

The Last Session of the Forty-First Congress

The 41st Congress met, in its last session, on the 5th inst., and will continue in session until March 4th, 1871. Its time will be short, but it may, and undoubtedly will, accomplish much good for the country before its close.

This is the prevailing sentiment among the great masses of the Republican party, and a Republican Congress may act upon it with the fullest assurance of being sustained by the people. The bitterest feelings engendered by the rebellion have worn off, and the prospects for a reunion of the enduring basis of common interests, and a common national character were never more flattering. We trust in the wisdom of the present Congress to decide whether the time has come when a more lenient rule may not be adopted without endangering the general welfare.

Its credit should never descend to the organization known as the Democratic party of to-day, which merits nothing besides credit for the disasters it has helped to bring upon the country during the past ten years.

Not very Complimentary.

Our Roseburg cotemporary, the Plaindealer, in alluding to our comments on Fay's speech at this place, on the 14th ult., says: "it will take better authority than the SENTINEL, Fay's bitterest enemy," to convince it that Fay ever charged Jack Burnett and Joe Wells with being too fond of "chicken-pie" to properly represent the interest of their constituents in the last legislative session.

If the Plaindealer is at all desirous of being enlightened on the subject, and will indicate which kind of "authority" it would prefer, we think we can furnish it without charge and without great delay. It is unfortunate, Mr. Plaindealer, that these things should be so—but where the proofs are so abundant, as in this case, we hardly think any further investigation would help the matter a bit.

If our cotemporary desires it, however, we will furnish him proof in quality and quantity, to suit even the most fastidious.

Although politically opposed to James D. Fay, we hold ourselves above either slandering or misrepresenting him, or anybody else; and besides the truth, in this case, is stronger in condemnation of the party to which the Plaindealer belongs, than any fiction we could invent.

B. GRAY BROWN, a Republican with a platform in favor of re-enfranchising that portion of the population who would be voters but for disabilities incurred by reason of participating in the rebellion, was elected Governor of Missouri by 30,000 majority. And what is more, few Republicans are grieved thereat. They have no wish to continue political disabilities to one moment beyond the time when they are no longer necessary for the public welfare.

The Eugene City Guard has something to say in its last issue, of the 2d inst., about "a cut of a jackass," which it says, recently appeared over a business card in the SENTINEL. We are not much of an artist, we belong to another profession, that of the "quill." We won't stand a controversy on "pictures," even with the courteous editor of the Guard. But following the bent of our profession, it struck us on perusing the article in question, that it came about as near being a "cut" from "a jackass" as we ever came across.

The Oregonian says: "The economy per day, during the last fiscal year, in the current expenses of the Government, as compared with those of the year before, is reported at \$222,440. Meanwhile the taxes have been reduced and the debt has been steadily diminished. In the face of this cavaliers are welcome to pronounce the Administration a failure just as vehemently as they please. The people, says the New York Tribune, want to keep up that sort of failure."

The Yreka Journal says: "The railroad is now about completed to Tehama, and it work progresses during the winter in building the road, it will not take over two days for a trip from Yreka to San Francisco next summer."

Newspaper Correspondence.

R. F. DOWELL has made arrangements with the Oregonian, to correspond occasionally with that paper, during the present session of Congress. He will also correspond with the SENTINEL.

Having been a sojourner in the Capital, for several winters past, and being acquainted with many of the most prominent men in the nation, his opportunities for obtaining such information as will be of general interest to the people of this State, are excellent, and we doubt not he will do full justice to his readers.

Schultz "at home."

The "Web-foot papers," are making exceedingly merry over the return of the prodigal Schultz to the scenes of his former operations. They do not, however, forget to mingle with their congratulations, on receiving him back again, a little seasonable advice about his future entertainment at the expense of the public. Hear the Salem Statesman:

"We congratulate our friends in Portland on getting him back in good condition, but they had better make a permanent investment of him in the State Prison as soon as possible."

Schultz, we don't think you showed your usual good judgment, in going back to Portland just at this time, in company with that Deputy Sheriff from California.

It wasn't prudent, to say the least, and the chances are, you'll be web-footed before you get out of that damp atmosphere again.

Correspondence.

ELLENEBURG, OGN., Nov. 22, 1870.

ED. SENTINEL: Seeing that our little burg has not had a space in your columns for a long while, I will give you a few items to keep ourselves green in the memory of your readers.

Many of your readers will regret to learn that the large saw mill begun at the mouth of Rogue River has not been completed, and will probably not be for two or three years.

There has been an unusual amount of Salmon put up here, enough to fill one hundred barrels were caught in one day. While I see that other places boast of catching one thousand salmon at a haul, it does not surprise Rogue River fishermen to catch from three to six thousand at one haul.

On the 18th of this month Hon. G. M. Scudder, one of our best known and most active and useful citizens, died, after a few days of violent sickness. He was a man of fine education, of splendid business talent, of undoubted integrity, and leaves a host of friends to mourn him.

As our county, by his death, is deprived of her County Judge, the Democrats are very busy circulating petitions, praying that his Democratic Excellency may appoint a Democratic Judge over our unfortunate county.

Mr. Walter F. Sutton, formerly employed in your office, resides here at present.

We are, to-day, experiencing a heavy gale from the south-east.

VAL.

The Marysville Appeal says: "What is to be done in San Francisco? is the question now perplexing Democratic politicians. If primaries are permitted the 'boys' will carry them, and respectable Democrats (it seems there are such people) will bolt. If the respectable (i. e. wealthy) Democrats nominate without primaries, the 'boys' will bolt; and if the County Committee nominate it is probable that both 'boys' and 'respectable Democrats' will bolt. Altogether, San Francisco is in a very bad way, looked at from an unconstructed standpoint."

The Farmer says: "It has been determined by the Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad to construct twenty-five miles of the branch road from Portland to Puget Sound by the 4th of July next. The section to be constructed will start from Monticello, W. T., and extend twenty-five miles north, in the direction of Olympia." Also: "It is said that 2,000 German emigrants are now, or will be soon, on the way from the East for Washington Territory. Gov. Salomon is at the head of this movement. He is a live man."

RECOVERING.—Chief Justice Chase is said by his physicians to be recovering, but it is uncertain when he will be able to resume his official duties.

SUBSCRIBE for the OREGON SENTINEL.

An Admirer of Washington in Trouble.

The great Portland celebrity, Shultz, seems to have had a strong admiration of the "Father of his Country," in his early days—so much so, in fact, that he had the effigy of Washington on horseback, tattooed upon his breast, in India ink.

So long as Shultz observed the moral example of that illustrious personage, "all was well." But Shultz fell from grace. He adopted a calling, not favored by the law of the land, and the image of Washington on his breast, became the strongest mark of identity and detection. Doubtless Shultz now laments the indiscretion into which he was led in his youth, by his patriotic admiration for Washington, but it is all too late. "Ye" Web-foot whom he robbed and plundered with such ruthless barbarity, only a few months ago, have got him now, and they'll "feed fat the ancient grudge they bear him."

Late Telegrams

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30th.—A lively fire was kept up all night from the forts around Paris, and this morning sorties were made in various directions. The Prussians were attacked at 11 o'clock, A. M. The battle raged all day. The French were repulsed in all directions. The retreat of the Garibaldians was turned into disorder by flight. The French army of the North is reported to be demoralized. The Prussian loss at Amiens, was twenty-four officers and thirteen hundred privates.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1st.—Herald correspondent at Versailles sends the following singular rumor: Turkey not being disposed to resent note of Russia, Bismark is favorable to England obtaining protectorate over Suez Canal. Russia may do what she pleases with Turkey. This is another blow aimed at France.

LONDON, Dec. 2d.—Private dispatch to Stock Exchange, asserts that General Trochu has succeeded in cutting through the Prussian lines in the north of Paris in such force, that the Germans were driven from all their positions with general rout. A great battle is now going on in west of city.

MUNICH, Dec. 2d.—General Von der Tann has defeated the French on the 1st inst., in successive combats west of Orleans.

LILLE, Dec. 3d.—Evacuation of Amiens by Germans is confirmed. They blew up the bridge between Albert and Acheaux to protect their retreat. It is reported that General Manteuffel is hastening towards Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 3d.—The fighting at Briesach was severe, Germans being exposed to heavy fire from French forts but at 3 P. M., French were compelled to retire, leaving many prisoners. French wounded refuse the offer to be sent back to Paris. Gambetta issued address, saying army of Loire will remain entrenched at present, and that Ducrot has not met the opposition he expected.

LONDON, Dec. 5th.—The French evacuated Orleans on the 4th inst., and Prussians occupied the place at midnight. The Prussians had demanded the evacuation and threatened to bombard it if not evacuated. The French spiked the guns left behind, and destroyed the powder.

VERMILLES, Dec. 5th.—The French were driven from Cherilly and have abandoned Chamigny Sur Marne, and are massing at Certilly.

TOURS, Dec. 5th.—A battle took place at junction of armies of Paris and Loire near Etampes. The French regained position, which was taken from them on Friday by General Von der Tann. General Sonnet was taken prisoner by the Prussians. The German loss during two days' fight was sixteen hundred. Weather in France intensely cold.

RAILROAD SURVEYING.—The Yreka Journal says: The Hood surveying party are now engaged in surveying through town, which they call a switch, and diverge a little west of south from Herzog's central on Oregon slough, crossing Shasta River at Paul's ranch, and continuing around the west side of the hill above Yreka creek, towards Shasta Valley, joining the other survey which runs from Herzog's ranch a little east of south to the vicinity of Julian's and Orr's ranches. The surveyors have made a very thorough survey of the route from the Siskiyou down Cottonwood Creek, leaving the creek, so as to strike Willow Creek and Oregon slough on this side of the river. From what we can learn, by persons who have conversed with the surveyors, the main route will run as laid out on Bdrke's land map, which is to cross Shasta River near the Little Shasta bridge, and continue along the river to Julian's ranch, and that this route through town will be a switch. From Oregon slough to Julian's there is very little difference between the two routes. The hill at the edge of town, seems to stand in the middle of a direct route, as the two surveys progressing diverge both eastward and westward of a direct line from Oregon slough to Julian's. The route via Little Shasta and via Groat's ferry and Hawkinsville, we should judge are given up, and the surveys in this valley and vicinity are to be ended with a preference for the last routes surveyed.

IN Bitter Root Valley, Montana, 450 bushels of Norway Oats were raised last harvest, from seven bushels of seed.

A YOUNG woman in Sacramento, California, is threatening to get a divorce on the novel ground of "protracted festivities." She says her husband celebrated his marriage by getting drunk, and has kept up the festival ever since.

A YOUNG English woman is maturing a plan for covering all London with a network of visits, the object of which is to ascertain and report weekly the condition of every indigent person, and provide relief, as far as it is found possible.

THE Darien Ship Canal Surveying Expedition, under command of Commander Selfridge, will sail December 1st.

BORN.—CHAMBER—On last Sunday morning, to the wife of William Chambers, a daughter.

DIED.—SCUDDER—At Ellensburg, Curry County, Oregon, on the 18th November, 1870, Hon. Geo. M. Scudder, Oregon and San Francisco papers will please copy.

PATTERSON—In Josephine County, Oregon, Nov. 25, 1870, Thomas G. son of Thomas Patterson; aged 9 months and 24 days.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE.—Estate of George M. Ashley, deceased. THE undersigned having been appointed, by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, Administrator of said estate, all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them with the proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice to the said administrator, at his office, in Jacksonville, B. F. DOWELL, Administrator, Jacksonville, November 30, 1870.—10dec4w

NOTICE.—Estate of Sample M. Jurney, deceased. THE undersigned having been appointed, by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, Administrator of said estate, all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them with the proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice to the said administrator, at his office, at Jacksonville. B. F. DOWELL, Administrator, Jacksonville, Nov. 30, 1870.—10dec4w

NOTICE.—Estate of Jackson Rader, deceased. THE undersigned having been appointed, by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, Administrator of said estate, all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them with the proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice to the said administrators, at their residence on Battie Creek. JOSEPH SWINGLE, CLARA RADER, Administrators, Jackson County, Dec. 8, 1870.—10dec4w

AGENTS WANTED.—In all parts of the United States, to sell L. V. DEFOREST & CO'S

Aluminum Gold Jewelry! Agents are making \$200 to \$300 per week selling the Aluminum Jewelry. The best imitation of gold ever introduced. It has the exact color, which it always retains, and stands the test of the strongest acids. No one can tell it from gold only by weight.—The Aluminum Gold being about 1-10 lighter. L. V. DEFOREST & Co. are selling their goods for 1-10 the price gold jewelry is sold for, and on most liberal terms to agents—1-4 each, balance in 30, 60 and 90 days. We send persons wishing to act as agents, a full and complete assortment of goods, consisting of Rings, Bracelets, Lockets, Ladies' and Gent's Chains, Pins, Rings, Silver Buttons, Studs, &c. for \$100—\$25 to be paid when the goods are received, the other \$75 in 30, 60 and 90 days. Parties wishing to order goods and act as agents will address L. V. DEFOREST & CO., 10dec3m 40 & 42 Broadway, N. Y.

\$3 WATCH \$3 WATCH! THE GREAT EUROPEAN BUREAU Aluminum Gold Watch Co HAVING APPOINTED L. V. DEFOREST & CO., Jewelers, 40 & 42 Broadway, New York, Sole Agents for the U. S. And have authorized them to sell their great BUREAU ALUMINUM GOLD WATCHES FOR THREE DOLLARS, and to warrant each and every one to keep correct time for one year. The Watch we guarantee to be the best and cheapest time keeper that is now in use in any part of the globe. The works are in double cases, Ladies' and Gent's size, and are beautifully chased. The cases are made of the metal now so widely known in Europe as Aluminum Gold. It has the exact color of Gold, which it always retains; it will stand the test of the strongest acids; no one can tell it from Gold only by weight, the Aluminum Gold being 1-10 lighter. The works are made by machinery, same as the well known American Watch. The Aluminum is a cheap metal, hence we can afford to sell the Watch for \$3 and make a small profit. We pack the Watch safely in a small box, and send it by mail to any part of the U. S., on receipt of \$3 50; fifty cents for packing and postage. Address all orders to L. V. DEFOREST & CO., 10dec3m 40 & 42 Broadway, N. Y.

Any one having claims against the United States will find it to their advantage to send a statement of their case to J. T. DREW, Counselor at Law, Solicitor before the Court of Claims, &c., 575 H Street, Washington, D. C. 27nov69

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT THE "SENTINEL" OFFICE. Or printed to order.

The Vital Statistics of California

Show that periodical fevers and acute and chronic disorders of the stomach and bowels, are among the most prominent and fatal diseases in this State. Disobedience to the laws of health, as regards diet; the use of pernicious stimulants; and the wear and tear of business excitement, and of "fast life" generally, have much to do with the prevalence of these maladies in our cities; while in the interior, and especially in the gold-yielding districts, they are chiefly due to malaria, unwholesome water, and the exposure and privation incident to life in new settlements and mining camps. Now IT IS A FACT that it is as possible to protect the human system against these maladies, as to assassinate and thieves. Strengthen the vital organization with HOSSETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and it becomes as capable of resisting the active principle of epidemic or endemic disease, as a fire-proof safe is of resisting the action of combustion. This is the experience of thousands who have remained unscathed by malarious disorders in the sickliest seasons, while their neighbors, who neglected to tone and regulate their systems with this unequalled medicinal stimulant have fallen thick and fast around them. Weakness invites disease. Vigor repels it. Help nature to fight the good fight with infection, whether it be in the air, the water, or the soil, with this matchless preparation—a compound of the rarest vegetable extracts with the purest of all diffusive stimulants.

A Family Sewing Machine, or a Silver Watch, given to every club of subscribers to ARNOLD'S MAGAZINE. Persons raising half a club have the choice of a set of Silver Forks, Table or Tea Spoons. Agents wanted, male and female. Large wages paid. Send for full particulars. Address FRANCIS & CO., care of Box 2021, San Francisco, Cal.

CHRISTMAS PARTY! Thursday Eve, Dec. 22, 1870, L. J. White's Hotel, Rock Point. The undersigned will give a Grand Ball, at the above mentioned. Good music, an excellent supper will be provided; and a good time generally may be confidently expected. L. J. WHITE, Rock Point, Dec. 3, 1870.

!! READ THIS !! DRY AS A FISH! LET HIM WHO IS THIRSTY CALL ON L. J. WHITE, at the BELLA UNION, and be relieved. The undersigned has reduced the price of ALL drinks to 12 cents a drink. The Liquors, Wines, &c. are of the same quality as those formerly sold by me at 25 cents a drink. Fresh Lager always kept on hand. Billiards, fifty points for the drinks. HENRY A. BREITBARTH, Jacksonville, Dec. 3, 1870.—11

HOLIDAY PARTY! L. HORNE, informs his friends and patrons that he will give a CHRISTMAS PARTY, On Monday Eve, Dec. 26th, AT THE UNION STATES HOTEL.

The best of Music in the County has been secured, and every effort will be made to insure general enjoyment and comfort. The proprietor thanks the public for their past liberal patronage, and hopes to renew his obligation again. L. HORNE, Jacksonville, Nov. 29, 1870.

NOTICE.—I hereby give notice that my wife, C. L. Lewman, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account. JOHN A. LEWMAN, November 22, 1870.

Notice of Final Settlement.—STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF JACKSON, ss. I, County of Jackson, in the matter of the estate of Daniel N. Womb, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that Kasper Kuhl, administrator of said estate, has filed his account therein. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 19th day of December, 1870, has been set apart for the final settlement of said estate. By order of Hon. T. H. R. Shipley, Judge of said Court. KASPER KUHLE, Administrator, Nov. 19, 1870.

FOR SALE.—THE "UNION HOTEL" AT KERBYVILLE, Josephine County, Oregon, is for sale, on reasonable terms. The building is large and well furnished, and for any one who desires to "keep Hotel," it is an excellent opportunity to purchase. Terms and particulars can be ascertained by applying to the undersigned, the present proprietor. W. K. LIND, Kerbyville, November 5, 1870.—12



B. F. DOWELL, Attorney at Law, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. Will spend this winter in Washington, D. C. AGENT FOR PROCURING BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, ARREARS OF PAY, Prize money, Pay for Horses, Steamboats and other property lost and destroyed while in the service of the United States, on or after 1855, or California Indian Wars, and for Quartermaster's Stores, or Subsistence Supplies taken for the Army; and for the prosecution of Claims of all kinds AGAINST THE UNITED STATES. Ordinance and Quartermaster's Accounts adjusted, and Certificates of Non-Indebtedness procured for discharged officers.

BOUNTIES.—All soldiers who served two years or more during the rebellion, or were discharged by reason of wounds, before the expiration of two years, and the widows and heirs of those who served, are now entitled to \$150, or more, according to the time and length of their enlistment or service. By an Act passed July 26, 1866, all soldiers who served two years or more on one enlistment, or were discharged by reason of wounds before the expiration of two years, are entitled to additional Bounty of \$50 or \$100 each, according to the terms of enlistment, and the same increased Bounty is allowed widows, children or parents of soldiers who died in the service, or of wounds received or disease contracted in service. Under this Act, all soldiers, or widows, children or parents of deceased soldiers, who received any Bounty prior to July 26, 1866, are entitled to \$50 or \$100 increased Bounty.

PENSIONS.—Widows.—The widows, children, or if no widows or children, the dependent fathers or mothers, or brothers or sisters under sixteen years of age, of officers, soldiers, seamen or marines, of the late war, who have been killed, or have died of wounds received or disease contracted in the line of duty, are entitled to Pensions. Widows are entitled to additional Pensions of \$2 each per month for each child of the deceased soldier under sixteen years of age. All widows pensioned prior to August 1, 1866, and having children as above, are entitled to increased Pensions. INVALID.—All officers, soldiers, seamen or marines, who have been in service during the late war, or previous thereto, who are disabled in any degree from manual labor, by reason of wounds received or disease contracted in the service, and in the line of duty, are entitled to Invalid Pensions. By an Act passed June 8, 1866, Pensions are increased to \$10, \$20 or \$25 per month, according to the extent of the disability, where the pensioners have lost one or both hands or feet, or both eyes, or are otherwise so disabled as to be incapacitated from performing manual labor.

OFFICERS EXTRA PAY.—All Commissioned Officers of the Army who were in service March 3, 1865, and were mustered out at their own request, or otherwise honorably discharged after April 9th, 1865, are entitled to three months' Extra Pay.

CLAIMS FOR HORSES AND OTHER PROPERTY.—Claims of officers or soldiers for lost horses, are paid where the horses were lost by being captured by the enemy, or killed in battle, or died of wounds received in battle; or being wounded and abandoned by order of superior officer and lost; or by death or abandonment because of the unavoidable danger of the sea when on board of a U. S. transport vessel; or by reason of the U. S. having failed to supply transportation for the horses, and the owners were compelled, by order from their commanding officers, to embark and leave them; or in consequence of the United States having failed to supply sufficient forage; or because the riders were demounted and separated from their horses, and ordered to do duty on foot at stations detached from their horses; or when the officers in immediate command ordered the horses turned out to graze in the woods, prairies or commons, because the U. S. failed to supply sufficient forage, and the losses were in consequence thereof. Also for all necessary equipment lost in consequence of the losses as above. All persons other than officers and soldiers, who have lost or sustained damages to horses, equipments, boats, wagons, harness, &c. while in the service of the United States, either by impressment or contract; also all loyal citizens of the States of parts of States not in rebellion who have furnished horses, mules, lumber, wood, wagons, Beef, Pork, Corn, Fodder, or any other kind of Quartermaster's stores or Subsistence supplies for the use of the Army, can obtain compensation for the same.

CERTIFICATES OF NON-INDEBTEDNESS.—A discharged commissioned officer, or other person of pay due him at his discharge, without a certificate that he is not indebted to the United States, in such certificate, will not be treated as such certificate, for Ordinance and Quartermaster's stores and all property which he may have been accountable, are settled in the proper office and certificate of such settlement on his non-accountability procured. I also prosecute Claims for Arrears of Pay and Pensions, Prize Money, Compensation of Rations with widows of war, Invalidity for Lost Clothing, Losses of all Suspended Pensions, Duplicate Land Warrants, Land Patents and Treasury Certificates, and all other classes of Government Claims.

All Pensions and Bounties added other claims are paid by drafts or certificates, payable to the order of the claimant. No sale or transfer of a claim will be recognized, or money paid upon it, except on authority given by the claimant after the draft or certificate is issued, and in his possession. I will be pleased to correspond with those who are engaged, or desire to engage in obtaining such claims and also other claims against the United States. I will send them all necessary forms and instructions and keep them advised of all laws and decisions relating to claims, and my fees on such claims will be but one-half the fees charged claimants. I refer to Members of Congress, Officers of the Government, and others who have resided in Oregon or Washington during the last twenty years. B. F. DOWELL, Jacksonville, Oregon, Nov. 12, 1870.