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# The Daily Astorian.

THE DAILY ASTORIAN is the  
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on the Columbia River

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

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NO. 48

## The Only Stove Store ... IN ASTORIA ...

Our Specialty: **STOVES AND RANGES**  
We know the business. Twenty years experience. If you want a  
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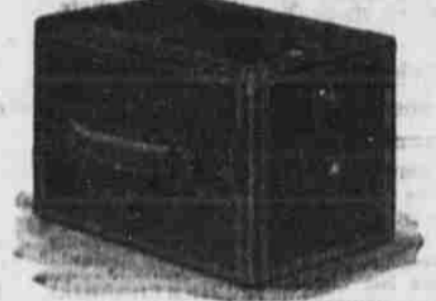
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and  
\$10.00

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**ROYAL CREAM FLOUR**  
It cannot be equalled  
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Things come his way again  
and the farmer is happy

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### NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED

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**Four Hundred Different Patterns**

Wah Sing & Co., Merchant Tailors, were never better  
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Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Suits made to order  
quickly. Large stock ready-made goods. Cleaning  
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Salmon  
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Spice  
and  
Syrup

Lithographing on Tin a Specialty.

San Francisco, Cal. Astoria, Ore. Fairhaven, Wash.  
Write Us for Prices.

# COLUMBIA TO HER GALLANT YOUNG SOLDIER BOYS

## President McKinley Visits Camp Wikoff and for the Nation Thanks the Troops Stationed There.

### OUR CHIEF EXECUTIVE GRASPS MANY WOUNDED SOLDIERS BY THE HAND

#### Great Cheering as Mr. McKinley Passed Through the Camp--The President Paid a Visit to a Disease-Infected Hospital, but Alger Did not Follow--The Egyptian Forces Meet and Rout the Deverishes and Occupy Omdurman--Herr Neufeld, Who Has for Long Years Been a Captive, Was Rescued--Khalifa's Army Was Totally Dispersed--The Yacht Shamrock Challenges for America's Cup.

**CAMP WIKOFF, Sept. 2.**—President McKinley spent five hours in camp today, bare-headed most of the time, visiting the sick in the hospitals, and inspecting the wells in their cantonments. He made a speech to the assembled infantrymen and reviewed the cavalry. He expressed his opinion of the camp to the reporters, and issued an order, directing the regiments to return to their stations east of the Mississippi.

Mr. McKinley drove to General Shafter's tent in the detention camp. The general, who was flushed and weak from a mild case of malarial fever, was in full uniform, sitting in a chair at the door of the tent. The president congratulated General Shafter on his victory at Santiago, and, after a few minutes rest, proceeded to the general hospital.

The soldiers recently arrived on transports and detained in the detention section of the camp lined up irregularly on each side of the road and cheered. Mr. McKinley took off his straw hat then, and scarcely more than put it on for more than a minute or two at a time during the remainder of his progress through the camp.

General Wheeler announced in each ward: "Boys, the president has come to see you;" or "soldiers—the president of the United States."

Some of the soldiers slept unconscious; some listlessly raised upon their elbows, others feebly clapped their hands. Mr. McKinley gently shook hands with many, and at every cot he paused an instant, and, if he saw a sick man looking at him, he bowed in a direct and personal way.

General Wheeler introduced the president to the troops.

President McKinley said: "General Wheeler, soldiers of Camp Wikoff, and soldiers of the Fifth army corps:

"I trust that you will put your hats on—I am glad to see you. I am honored to stand before you today. I bring the gratitude of the nation, to whose history you have added by your valor a new and glorious page. You have come home, after two months of severe campaigning, which has embraced assault, siege and battle—so brilliant an achievement, so far-reaching in its results, as to command the unstinted praise of all your countrymen. You had the brunt of the battle on the land. You bore yourselves with supreme courage, and your personal bravery, never before excelled anywhere, has won the admiration of your fellow-citizens and the genuine respect of all mankind, while your endurance under peculiar trial and suffering has given an added meaning to your heroism.

"Your exertions made easy the conquest of Porto Rico, under the army commanded by General Miles, and behind you, to proceed at a moment's summons, were more than 200,000 of their comrades, ready to support you—disappointed that the opportunity which you had did not come to them—yet filled with pride at your well-earned fame, and rejoicing upon your signal victory.

"You were in the line of battle; they, no less than you, were in the line of duty. All have served their country in its need, and will serve it so long as they may be required, and all will forever have the thanks and regard of a grateful people.

"We cannot bid you welcome here today without our hearts going out to the he-

roses of Manila, on sea and land, whose services and sacrifices, whose courage and constancy, in that far-distant field of operations have never been surpassed by any soldiers or sailors the world over. To the army and navy, to the marines, to the regulars, to the volunteers and to Providence, which has watched over them all, the nation today is full of thanksgiving and praise. The brave officers and men who fell in battle, and those who have died from exposure and sickness, will live in immortal story, and their memories will be perpetuated in the hearts and history of a generous people; and those who are dependent on them will not be neglected by the government for which they so freely sacrificed their lives."

The soldiers cheered many times. Part of the field, where the Fifth army stood—a regiment which is some times called "the president's own"—was particularly noisy.

The party then went to the detention hospital. The graveyard, in which 60 or 70 plain, new wooden crosses stood, was near the road on the left. The president solemnly raised his hat.

Mr. McKinley went through all the wards of the detention hospital in the same careful way in which he had gone through those of the general hospital. When he came to the last ward, Major R. T. Ebert said:

"This is a dangerous ward," and, turning to Secretary of War Alger, inquired: "Do you think the president had better go in here?"

Mr. McKinley, without waiting to hear what General Alger's reply would be, started into the ward. General Alger and others of the party remained outside.

The presidential party then drove through the lines of cavalry drawn up on either side of the road.

After leaving the camp for New York, Mr. McKinley made this statement:

"I was very much pleased to meet the heroes of Santiago, and to observe their splendid spirit. What I saw of the care of the sick men in the hospitals by those in charge and by the noble women engaged in that work was especially gratifying to me."

Vice-President Hobart said:

"I am not an army officer, and have not full experience in judging of camps and camp systems, but it seems to me that Camp Wikoff was admirably adapted for army purposes at this time as the camp for recuperation. The hospitals and hospital service seem perfect in appointments and well adapted for the rapid recovery of the sick. The hospital locations, their surroundings and their climatic conditions could not be improved."

### DERVISHES ROUTED AND OMDURMAN FALLS

Anglo-Egyptian Army Storms the City,  
Which Was Occupied After an  
Hour's Hard Fighting.

**CAIRO, Sept. 4.**—The following dispatch, dated yesterday, (Sept. 3) has just been received from Nary:

"Early this morning the Dervishes made a most determined attack upon the Anglo-Egyptian forces, but after an hour's hard fighting we drove them off.

"At 5:30 a. m., a general advance was ordered upon Omdurman, and again we were received with a determined attack on our right, but the Dervishes were once more repulsed, with heavy loss.

"The army, under the personal command of Khalifa, was totally dispersed by our forces. After a short time our forces advanced again and occupied Omdurman. Khalifa fled during the forenoon and is now being closely pursued by our cavalry.

"The British loss is estimated at about 100. The Egyptian loss is probably 200. Kari Neufeld was rescued unharmed."

Herr Neufeld fell into the hands of the mahdi's followers in the neighborhood of Dongola, in the late spring or early summer of 1887. The first report received after his capture was that the whole party was beheaded. A later report represented that Neufeld had been spared, but placed in fetters.

Finally a letter was received from himself, dated Khartoum, where he said he was being treated in a very friendly manner by the mahdi. He nearly lost his life when the mahdi was told that Neufeld was an English or Egyptian spy, whose duty was to ascertain whether or not Madir Mustafa Pasha was favorable to the English. The mahdi, highly incensed, declared that he regretted not having chained Neufeld, and had him loaded with chains and cast into prison, where he remained four years.

Ultimately a scarcity of powder arose in the Soudan, and Neufeld's knowledge of chemistry was brought into requisition for its manufacture, and in consequence his life spared.

### CHALLENGED TO SAIL FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP.

Yacht Shamrock, of the Royal Ulster Club, Will Race Any Vessel in America for the Trophy.

**NEW YORK, Sept. 2.**—A committee representing the Royal Ulster Yacht Club and Sir Thomas Lipton arrived in this city yesterday and met the New York Yacht Club's committee today. Secretary Osble, of the New York Yacht Club, gave out the following challenge, which had been presented by the Royal Ulster Yacht Club:

"We have the honor, on behalf of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, and in the name of Sir Thomas Lipton, a member of the club, to challenge to sail a series of matches with the yacht Shamrock, against any one yacht or vessel constructed in the United States of America, for the America's cup, subject to the deed of gift, and subject to the conditions agreed upon."

Following are the particulars of the challenging vessel, viz: Owner, Sir Thomas Lipton; name of yacht, Shamrock; length of load water line, 54½ feet; rig, cutter.

### VISITORS AGAIN DEFEATED.

Captain Astbury's Cricketers Won the International Match in Portland.

**PORTLAND, Sept. 2.**—The second match between the British Columbia and All-Oregon cricket teams was played today at Maitland's field, and resulted in a victory for the home men by eight runs. The scores were small, the totals being 64 and 65.

R. C. F. Astbury, of Astoria, who captained the All-Oregon team, won the toss and elected to take the field. Captain Jukes sent Saunders and A. M. Mullins in, but, contrary to expectations, neither "came off." Mullins being quickly bowled by Wilkinson for one run, and Saunders' wicket falling a few minutes later, after he had placed 4 to his credit.

Jukes made the decided stand for the visitors, playing perfect cricket for 21 runs and the entire side was disposed of for a total of 58. Of the 64 made by the All-

Oregon team, the Rev. Mr. Agar contributed 24 before being bowled. The fielding of the Britishers was excellent, five of the home team being caught, and one run out.

The game was witnessed by several hundred people, and was thoroughly enjoyed.

### NATION'S GOLD RESERVE.

**WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.**—The gold in the treasury is steadily climbing upward, and today again broke the record, with a reserve total of \$229,516,832, the highest in the history of the reserve fund. United States treasurer Roberts, speaking of the upward trend of the gold in the treasury, said that, out of about \$40,000,000 yet to be paid in for the new war loan, it is likely \$25,000,000 or \$30,000,000 will be paid.

"It would not be at all strange," he said, "if before the tide turns our total gold will be considerably over \$250,000,000."

### PENSIONS INCREASE IN VALUE.

**WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.**—The annual report of Hon. H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, was made public to-night.

The commissioner says that the roll is not increasing in number, but in value. It is believed that it will increase from the rebellion, as there are probably 200,000 ex-Union soldiers living who have never had pensions, and it will increase in amount by reason of increased disabilities, as provided by law.

### WILL FIGHT OCTOBER 12.

**NEW YORK, Sept. 2.**—Jim Corbett, who arrived here today, met "Kid" McCoy, and they arranged to fight their proposed battle October 12, at Buffalo.

### THREE DEATHS AT CHICAGO.

**CHICAGO, Sept. 2.**—Three dead, six critically ill and 13 additional prostrations is the best record for the day. It was the hottest of the five days, on every one of which the mercury has been over 90. The mercury today reached 92.

**CHICAGO, Sept. 2.**—Should the high temperature continue unbroken until tomorrow morning all Chicago heat records for duration will have been broken.

The record to date has been five consecutive days with a maximum temperature in the nineties.

In many places work has been suspended in shops and where men are obliged to labor in places exposed to the sun. The suffering of the people in the tenement districts has been intense.

Professor Cox, of the weather bureau, says that the present hot wave is about as severe as he has ever observed.

"It covers," said he, "practically the entire country east of the Rocky mountains and has run as high as 102 down in Kansas, while at Huron, S. D., there have been three consecutive days of 100.

The report of fatalities and prostrations from heat the past 24 hours in Chicago showed one death, Mrs. H. P. Lindley; nine prostrated, whose recovery was doubtful and thirty-one less seriously overcome.

### A MODEL NAVAL HOSPITAL.

Plans for Its Construction at Mare Island—Admiral Dewey's Sword.

**CHICAGO, Sept. 2.**—A special to the Record from Washington says: The surgeon general of the navy had asked for proposals, to be opened October 12, for the construction of a model naval hospital at Mare Island, Cal., under a congressional appropriation of \$100,000. The plans are of the most modern type, conforming to the latest hospital practice

at home abroad and provide for indefinite expansion.

The navy department has closed a contract with Tiffany for Admiral Dewey's sword, the consideration being \$1,000. The remaining \$7,000 of the congressional appropriation will be devoted to the defraying of the expense of striking medals for the officers and men who participated in the battle of Manila Bay, May 1.

It is proposed to have this work done as soon as possible at the Philadelphia mint.

### WIKOFF TO BE ABANDONED.

Orders Issued to Distribute Troops to Various Forts.

**NEW YORK, Sept. 2.**—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Orders were prepared at the war department today for the practical abandonment of Camp Wikoff at Montauk Point.

All the volunteer regiments there will soon start for their homes and will receive furloughs as they are mustered out, while most of the regulars, as soon as they have recuperated, will resume duty at the posts to which they were garrisoned before the war began.

The orders for the regulars may be issued tomorrow and will provide for the following distribution of the troops:

Third cavalry, Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., and Jefferson barracks, Missouri.

Sixth cavalry, to Fort Myer, Va., and Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.

Third infantry, to Fort Sheridan, Ill.

Sixth infantry, to Fort Thomas, Ky.

Ninth infantry, to Madison barracks, N. Y.

Thirteenth infantry, to Fort Columbia, Forter and Niagara.

Seventeenth infantry, to Columbus barracks, Ohio.

Twentieth infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

Twenty-first infantry, to Fort Snelling barracks, N. Y.

The remaining regiments of regulars at Montauk will be disposed of next week. Some of them will be held at posts yet to be selected in Cuba.

### SUBJECT TO WAR TAX.

**WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.**—The treasury department holds that an article of agreement or contract for the sale of real estate is not subject to a stamp tax unless it conveys some right of title.

It is also held that an inheritance consisting exclusively of government bonds is subject to the same conditions as money or personal property under section 29 of the war revenue act.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third farther than any other brand.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

# Full Line of Fall and Winter Goods Now Arriving Daily

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THE LEADING DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING HOUSE OF ASTORIA