

# THE STATE OF NEW IDAHO

La Grande man pushing for eastern counties' secession to Idaho

By Jade McDowell  
EO Media Group

Residents in eastern Oregon and Washington have discussed breaking away from their more liberal neighbors to form a new state for years, but a new twist has been added to the conversation: Why form a new state when the rural counties could just join Idaho instead?

Ken Parsons, a 72-year-old farmer from La Grande, said the idea was floated offhand by someone else in a letter to the editor in the *La Grande Observer*. After thinking about it for a couple of months and discussing it with friends, Parsons said he has decided to try to get input from residents of neighboring counties, including Umatilla and Morrow County.

"It's an intriguing idea," he said.

As Parsons sees it, rural Oregon and Washington residents who are tired of being outvoted by the population centers in Portland and Seattle would be better understood by politicians from the more rural, conservative Idaho. Legislators born and raised in the most



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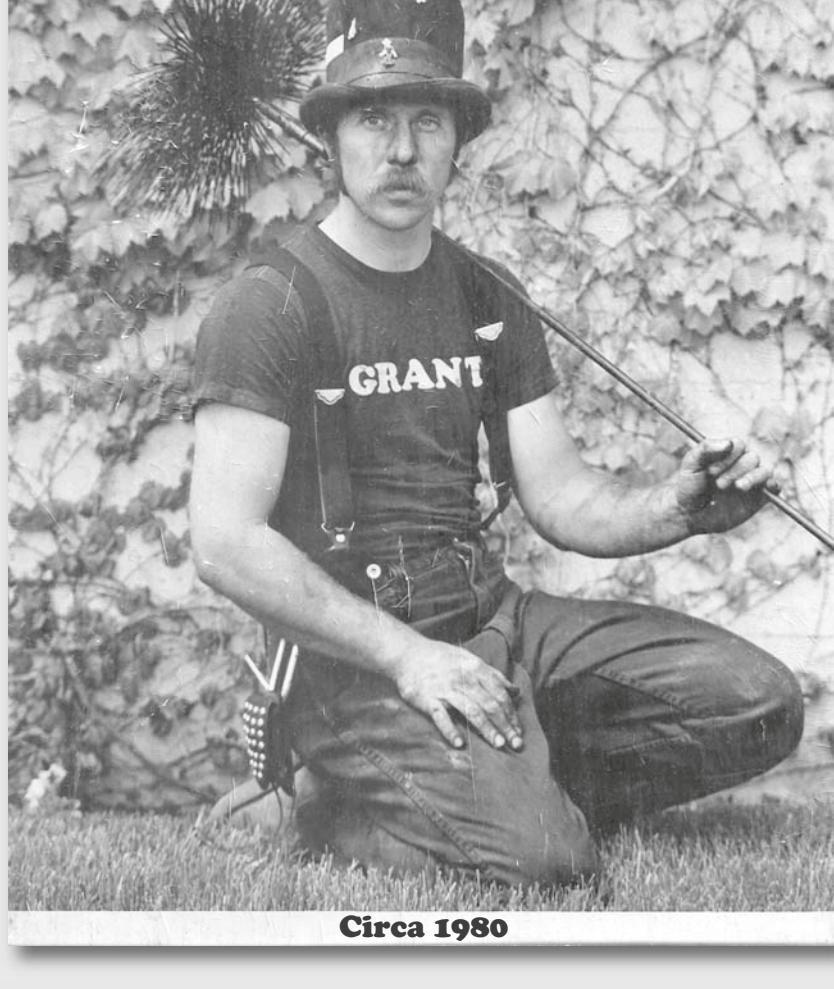
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**"The reports of my retirement have been greatly exaggerated."**

**Grant Darrow Chimney Sweep**

## New Idaho: Re-drawing the map

A La Grande, Ore. farmer is seeking comment on the idea of eastern portions of Washington and Oregon joining Idaho. The new, supersized Idaho would see a 125 percent population increase.



**'Given the inability of Puerto Rico and Washington, D.C., to effectuate this type of large scale change, disgruntled citizens would be better off to get involved with politics. ...'**

Dr. Jeffrey Dense  
a political science professor at Eastern Oregon University

have even come close to fruition. In 2002 the U.S. House of Representatives voted unanimously to allow state legislators to adjust the Nevada-Utah state boundary. The move would have been a minor one, but it would have allowed the economically struggling city of Wendover, Utah, to join the casino-rich city of West Wendover, Nevada, and get rid of what residents called an invisible "Berlin Wall" in the community creating poor infrastructure and schools on one side of the state line and abundant services on the other. The bill ended up dying in the Senate, however, after Nevada Senator Harry Reid opposed it.

According to 2014 data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Idaho currently has 1,634,464

residents. That would rise to 3,680,297 people if all 17 Oregon counties east of Hood River County and the 20 Washington counties east of King County jumped ship.

Oregon, meanwhile, would go from 3,970,239 residents to 3,471,709 and Washington would drop from 7,061,530 residents to 5,514,227.

How that would affect each state's representation in Washington, D.C., would depend on how other states' populations changed at the same time.

The 435 seats in the House of Representatives are apportioned every 10 years based on population counts in the latest census. If other states' populations stayed roughly proportionate to their current levels, Washington would likely lose two of its 10 seats, adding

them to Idaho's current two seats, while it would be a close call on whether Oregon would hang on to its five representatives or lose one to another state.

The number of Electoral College votes a state receives is equal to the number of U.S. senators and representatives the state has, which would give Idaho more sway in presidential elections too.

Rep. Greg Smith, R-Hepner, said during his freshman year in the Oregon state legislature in 2001 he tried to introduce the idea of creating a state of Eastern Oregon, but couldn't even get a hearing on it.

"I know there's a real frustration with the urban-rural divide," he said.

However, he also said

that although Eastern Oregon provides the state with food and fiber, the west side of the state provides a tax base that supports state services. The transportation package, for example, that both sides of the aisle would like to see come to fruition would likely result in Eastern Oregon infrastructure benefiting from tax money generated by Portland residents.

Parsons said he knows that getting rural Oregon and Washington counties to join Idaho is a long shot.

"If it came to fruition it would probably not be in my lifetime," he said.

To start the discussion he emailed every state legislator in all three states, contacted newspapers in the area and started a forum on Yahoo Groups titled "Oregon and Washington Joining Idaho" to discuss logistics like what would happen with assets like state prisons and universities in counties that voted to join Idaho.

"I figured there are a whole lot of people smarter than me who could figure all that out," he said.

Parsons realizes that government officials in Boise may not want to take on more rural counties, even if they also got population centers like Spokane, the Tri-Cities and Bend. The U.S. Congress would have to approve.

Still, he said if Eastern Oregon did secede to Idaho, local residents wouldn't have to worry so much about Portland residents pushing laws like a \$15 an hour minimum wage on rural areas.

"If they want to buy a \$20 Big Mac that's fine with me," he said.

To access the Yahoo Group online visit [groups.yahoo.com/neo/groups/WashingtonandOregonjoiningIdaho](http://groups.yahoo.com/neo/groups/WashingtonandOregonjoiningIdaho).

Contact Jade McDowell at [jmcowell@eastoregonian.com](mailto:jmcowell@eastoregonian.com) or 541-564-4536.

## Local investing workshops scheduled

Oregon has a new law allowing people to invest in Oregon businesses, and encourages Oregon's entrepreneurs to raise capital from their neighbors. The Northeast Community Capital Collaborative (NEOCC) and Hatch Oregon are teaming up to help Northeast Oregonians spread the word with an evening presentation in Joseph. The event, open to the public, will be held from 6:30 to 8:30 p.m. Oct. 21, at Stein Distillery, 604 N. Main St., in Joseph.

Suggested donation is \$5 to \$15. No registration is required.

Four Oregon entrepreneurs will discuss their experience with local investing: John Childers of Baker City Saddle Co.; Stuart Phillips of Red Wagon Creamery using local, seasonal fruit, berries and produce; John MacDougall of MacDougall & Sons Bat company selling real wood baseball bats; and Kyle Akin of Crescendo Organic Spirits, maker of 'cellos' (Italian liqueurs) in a variety of flavors.

Hatch Oregon also offers a webinar to discuss the basics of a Community Public Offering for entrepreneurs on Oct. 14 (a one-day event, not a series). Register at [www.eventbrite.com](http://www.eventbrite.com) and use the password NEOEDD to take the webinar free.



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**Robin Sands**  
Joseph Charter School

Robin Sands is a junior at Joseph Charter School. She is being recognized as our student of the week, not only for her academics, but for her kindness as well. She is currently doing an amazing project in Leadership class which is making our school a better place. Congratulations from the staff and administration for your contributions to our school.



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