

THE ENTERPRISE

SOCIETY NOTICES.

MAKING THE DEAF HEAR.

Oregon Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 3.
Meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock p. m. in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Main street. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Multnomah Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Holds its regular communications on first and third Saturday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.

P. PAQUET, Secretary.

Meade Post No. 2, G. A. R., Department of Oregon.

Meets first Wednesday of every month, at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' Hall, Oregon City, Commander.

Falls City Lodge No. 59 A. O. U. W.

Meets every second and fourth Monday evening in Odd Fellows' building. All sojourning brethren cordially invited to attend. C. O. T. WILLIAMS, M. W.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

T. A. McBRIDE,

Attorney at Law.

Office in Bank Building, Oregon City, Oregon.

C. D. & D. C. LATOURETTE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

MAIN STREET, OREGON CITY, OREGON.

Furnish Abstracts of Title, Loan Money, Foreclose Mortgages, and transact General Law Business.

L. T. BAERIN. G. E. HAYES
BARIN & HAYES.

Attorneys at Law.

Will practice in all the courts of the State. Office opposite Court House, Oregon City, Oregon.

W. L. NUTTING,

Attorney-at-Law.—

Practice in State and United States Courts.

Office—Room 8, Cambridge Block, Cor. 3rd and Morrison Streets.

Portland, Oregon.

W. C. JOHNSON, F. O. MCLOWN, C. M. DILKEAN

JOHNSON, MCCOWN & IDLEMAN,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practice in all the courts of the State.

LOANS MADE AND ABSTRACTS FURNISHED.

Particular attention given to business in the U. S. Land Office, Oregon City.

OFFICES:

Monasteries' Brick, 100 First street, Portland, Oregon.

Main street, Oregon City.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. READ, Pastor. Morning service 11:00; Sunday school 12:15; evening service 7:30. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Monthly covenant meeting Saturday before first Sunday in each month, at 1 o'clock p. m. A cordial invitation extended to all.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, CATHOLIC.—Rev. P. J. FITZSIMMONS, Pastor. On Sunday high mass at 10:30 a. m. First Sunday of each month low mass at 8 a. m. Second Sunday of each month a German sermon. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Vespers and Benediction at 7 p. m.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Rev. G. A. Rockwood, Pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school after morning service. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting of Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday evening at 6:30 prompt. Rev. RUDOLPH STAUB will preach in German at 10 a. m. All are cordially invited to these meetings. Seats free.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. W. A. WILLISTON, M. A., Pastor. Morning service at 11; Sunday school at 12:15; evening service at 7:30. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Strangers cordially invited. Seats free.

ST. PAUL'S P. E. CHURCH.—Rev. JESSE C. TAYLOR, Rector. Service every Sunday morning at 10:30; each alternate Sunday evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 9:30 every Sunday morning. Service every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m., with lecture. Seats free. All welcome.

The house of representatives was at a dead loss last Thursday on the direct tax bill, and the day was spent in rolling along.

System of Education Given by the Various Schools for Deaf Mutes.

There are doubtless a large number of children born deaf, or who have become deaf since birth through the evil effect of measles or scarlet fever or some other of the kindred scourges of childhood, who are going through the world as deaf mutes for lack of knowledge, on the part of those that have the care of them, that schools exist to which they may be sent almost free of charge, and sometimes quite free.

In these schools deaf children are not only taught to speak and to know what other people are speaking, but they acquire a thorough education in all branches, and in addition receive instruction in sewing, in the use of tools and a general industrial training, so that when they leave school they are quite prepared, if need be, to earn their own living by their own hands or head.

It would seem that no parent could be indifferent to the possibility examined by the system of education given by the various schools for deaf mutes, if aware of their existence. The little people, who might otherwise go through the world maimed only by signs, here acquire language so completely that it is only in the dark that they are returned to their world of silence, being deaf only as the hero of Joan Paul's Titan becomes blind, after sunset, and returning to all the pleasures of sound with the lighting of the lamps. The children thus educated acquire odds of those other children provided by partial nature with better means of taking care of themselves. Comparison of graduates of deaf mutes school and of those of other schools shows no difference whatever in proficiency and intelligence, and in mingling with the world afterward the deaf mutes probably are not accompanied by any painful sense of deficiency. In fact, the majority mingle with the world, as in the case of other youth, the more self-confidence and the larger vocabulary do they acquire, and they are more injured by want of exceeding symmetry than they are by the withholding of it, many of them complaining of the tendency to magnify their misfortune, which almost causes to be a burden to them when they find themselves really understanding all that goes on about them, finding their way about, and often going to church, to concerts, to theatres, and taking as much enjoyment as those who are in the possession of all their senses.

Indeed, many educated deaf mutes who have acquired language and who have an average intelligence of their own, claim that they have an advantage in their deafness itself; for it has obliged them to concentrate in thought and quick-witted always, in the amount of time which is otherwise diverted in the world of attending and detecting sound, and they are, they are apt to think, and that not without reason, the deeper and broader, readier and better, for the exercise of one of their senses. When Mr. Tavelin, lately a high postmaster called of Great Britain, became in his early boyhood entirely blind, it is said that he resolved that he would go through life exactly as he saw, and he carried out his intention, as we all know, as far as that was a possible thing, and a large share of his achievement was due to this determination. It would be well if all people robed of one of their senses formed the same resolution, and carried it out half as well.

But long before children who are shut out from all sound sound are old enough to make any such determination for themselves, and while they can only see with a poignant pain that they are different from other children, ignorant of any means by which the difference may be cured, it is the duty of parents to supply to them, as far as may be, every deficiency of their senses. This, to a certain extent, can be done at home, and since their master has attended the practice of treating the deaf child exactly as if it could hear, so that, almost as it were by intuition, it has acquired the art of speech to a limited extent. But as that extent is very likely to remain limited, the rest of the deficiency can only be supplied by schools having no other object than the instruction of the deaf, and it is now to be seen that every guardian of such a child is under an obligation to the child to inform himself about such schools, and to give the child the advantages to be gained from them, even if in so doing the child in so far has to become a beneficiary of the state. The debt to the state is not a serious one, since it is for the interest of the state that every member of the community shall be brought to the highest perfection.—Harp's Bazaar.

Andes & Company Quarries.

An Englishman has discovered the ancient pottery quarries, where the Romans obtained the stones used in their famous buildings. The quarries are ninety-six miles from the Nile and 3,650 feet above the level of the sea.—New York Tribune.

A Ten-cent Epitaph.

Small Day (near the window of restaurant)—Just smell dat soup, Jimmy. Didn't dat ever?

Jimmy (slapping his nose)—I ain't smilin' no stop. Lucy, it'd smile me appetite for de rom-chickin.—Life.

Will Grizzards in Dakota produce an earlier toleerless, nonstop race?

Children Cry for

White Swelling.

Mr. M. S. Hamilton, one of the best known insurance men in North Carolina, writes from Winston, as follows: "Ever since I was seven years old I have had what the doctors call hip disease, and what I call white swelling. My hip was drawn out of place. There was a swelling at the knee-joint, where there is a profuse running, which has been there for years. Of course this has greatly debilitated my system, together with surgical operation on the leg bone. I tried every known blood purifier to build up my system, but none did me good until I took S. S. S. I use it every spring. It always builds me up giving me appetite and digestion, and enables me to stand the long, trying exercises, hot summer days. To me there is no such medicine for purifying the blood and building up the wasted system as S. S. S. On using it I soon became strong of body and easy of mind. My color changed from a pale, wan look to a healthy, robust complexion."

Treatment on Bone and Skin Disease named tree. THE SWIFT SPECIALTY CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Silver Plate, Ribbons.

"Rather neat, eh?"
A Broadway dealer in fancy goods was showing a reporter a handsome purple ribbon on which his initials were written in silver letters.

"You want to know how that was done? Well, I'll tell you. Make a solution of nitrate of silver, and add a little gum to it so that the liquid will not run, then, with a camel's hair pencil or a quill pen, draw any sort of ornamental figure on the silk. After the drawing is dry, hold the ribbon over a vessel containing water, zinc and a little sulphuric acid. In a short time the silver will be reduced and adhere quite strongly to the fabric. By this plan almost anything can be written on silk. A picture could be painted in silver and there is no end to the fanciful designs that might be made."—New York Mail and Express.

The Greeks' Family Affection.

Family affection is, perhaps, the noblest characteristic of the Greek character. Nowhere else, I think, does one see fraternal love so strongly developed, nor the women of the family so tenderly enclaved for. Should the father die the brothers take his place, and, so long as a sister of merrievous age remains unperformed and married they will not think of taking a wife themselves.—Boston Budget.

In Connecticut there are \$5,000 acres of land here—Leased to agents.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have this day filed in my office in the County of Clackamas, State of Oregon, in the name of the County of Clackamas, Clerk of the County, and the Court has appointed May six, a day and date for the hearing of objections to the same if any there be, and for the settlement of all debts due and owing to H. E. COOPER, Administrator of the Estate of George Wiles, deceased.

March 2nd, 1888.

Notice of Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have this day filed in my office in the County of Clackamas, State of Oregon, in the name of the County of Clackamas, Clerk of the County, and the Court has appointed May six, a day and date for the hearing of objections to the same if any there be, and for the settlement of all debts due and owing to H. E. COOPER, Administrator of the Estate of George Wiles, deceased.

March 2nd, 1888.

Master's Sale.

In the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Oregon:

The Dennis Mortgagors, Inc., Investment Company, Limited, vs. No. 103

S. E. Sprague, C. E. Sprague and H. M. Case.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the decree of said Court made and entered in the above entitled cause on the fifth day of March, 1888, G. D. Durbin, Master in the office of said Court, will present, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for a sum equivalent to redemption, as upon execution, based upon a judgment of \$1,000 at the front door of the County House of Clackamas County at Oregon City, in the said County of Clackamas, State of Oregon, on Monday the 10th day of May, 1888, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all the right, title and interest which the said defendant S. E. Sprague and C. E. Sprague had at the date of the mortgage set out in the bill herein, in or to the premises described in the said mortgage and in the bill herein as follows: The West half of the East half and the East half of the West half of Section one in Township three South of Range two East of the Willamette Meridian, containing 32.24 acres, situated in Clackamas County, State of Oregon, in satisfaction of said decree and in payment of the expenses of this sale. Said decree is for the sum of \$2,74.95, and interest and costs due the plaintiff, \$62.50 with interest, due the defendant.

GEORGE D. DURBIN,
Master in Chancery of said Court.
April 21, 1888.

Administrator.

For further particulars inquire of any agent of the Company or A. L. MAXWELL, A. G. F. & T. A. Portland, Oregon.

OREGON CITY TRANSPORTATION CO.—
DAILY LINE PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT.

LEAVE Oregon City 8:30 A.M. & 1:30 P.M.

Arrive Portland

street dock 10:30 A.M. & 1:30 P.M.

OGN. RY. & NAVIG'TN.

CO.

"Columbia River Route"

Trains for the East via Portland, 1:30 P.M.

TICKETS to and from principal points in the United States, Canada and Europe.

Elegant Pullman Palace Cars.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS RUN Through on Express Trains

TO—

OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS, & ST. PAUL.

FREE OF CHARGE & WITHOUT CHARGE.

Close connections at Portland for San Fran., Sacramento and other points.

For further particulars inquire of any agent of the Company or A. L. MAXWELL, A. G. F. & T. A. Portland, Oregon.

OREGON CITY ROUTE.

Steamer BONANZA Leaves—

12:30 A.M. and 4:30 P.M.

Arrives 1:30 P.M. and 5:30 P.M.

Time certificates of deposit, payable on demand, but interest accrued to be drawn before end of term or deposit.

Arrives at—

Portland 9:00 A.M. and 4:30 P.M.

Oregon City 1:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M.

Each round trip \$1.00.

Portland 10:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

Oregon City 1:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M.

Each round trip \$1.00.

Portland 12:30 P.M. and 4:30 P.M.

Oregon City 1:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M.

Each round trip \$1.00.

Portland 1:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M.

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