

## Grant County News.

L. P. FISHER  
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TERMS: \$3. PER YEAR.

## The Grant County News.

PUBLISHED  
EVERY SATURDAY MORNINGS. H. SHEPHERD,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.SUBSCRIPTION:  
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INvariably in ADVANCE.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Notices in local column, 20 cents per line, each insertion.

Transient advertisements, per square of 12 lines, \$2 00 for first, and \$1 for each subsequent insertion—in ADVANCE.

Legal advertisements charged as transient, and must be paid for upon expiration. No certificate of publication given until the fee is paid.

Yearly advertisements on very liberal terms. Professional Cards, (one inch or less) \$15 per annum.

Personal and Political Communications charged as advertisements. The above rates will be strictly adhered to.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. W. PARRILL,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
CANYON CITY, OREGON.M. L. OLWATHAD,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
CANYON CITY, OREGON.Geo. B. CURREY,  
Attorney at Law,  
CANYON CITY, OREGON.M. DUBIN,  
Attorney at Law,  
Canyon City, Oregon.E. C. HORSLEY, M. D.  
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, April 8, 1848.Canyon City, Oregon.  
Office in his Drug Store, Main Street. Orders for Drugs promptly filled. No professional patronage solicited unless directions are given by mail.J. W. HOWE,  
CANYON CITY, GRANT CO., OREGON.O. M. DODSON, M. D.,  
Prairie City, - Ogn.M. H. BOLEY,  
DENTIST,  
Dental Rooms, Opposite the Methodist Church.

CANYON CITY, OREGON.

G. I. HAZELTINE,  
Photographer,  
CANYON CITY, OREGON.GEO. SOLLINGER,  
CANYON CITY  
MILK-MAN.

The best of Milk furnished to the citizens of Canyon City every morning, by the gallon or quart; at reasonable rates.

JOHN SCHMIDT,  
CARPENTER AND WAGON MAKER

Canyon City, Oregon.

Dealer in HARDWOOD, SPOKES and FELLOES, FURNITURE, CHAIRS, PAINTS, GLASS, and WINDOW-SASH.

## General News.

[Portland Standard]

Thirteen cases of yellow fever were reported at Memphis on the 2d.

Frank Stechler, the youngest of the Raber murderers, has made a confession at Reading, Pa.

Young Haskell, who shot Schwartz in San Francisco, is the son of a Marysville orchardist.

The maize crop in Italy is about half the average.

An illicit distillery was seized at Washington within three squares of the treasury department.

Three of the crew of the bark Laura Paine, at present at Cross Island, Canada, are down with yellow fever.

Borisen, the Roumanian envoy to the European courts, says the Jews are as bad in his country as the Chinese are on the Pacific Coast.

An explosion of fire damp occurred in the coal mine at Bouchamp in the department of Haute Saone, killing 15 persons. A large number were injured.

Much satisfaction was manifested at the cabinet meeting on the 2d on the addition of the U. S. treasury and the great influx of gold into this country.

In the assembly at Quebec on the 2d a motion of non-confidence in the government and affirming the necessity of a change in the ministry was lost; 24 to 21.

The creditors of the Mechanics' Bank at a meeting at Hamilton, Canada, resolved to throw the bank into insolvency and have its officers criminally prosecuted.

A family named Cusick indulged in bad habits at Elizabeth, New Jersey, mistaking them for mushrooms. Two children have died and two more are dying. The parents will recover.

A desperate but unsuccessful attempt was made at Toronto, to abduct Hon. George Brown, head of the government, and Robert Jeffrey, a prominent liberal, by a force of four. Jeffrey was compelled to fight off his kidnappers.

Imperial commissioners are in the province of British Columbia examining the different harbors for a practicable railway terminus. It is said that they have concluded the present site of the dockyard at Esquimaux as being a favorable one in case of war.

The total value of imports for the year ending June 30, 1879, was \$2 440, 779, and the total amount of duty collected on imports for the three months ending the same date was \$131,776; the value of free goods imported during that period was \$36,353.

W. F. Cummings, a Moore Flat California banker, was shot and killed while trying to protect a \$7,000 bar of gold which he had in the stage with him from highwaymen. The robbery took place three miles from Nevada City and a reward of \$2,000 is offered for the arrest of the murderers.

A terrible storm raged in Louisiana on the 2d. Buildings at Morgan City were blown from their foundations, two steamboats wrecked and the streets flooded. Forty-five coal boats were red above New Orleans, valued at \$200,000, sunk. Nearly all the plantations between Morgan City and New Iberia were ruined. At Franklin and Bayou Sara great damage was done.

Bryson, president of the Northumberland Miners' Association, has urged unemployed laborers to give up the struggle at once and forever in old England and to emigrate. Three hundred men on the Bradford iron and machine works are on their way to Philadelphia, where employment is promised them. A cutlery firm in Sheffield, with all its capital and whole staff of workmen, is moving bodily to this country.

The Austrian constitutional party fear the safety of the constitution.

A MISSOURI SCHOOL.—A St. Louis drummer makes affidavit that the following is a literal copy of rules posted in a schoolhouse in the interior of the State: "Each pupil is required to make a bow on entering the School-House of morning also leaving of Evening the school-Room. there shall be no profane language used in School nor on the play ground nor there shall be no pin-Stickin, pinchin, scratchin, nor taggin, nor no fitin, nor no unesery whisperin in school. No Pupil shall leave the School house without the permission of the Teacher. No unesay moving from seat to seat. No fitin on the road from or to school, nor no nick-naming. Every pupil over eight yer s is subject to those rules and the teacher is to make the allowance for all pupils under eight years and enforce the rules according, if any scholar brakes these rules ths shall be punished by switch. cn."—St. Louis Time-Journal.

REMARKABLE ACCIDENT TO A HORSE.—Yesterday afternoon a heavy fall and a great racket was heard in the livery stables of G. W. Zeecher. Mr. Zeecher and some of his men ran to ascertain what was the matter, and were not a little astonished to find one of the horses belonging to the Adams Express Company lying down with one of its hind feet wedged in its mouth. It required the united strength of several men, using levers, to pry the horses mouth open wide enough to get the foot out, and before they succeeded in doing it two of the horses teeth were knocked out. The poor brute would have strangled to death had he not been promptly relieved; and it was nearly half an hour before he could rise to his feet. It is supposed that the horse threw his foot forward in striking at the flies, and at the same time threw his head backward biting at them, thus "putting his foot in it." The entire hoof was in the horses mouth, the teeth being sunk into the flesh above the hoof almost, if not altogether, to the bone.—Ex.

Few men die of old age. Almost all die of disappointment, passion, mental or bodily toil, or accident. The common expression, "choked with passion," has little exaggeration in it, for even though not suddenly fatal, strong passions shorten life. Strong-bodied men often die young; weak men often live longer than the strong, for the strong use their strength, and the weak have none to use. The latter take care of themselves, the former do not. As it is with the body, so it is with the mind and temper. The strong are apt to break, or like the candle to run; the weak to run out. The inferior animals that live temperate lives have generally their prescribed number of years. The horse lives twenty-five; the ox, fifteen or twenty; the dog ten or twelve; the rabbit eight; the guinea-pig, six or seven years. These numbers all bear a similar proportion to the time the animal takes to grow to its full size. But man, of all the animals, is one that seldom lives this average. He ought to live one hundred years, according to physical law, for five times twenty is one hundred; but instead of that, he scarcely reaches on an average four times, his growing period; the cat six times, and the rabbit eight times the standard of measurement. The reason is obvious, man is not only the most irregular and intemperate, but the most laborious and hard-worked of all animals. He is also the most irritable, and there is reason to believe, though we cannot tell what an animal secretly feels, that more than any other animal, man cherishes wrath to keep it warm, and consumes himself with the fire of his own secret reflections.

In the United States fully two-thirds of the people are dependent on the soil for support, and of the 9,000,000 who are engaged in productive industries, over 6,000,000 are farmers.

## An Unfortunate Man.

Joe Brown lives not far from Sedalia. Joe is a married man and keeps house. He has a wife and three children. There is also a dog, and cat and, we suppose, plenty of rats. Joe is very pious. Last Tuesday morning, as usual, Joe called the family to prayers.

But they didn't have prayers Tuesday morning. No, indeed! Joe cant pray worth a cent now. After summoning the family around him, and looking at the clock that was ticking so lustily on the mantel, Joe found out that he must push things this morning, for time won't even wait on religion.

After getting the family seated around him, Joe gave out a hymn. After this he read two verses of the gospel according to St. John.

Joe's eldest boy in the meantime had concluded to have a little fun. The dog wanted a drink, and he gave him scalding water.

Just as Joe was in the midst of a fervent prayer the dog set up a howl. His wife kicked at the brute and overturned the pan of water. Joe had his boots off, and when the water came in contact with his feet he yelled out:

"Godde mity! O Lord! He gave a jump and landed square on the cat's back. This slightly increased the music, and not being used to serving as a pack mule, pussy took exception to the liberty, and by using her teeth and claws soon made her presence felt. As the needle-like fangs came in contact with his scalded foot Joe yelled:

"Gosh! S mebody take 'em off, quick!"

The old lady rushed to the rescue of Jack, but the water had become slippery, and in haste she fell flat on the floor and Joe square on the ankles, which sent him to grass, and his head came in contact with the bed-post, while his feet knocked two teeth down the old lady's throat.

The old lady didn't know but that Joe had struck her on purpose, so she just got up, and after getting the teeth out of her mouth, started to her father's. Joe got up, too, and after giving one unearthly yell, started after her. In the haste he made, and blinded by blood, he stumbled over a chair and landed flat on top of the dog and knocked one of the boys down.

Hearing the racket, the neighbors rushed in. Joe was taken to the police court, but after hearing all the facts in the case, his honor concluded that Joe wasn't drunk and had him conveyed home on a stretcher. A Bazon man went out to view the damage. Joe was lying in bed awaiting repairs; his wife is at her father's; one of the boys was in bed with a very sore body; the dog has gone on a tramp, and the cat has changed her boarding-house. Things were lying scattered around everywhere. The Bazon man saw the mischief-maker outside the door and went to interview him. The only thing he had to say was: "I swar! who'd a huck such a small amount of water would have caused such a row?"

He will start for Leadville before Joe gets a chance to be around.

LAST year there were over 6,000,000 acres of Government land entered under the homestead law. The special land grants, sales, and homesteads aggregated 14,000,000. And the United States has still more than 200,000,000 acres of valuable land left and unimproved.

BISHOP "GIL" HAVEN, the Grant "Boomer," says that he is surprised at the number of virtuous Chinawomen he has found on this Coast. Did he consider himself irresistible? Perhaps at some future time he will inform the shocked and startled people as to how many he found that would not answer to that description.—Inland Empire.

## Military Notes.

Company C, Twenty-First Infantry, now at Camp Winfield Scott, Kitit Valley, W. T., will be ordered to duty at that post, and take the place of the company at Fort Lapwai, Idaho, which is now at Vancouver barracks, all public property pertaining to Co. C, at that point.

Mal. Edwin C. Mason, Twenty First Infantry, Acting Assistant Inspector General of the Department, will proceed to Forts Casby, W. T., Stevens, Oregon, and Townsend, W. T., for the purpose of inspecting the posts.

Captain J. G. Trimble, 1st Cavalry, has been retired from active service on account of disability.

The band of the 21-st Infantry serenaded General Morrow, the new colonel of the regiment, on the night of his arrival.

Love and affection are to a woman what dew and sunshine are to a flower. They make her strong-hearted and keen-sighted in everything effecting the welfare of her husband, when the cares of life press heavily upon him, and to be a very providence to her children. To know that her husband loves her and is proud of her, and believes in her; that even her faults are looked upon with tenderness; that her face, to one, at least, is the fairest face in all the world; that the heart, which to her is the greatest and noblest, holds her sacred in its inmost recesses above all women, gives her a strength and courage, and sweetness, and vivacity, which all the wealth of the world could not bestow. Let the woman's life be pervaded with such an influence, and her heart and mind will never grow old, but will blossom, and sweeten, and brighten in perpetual youth.

If any druggist will prove by analysis that any patent medicine on his shelves is a better remedy than Pfander's Oregon Blood Purifier, his fortune is made, if he will send the formula to us.

Never try to get a heavy day's work out of a team. Moderate and steady going is what counts in a long race, and the farmers race is a long one. It takes but a few hours, or even a few moments, to so tax a horse that he is out of fix for months.

The stems of all fruit trees cannot be too frequently washed, as by this means old dead bark, which affords a hiding place to many noxious insects, will be removed as well as moss and fungi, which absorb the juices and consequently hasten the decay of the tree.

Illinois has 80,000 head of cattle, properly cared for, and 100,000 head of hogs, requires the labor of 100,000 men and 6,000 horses, while the demand for their subsistence requires over 3,000,000 acres of land. Their total money value is placed at \$124,800,000.

To remove worms and tone the digestive organs of a horse, a farmer remedies powder poplar bark, two ounces; salt, three ounces, mixed well. Divide this mass into three parts, and mix one with the food every night.

The Jersey red pigs grow rapidly to an enormous size, but the flesh is nearly all fat. Where this is not an objection, this perhaps the best breed for one who desires to produce heavy pigs at an early age. See the American Agriculturist.

Retained in the hands of each owner and the name of the owner continues in England.

Mr. L. Nathan, 1st of 24 Portners in the firm of the empor London publishes is dead.

Charles D. Young was on the 1st admitted to bail by Chief Justice Wallace in the sum \$25,000.