NOT FALSE.
Noticing an article in our las issue, "is it a tax?" The Oregocious" ball count is taken of the improved methods which have completely revolution
of nails.
Had the Oregonian read more carefully it would have found this paragraph which we repro
duce: "When our tariff is sharply on the foreign manufacturers from our markets and gives them to our own manufacturers who supply them. The American of wages is maintained and competition forces economy of production and the lowest scale of prices. This it
In 1882 we did not manufacture steel nails. Ourmarket was sup of duty was 1 cent a pound, and we paid $81-3$ cents per pound for them. In 1884 the duty was made 4 cents a pound we produced $4,000,000$ kegs annually and sold them less these are facts. Do they prov that duty is a tax ?

Men who would scorn any suggestion to neglect their dolly nest lect their civic duties. They hold policies and adhere to that party which represents these. They may even go to the polls on elec
tion day and vote for the nominees of their party. They do election even though they may have a direct voice in selecting candidates. They believe in po-
litical action through the agency of parties and party organization,
but they desire it to be distinctly understood they are not partisan. Thousands of men might justly
regard this as fairly descriptive of themselves. Besides these are many men who say: Polihave none of it
who wholly neglect and those who are indifferent to their civic duties as undesirable citizens. neglect to meet his civic obligations and be a good citizen any his pecuniary obligations and be an honest man. It is the duty o the scope. meaning and value of tions; how they are secured and written constitutions; how these
institutions and the provisions of these constitutions may be best
promoted by legislation, educaSince ours is representative
governinent the good citizen must men whom he would delegate to he may not do himself. Naturally and rightfully he will look He has no right to expect to find them in an adverse party,-a does not approve
Just here the good citizen finds do must be a partisan. He should tionally may do to advance his party's principles. he must standup within his party and demand that none but good, and his party before the people.
$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { He must refuse to support any } \\ & \text { unfit man even though such man } \\ & \text { une party nominees only. Since } \\ & \text { the legislation that suggested the }\end{aligned}\right.$ seem to be the choice of the rarty. statement was by a republican
This does not mean that our good legislature and republicans are citizea must support a nominee fully competent to fix the intent
of an adverse party. He cannot of the statement. The above indo so, for, however fit and good dicated construction was believed
a man personally the opposite to be the correct one until a few party's nominee may be he is po- ambitious men saw how it might
be worked for their own selfish Whatever, then, be the party ends, and so it is just now being
affiliations of our good citizen he worked to the limit. must, while he believes in the
pringe must confess we do not unit and fight for party purity a republican, or a democrat either while standing lines. Republicans and demo- opposing party for a representalines. Republicans and demo- opposing party for a representa-
crats alike must seek to reform
tive of his principles in the U. S. within.
This within.
This is partisanship, of course,
but it is the kind which is neces-
sary to good citizenship. It is
necessary to intelligent and safe necessary to intelligent and safe of party. No good citizen should
stand aside and permit the selfseeking, immoral and sorrupt ele-
ment to come into control of his party.
We take it that the masses,
the American people are honest the American people are honest
and patriotic. It follows that the majority of men in each party is composed of honest, patriotic men who owe it to themselves, to
their party and to the whole people to see that no unfit man is elevated to a place of honor,
power or trust in the conduct of civic affairs.
We feel wholly certain that if
all men did the
 soon see the last of "dirty poli-
tics." Possibly much. It may be men will not become the sort of partisans they
should become. It is possible good, upright men will continue to If so we must expect that smooth
demagogues, self-seeking charlatans, besotted debauchees shal places of honor, power ahd trust. This may be humiliating to the all parties, but whose is the
blame? blame? $\overline{\text { COME TO AGREEMENT. }}$.
Republicans should come to some common "modus vivendi"
as to Statement No. 1. They might unite in opposing it to the
uttermost because it is in direct opposition to the Constitution of the United States
Unable to agree to this they might find a common ground in giving the statement the force of ture to support only the choice of their respective party's nominee
for U. S. Senator. that it conflicts with the provisions of the Federal constitution support.
Whate sued republicanse may be purharmonious action on this as well as on all other questions. Surely they cannot he blind to the pur
poses of the democratic leadere. Surely republicans should now refuse to aid any scheme to elect
democrats to the most important positions.
It is charged that opposition to Statement No. 1 is based on op-
position to the Primary Election Law. This is false. Statement
No. 1 is not related to the primary
election law. The Statement $\quad$ Real Estate Transfers. might be cast into the waste-
basket and the primary law with all its purposes and provisions would remain intact and in force
as before. The objections to the Statement are laid against the Statement itself. The people of
Oregon are competent through theirtlegislature to enact a pri-
mary election law, but they are not competent to annul one jot or tittle of the Constitution of the
United States. But it is not our present pur-
pose to present the objections which lie against this statement. We wish only to indace republiand, if possible, agree on an acRepublicans might easily accept that construction which binds \\ \section*{THEIR CONVENTION. \\ \section*{THEIR CONVENTION. Occurred in Corvallis Saturday
School Officers Held Meeting.} The first School Officers' Con vention held in Benton county has passed into history. It was
one of the most enthusiastic and one of the most enthusiastic and
interesting meetings that has been
thaticic onuanan nat hubumat to
550.

## ,


vallis, $\$ 1,200$. Holmes to Fred W.
Holmes to Fred W.
85 acies near Albany
F. L. Holmes to F. W. Holmes



Ona C. Senger to Anna M. Osborn, west 1.2 of lot 12, block
$3^{8}$ Moore $\&$ Newhouse's addition to Corvallis, \$10.
Miranda Abbey to Isabelia
Henkle, lots $\mathrm{I}, 2,3,4$, block 20, Corvallis, $\$ 2,500$.
M. J. Wells and husband to E. A. and B. E. Prather, lot 3 ,
block I Chase's $2 d$ addition to Corvallis $\$ 250$. Evan McLennan, lots I, 2, 3,
block I, Chase's 2d addition to
Corvallis $\$ \mathrm{I}$ oo.




Dr. M. Markel
Magnetic Healer Electrical and Hydro Therapeutics HERB DOCTORI

## AS OTHERS THINK.

Everybody in Corvallis Has
While everyone has a right to his own opinion, yet it is wise to always consider
what others think and profit by their experience.
Nothing
Nothing makes lite so miserable, or in-
terferes to widely with the usefulness of the average Anerican, ss indigeetion,
and and it is well for us to sive fair considera-
tion to what others think about this re-

[^0] Throat, Stomach or Bowels, Weak or
Joints, Sore Knees, Lumbago, Dizziness, Milk Leg,
Kidney Troubles, an 1 many other diseases y ield readily

Warts, Meles and Marks Removed by Electricity


[^0]:    Our Stock is Cem-
    plete in Every Detail
    Henkle \& Davis

    Ladies' and Misses, Coats

    ## We Invite

