

THE PLAINDEALER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
THE PLAINDEALER PUBLISHING COMPANY

W. F. BENJAMIN, Editor
C. Y. BENJAMIN, Manager.

Subscription Rates:

One Year payable in Advance	\$2.00
Months, " "	100
Months, " "	50

AUGUST 22, 1895.

The Chain Complete.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 17.—The trial of the Durrant case was resumed this morning. Out of 125 venire men summoned only twenty-two appeared, and out of this number no new jurors were obtained.

Although he occupied a seat on the bench, Judge Murphy is still sick with a gripe.

After the noon recess the case will be adjourned until Monday.

A local paper says:

"The last link in the chain of evidence against Theodore Durrant has been discovered. A woman who lives across the street from Emmanuel Church has reported to the police that she saw Durrant and Blanche Lamont enter the church at ten minutes past 4 on April 3d—the day of Miss Lamont's disappearance. The woman's name is Mrs. Leake, and she lives at 124 Bartlett street. She is 70 years old, and has been a member of the church several years. She knew both Durrant and Miss Lamont intimately, and therefore cannot be mistaken with regard to the identity of either. She says she has remained silent since the discovery of the bodies of the two girls because she did not wish to undergo the annoyance of being a witness, and did not consent to divulge her information to the police until she became convinced that it was a duty she owed to the state."

"April 3d Mrs. Leake sat at the window of her residence nearly all the afternoon looking for her daughter, whom she expected from San Mateo. At 4 o'clock she saw a couple up the street, one of whom she recognized as Durrant, but at first she was puzzled over the identity of the girl. She first thought the young lady was Lucile Turner, but as the couple came nearer Mrs. Leake recognized the girl as Blanche Lamont. Miss Lamont wore a school girl's dress and carried a package of school books. The dress and the school books were afterward found secreted in the church. When the couple reached the church gate they stopped for a moment, Durrant opened the gate and they passed through. Mrs. Leake from her point of observation was watching them and when the girl stepped through the gate she said to herself: 'What an imprudent thing for her to do!'

"Mrs. Leake knew nothing detrimental to Durrant. She had always considered him an exemplary young man, but notwithstanding that fact, she thought it exceedingly imprudent for the girl to go into the church with him alone. She feared some one might have seen them and make unpleasant remarks. She imagined they had sinned in the church, and expected in a few minutes they would come out. She watched carefully, but the gate did not open. There is only one entrance to Emmanuel Church during the week, and that is by the side gate and rear door. Mrs. Leake knew the young people would have to pass through the gate, and she wanted to see them on the street again before she left the window. She waited a long time, but household duties finally called her to another part of the flat, and she was obliged to give up the vigil."

The police are very indignant that her story has been published before Mrs. Leake was called as a witness.

When Durrant read this new evidence in the paper this morning in court he turned ghastly pale and seemed greatly depressed at additional testimony of such importance against him.

Mrs. Leake's testimony completes the chain of evidence against Durrant. Three school girls saw Durrant and Blanche riding on a Powell street car at 3:30 on the day that Miss Lamont disappeared. Attorney Quinlan saw the couple a few blocks from the church a few minutes before 4 o'clock. Now comes Mrs. Leake, who says she saw Durrant and Miss Lamont enter the church a few minutes later.

George King, the organist, has already testified that he entered the church about 5 o'clock and saw Durrant coming down from the attic. Durrant's hair was disheveled, his face was red, he was panting for breath and was in a state of utter physical and nervous collapse. In answer to inquiries he explained that he had been engaged in repairing electric wires in the organ loft and had been overcome by gas. An expert electrician afterward examined the wires and testified that no repairs of the nature Durrant claimed to have made had been made within six months.

Injury.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Advices from Barbados, under date of July 29, state that breaches of international law, like filibustering expeditions, seem to be on the increase in the Caribbean sea. The latest as well as the one most likely to attract considerable attention is the firing upon a British schooner in British waters by a Venezuelan gunboat. The schooner Ellen, which is owned and sailed by Captain Truxillo, passed under the muzzle of a Venezuelan gunboat, and though the captain sent the English flag to his mizzenmast head the Venezuelans simply ignored it and continued their firing, injuring the sails of the British vessel in several places, and declined to cease firing until the British vessel had been hove to and allowed the Venezuelan cruiser to come alongside.

Captain Truxillo reported as above to the harbormaster of Port au Spain. He was asked to make a sworn declaration of the facts as stated, which he immediately did. The captain explains that he was on a voyage out from Trinidad to the Venezuelan port of Mauritia, and when within two miles of Trinidad a Venezuelan coastguard cruiser fired a shot at his vessel. The British ensign was sent up on the mizzenmast head, but no notice was taken of it. He kept the vessel on its course, believing it would

be all right, when the Venezuelan sent a shot through the schooner's sails. The passengers and crew threw themselves upon the deck to escape the shot which was raking the vessel. He was compelled to heave to and the Venezuelan came alongside. Captain Truxillo, passengers and crew were forced to enter a small boat, and were kept there for nearly four hours, when they were released. In the meantime the Venezuelan had searched the ship, but finding nothing to take in her, she was allowed to continue the voyage.

The Trinidad government has reported the matter to the colonial office at London, and the outcome is anxiously awaited.

Although he occupied a seat on the bench, Judge Murphy is still sick with a gripe.

After the noon recess the case will be adjourned until Monday.

A local paper says:

"The last link in the chain of evidence against Theodore Durrant has been discovered. A woman who lives across the street from Emmanuel Church has reported to the police that she saw Durrant and Blanche Lamont enter the church at ten minutes past 4 on April 3d—the day of Miss Lamont's disappearance. The woman's name is Mrs. Leake, and she lives at 124 Bartlett street. She is 70 years old, and has been a member of the church several years. She knew both Durrant and Miss Lamont intimately, and therefore cannot be mistaken with regard to the identity of either. She says she has remained silent since the discovery of the bodies of the two girls because she did not wish to undergo the annoyance of being a witness, and did not consent to divulge her information to the police until she became convinced that it was a duty she owed to the state."

"April 3d Mrs. Leake sat at the window of her residence nearly all the afternoon looking for her daughter, whom she expected from San Mateo. At 4 o'clock she saw a couple up the street, one of whom she recognized as Durrant, but at first she was puzzled over the identity of the girl. She first thought the young lady was Lucile Turner, but as the couple came nearer Mrs. Leake recognized the girl as Blanche Lamont. Miss Lamont wore a school girl's dress and carried a package of school books. The dress and the school books were afterward found secreted in the church. When the couple reached the church gate they stopped for a moment, Durrant opened the gate and they passed through. Mrs. Leake from her point of observation was watching them and when the girl stepped through the gate she said to herself: 'What an imprudent thing for her to do!'

"Mrs. Leake knew nothing detrimental to Durrant. She had always considered him an exemplary young man, but notwithstanding that fact, she thought it exceedingly imprudent for the girl to go into the church with him alone. She feared some one might have seen them and make unpleasant remarks. She imagined they had sinned in the church, and expected in a few minutes they would come out. She watched carefully, but the gate did not open. There is only one entrance to Emmanuel Church during the week, and that is by the side gate and rear door. Mrs. Leake knew the young people would have to pass through the gate, and she wanted to see them on the street again before she left the window. She waited a long time, but household duties finally called her to another part of the flat, and she was obliged to give up the vigil."

The police are very indignant that her story has been published before Mrs. Leake was called as a witness.

When Durrant read this new evidence in the paper this morning in court he turned ghastly pale and seemed greatly depressed at additional testimony of such importance against him.

Mrs. Leake's testimony completes the chain of evidence against Durrant. Three school girls saw Durrant and Blanche riding on a Powell street car at 3:30 on the day that Miss Lamont disappeared. Attorney Quinlan saw the couple a few blocks from the church a few minutes before 4 o'clock. Now comes Mrs. Leake, who says she saw Durrant and Miss Lamont enter the church a few minutes later.

George King, the organist, has already testified that he entered the church about 5 o'clock and saw Durrant coming down from the attic. Durrant's hair was disheveled, his face was red, he was panting for breath and was in a state of utter physical and nervous collapse. In answer to inquiries he explained that he had been engaged in repairing electric wires in the organ loft and had been overcome by gas. An expert electrician afterward examined the wires and testified that no repairs of the nature Durrant claimed to have made had been made within six months.

Injury.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Advices from Barbados, under date of July 29, state that breaches of international law, like filibustering expeditions, seem to be on the increase in the Caribbean sea. The latest as well as the one most likely to attract considerable attention is the firing upon a British schooner in British waters by a Venezuelan gunboat. The schooner Ellen, which is owned and sailed by Captain Truxillo, passed under the muzzle of a Venezuelan gunboat, and though the captain sent the English flag to his mizzenmast head the Venezuelans simply ignored it and continued their firing, injuring the sails of the British vessel in several places, and declined to cease firing until the British vessel had been hove to and allowed the Venezuelan cruiser to come alongside.

Captain Truxillo reported as above to the harbormaster of Port au Spain. He was asked to make a sworn declaration of the facts as stated, which he immediately did. The captain explains that he was on a voyage out from Trinidad to the Venezuelan port of Mauritia, and when within two miles of Trinidad a Venezuelan coastguard cruiser fired a shot at his vessel. The British ensign was sent up on the mizzenmast head, but no notice was taken of it. He kept the vessel on its course, believing it would

be all right, when the Venezuelan sent a shot through the schooner's sails. The passengers and crew threw themselves upon the deck to escape the shot which was raking the vessel. He was compelled to heave to and the Venezuelan came alongside. Captain Truxillo, passengers and crew were forced to enter a small boat, and were kept there for nearly four hours, when they were released. In the meantime the Venezuelan had searched the ship, but finding nothing to take in her, she was allowed to continue the voyage.

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50

One Year payable in Advance \$2.00

Months, " " 100

Months, " " 50