

Washington Independent.

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THE INDEPENDENT.

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n37:ly
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Attorney-at-Law,
Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late firm of A. C. Archibald & Co. are hereby notified that all accounts and notes due to the late firm of A. C. Archibald & Co. has been turned over to W. D. Hare, and that the undersigned has placed the same in the hands of T. H. Tongue, Esq. for settlement.
WILLIAM D. HARE,
n36:43

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Executors Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been appointed by the Hon. County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County, administrator of the estate of David T. Lenox deceased late of Unadilla county, Oregon. All persons having claims said estate are hereby notified to present them with proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice to the undersigned at the office of Thomas H. Humphreys, Hillsboro Washington county, Oregon, or at my residence six miles north-east of Hillsboro.
DAVID LENOX,
Nov. 14th 1874.

Executors Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed his final account as Executor of the last will and testament of H. B. Bones, Dec'd in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County, and that THURSDAY after the first Monday in January, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock a. m. has been set for the final hearing of said matter.
S. A. HOLCOMB,
n37:41

Notice of Administrator.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County Administrator of the estate of G. M. Raymond deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned at the office of Thos. H. Tongue in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, with the proper vouchers within six months from the date hereof.
THOMAS W. SAINE,
Hillsboro, Dec. 3d, 1874. n37:44

Notice of Final Settlement.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County my final settlement account as Administrator of the estate of F. G. Naylor, deceased. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that Thursday, the 7th day of January, a. m. 1875, unless appointed by said court for the final settlement of said estate.
JOHN E. GLEASON,
Administrator.
n37:44

Notice of Final Settlement.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County, his final account as Administrator of the estate of George W. Davis deceased. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that Thursday January 7th, 1875, has been appointed by said Court, for the final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH DAVIS,
Administrator.
n37:44

Hurrah Hurrah!
Mr. Farmer, Granger, and all the rest of the living
REJOICE REJOICE
Over the good news which in fact every body is anxious to hear. Why of course, come right to Hillsboro, and look for the new store, Kellogg's place and see the cheap goods that are sold there. It is enough to make any body smile. The Goods were carefully selected and of great variety.
Cash paid for Hides, Wool, Furs and all kinds of produce
KAHN & FRIEDENRICH
n11-n12

THOS. D. HUMPHREYS,
NOTARY PUBLIC and CONVEYANCER
LEGAL papers drawn and collections made. Business entrusted to his care attended to promptly.
OFFICE - New Court House. n37:43
Montezuma Lodge No. 50, I. O. G. T. Meets every Wednesday evening, at Masonic Hall, in Hillsboro.
Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.
By order N. G.
35-4f.

John Cooper,
DENTIST AND JEWELER
SOLICITS THE PATRONAGE OF THE
FOREST GROVE LODGE, No. 136,
I. O. G. T.,
MEETS AT ITS HALL EVERY SATURDAY evening, at 6 o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

Carpenter & Cabinet Shop.
Smith, Kane & Co.
Particular attention given to house-building and framing.
FOREST GROVE - OREGON.

Correspondence

HOME MANUFACTURE.

Ed. INDEPENDENT:
There is a class of people in this world that is either too ignorant or selfish to admit for a moment that any good can come from one outside of their particular sect or order, or class. It is therefore with misgivings that I venture on what might be termed forbidden ground lest some few might reject what I have to say as the voice of an Egyptian.

The farmers of our county amid the heat and excitement of organizing their forces have, in my judgment, made many blunders, blunders that may yet be rectified. That they will be rectified we have no doubt, for we have yet to be convinced that our farmers as a mass desire anything but that which is right and proper and for the well fare of all who labor and toil by the sweat of the brow for a living. The first mistake they have made is in the shipment of certain classes of agricultural tools and implements from the East, such as plows, harrows and we might say wagons. We do not wish to be understood as saying that the farmers have done all the shipping of those articles, for their shipment in this State will not exceed \$40,000 this year; yet every penny taken from the mechanic is impoverishing the farmers themselves.

Speaking from our own observation we see one of our industries stricken down; we see men that have labored earnestly at the bench quietly selling their little all and purchasing tracts of land, not that there is a money inducement in farming but because they find that their legitimate support is withdrawn from them and the trade that should have been theirs is expended in the East-States and they are forced to turn from the support obtained from the farmers by an exchange of commerce, to the raising of their own subsistence; so those who should devote their time to the shop expend a part of it in gardening while those who farm should supply these wants. The best of mechanics are idly tramping up and down our county seeking for that which they have no hopes of obtaining, that is employment at their trade.

Another fact. We ask our farmers to point us to any apprentices in our county who are learning to be mechanics and who are to fill the places of the mechanics of to-day. What are boys of the farm going to do? Are they to be trained up for the law? Granges are opposed to going to law, and if they were not we are fearful that many of the boys would starve to death for the want of brains to make a living in an overstocked market. They cannot all become officers for the supply is already greater than the demand. Experience and history both have taught us that the farm will not retain more than one boy out of three, to say nothing of the millions toiling and starving in the older cities of the world.

When we come to look at our own State and county; when we see the vast fields of ore, coal and timber lying idle, which, if worked, would employ constantly 250,000 hands in bringing it into usefulness; when we come to take into consideration the number of skilled workmen that would find employment in manufacturing and then compute the amount of breadstuffs that these thousands would consume we have an item that is well worth looking after.

We are told by Patrons that it is not the policy of the order to enter into manufacturing. True and well said. But so long as a system of shipping from the Eastern States of those articles which can be made at home at the same price or a very slight advance is kept up, just so long will our mechanical industries be paralyzed, and just that much longer will our metal lie hidden in the earth, and our timber lie rotting on the ground or be ruthlessly

LETTER FROM CORNELIUS.

Ed. INDEPENDENT: - As this is an idle hour and I am some what at a loss for some way to amuse myself, my thought have wandered to an article in your last issue inviting all to send the news. I have never written for any public journal before. This will be my first attempt since your paper has become the "Washington Independent" and as you expect to work for the interests of this county I feel perfectly at ease in addressing you.

In regard to local news, this little city affords but little at present, but I expect at some future day not very far distant Cornelius will rank with the first in the county. It is indeed very true that we have a great deal to contend with, much more than the adjoining towns. The great trouble seems to be derived from the fact that this is a railroad town. But I think the people of the surrounding country have taken the wrong point of view, for I am certain it has proved a greater benefit to all than any thing else in this line that has yet been started. It has raised the price of land, stock etc., furnished a cheaper and swifter way of travel for the people, and made many a heretofore poor farmer and tradesman feel rich. It has added to the population and prosperity of our neighboring towns. Forest Grove now has twice the number of inhabitants, dwellings and business houses than it had in the year 1872. Centerville is considerably better off than it was at that date, and Hillsboro has improved to an alarming extent. Still the people appear to feel inclined to smash up and ruin a place that has benefitted them so much. I think it would be better for all if we could but work in unity.

We have a school now in session under the instruction of J. E. Bailey we are proud of. The scholars that attended our public school this fall numbered 80. We have also flourishing lodges of Grangers, I. O. O. F. and I. O. G. T. The latter I think is doing a good and glorious work. It has a membership of about 50, and all take deep interest in the noble cause. Singing class meets every week. We have an interesting Sabbath school. Rev. J. W. Miller preaches once a month. We would be much pleased if we could have an opportunity to hear this eloquent minister preach oftener. Although we are few in number I think a good deal of good can be accomplished if we work with a will. A committee has been appointed to make arrangements for a Christmas tree and we anticipate pleasant times this winter.

Fearing I will tire you with a long letter I will close with best wishes for all.
ALFARETTA.
THE WAR OF RACES.
Vicksburg Attacked by Negroes - Twenty of the Assaults Killed and Wounded.

NEW ORLEANS, December 7. - Vicksburg reports last night that negroes were on the way to that city to take the Court House was confirmed this morning at 9 o'clock. The alarm bells rung to warn the citizens, and business was suspended. The whites are under arms, marching out the various roads to meet the enemy. The Court House is in possession of the whites. The negro Sheriff is a prisoner. A telegram from Vicksburg received by General Emery to-day says fighting began at 9 o'clock this morning. The militia cannot maintain order. The mob has possession of the Sheriff and Court House.
A Vicksburg special says 700 negroes attacked the city this morning on three roads, and were driven back by citizens with a loss of 20 killed and wounded and 40 prisoners. The attack was made for the purpose of reinstating Crosby, the colored Sheriff, who was requested to resign because he had not given bonds. The negroes in the country are reported to be burning dwellings and gin houses. Oliver Brown, a white man of Snyder's Bluff, is killed.

The origin of the trouble was a dispute which had been going on lately between the Taxpayers' Association and the citizens and county officials. The Sheriff was acting without giving bonds. The Supervisors refused to order a new election. Several officials being under indictment and citizens despairing of relief, last Wednesday they proceeded to the Court House to demand the resignation of a number of county officials, who all fled the parish except Sheriff Crosby, a negro, who resigned on Saturday. A card, signed by Crosby, called on the Republicans of Warren county to support him. He denied its authorship. This morning the negroes advanced on the town by six roads, with the results already stated. They numbered about 750. Several negroes stated to reporters to-day that they were ordered by Sheriff Crosby to come to the city.
Negroes are raiding in the country. Resolutions were adopted at a meeting of citizens this evening recommending citizens to refrain from violence against Crosby, and merely to attempt remove him from office legally.

The Trouble Attributed to the Democracy.
Chicago, December 8. - A Tribune New Orleans special gives the following statement of the troubles in Vicksburg. The riot grew out of an attempt on the part of the Democratic party to get rid of Republican county officers elected by undoubted majorities, by holding a public meeting and sending a demand for their resignation, with threats of violence. Such a meeting was held in Vicksburg several days since, and such county officials as could be found tendered their resignations, among them Sheriff Crosby, colored. The county offices have since remained vacant, and the Court cannot be held for want of a Sheriff. On December 4th Governor Ames issued a proclamation of information received by him, that certain riotous and disorderly persons had combined together and by force and arms and threats and intimidation had expelled from office the Sheriff of Warren county and threatened to expel several officials, who have been compelled to flee for their lives; this because of their color. Such conduct is in conflict with the laws of the State, which he has sworn to enforce. He commanded all said riotous and disorderly persons to disperse and retire peaceably to their homes, remain there, and to submit to the legally constituted authorities of State, invoking the aid and co-operation of good citizens in upholding the laws and preserving the public peace. It is probable that the movement at Vicksburg is in conformity with orders from Governor Ames to Sheriff Crosby to re-instate himself and other county officials. It is understood that Governor Ames is opposed to public officers in Mississippi resigning at the dictation of mass meetings, and that he is pledged to use all force he can command to uphold officers legally in authority.
Expected Renewal of the Attack.
Vicksburg, December 8. - It is reported this morning that the negroes will renew the attack on the city to-day. The citizens are all under arms, and have been largely reinforced from adjoining towns. Companies of men have been sent to the country well armed and equipped. The prisoners captured yesterday are closely watched to prevent lynching. The negro loss yesterday is estimated at about 70. One white man killed and two wounded. Crosby is still under guard. The whites hold the entire city.