Cass, state of Minnesota, has on Jan. 20, 1903, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1206, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 sec 9, SW 1/4 sec 10, SW 1/4 sec 11, T 18 S, R 10 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before M. R. Biggs, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 17th day of August, 1903.

He names as witnesses: M. LePage, Louis Nelson, John Steffens, John Dokken, of Bend, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 17th day of August, 1903.
MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

Homestead Consolidated
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon,
May 26, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of intention to make final proof on their respective claims before J. J. Smith, County Clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on Saturday, July 17, 1903, viz:

GEORGE D. TAYLOR, of Sisters, Oregon; On homestead application No. 7211, for the SW 1/4 sec 6, T 15 S, R 11 E, W 1/2.

HENRY W. CARLIN, of Sisters, Oregon; On homestead application No. 7212, for the SW 1/4 sec 4, T 15 S, R 11 E, W 1/2.

WILHELM C. SCHMIDT, of Sisters, Oregon; On homestead application No. 7213, for the SW 1/4 sec 4, T 15 S, R 11 E, W 1/2.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 17th day of August, 1903.
MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

Z. F. MOODY,
General Commission and Forwarding Merchant
SHANIKO, OREGON.
LARGE AND COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
Prompt attention paid to those who favor me with their patronage.

Shaniko-Prineville Stage Line

G. M. CORNETT, MANAGER.
SCHEDULE:
Leave Shaniko 6 p. m. Arrive Prineville 6 a. m.
Prineville 1 p. m. Shaniko 1 a. m.

First-Class Accommodations for the Traveling Public
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT RATES REASONABLE.

CHAMP SMITH BOOM CLERK

SMITH & CLEEK'S RECEPTION

Wholesale and Retail Liquor House
PRINEVILLE, OREGON.

Finest Brands of Liquors and Cigars. Two doors South of Bank.

PRINEVILLE-SILVER LAKE STAGE LINE.

DICK VANDEVERT, Prop.
Carrying U. S. mail and passengers.
Leaves Prineville Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Freight and Passengers waybilled for Bend, Lava, Rosland, and Silver Lake. Good rigs, careful drivers.
C. I. WINNEK, Agent.

Sanford's Cash Store

CARRIES A BIG LINE OF
General Merchandise,
Groceries, Clothing,
Furnishing Goods
CALL ON HIM. PRICES RIGHT.
SHANIKO, OREGON.

Hamilton Stables

BOOTH & CORNETT, Proprietors.
& Redby Feed Barn
PRINEVILLE, OREGON.

Stock boarded by the day, week or month.

Fine Teams and Rigs, and Reasonable Rates.

First-class Facilities for Handling Locators and Commercial Travelers.
Quick Service and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Columbia Southern Hotel.

SHANIKO, OREGON.
RATES FROM \$1.50 UP PER DAY.

Hot and cold water on both floors. Baths for the use of guests.
Every modern convenience at hand.

The dining room, under the direct supervision of Mr. Keeney, is a very model of tasteful, spotless elegance; and the service is equal to any in the state.

All stages arrive at and leave the Columbia Southern.
J. M. KEENEY, Proprietor.