

HURLED PLUMB-BOB AT PRESIDENT'S CAR

An Iron Plumb-Bob Crashes Through Window of His Special Coach.

JUST MISSES MAJOR HAYES

Officials of Train Think Wanton Boy Did Deed—Secret Service Will Trace Perpetrator.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Some unknown person hurled a heavy iron plumb-bob through a window of one of the cars on President Roosevelt's special train to-night on the run from Princeton to Washington. The missile, which was thrown with terrific force, crashed through the double stained glass window in a window of the combination car between the feet of Major Webb Hayes, a son of the late Secretary R. E. Hayes, who was a guest of the President on the trip to the Army and Navy football game.

Fragments of broken glass fell on Major Hayes, who was sitting with his back to the window, but did not injure him in any way. Major Hayes stooped and picked up the iron missile which so narrowly had missed his head, and then re-examined the window. The frame of the window was broken where the plumb-bob had struck it, so great was the force with which it had been hurled.

The train at that time, about 7:30 o'clock, was running at a comparatively slow rate. The weather was heavy and the dense fog rendered it almost impossible for the engineer to see a train length ahead of him. Broad street, in North Philadelphia, had just been crossed and the train was in the vicinity of Oxford street, when the crash of glass around the occupants of the car. The car was the first on the train, and it might have been mistaken for a private car. That, however, was at the rear of the train.

It was remarked also that Major Hayes, from a profile, strongly resembles the President, and that, sitting by the window, in the position he occupied in reading, he might have been mistaken for the President.

Didn't Throw at President. Doubt was expressed by officials of the Pennsylvania railroad on the train whether the missile was intended to be hurled at the President. They say that several times recently stones have been thrown at trains almost nightly in Philadelphia, and on one occasion a man sitting at one of the windows of a car was severely cut by broken glass, when a heavy stone crashed through the window.

The implement thrown at the train to-night was a most unusual one to be in the hands of a boy who might, in a spirit of devilry, throw a stone at a train. It was of cast iron and weighs about three pounds. Had it struck Major Hayes on the head, as it certainly would if it had passed through the window as he was sitting, he would have been injured very seriously, if not killed.

The President knew nothing of the incident for some time after it occurred. He has no comment upon it, passing it off as the wanton act of some irresponsible person. As a measure of precaution, the curtains at the windows are awaiting the incident spread among the passengers on the train.

Secret Service Will Investigate. The secret service officers, who accompanied the President, took charge of the missile, and effort will be made through the Philadelphia police to apprehend the person who threw it. A report of the incident was made by the train officials to the officials of the Pennsylvania railroad, and an assurance was given that effort would be made by the railroad to apprehend the person guilty of the act.

Hurting this untoward incident the trip of the President from Princeton to Washington was not out of the ordinary. The special train bearing the President, Mrs. Roosevelt, Secretary Root, Secretary Taft, and other members of the President's party, did not leave Princeton until 6:28 P. M. The passengers all were on board the train at least half an hour before that time, but the railroad officers did not want to take chances of starting the special train until the track to Princeton Junction was absolutely clear. This caused a long delay, as the train and special trains about the station and yards at Princeton was greater than ever before known.

The train to Washington was not made in the best possible manner, according to the dense fog which prevailed during a considerable part of the journey. The President's carriage was awaiting him at the station and he and Mrs. Roosevelt were driven directly to the White House.

President Pleased With Game. The President was immensely pleased with the Army and Navy football game. He would give no direct expression for his opinion, but he not only enjoyed the game as an exhibition of scientific football, but was gratified that there was so little of unnecessary roughness in it.

Dr. Williams T. Reid, Jr., the head coach of the Harvard football squad, was a spectator of today's game at Princeton. He has made an engagement to visit the President's special White House next Monday to discuss the football situation in the light of developments of the season just closed. The President is anxious to have the game as an American college sport if it can be done, but he is convinced that it will be necessary to modify it so as to absolutely eliminate unnecessary danger and to prevent slugging.

Police Kept in the Dark. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Up to a late hour tonight neither the police nor the detective department has been notified that a missile had been thrown through a car window on the President's special. An investigation of the occurrence has begun. It is being conducted by the Pennsylvania officials.

HEYBURN WANTS PURE DRUGS. Prepares Bill to Insure Unadulterated Foods, Medicines and Liquors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Federal control of foods, drugs and liquors for the purpose of securing their purity is provided for in a comprehensive bill to be introduced in the Senate at an early date by Senator Heyburn, of Idaho. Jurisdiction of the Government over these articles is declared in the measure when they become articles of interstate or foreign commerce, and a penalty of a maximum fine of \$20 and one year's imprisonment is provided for violators of the regulations set forth.

It is made unlawful to sell or manufacture any article of food, drugs, medicine or liquor which is adulterated or misbranded, or which contains any poison or deleterious substance. Its terms prohibit the introduction into the United States of any goods, from a foreign country of foods, drugs and liquors which are not pure or are misbranded.

To ascertain the purity of foods, drugs and liquors, both of foreign and domestic manufacture, jurisdiction is given to the Secretary of the Treasury, Agriculture and Commerce and Labor, to prescribe uniform rules for the examination of foods, drugs and liquors, such examination to be made by the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture.

The measure defines what shall constitute misbranding and adulteration in the article over which it assumes jurisdiction.

SHOULD BE LESS IN RANK. General Corbin Tells Why He Declined to Be Chief.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Explanation of the reason for the declination of General Corbin to be chief of the Staff of the Army is contained in a letter written by him and handed to Secretary Taft during his recent visit to the Philippine Islands. In his letter, General Corbin says that he deems it a very great honor and a personal satisfaction to serve as Chief of Staff, but he suggests that the duties of that office should be performed by an officer of less rank than the senior general officer, whose period of office shall extend at least to the end of the administration by which he has been appointed. As to himself, he asks that he be given some command commensurate with the rank of Lieutenant-General, and recommends that the office of Chief be reserved for officers having had long service.

SLATE IS AWARDED

Republican Members Appoint House Officers.

"UNCLE JOE" THE SPEAKER

Noted Legislator Outlines Policy in Strong Speech—Session Should Be Short—Williams Defines Policy for Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Republican members of the 58th Congress met in caucus today in the hall of the House of Representatives and renominated all of the elective officers of the House who served during the last session. William P. Hepburn was again chosen chairman of the caucus. The principal feature of the evening was the speech of Joseph G. Cannon, who was for a second time unanimously elected Speaker. The nomination of Mr. Cannon and his speech of acceptance created hearty enthusiasm among the Republican members, and his remarks were generally approved. In accepting the nomination Mr. Cannon said in part:

"It would be a bold man or party that would do anything by legislation to threaten that would tend to destroy or check the progress of the people in the universal and successful achievement in all branches of industry in the country. I wish with full power it is our duty to see to it that by wise appropriation the vast revenues gathered from a willing people are applied to the purpose of making the same efficient, avoiding parsimony on the one hand and extravagance on the other."

"Since 1861, when our party came into power, the history of the Republican party has been substantially the history of the country. Our population has more than doubled, and our wealth has been multiplied by four. States have been admitted to the Union; we have today almost one-half of the world's railways; the product of our labor more than equals the product of labor in all the civilized world; by invention and enterprise, aided by the use of our great natural resources, we have surpassed the nations of the world in the production of goods and services. Our Republic, since the day of our independence, has not only maintained its position in the world, but has become a power in the world. This is the measure of the success of our people, business and commerce of our people."

Must Not Restrain Trade. The changes in the methods of production and commerce, involving as they do the extraordinary use of combined capital, emphasize the necessity for preventing agreements in restraint of trade among the states and with foreign nations. The congress, within the limits of its jurisdiction under the constitution has heretofore enacted legislation to carry out these objects. In the fullness of time it may be, under the law as it now is and by the operation of competitive forces, that matters of difference between the states and with foreign nations, and the people they serve, would be adjusted in justice to all.

The consensus of opinion of the people, however, is that Congress has the power, by amendment to the law to provide better remedies for real abuses existing so that the producer and consumer can find a more speedy and less expensive remedy than they now have. In this opinion, I, for one, concur. The burden is upon Congress, and our party, having power, is primarily responsible. Let us go forward, and let it be our duty to see that legislation is wise in the premises, just to the corporations, the carrier and to the people. We cannot oppress one by force, or unjustly burden one by taxation, or unjustly burden one by the operation of the competitive forces, for after all our very civilization is based upon the individual living in the sweat of his face, bustling to promote his own interest. We may regulate commerce among the states and with foreign nations, but we are not to destroy that competitive force. We are not to destroy that force. A word in conclusion. Our large majority in the House, if we give attention to business, will enable us to do our work and avoid a long session. This is certainly desirable. The responsibility is upon us. From time to time, in the settlement of public affairs, there should be the fullest consultation, and when necessary we should meet in caucus for conference and action. I thank you."

Officers Are Renominated. The officers of the House were renominated as follows: Clerk, Alexander McTear; Sergeant at Arms, Charles A. Hays; House Librarian, William C. Clegg; Postmaster, Joseph C. McGowan; Chaplain, Rev. Henry N. O'Connell; Michigan, John C. Bricker; The rules of the 58th Congress, including the standing orders for the consideration of pension and claim bills on Friday, were ordered continued during the 58th Congress. Any resolution adopted, requiring the signature of 50 members to call a caucus.

Representative J. A. Tawney, of Minnesota, was elected whip for the Republican side. John T. Clancy, who has for many years been a special employe of the House, was continued in the office of the House. There was a discussion concerning seats, the suggestion being made that the large Republican majority entitled the party to occupy the first block on the Republican side. This aisle has usually been the party dividing line, but in the 58th Congress the Democrats overtook into the first block on the Republican side, and in the 58th Congress the Republicans occupied seats on the Democratic side. The matter was finally left with the Speaker, and it is expected that he and Mr. Williams, the minority leader, will reach an amicable agreement.

Williams Is Chosen Leader. House Democrats Hear Him Expound Principles.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—For two hours today the Democratic members of the House discussed party policies and procedure with a view to solidifying the minority and acting harmoniously upon all matters of a party character that may come before the House. This discussion followed the nomination of officers to be voted for on Monday next and was precipitated by a variety of resolutions on these subjects. John Sharp Williams was unanimously chosen as the nominee for Speaker, and this action makes him the minority leader for the ensuing Congress to succeed himself.

After he had been chosen, Mr. Williams addressed the caucus on matters of policy and the importance of a virile minority. He spoke for nearly an hour, and vigorously repudiated the idea alleged to have been put forth by Republicans that the Democratic party was a do-nothing party. He referred to the long period that the Democratic party was in power, and declared very emphatically that the record of that long trust compared very favorably with that of any party in charge of any government at any time.

Rate Law Democratic Idea. Mr. Williams said that the Democratic party favored free trade for the Philippine Islands. It did not believe that the Democratic party could do anything for the Government, but it did believe that they should have all the benefits accruing under the American flag as long as that flag floated over them.

Concerning the predominant question of railroad-rate legislation, he declared that such regulation was in accord with the general Democratic principle of special privileges to none and equal opportunity to all. He congratulated the country on the fact that the President and his followers had accepted this Democratic idea and declared that, without the aid of the President, the Democratic party could do nothing at this time in the way of rate legislation, while on the other hand the President and his followers could do nothing without the aid of the Democratic party.

Mr. Williams then spoke with great emphasis about the prevalence of graft in the Government service, which, he said, had lifted its head in the diplomatic service in Venezuela, in the public land service in the Postoffice and Agricultural Departments and elsewhere. In these circles graft had become worse than in politics. He said that the Democratic party had a breeding place somewhere, and Mr. Williams declared that the principle of protectionism was the breeding place.

Graft and Its Origin. "It is not a far cry," declared Mr. Williams, "from the position of the man who thinks that the law should be fixed so as to put money into his pockets to the position of the man who wants city franchises fixed so as to put money into his pocket, and it is not a far reach from these to the insurance director who, acting as a trustee, controls trust funds so as to make money out of them for himself."

Mr. Williams said there were a lot of temporary issues to be righted, and that the abiding issue of the tariff will remain so until it is settled right. He added that the only right way to settle it was by directing business from the Government, as business men seeking legislation were often a source of political corruption.

Plea for Party Harmony. Mr. Williams then ridiculed the idea that there were any such things as "conservative Democrats" and "radical Democrats." "Democrats are conservatives," he said, "whenever they come to conserve things American, equitable, equal and just, and they are radical whenever they come to tearing up by the roots abuses and the exploitation of the masses by the chartered interests. Democrats may be both conservative and radical, or they may be neither. It all depends upon the particular question to be submitted to them for their judgment, but they are Democrats."

Weak Lungs Bronchitis. For over sixty years doctors have endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs, colds, weak lungs, bronchitis, consumption, cured hard cases, despondent cases, old cases. You can trust a medicine the best doctors approve. Ask your doctor about it.

For a great deal of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds on the chest. It has always done me great good. It is certainly a most wonderful cough medicine.—MICHAEL J. FITZGERALD, Medford, N. J.

Fairbanks Will Feast Roosevelt. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Vice-President and Mrs. Fairbanks have issued invitations to a dinner in honor of President and Mrs. Roosevelt on December 22. The same hosts will also entertain small dinner parties on Monday, December 18, and Tuesday, December 19, at their new home on Farragut street.

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It is expected that an official announcement will be made next week after Secretary Bonaparte has had opportunity to read the records and reviews.

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LIQUID SUNSHINE

The Wonder of the Medical Age

INDORSED, APPROVED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE LEADING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS THROUGHOUT AMERICA AND EUROPE

The Remedy of Today—Now Curing Chronic and Rebellious Diseases Heretofore Pronounced Incurable—Is the New and Successful Treatment at the X-Radium Medical Institute and Sanitarium, the Largest and Most Complete Private Institute in the Northwest. As a Tonic, Stimulator and Invigorator It Has No Equal and Stands Alone in Progressive Medicine and Surgery.

The X-Radium Medical Institute is indorsed, patronized and the only institute recognized by the medical profession and hospital clinics throughout the Pacific Northwest for the treatment and cure of CANCER, TUMORS, ERYSIPELAS, ECZEMA AND ALL SKIN DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, STOMACH, LIVER, BLOOD POISONING, RHEUMATISM, PARALYSIS, FEMALE TROUBLES, CATARRH, ULCERS, LUMPS, DEAFNESS, ASTHMA, LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA, NERVOUS DISORDERS, RUPTURE, PILES, FISTULA, RECTAL DISEASES, BLADDER, KIDNEY AND KINDRED DISORDERS.

No Mistakes Are Made in Diagnosing Your Case, and drugging you for months without knowing what ails you. Liquid Sunshine Rays look clear through your body and at once locate the cause.

American, German, French and Scandinavian Specialists in attendance. Consultation free; treatment within the reach of all. Correspondence solicited. Strictly confidential. Send for symptom blank covering our home treatment.

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Catarrh Invites Consumption. It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice. Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs.

Read the testimonials. No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

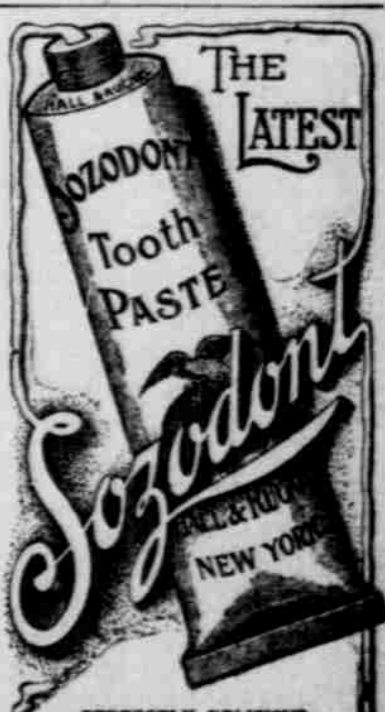
"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla I resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SARRAPILLA, 1000 8th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keep the promise.

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SEVEN FREE: "Alice Reveals Wonderful" an amusing and attractive little story for the children.

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