

REAL LEADERS SEE RESULT IN OREGON

State Chairman of Each Party Analyzes Chances and Predicts Victory.

MOORES SURE, TELLS WHY

President's Re-election Forecast by Good Majority—Democrats Expect Wilson to Lead by 9000. Bull Moose Retain Hope.

The following forecasts of Tuesday's election in Oregon were made yesterday by the respective state chairmen of the three leading political organizations:

Charles B. Moores, chairman Republican state central committee: Oregon has about four times as many Republicans as Democrats, according to the registration lists. The state has not gone Democratic in a Presidential year for more than 40 years. Wilson would need nearly 20,000 Republican votes to win. His place is third in the race. In the face of this it would be suicidal for Republicans to throw away their votes upon him. That is what Roosevelt desires and it is what the Democratic Journal is calling for in frantic editorial appeals. The game is too transparent. The straw vote and the preliminary poll are simply partisan devices to bolster up party enthusiasm. In the face of the existing political chaos forecasts are difficult and practically worthless. Ignoring the questionable morality of it, it is poor politics for Democrats, Bull Moores or Republicans to lie to the people about the probable outcome. The great silent vote is the vote that will do the business. It is the thoughtful vote which is equivalent to saying it is the Taft vote. Ever since the primaries the drift has been heavy and continuous in the direction of Taft. If our polls can be accepted as an index we will carry the state.

Oregon Claimed for Taft.

Roosevelt was beaten in the Republican primaries last Spring by a majority of 14,900. There were 15,000 more cast in those primaries than were in the general election for Congressmen two years before. The heavy Democratic part of that excess went for Teddy. It is now for Wilson. We claim over 50 per cent of the La Follette vote. Mr. McCusker, La Follette's manager; Judge Lowell, the La Follette leader of Eastern Oregon; Dr. Lewis and other leaders in the valley are all campaigning for Taft, and the attacks upon Roosevelt of Senator La Follette in his Weekly are absolutely fierce. We will get, besides these elements, thousands of men who voted for Roosevelt in the primaries, but who refuse to follow him in the general election. These conditions all favorable to Taft, are worth 1000 polls taken by partisans anxious to make a showing, and they form the basis of our claim of Oregon for Taft. In this county, where the Democrats are outnumbered five or six to one by the Republicans, the candidacy of Judge Munly is hopeless and the one of Senator La Follette and Thomas McCusker, who is backed by practically the unanimous Republican vote.

Democrats See Success.

Bert E. Hanes, chairman Democratic State Central Committee—Based on reports we have received from 29 of the 34 counties of the state, Wilson should carry Oregon by a margin of 10,000. Our figures indicate the following vote for the three leading Presidential candidates: Wilson, 51,761; Roosevelt, 42,123; Taft, 23,435. In the counties from which we have not received estimates are Clatsop, Columbia, Josephine, Sherman and Yamhill. We are claiming the following counties for Wilson: Baker, Benton, Clatsop, Crook, Curry, Douglas, Gilliam, Harney, Hood River, Jackson, Klamath, Lake, Lane, Linn, Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Polk, Union and Washington. Dr. Harry Lane will be elected United States Senator over Ben Selling by a plurality of 9000 and M. G. Munly will defeat his two opponents by 1000 votes in Congress. Many voters are confused in the manner of voting for President. In the primary election the elector could vote for only one candidate for Presidential elector or delegate to the National convention. But in Tuesday's election the voter must vote for five candidates for President and elector or his vote will not be counted. Voters must remember this and not confuse their action Tuesday with the limitations that were imposed in the primary election. Vote for five candidates for Presidential electors. If you vote for a less number, you will not be voting as you should on President.

Brown Makes Analysis.

General Arthur Brown, chairman of the Roosevelt Progressive party State Central Committee—Surface indications in the business centers among big business, indicate a sentiment adverse to Roosevelt and Johnson. But beneath the surface indications is a tremendous undercurrent of silent voters. And while it may be a matter of guesswork as to who will get this silent vote, yet as for the Roosevelt Progressive party we are confident that, based upon the number of men in general, it is safe to say that the greater part of this vote will be given to Colonel Roosevelt. So much for the big business end. In the rural districts and among the laboring and salaried men, we have conclusive proof that from 85 per cent to 90 per cent of this vote is for Roosevelt and Johnson. This condition prevails throughout the Nation, and strange as it may seem to our friends, the enemy, Roosevelt and Johnson, will be swept into office by a veritable landslide. Thus you will see that the vote of the farmer, the laboring and salaried man will save the business man from the ravages of another four years of free trade hysteria, and from the direct consequences of his own folly of voting for Mr. Wilson and free trade, or indirectly voting for him by voting for Mr. Taft. Early reports from the cities may show a close vote either way, but the reports from the outlying suburbs and rural districts will show that the progressive principles of the Roosevelt Progressive party have attained a distinct and decisive triumph by the grace of the hard-headed common sense of the great masses of the American people. I am expecting 80 per cent of the total vote, or about 150,000 votes, will be cast in Thursday's election. The vote will be distributed as follows: Roosevelt, 45,000; Wilson, 35,000; Taft, 25,000; Debs, 5000; Chaffin, 4000. Yes, it's all gone but the shouting.

BOURNE FAILS M'INNIVILLE

M. C. Reed, Substitute, Does Not Win Audience in Solon's Behalf.

M'INNIVILLE, Or., Nov. 2.—(Special)—M. C. Reed, of Portland, was Senator Bourne's substitute to address a meeting of about 130 curious voters of McInnville at the Courthouse, last night. This meeting was splendidly advertised with Oregon's senior Senator as the main orator and although Mr. Reed exerted his vocal and oratorical

abilities, nevertheless, the curiosity of the audience was not satisfied.

Mr. Reed, pictured Senator Bourne as an angel and a man of National prominence, referring repeatedly to letters praising the Senator and written by men that know him as he appears. It is generally believed that Senator Bourne will not increase his following he had in the primaries when he was beaten in this county two to one by Mr. Selling.

One of Senator Bourne's most enthusiastic supporters became very angry when the rumor spread that the Senator failed to come and wanted to call the meeting off. He also advised others not to attend. While the hand was playing many voters were gathered and would have attended as a matter of courtesy or curiosity, but when it was discovered that Bourne was absent, they remained in the streets. Those who did attend, were mostly people that attend all meetings.

ATTORNEY'S FEE IS CUT

Judge Finds That Error as to Value of Property Is Made.

Finding that there had been a mutual mistake as to the value of property, but a lack of bad faith on the part of either the plaintiffs or the defendant, Circuit Judge Gantenbein yesterday decided the case of L. N. and Clara Van Dandague against Dan R. Murphy, an attorney, in favor of the plaintiffs to the extent that he cut Mr. Murphy's fee 40 per cent.

The testimony showed that Mrs. Van Dandague was one of six heirs to the estate of Caspar Zorn, her uncle. She was dissatisfied with what was paid her by the will and engaged Mr. Murphy to contest it. An agreement was entered into by which he was to receive 10 per cent of what he might receive and if he failed was to receive no compensation. The other heirs settled by giving Mrs. Van Dandague absolute title to 550 acres of land, in which, under the terms of the will, she was to have had only a life estate. This was about one-sixth of Mr. Zorn's estate.

When it came to settlement with their attorney Mr. and Mrs. Van Dandague wanted to give Mr. Murphy a tenth of the land, but he did not care for it and finally he took a mortgage for \$500, it being agreed between them that the land was worth \$100 an acre, which, if true, would make the entire property worth \$55,000. Subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Van Dandague sold the property for \$51 an acre, the purchaser assuming the Murphy mortgage.

Judge Gantenbein decided that at the time this agreement was made the plaintiffs had sacrificed some of the value in their anxiety to effect a sale and place themselves in better financial circumstances. He held that the land is worth \$50 an acre and ruled that when the time comes for the man who now owns the property to pay the mortgage he should pay three-fifths of the amount to Mr. Murphy and two-fifths to Mr. and Mrs. Van Dandague.

LENTS ANNEXATION TALKED

Mass Meeting Held and Sentiment Apparently Favors Union.

Sentiment favorable to annexation was manifested at the mass meeting held in the Isis Theater Friday night in Lents, between 600 and 700 people being present. The speakers were Perry C. Stroud, City Attorney for St. Johns, was present and outlined the situation in St. Johns, where he said that the majority favor annexation, but were prevented by legal obstructions. J. J. Johnson, a pioneer, addressed the meeting, in which he told of the growth of the territory. The advocates of annexation were set forth. There did not appear to be much opposition to annexation during the meeting.

E. L. Rayburn, a warm advocate of annexation, said he had no doubt but that annexation will carry by a large majority next Tuesday. The territory to be taken in includes about 10,000 people, according to the estimate made of the population affected. The advocates of annexation urge the need of fire protection, water rates, the same as those in Portland, electric lights, police protection and other matters.

OLCOTT'S CAMPAIGN LIGHT

Too Much Work at Hand, Says Candidate Seeking Re-election.

"On account of great stress of work in my office I have made practically no campaign for the election occurring next Tuesday," said Ben W. Olcott, Republican nominee for re-election as Secretary of State, yesterday. "My activities in that direction have consisted almost wholly in sending out several hundred letters to my immediate and personal friends and supporters throughout the state, asking from them a frank and candid expression of their views as to the situation and the feeling in their community insofar as it pertained or related to my candidacy for the office of Secretary of State."

"From the almost universal response received from men of all classes and parties and coming as they did from all sections of the state, voicing approval and appreciation of the business administration that has endeavored to me for this big business office, leads me to the belief that the people of Oregon will see fit to invest its responsibilities to me for the ensuing term. I most confidently predict that result."

NATIVE OREGONIAN DIES

Mrs. Grover B. Simpson Succumbs in Chicago to Paralytic Stroke.

Chicago dispatches convey the intelligence of the death after a lingering illness of Alma C., wife of Grover B. Simpson, general superintendent Atlantic division of Wells, Fargo & Company, and the youngest daughter of the late Joseph Beezley, a prominent wool-grower of The Dalles.

Mrs. Simpson was born at The Dalles 52 years ago, at which place she was married November 23, 1846. Her married life has been spent in the Northwest, South and West, with Chicago the family home for several years past. Three years ago Mrs. Simpson had a paralytic stroke which deprived her of speech, and made her a perfectly helpless sufferer until she finally succumbed. She is survived by her husband and two sons, Dudley, aged 23, and Burney S., aged 21.

Mrs. Simpson will be buried temporarily in Chicago this morning.

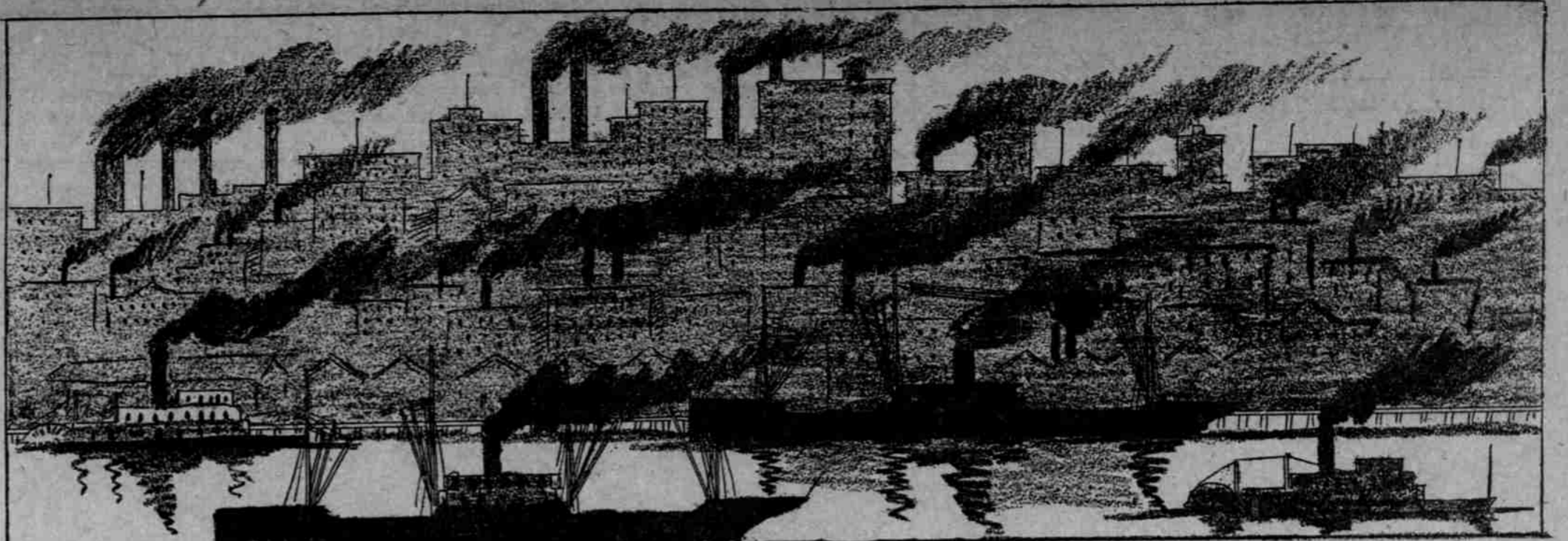
GIRL ACCUSES DR. HEGELE

Physician Puts Up \$1000 for Bail After His Arrest.

On a charge of contributing to the delinquency of a 17-year-old girl, Herbert W. Hegele, a physician with offices in the Corbett building, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff French and released on furnishing bond of \$1000. He was indicted by the grand jury Friday.

The witnesses who appeared before the grand jury were the girl and Mrs. B. S. Hamner, formerly a nurse in the employ of Dr. Hegele.

Mrs. Hamner lost in Circuit Court last week a suit which she brought to collect damages from Dr. Hegele. She alleged that he had assaulted her in his office when she quit his employ and demanded to be paid immediately.



Representing Millions of Dollars

Ninety per cent of the Mercantile and Manufacturing and General Business Interests of Portland spontaneously responded to a call on October 14th to discuss Oregon's needs and its representation in the U. S. Senate.

The meeting was strictly non-partisan and the discussion was solely along the lines of what was best to do to develop the resources of the state and bring it into first position among Pacific Coast States. Being practical business men, it was conceded that a Business Agent, representing Oregon at Washington, who had made good and was strongly entrenched on Committees to do further and better work for the State, should not be DISCHARGED and replaced by a green hand without any experience.

Every business man present carefully considered first what he would do in his own business in such an emergency, and unanimously the verdict was to make a united effort to keep the man on the job who had made good. With the business promptness of men who see things clearly and act decisively there was organized the "1912 SENATORIAL LEAGUE"—NON-PARTISAN—and the basis on which the League was formed is set out fully below:

Realizing that good government necessitates recognition of good service, for otherwise the public servant will serve himself and his own selfish interest rather than the general welfare of the community he represents;

Deprecating the efforts of a part of the press and some individuals to destroy the efficiency and standing of nearly all of our National and state servants for the past thirty years;

Believing that not only justice, but our own personal interests require that we should in every way aid and co-operate with our public servants while in office, and when they make good retain their services by re-election—for thus only can we secure the best results;

We therefore associate ourselves in the organization of the "1912 Senatorial League."

We are prompted in the organization of this league at this time by the careful consideration of unique conditions relative to the Senatorial campaign now pending in Oregon. With no reflection on any of the other candidates, we are thoroughly convinced that the best interests of the state and Nation demand the re-election of Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., to the United States Senate. We believe him to be the greatest personal asset the state now possesses. He has acquired a National reputation and has given the state greater publicity than any individual or group of men during the past three years—to his efforts more than any other man's is due the fact that Oregon is more talked about today than any other state in the Union.

Senator Bourne is entitled to re-election for any one of the following reasons: His positions on committees, which are the most important ever held by an Oregon Senator and, from the standpoint of appropriations, more important than those held by any other member of either branch of Congress. He is chairman of the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads and a member of the following committees: Appropriations, Commerce, Public Buildings and Grounds, Fisheries, Railroads, Transportation Routes to the Seaboard and Woman Suffrage. If re-elected, he will retain his membership on all these committees if he so desires, as his rank is so high in seniority on the committees that whether the Senate be Republican or Democratic, he cannot be displaced except by retirement from the Senate or according to the universal usage of the Senate he asks to be relieved

from service upon any of these committees. Should the Senate become Democratic during his term of service, he would lose his chairmanship of the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, but would be the ranking Republican member of the Committee and one of the three Senate conferees on all bills passed upon by that Committee.

His positions on committees passing upon more than fifty percent of the total appropriations made by Congress.

His six years' training as Senator, making him far better qualified than any new man could possibly be.

His ability as a constructive legislator, as demonstrated by his drafting and securing the passage of the Parcel Post Law.

His capacity for leadership in National affairs, as shown by his origination of the Presidential primary, his amendment to the Panama Canal bill, giving the Interstate Commerce Commission power to compel railroads to dispose of competing steamship lines, his radio-telegraph bill, and his plans for a Government Business Methods Commission.

His membership on and undoubted chairmanship of the joint committee created in the last session of Congress to ascertain and report on the best method of Federal aid in the construction of National good roads. No problem is of more importance to the state and Nation than that of good roads.

The fact that within ten years Oregon will require Federal appropriations amounting to more than \$20,000,000, and Senator Bourne's ability, because of his committee positions, to secure these appropriations, whereas any new man would be unable to secure the same within twenty years.

The fact that through his influence Oregon has secured the largest Federal appropriations in its history.

His unwillingness, as demonstrated by his record, to support any class legislation, whether favorable to capital or labor.

We therefore urge all citizens, regardless of party affiliations and solely for the best interests of the state and Nation, to use every honorable means to retain Senator Bourne in his present position in order that Oregon may not lose the advantage she now enjoys by reason thereof.

Like the leading members of the Senate, Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, Colonel Roosevelt and Senator La Follette, the business men of Portland are of one opinion—BOURNE HAS MADE GOOD.

Never before have LABOR and CAPITAL united in supplying a candidate. This is because of the belief that Oregon's welfare and the preservation of the purity of the direct primary and the corrupt practices act can best be served by retaining Bourne in the Senate.

Working men are more interested in upholding the Oregon System and support Bourne for that reason. Business men of Portland in all lines look at the material results which Bourne has achieved and can continue to accomplish.

This unites the two large bodies of voters in a common cause.

Heretofore the business men have taken no part in politics. In this instance they are aroused to activity through realization that Oregon needs Bourne.

Irrespective of party affiliation, almost every leading commercial house has joined the "1912 Senatorial League." Bourne's election to this organization is not a matter of politics, but of good business judgment.

The fact that these firms have combined to support a candidate for office is one of the strongest recommendations Bourne could have from his home state, to supplement the indorsements of the leaders of the Nation in political and labor progress.

"1912 SENATORIAL LEAGUE"—NON-PARTISAN.

(Paid Adv't)

