RESIDENCE SALES FEATURE OF WEEK

Demand for Lots in Central Location and Suburbs Continues Strong.

BUYERS ALSO BUILDERS

Portland's Claim to Be Known as the Home City Strengthened by Construction of Hundreds of Dwellings.

Residence sales for the past week were again the feature of the market on the East Side. These sales ranged from $500 up to $6000, and were widely distributed. The homebuilder has been more in evidence than ever before, and the architects have been kept busy preparing plans for dwellings to be erected near the business district as well as in the suburbs. The extensive improvements in the Ladd tract, south of Hawthorne avenue; in Rossmere, along Hancock street, and in Rose City Park, are progressing rapidly at heavy cost, changing these additions into residence districts with hard-paved streets and concrete sidewalks even before the lots are sold. The heavy dealing will probably continue during the Fall in all these additions.

One of the largest sales on the East Side during the past week was that of four acres of the Henry Battin place, on the Base Line road, near East Fortieth street, for $10,000, to J. Reed, who owns a home near by. Another considerable sale was that in Irvington by which the Security Savings & Trust Company sold to E. B. Holmes and J. P. Menefee lots 1, 2, 3, 13 to 20, inclusive, block 34, for $8000. The same company also sold to the same buyers a number of lots in Irvington for $4500.

A quarter block at Rodney avenue and Fargo street, Albina, was sold to Gottlieb Koth by Hugo Krieger for $5500. In Lower Albina, near the intersection of Loring and Railroad streets, W. D. Wash sold a single lot to S. E. Moses for $5000. Olds, Wortman & King purchased a quarter block on the southeast corner of East Washington and East Seventh streets from J. L. Leonard for $5000.

In East Portland, Mary E. Turnbull purchased of Hudson R. Nelson lots 6 and 7, Feurer's Addition, for $3000. In Williams Avenue Addition Margaret G. Stowell sold to F. C. Gortler lot 5, block 2, for $3200.

Many Contracts Are Let.

The United States Laundry Company has purchased a quarter block on the southwest corner of East Ninth and East Yamhill streets from the Central Trust & Investment Company. The price paid was $6500. It is announced that the quarter was secured as the site for a laundry.

The contract for the residence of Lewis Montgomery at East Twentieth and East Taylor streets has been let to N. G. Patterson and the plumbing to Roy Quackenbush. The house will be two-story with full basement and attic, and the cost will be $15,000. It will cover a quarter block. The other quarter on the west side of the half block will also be improved with a garage.

A residence of concrete blocks for Mrs. Beaty, 24x42, will be erected at Hawthorne avenue and East Thirty-ninth street. A. H. Faber is preparing plans for this residence.

The Title Guarantee & Trust Company will put up at once 10 new dwellings on the new addition of Rossmere on the Sandy Road electric line. In this tract the building restriction is from $1500 to $2000. Last week an order was made for 7000 barrels of concrete to be used in constructing the sidewalks.

There is much interest in the residence Architect Faber has designed without chimneys. It will be lighted and heated with gasoline manufactured on the premises. Building Inspector Spencer, however, is inclined to think that the dwelling will not comply with the building ordinance. The architect maintains that it comes within the meaning of the ordinance.

C. L. Goodrich has drawn plans for a $5000 dwelling for A. M. C. McDonald on Twenty-first and Schuyler streets.

Work on the Buckman building, Union avenue and East Burnside street, is progressing rapidly. The third and last story has been reached. The building will be completed some time in September and occupied by a large Portland firm.

On the Prodfood reinforced concrete building at East Burnside and East Third streets, the fourth story has been reached, and the wooden "forms" are being removed. The structure still lacks a finished appearance but will be very attractive when completed. These two buildings represent more than $100,000 expenditure.

The home for the Portland Rowing Club at the foot of Taggart street is being completed. It is built on the solid ground so that the floods will not endanger it. It will cost more than $5000, and will be occupied some time in September.

RUSSIA UNDER IRON HEEL

Last Vestige of Liberty Gone Since Douma Dissolved.

BERLIN, July 27. — (Special.) — Since the dissolution of the Russian Douma the last remnants of Russia's hard-won liberties have disappeared. The laws remain the same as before. But acting on circulars from St. Petersburg, the provincial governors have begun an administrative campaign against freedom of speech and of the press which recalls the methods of the late Viacheslay Plehve. July 16, every Liberal newspaper in Moscow, Odessa and Kharkoff has been fined at least once. The Moscow "Parus" was fined four times and in default of payment of 9000 roubles, the editor was sent to gaol.

A Kharkoff editress was sent to gaol for three months for quoting the London Times. For saying that "the dissolution would affect Russia's credit," the proprietor, editor and publisher of another Kharkoff newspaper were exiled.

In the smaller provincial towns the issues of the newspapers have been seized as they came out. Newsboys found selling them have been fined or imprisoned.

The proclamations issued by the local governors are curiosities. In St. Petersburg, publishers of "untrustworthy interpretations of the government's acts" are threatened with fines of $1500. In Samara, an official proclamation threatens with three months in gaol any person "expressing opinions which might lead to disaffection." In the neighboring government of Saratoff, the residents are enjoined under penalty "to preserve a loyal demeanor."

In Moscow alone, 1700 arrests of suspects were made in three days. In addition scores of innocent citizens have been fined or imprisoned for uttering incautious remarks. In Kazan, the police arrested two schoolgirls for writing on a wall: "The Douma is dissolved. We will dissolve the government."

SECURE PERJURED EVIDENCE

High Italian Officials Accused of Plot to Convict Innocent.

ROME, July 27.—(Special.)—Italy has another great official scandal, more sensational than the flight of Signor Nasi, a Cabinet Minister, with a big load of graft, or the faked attempt on the King's life at Ancona.

Commendatore Doria, Director-General of Italian prisons, and Commendatore Canevelli, Councillor of State, are upon trial for corruption in the case of Pietro Acciarito, the anarchist who attempted to assassinate King Humbert in 1897. The charge is that of suborning witnesses, concerning which the following extraordinary story is told:

When Acciarito was in custody, the police could find no evidence of his having had accomplices. Orders were issued that accomplices must be produced somehow, and a diabolical plot, involving the prisoner and four innocent persons, was hatched.

Acciarito was made to believe that his sweetheart, Pasqua Venaruba, had become a mother while he was in prison. A forged letter, purporting to come from her, was delivered to the prisoner by the governor of Santo Stefano jail, Angelelli, under pressure from Doria and Canevelli. The letter implored Acciarito to petition for a royal pardon for the sake of his infant son.

Angelelli told the prisoner that he might hope for a pardon if he denounced as his accomplices five men whose names were placed before him. Acciarito yielded with regard to four of the names, but the fifth, that of a personal friend, he refused to denounce.

When the four innocent men were brought to trial, the plot was revealed. They were all acquitted, while the public indignation against Angelelli resulted in his retirement. This was in 1899.

Now Angelelli has caused a new and greater scandal by revealing that he had been the tool of the higher officials in Rome, Commendatori Doria and Canevelli. With these two high functionaries, the crown prosecutors and the witnesses called by them in the trial of the four "accomplices" are upon trial. Acciarito, upon whom the whole plot turned, is in jail serving a life sentence for his attempted regicide.

BIG GROWTH SHOWN

Rapid Expansion of the City Toward Southeast.

RECORD OF FOUR YEARS

Railroad Now Double-Tracking Line to Serve 15,000 People, Where a Short Time Ago Was Scattering Settlement.

While Portland is growing in all directions, perhaps the most remarkable expansion is in the southeast. Here in a district embracing the territory south of the Powell Valley road, and a small section north of this road, for a distance of two and a half miles and extending east seven miles, more than 15,000 people have made their homes within the past four years. To those who have not visited that district recently conditions are a revelation.

The city is growing northward toward the Columbia River, but it has been growing toward the southeast with at least equal vigor. Only about five years ago the Mount Scott Railway was two streaks of rust with a rickety car and wheezy steam motor. The old railway company that was succeeded by the O. W. P. accepted it as a gift in order to get access to the gravel pits at Arleta, but now the Mount Scott line is overburdened with travel by the many thousands who have made their homes in that territory.

During the past year a much better class of homes has been erected all through this section ranging up to $3500. The district is building two schoolhouses, one at Arleta of 10 rooms, and one at Creston of four rooms. The Portland Railway, Light & Power Company has recognized the growing importance of this district and is laying down double tracks through to the junction with the Estacada branch. Nothing short of a double track will relieve the congestion of travel over this branch, and then cars must be operated every five minutes to take care of the travel morning and evening.

Streets are being improved, sidewalks laid and new churches built. At a point called Nashville a two-story building has been put up which serves well as a public hall for that neighborhood. The Methodist Presbyterian, Episopal, Congregational, Christian and Evangelical denominations have established churches. The Presbyterians have two churches, the Methodists two, and the Baptists have one church building and another will soon be built at Lents.

There is agitation for annexation to Portland, and undoubtedly a vote will be asked for at the election in June, 1908. On the whole the district will be better prepared for annexation than other sections that have been annexed to Portland.

With so great a growth the present water supply is almost sure to prove inadequate even this year, and it cannot be increased without increasing the present private plants. The owners hardly feel justified in making the outlay with the prospects of annexation coming within a year, for Bull Run water is wanted. There is talk of a reservoir on the top of Mount Scott from which to supply the territory south from Powell Valley road, including Sellwood.

Along the elevated ground at Woodstock southward for more than a mile homes are being built, and between Woodstock and Kenilworth the old Kelly donation land claim is being covered with dwellings. Between Kenilworth and Mount Scott, a distance of four miles, is thickly covered with homes. Foundations of cottages and pretentious dwellings are being laid everywhere. The only limit to the growth in this large district is the lack of streetcar facilities. The present lines, the Mount Scott and Woodstock, have been outgrown.

There was some effort to get the Woodstock line extended from its present terminus eastward two miles, but the movement has not proved a success. There will be further agitation for the extension of this line the coming Winter, owing to the demand for car facilities eastward from Woodstock. A number of new tracts have been opened both south and east of Woodstock. However, it is probable if the people do get streetcar facilities they will have to raise a considerable bonus.

Men with moderate means have gone out there from the city and built homes, which they own. It is a suburb of home-makers. Practically all the homes are neat, clean and well-kept, and gardens of vegetables and flowers are seen about most of the cottages. The rich, sandy soil yields well with a little irrigation.

The first home-building began in this district when at Lents lots were sold for $3 down and $3 a month payments, without interest. It was cheaper to buy a lot and put up a tent or rough board shack than pay rent. Hundreds took advantage of this opportunity a few years ago, and many lived in tents for more than a year before they were able to put up a cottage, but tents and shacks have now largely disappeared.

RESIDENCE OF DUNCAN SHEARER, EAST NINTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY AND SCHUYLER.

SEWER HELPS BIG DISTRICT

Brooklyn Benefited by Line to Cost $242,000.

The Brooklyn sewer, in the southeast section on the East Side, is the most important improvement under way in that part of the city. It will cost completed $242,000, and the laterals on every street will cost even more than the big conduit, but it is estimated that for every dollar spent two will be added to the value of the adjacent property.

The Brooklyn sewer district is a big one, embracing several thousand acres, in which at present there is no sewerage of any sort. Only costly cesspools are used in that thickly settled district. Just how soon this big sewer system will be completed cannot be told at present, but work is progressing on the different branches. It means much for this big district, which has been slow to respond to the impetus experienced in other portions of the city.

All the fills across Stephens slough are dependent on this sewer, as the water in the slough must be taken care of before these embankments can be thrown across the ravine. In some portions of the district steps are already being taken to lay laterals, so as to be ready to connect up with the main conduit. This action will save much time.

Waverly-Richmond property owners have out petitions for laterals on several streets which are to be improved. A portion of Mount Tabor will be served by the Brooklyn system, but how much is yet to be determined. As the territory covered by the Brooklyn sewer system is a large one, the cost per lot will not be heavy.

Sellwood will be provided with an independent system. The City Engineer is having plans for a general system for the Sellwood district prepared. It will embrace a considerable area. Sellwood has been growing so rapidly the past few years that sewerage is absolutely indispensable and must soon be installed.

J. Conovan Granted Year's Leave of Absence

If He Returns Within That Time He Will Be Given a Free Vacation of Ninety Days at Kelly's Butte.

J. CONOVAN, or perhaps better known as "Slobs" was awarded a leave of absence of one year from this city, by Judge Cameron in the Municipal Court Friday morning. There does not appear to be anything particularly wrong about Conovan as far as physical ability is concerned but his ideas about industry and sobriety would never result in the financial betterment of any community. However, Conovan has some good points if they may be termed such. He is generous to a fault but since about all he has is time, those rewarded somehow fail to appreciate the honor thus thrust upon them.

Conovan is also regular in his habits, so regular that those presiding at the thirst-quenching fountains can mark his visits in advance. Also being of a friendly, if not affectionate disposition he is a "good mixer" and strangers warm under his glad smile, receiving him as one among them only changing their attitude after he has feasted upon their earnings and in return for their favors given them only the pleasure of his company.

Did Conovan's pockets jingle even intermittently his welcome at the bar would not be threadbare but there also his coming has been a source of displeasure to those in charge.

When arrested by Officer Kellar, Conovan informed him that he chose his own company strengthening his statement with a fistic display and several rounds of invectives that were a revelation to the officer for said Kellar, "never have I ever heard such language."

When brought before Judge Cameron, Conovan stoutly declared he was a hard-working man but the Judge was not convinced.

"It would do you good to spend a little time at Kelly's Butte," said the Judge.

"Oh let me go anywhere but there your honor."

"Will you leave town today?" queried his municipal highness.

"Yes," said Conovan, "this afternoon."

"Very well," said the Judge, "but if you return within a year's time you'll have to break rock for 99 days."

MR. AND MRS. K. MARLOW paid a visit to the Municipal Court to answer a charge of assault and battery upon the person of their landlady, Mrs. Laura Gray.

The actions of the three in the courtroom had a noticeable effect on the Judge's decision much to the apparent disgust of the complainant.

The keeping of a rooming-house now a days is not such a troublesome business providing the rooms are occupied continually, but to be bill collector in connection with your business would wear holes in nerves of steel.

Mrs. Laura Gray seems to have been in just such a position and being naturally nervous it is small wonder that the inroads upon her stock of complaisance should materially effect the tone of her actions.

When called to the witness stand Mrs. Gray was still in the third degree of agitation and gave to the court a story that under different circumstances, including the mental condition of the witness would have brought down the judicial wrath of the court in unstinted quantities upon the offenders.

"He slapped my face and knocked me down and then slammed the door," said Mrs. Gray, her voice rising in pitch and power as she recited her wrongs.

"Did Mrs. Marlow strike you?" asked the Judge.

"Did she?" countered the ireful matron. "I should say she did, and slammed the door in my face too."

The defendants in their testimony made a much better impression upon the Judge.

"I do not think Mrs. Marlow is guilty of the charge," said the Judge. "Mr. Marlow practically admits striking Mrs. Gray, consequently the court finds him guilty. I think the actions of this woman would be enough to enrage anybody," continued the Judge—"From her conduct in this court I can plainly see she would be easy to get in trouble with.

"I'll make your fine $10, the lowest I can give you."

WARM WEATHER

EMOLLIENTS

For Preserving, Purifying and Beautifying the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands, for Sunburn, Heat Rash, Chafings, and for all the purposes of the Toilet.

Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Maruya, Ltd., Tokio; South Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; Russia, Ferrein (Apteka), Moscow; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

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ESTABLISHING BIG INDUSTRY

COLUMBIA STEEL COMPANY BUILDING NEAR LINNTON.

Plant on the Willamette Will Cost $80,000, and 150 Men Will Be Empoyed.

McNaughton, Raymond & Lawrence, architects, are preparing plans for the new plant of the Columbia Steel Company, formerly called the Columbia Engineering Works, to be erected on the 188-acre tract recently purchased on the Willamette River, near Linnton. The land has a water frontage of 900 feet. It is proposed to spend $80,000 on the new plant, and, according to the plans, five buildings will be erected. These are the pattern storage building of two stories, 50x100 feet; pattern shop, 50x80 feet; foundry, 250x116; machine shops, 60x100, and the minor buildings.

Several of the buildings will be on the water front and piles will be driven at once for these structures. It is expected that the plant will be completed by February 1, 1908. To facilitate railway shipment, two spurs will be laid connecting with the Northern Pacific.

Probably 150 skilled and unskilled laborers will be employed at the new plant, and the Linnton Realty Company is preparing to erect cottages for them. This enterprise is one of the most important undertaken for some time in Portland. With ample space, the company can expand its business almost without limit.

The new turpentine plant which has just been completed on the West Side at St. Johns is one of the most important industries that has recently been established near Portland. The building is in the form of the letter "L," one section being 70x52 and the other 72x52, and three stories high. A water tower 60 feet high has just been completed, with a capacity of 10,000 gallons.

Twenty-three storage tanks are being built, ranging in capacity from 800 to 1500 gallons, for the storing of the different products, and there are also under way five large copper stills for refining, of from 600 to 1600 gallons capacity. Old slabs and trimmings from the sawmills and stumps rich in pitch will be run through a cutter and reduced to chips. The plant is therefore a waste-saver.

Among the products will be tar, turpentine, tar oil, pitch, pitch oil, charcoal, gas, wood alcohol and calcium acetate. A spray for fruit trees is also to be produced. The company is investing more than $50,000.

Ward Sues for Price of Statue.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Announcement is made today that J. Q. A. Ward, the sculptor, has authorized his attorneys to bring suit for $35,000 for work done on a model of a statue of General Philip Sheridan, which was rejected by a Congressional committee. According to the announcement, the model on which Mr. Ward worked for a number of years, pleased artists and members of the commission who viewed it. Then Mrs. Sheridan was asked to view it, and it is alleged, following her disapproval, the model was rejected. Mr. Ward, it is stated, hopes to prove through the suit that the statue designed by him is worthy of acceptance.

RULES OF THE ROAD AT SEA

With Reference to Vessels in Foggy Weather Passing Each Other.

PORTLAND, Or., July 27.—(To the Editor.)—The author of the article entitled "Where the Responsibility Rests," evidently does not know the rules of the road. He places the blame on the company which owns the vessel. What has the company got to do with the vessel at sea? Does it tell its captain to run into boats and disregard the navigation laws? It matters very little about hugging the coast or the rate of speed at which the ships travel. All that is required of the officers of the boat is to be thoroughly acquainted with the rules, and I can say that nine out of every 10 officers are practically ignorant of the rules of the road code.

I have been to sea myself and have visited nearly every port of consequence in the world, and some of my superiors in every ship have been utterly incompetent.

Why should not Captain Doran be blamed if he was on the bridge and disregarded the signals as the San Pedro people assert he did? There is very little else to know about where the blame rests. Fog is no excuse for a mishap like that. I will say right here that there are fewer collisions in foggy weather than in clear weather, because ships are warned by fog signals long before they come close to each other, giving them a longer time to keep out of the way. All that is needed is a good ear and a little judgment.

ARTHUR B. BANNER.

Uncle Sam Wants Wagonmaker.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—A civil service examination is to be held August 28 to fill the position for wagon-maker at the Salem Indian school; salary, $720.

RISER FOR SOUVENIR PHOTOS. Northwest Scenery—Imperial Hotel.

To Male Readers of This Paper

DR. TAYLOR
The Leading Specialist

About two months ago a man came to my offices and told a story of his experiences, which is so typical of what the average patient goes through before coming to me that I wish every man could read it.

In the first place, this man was of strong and healthy appearance and he began by telling me he was never sick in bed for a single day as far back as he could remember. His symptoms were lack of ambition, vim, energy and power to concentrate his mind. He felt conscious of a state of physical imperfection which embarrassed him and made him feel unfit to enjoy society, and, as he expressed it, he was "played out all over."

Questioning him as to what he thought caused his trouble, he admitted excesses in early life, and confessed to a slight disorder contracted some five years past. By advice of well-meaning friends he tried prescriptions which helped to a certain point, but failed to go beyond that. His next step was to consult a doctor, and he sought one with a large general practice and good reputation. The doctor cheered him with the assurance that he would undertake the treatment of his case, asked him a few questions and prescribed medicine, both for local and internal use. For the first few weeks he improved so much that he discontinued his visits to the doctor to stop the drain on his purse. A little later he had a relapse which was very discouraging, especially as he felt the weakness coming on which caused pains in the back, sleeplessness and general lassitude. He sought help from a specialist for disorders like his own, but soon realized that he was in incompetent hands. The specialist, who had been in business but a short time, closed his offices and went away. Following this the sufferer was attracted by the claims of a doctor who told him that he must get next to Nature, and that Nature was sewed up just inside of his electric belts. It cost about $100 to find out that electricity would not help a bit.

When All Others Failed

In a very skeptical and hopeless frame of mind this man came to me. I examined him in a manner that he admitted he was never examined before. I found the exact cause of the whole trouble, explained it fully to him, together with my plan of treatment, and guaranteed him a perfect and permanent cure, and offered to let him **PAY WHEN CURED.** Last week he said he felt as good, sound and healthy, as strong in vigor as he ever had in his life.

I proved to this man that the whole secret of my success in curing **WEAKNESS, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, LOSSES, CONTRACTED DISEASES, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON** was knowing definitely what treatment was indicated and how to give it. There is no mystery about my methods or my medicines. My knowledge of Men's Ailments is superior because I have devoted all my time for the last twenty years to this one branch of human machinery.

Consultation Free

To men whose years are being lived in physical imperfection as a result of dissipation, whose lives are less than full and perfect lives and who yearn to be the men that nature meant them to be, I extend an earnest and sympathetic offer of consultation and advice. My experience among men and in treating men's diseases places me in position to be helpful to you. In consulting me you will be asked no foolish and embarrassing questions. All information given you will have a direct and vital bearing. If your symptoms are of no consequence I will tell you so. If treatment is needed I will tell you its cost, and the time that will in all probability be required to effect a complete cure. If I feel any doubt as to my ability to cure you, I will not take your case at all. I will not urge my services upon you. If you see fit to place your case in my care, every promise I make shall be fulfilled. If you do not, you will be welcome to the information and suggestions given, and will be invited to call for further consultation absolutely free at any time.

Those finding it inconvenient or impossible to call in person are at liberty to write a full and complete description of their symptoms and their letters will receive my prompt and careful attention. All consultation strictly confidential.

THE DR. TAYLOR CO.

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S.S.S. CURES CHRONIC ULCERS

Whenever a sore or ulcer refuses to heal it is because the blood is infected with poisonous germs or some old blood taint which corrupts and pollutes the circulation. Nothing is more trying than a non-healing, chronic old ulcer. The very fact that it resists all external applications, and ordinary treatments, is good reason for alarm, for the same germ which produces cancerous ulcers is back of every old sore, and especially is this true if the trouble be from any inherited taint. Surface treatment cannot reach the trouble—the blood is at fault and must be purified before a cure can be hoped for. In S. S. S. will be found a remedy for sores and ulcers of every kind. It is a perfect blood purifier—one that goes directly into the circulation and promptly cleanses it of all impurities, poisons and taints. The ulcer can never heal while the blood discharges into it the noxious matter with which it is infected, but when S. S. S. has rid the blood of this cause and freshened and built up the circulation the sore will heal naturally, and of its own accord. S. S. S. begins at the bottom and heals the place as it should be healed and makes a permanent and lasting cure. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any special medical advice desired will be sent free to all who write.

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CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISONS

Are the most loathsome of all diseases, and, unless cured, are transmitted to helpless offspring or communicated to innocent friends.

Our New Method treatment removes every taint and trace of poison from the system without dangerous drugs and makes the blood as pure and rich as nature designed it.

We believe we can show by actual proofs more cured cases of blood poison than any other physician or specialist in the West.

VARICOCELE

Causes nervous waste and exhaustion and the early loss of mental and physical powers, leading to business and social failure and domestic misery.

Our treatment is painless and accomplishes a cure without cutting or other dangerous operation or detention from business. We cure in one treatment of a few minutes never to return.

STRICTURE

Is a partial or complete closure of the canal, the symptoms of which are familiar to every sufferer. Our treatment for this condition allays all irritation and removes all obstructions and restores the canal to its natural condition for all time without torturous cutting or loss of time.

MANLY WEAKNESS

Despondency, drains, losses, worry, nervousness, bad dreams, haggard and dejected countenance, dull and expressionless eye, pimples or blotches on the face, bashfulness, aversion to society and desire for solitude betray this condition, which leads to consumption, paralysis and insanity.

No matter how often you have been deceived or disappointed by mercenary doctors, if you come to us in confidence and follow our directions we will positively cure you if your case is curable.

SECRET DISEASES

If neglected or improperly treated cause obstructions, bladder and other troubles. We check all irritation in a few hours and radically cure in a few days, with no harmful effects.

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY

Troubles are among the most dangerous diseases which afflict mankind. We remove the cause as well as the symptoms and effect a permanent cure.

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