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PORTLAND, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1915.

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## INTEREST CENTERS IN BERLIN'S REPLY

Suspension of Attacks  
Thought Likely.

Number of Nations at War Of-  
fers Serious Obstacle.

ARBITRATION IS SUGGESTED

OTHER PLANS OFFERED

Exclusion of Passengers From Ves-  
sels Carrying Munitions or Ab-  
solute Contraband Is Also  
Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Word that Ambassador Gerard had read and presented to Herr Von Jagow, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Imperial German government, the American note sent Thursday as a consequence of the Lusitania tragedy and other occurrences in the war zone, removed all anxiety here over the delay in transmission and awakened intense interest in the nature of Germany's reply.

In view of telegraphic and cable delays and the necessity for conferences between the Foreign Minister and the Imperial Chancellor, Von Bethmann-Hollweg, and doubtless Emperor William himself, it would not be considered surprising here if the reply did not arrive for several days. It was believed possible, however, that Ambassador Gerard might report earlier on the manner in which the American note was received by the government and semi-official press.

Attacks May Be Suspended.

In the interim, confidence prevails among high officials and is shared by German official quarters that there will be no submarine attacks on passenger vessels while the questions at issue are being solved.

The intimation which came in press dispatches today indirectly from Berlin to the effect that Germany would not actually submit the questions raised by the American note to arbitration was received with much interest and it was indicated that if there were a suspension of submarine warfare on merchant ships while the discussion was in progress, the plan might receive serious consideration by the American government.

Arbitration Generally Talked Of.

Arbitration also has been talked of here before today's press dispatches arrived. Some German officials had indicated that, although without advice from Berlin, they were confident, from previous knowledge of the desire of the German government to remain friendly with the United States, that arbitration would be welcomed. The difficulty of constituting a court of arbitration at this time, when most of the great powers whose participation might be desired are at war, was pointed out as making the plan impracticable.

That some way would be found to reach an amicable settlement between the United States and Germany was the growing conviction of many officials and diplomats today. A variety of suggestions were heard.

Separation of Passengers Suggested.

One which received serious thought was a proposal to refuse clearance to belligerent ships carrying munitions of war or absolute contraband if they also carried passengers. They would involve no embargo but a separation of passenger and contraband traffic.

The United States will stand firmly on the legal rights of its citizens to travel on any ships and believes it

(Continued on Page 3, Column 1.)

## SPIES DECLARED AMERICAN PERIL

SPANISH WAR VETERANS SAY  
COUNTRY IS HONEYCOMBED.

Resolution Calls on Public Men to  
Cease "Blasting" Reputation of  
Nation as Military Power.

CHICAGO, May 15.—That the United States is as honeycombed with spies as any European nation, was asserted by speakers at the national convention of the Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War here today.

The spy question was raised in the discussion of a resolution by Major Edward Schuchman, of Connecticut, calling upon public men to cease "blasting" the reputation of the United States as a power. He said when weak points in the country's defense were found, the proper authorities should be notified instead of the Administration's being held up to ridicule.

Opponents of the resolution said the country was so filled with spies that it was of no consequence what public speakers said about the country's defense.

Colonel Milton J. Foreman, commander of the First Cavalry, Illinois National Guard, was selected commander-in-chief for the coming year. Rev. E. J. Vattmann, a major in the regular army, retired, who celebrated his jubilee as 50 years a priest this week, was chosen chaplain-in-chief.

## SUTTON BECOMES AIRMAN

Army Lieutenant From Portland  
Qualifies in Series of Tests.

SAN DIEGO, May 15.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Redondo E. Sutton, U. S. A., of Portland, today completed the last of the tests for the grade of junior military aviator. The tests consisted of several cross-country and other flights. In completing the tests today Lieutenant Sutton spiraled to a height of 500 feet without getting his biplane out of a rectangular space of 500 feet on a side, which is considered an exceedingly difficult feat. Lieutenant Sutton yesterday made four cross-country flights, one of which, to Long Beach, 90 miles north, he made in two hours, rising from the aerodrome at North Island at 9:35 and reaching the landing station at Long Beach at 11:35. His new rank will give him an increase in pay of 35 per cent.

## CONTRABAND CARGO SAILS

American Stokers Refuse to Make  
Voyage on British Vessel.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—Before sailing today for Liverpool, the British steamer Michigan, under charter of the American Line, filed a bond in the United States District Court for appearance in defense of an action brought by two young American stokers who refused to sail on the vessel because it was going into the war zone, thus endangering their lives. The stokers are Arthur W. Palmer, of American Falls, Idaho, and James G. Winter, of Unity, Wis.

In their petition to the court the stokers said they did not desire to sail into the war zone on a ship carrying contraband.

The Michigan has in her cargo motor trucks for military use.

## PRESIDENT SAILS SLOWLY

Voyage From Washington to New  
York Proceeds at Leisurely Pace.

NEW YORK, May 15.—President Wilson, on board the naval yacht Mayflower, was progressing slowly toward New York tonight on his trip from Washington. Secretary Daniels, of the Navy, reached here late today from the capital, immediately boarded the Government yacht Dolphin, and got in touch by wireless with the Mayflower, which he found had nothing but steady, if slow, progress to report.

No further word came tonight from the yacht, and this was taken to mean that the Executive and his party were pursuing their voyage northward without unusual incident.

## SALANDRA AGREES TO STAY IN CABINET

Decision Has Quieting  
Effect in Rome.

## CROWDS RETURN TO HOMES

Announcement Is Preceded by  
Turbulent Scenes.

## MILANESE GROW VIOLENT

Count of Turin, Cousin of King Vic-  
tor Emanuel, Hissed as He  
Leaves Royal Palace—Cries  
for Republic Are Raised.

ROME, via Paris, May 15.—Antonio Salandra has consented to retain the premiership.

As the news spread that Signor Salandra would remain in power a sudden change came over the people. As if obeying some secret sign the populace calmed down and all the troops were withdrawn.

The infuriated mobs of yesterday seemed to disappear and peaceful crowds tonight passed the Austrian embassy without even noticing the residence of the representative of Emperor Francis Joseph.

Situation Serious at Milan.

The situation in Italy has become still more serious, owing to the general strike which has been proclaimed in Milan as a protest against the course of political events in Italy. The military authorities have centered here troops from neighboring garrisons and have sufficient forces to check any serious movement. The Royal Palace, the Prefecture and the German and Austrian Consulates are strongly guarded by troops.

Much apprehension is felt by the authorities concerning the approaching funeral of a workman named Gadda, a youth of 17 years, who died from wounds sustained in a riot.

Early Outbreaks Violent.

Preceding the quieting announcement of Premier Salandra's decision there was a night of rioting. One of the most violent outbreaks was an attempt of the crowds to approach the Austrian embassy. A member of the staff of the Nationalist newspaper, Idea Nazionale, hurried his cane through a window of the embassy. He was arrested.

At a meeting in Borghese square 20 speakers, most of them deputies, made addresses in favor of war. A resolution was passed to the effect that the people of Rome believed the country to be in danger and would prevent with all means at their disposal "the sacrifice of national honor."

50,000 Assembled in Milan.

When the people in Milan heard that the Salandra Cabinet insisted on resigning, a gathering of 50,000 men and women, protected with great violence. There were cries of "Down with the Parliamentary Camorra!" "Death to Emperor William!" "Death to Giolitti!" "Death to Emperor Francis Joseph!" "Hurrah for the war!" "Hurrah for the revolution!" "Down with all traitors!" Leaflets were distributed on the streets bearing the words "Death to Giolitti."

King's Cousin Hissed.

The Count of Turin, a cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, left the royal palace on foot. He was recognized and hissed, and a threatening mob surrounded him, crying "Down with the monarchy!" "Long live the republic!"

Gabriel D'Annunzio, addressing a crowd today, said:

"I declare on my honor that the triple alliance was denounced by Italy May 4."

## INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather.  
YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 63 degrees; minimum, 41 degrees.  
TODAY'S—Probably fair; winds mostly northerly.

War.  
Battle continues, but indecisive, on western front. Section 1, page 2.  
Real origin of war found in treaty of Berlin, made in 1878. Section 1, page 3.

Foreign.  
Rebel rise in Portugal; President missing. Section 1, page 2.  
Salandra agrees to remain in Italian cabinet announcement calms Rome. Section 1, page 1.

National.  
Commerce Commission decides railroads must divest their lake steamship lines. Section 2, page 16.  
Situation of German Ambassador in Washington becomes difficult. Section 1, page 3.

President Wilson solves Lusitania problem. Section 1, page 1.  
Navy is ready for war, declares Secretary Daniels. Section 1, page 6.

Edwood Mead said to be in process of grooming for head of reclamation service. Section 1, page 6.  
Oregon suit, is made leafy power. Section 1, page 7.

Pretty actress saved from Lusitania disaster tells of Frohman's last words. Section 1, page 7.  
Spanish-American War Veterans say United States is honeycombed with spies. Section 1, page 1.

Sports.  
Oregon defeats Washington on track, 88 to 14. Section 2, page 2.  
Columbia surprises fans by winning interscholastic track meet. Section 2, page 1.

Aggies win Western division title by whipping Washington 14 to 2. Section 2, page 2.  
Judge McCreedy says Sam Brenner's days with Spokane are now numbered. Section 2, page 1.

Tennis.  
Tennis League are scheduled for today. Section 2, page 2.  
Tale beats Harvard in dual track meet. Section 2, page 2.

Rowing Club will make first mixed trip May 30 and 31. Section 2, page 4.  
Major title to be started by Oregonian roller skate race June 10. Section 2, page 4.

Oregon expects to win meet with O. A. C. Section 2, page 2.  
Decatur really leads league pitchers in bettering record for fewest runs. Section 2, page 2.  
Aggies expect to lose to Eugene, but have hopes for conference meet. Section 2, page 2.

Five matches played in Directors' Club today at Portland Golf Club. Section 2, page 2.  
Constance Meyer, Winged M entry for swimming contest, is in excellent condition. Section 2, page 2.

Pacific Northwest.  
Eugene's recent remarkable spectacle in which thousands of Lane County folk gathered to witness the arrival of the Roseburg strawberry festival opens Friday. Section 1, page 8.

Approximately 250 new laws become effective this week. Section 1, page 8.  
Eugene Bible University will bestow degrees on 12 students. Section 1, page 9.

Jersey herd sold at Bremham being priced as high as \$425. Section 1, page 9.  
F. R. Goulding mentioned among candidates for governor. Section 1, page 9.

Commercial and Marine.  
Northwest faces serious shortage of grain bag. Section 2, page 12.

Chicago wheat weakened by more favorable crop reports from Kansas. Section 2, page 12.  
Stock market rallies from weakness of preceding session. Section 2, page 15.

American-Hawaiian agents called to San Francisco for conference. Section 2, page 16.

Dock No. 2 dedicated with appropriate ceremony. Section 2, page 16.

Automobiles and Roads.  
Automobile Club board of directors reduce initiation fee. Section 4, page 5.

Portland Overland Agency is biggest in Oregon. Section 4, page 7.

Twenty-one Washington counties undertake construction of 122 miles of road to cost \$741,488. Section 4, page 9.

Forty racers to be in Indianapolis speed competition. Section 4, page 9.

Real Estate and Building.  
Week's realty deals include \$720,000 trade. Section 4, page 10.

Portland and Vicinity.  
Mothers' Congress closes with resolutions supporting President Wilson. Section 1, page 1.

Mrs. M. K. Evans, mother of general art patron and worker for women, dies. Section 1, page 6.  
Mr. Dalton engineers, in arguing for water meters, admit they erred in laying out system. Section 1, page 16.

Mr. Albee declines to reply to Mr. Daly's trade. Section 1, page 15.  
Social workers confer at Reed College this evening. Section 1, page 14.

Idols of fairland delight kiddies at Heilig. Section 1, page 14.  
Indian chief, 103, is saved by trip through city. Section 1, page 14.

Rose Show will be held in new Meier & Frank building. Section 1, page 13.  
Mrs. Spoor gains over Mrs. Baker in race for festival queen. Section 1, page 13.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Lair Hill celebrate golden wedding anniversary in California. Section 1, page 12.  
Nine pressures now are on ballot for June election. Section 1, page 11.

D. P. Nason chosen musical director at Oaks Amusement Park. Section 1, page 11.

## REBEL SHIP FIRES SHOT INTO LISBON

President Arriaga Re-  
ported Missing.

## EX-PREMIER IS ASSASSINATED

Uprising Reported Under Con-  
trol, After Much Fighting.

## HEAVY DAMAGE IS DONE

Revolutionists Declare Desire to  
"Restore Real Republic"—Trou-  
ble Spreads to Other Sec-  
tions of Country.

LONDON, May 15.—Reports of a serious uprising in Lisbon, the capital of Portugal, were received today. According to advices from Madrid, a rebel naval squadron bombarded the city from the River Tagus.

A wireless dispatch from Lisbon received by the Fabre Agency at Madrid at 11:40 tonight, says, however, that the insurrection has been crushed, with severe fighting.

The President of Portugal, Manuel de Arriaga, is reported to have disappeared.

Ex-Premier Reported Slain.

A dispatch from Madrid to Reuter's Telegram Company, says it is reported that Dr. Afonso Costa, ex-Premier of Portugal, has been assassinated in Lisbon.

It is officially reported that the bombardment of Lisbon by the mutinous warships resulted in great damage, many persons being killed.

No more trains are arriving at Alcantara, the last Spanish station near the Portuguese frontier. Even officials of the railroad line running from Portugal to Spain find it impossible to get news, telephonic communication being entirely interrupted.

"Real Republic" Demanded.

A Reuter dispatch from Lisbon says the revolutionary committee has issued a proclamation declaring that the object of the movement is to restore a real republic. They desire a national government, and therefore will insist not to indulge in reprisals, but to trust the national government, which "will act vigorously but generously towards the vanquished."

Dr. Costa, whose assassination is reported, was a leader of the Democratic party in Portugal. In addition to having been Premier he had served also as Minister of Finance and Minister of Justice. He was the author of the law providing for the separation of church and state and other anti-clerical laws. He had been described as an uncompromising advocate of armed revolution, and several times he has been sent into exile. He was imprisoned as a ringleader of the abortive revolution in January of 1908.

Several attempts have been made on the life of Dr. Costa.

Commander of Cruiser Murdered.

The murder of the commander of the Portuguese cruiser Vasco da Gama also is reported.

Information concerning the revolt has reached the Spanish Ministry of the Interior. Rebellion is said to have broken out at Coimbra, Oporto, Lisbon and Santarem.

Fugitives reaching Badajoz describe the situation as extremely menacing. Telegraph and telephone communication has been severed and the troops appear to be powerless to control the people.

The Fabre News Agency, from whose agent the dispatch comes, gives it out under reserve, but at the same time

(Continued on Page 3, Column 2.)

## Saturday's War Moves

WITH the outbreak of a revolution in Portugal, which, according to dispatches from Madrid, is supported by the navy, Spain, Switzerland, Holland and the Scandinavian countries are the only states in Europe which are not either engaged in war or have domestic troubles to occupy their attention.

Little news has yet come through from Lisbon, but it is reported in London that the navy has bombarded the capital, held by the army, which remains loyal to the President, Manuel de Arriaga. It is not known whether the insurrection was started by the royalists, but members of that party resident in London disclaim all knowledge of it.

Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania, where there are pro-war and anti-war parties, are waiting for the final decision of Italy as to whether she will join the allies—a decision which has been delayed by the resignation of Premier Salandra, who, however, is reported from Rome to be back in office. The prediction is made that Salandra will form a new government with the support of the leaders of the stronger parties in the Chamber.

Among the belligerent interest wavers between the battles in Galicia, Flanders and Pas de Calais and the operations in the Dardanelles, from which important news is daily expected.

So far as Gallia is concerned, the Austro-German rush seems to have exhausted itself when the river San was reached and all the towns on the west bank of that river, including Jaroslavl, fell into their hands. This compelled the Russians to fall back in Southern Poland, so that their line now runs from Plock, on the lower Vistula, southeastward to Przemyel, thence south and east through Eastern Galicia and Bukovina to the Rumanian border.

At the latter end of this line the Russians are still pursuing their offensive and have driven the Austrians back in disorder for some 20 miles, but they themselves are being forced out of the Carpathian Mountains and are in danger of losing Przemyel, as the Austrians and Germans are to the north and south of that city.

The British appear to have resisted successfully all German attacks on Ypres, while the Belgians have continued their attacks from the sea to Dixmude and the French have made further headway north of Arras. It would appear from the French official statement issued yesterday that the offensive in this part of Pas de Calais was not intended as the beginning of the big general movement, but was merely an operation, which has been successful, to rectify their front, in which Carenzy formed a threatening salient.

They had most formidable positions to overcome but after a terrific bombardment they were successful. They are carrying out an offensive in the Woivre and have made further progress in some sections, while in others the Germans say they have secured the advantage.

## GERMAN PLEDGES LOYALTY

Former Soldier Says Those in Amer-  
ica Will Sustain President.

SIoux CITY, Ia., May 15.—Rudolph Beerend, member of the City Council, president of the National Organization of Former Members of the German Army, declared today that in case of war between the United States and Germany, German-Americans would be found standing solidly behind the President and fighting against the Fatherland.

"There can be no question as to the attitude of the German-Americans," said Mr. Beerend. "The Germans would organize in their own ranks regiments to defend this country, should the need arise, and would be fighting for this country just as was the case when Germans organized their own troops during the Civil War."

The German of this country give President Wilson credit for meeting a trying situation fairly, for doing his utmost to preserve neutrality, and, right or wrong, in case of war, would be with him to a man."

(Continued on Page 3, Column 2.)

## MOTHERS PLEDGE WILSON SUPPORT

Congress Backs Presi-  
dent in Crisis.

## CONFERENCE ENDS WITH TRIP

Resolutions on President Meet  
With Hearty Applause.

## MILITARISM IS DECRIED

Work of Anti-Cigarette League,  
Travelers' Aid, Big Brotherhood  
and Sisterhood Movements  
Indorsed by Body.

## NASHVILLE GETS CONVEN- TION.

Nashville, Tenn., was chosen the seat of the 1916 convention of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher Associations, at the meeting of the board of managers last night at Hotel Benson.

Invitations had been received from Chicago, St. Louis and New York City, but there was no real competition, Nashville being favored from the start, for 1916. The date will be chosen later.

Mrs. Frederic Schott, president of the congress, said the choice of a Southern city for the next meeting would enable the members to spread interest in their work in the South, where now it is far behind that of the Northern states.

BY EDITH KNIGHT HOLMES.

The closing session of the 19th annual convention of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher Associations was held yesterday morning in the Public Library. The resolutions committee's report, the reading of invitations for the 1916 convention, the adoption of a few minor changes in the constitution, the presentation of the Tacoma delegation, a few reports, a little discussion, and the general body adjourned at noon.

Promptly at 1 o'clock the officers and delegates assembled again in front of the Library building, where 25 automobiles were lined up ready to take them for a drive out the beautiful scenic Columbia River Highway. The outing was in charge of the Chamber of Commerce.

The excursion was well handled and entertainment for the guests was arranged at the Portland Automobile Club, where a stop was made.

Business Principles Necessary.

"You have got to come down to business principles and business on a business basis." This was the comment offered by Mrs. W. F. Thacher, treasurer, who told of the unsystematic methods used by many women in sending in dues and reports.

Mrs. C. C. Noble, of Los Angeles, made practically the same suggestion in speaking of the work of the membership committee. The credentials committee reported that 182 accredited delegates had been in attendance.

Tacoma's delegation, numbering 24, was the largest outside of the 100-mile radius and, in recognition of their enterprise, Mrs. Aristene Feltz presented them with a handsome blue and gold banner from the Oregon Congress of Mothers.

Seattle Second in Numbers.

Seattle came next in numbers, and

(Continued on Page 12, Column 3.)

## CARTOONIST REYNOLDS GIVES MARS CENTER OF STAGE AND MARTIAL AFFAIRS GET MAJOR CONSIDERATION IN RESUME OF WEEK'S NEWS.

