

WILSON SPEECHES SCORED IN SENATE

Contempt Shown for Law, Says Sherman.

SOME "IMPEACHED FOR LESS"

Unauthorized Conference of Labor Raises Wrath.

RESERVATIONS ARE FOUGHT

McCumber Introduces Milder Set; Previous Changes Declared Invitation to War.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—President Wilson's addresses to the country in support of the treaty and the league of nations evoked prompt and spirited replies today from the senate floor.

Senators Borah, Mahan, and Sherman, Illinois, republicans, assailed statements by the president at Indianapolis and Columbus. On the other hand Senator McCumber, republican, North Dakota, attacked the treaty reservations adopted yesterday by the foreign relations committee and presented six substitute reservations regarded as expressing views of republican senators favoring reservations of "mild" type.

Referring to the president's statement at Indianapolis that under the league "we can mind other people's business," Senator Borah criticized American military operations in Russia, declaring such to be "a usurpation of power" without authority under the constitution and for the purpose of aiding Japan's Siberian policy.

"Contemptuous," Says Sherman.

Senator Sherman resented the president's assertion in Columbus that the international labor conference authorized under the peace treaty would be held here next month regardless of whether the senate had ratified the treaty by that time. The president's attitude showed a "contemptuous disregard" of law, he said, adding that officials had been impeached for lesser breaches.

"Next month," said the senator, "we are notified the president proposes to assemble in this country representatives of various countries under the labor articles of a treaty unratified by our country. It is his declared purpose to convene on American soil a meeting of alien governments with our people regardless of whether the treaty has become the law of this republic or not.

"The president has already played with firebrands sufficiently to have informed him of the danger. He has yoked himself up with resolutions now frequently made to know he cannot check their mad race to the goal of lawlessness.

Radicals to Be Invited.

"His open declaration that he proposes to convene on American soil radicals as well as others from foreign governments is a proclamation of lawlessness and contemptuous disregard of the United States government. Again we have one who declared 'I am the state.' Have the American people elect electing presidents and begun to elect kings?"

In presenting his proposed substitute resolution of ratification Senator McCumber spoke briefly. In lieu of the committee reservation to article 10 of the league covenant, he proposed a reservation merely declaring that specific action be required from congress to make territorial guarantees effective and that failure of congress to act as proposed by article 19 should not be considered a violation of the covenant. The committee's reservation, he said, would be far worse than an amendment striking out article 10 and "invites and encourages war."

Only Phrasing Changed.

Other substitute reservations proposed by Mr. McCumber would in the main change only the phrasing of the committee reservations. Withdrawal from the league and action on domestic questions. Two additional reservations presented by him provide for return of Shantung province by Japan to China upon adoption of the treaty and for limitation of voting power of British colonies in the league of nations with the mother country. The latter two provisions were covered by the committee as amendments instead of reservations.

The Foreign Relations Committee Closed Its Hearings Today on the Treaty by Receiving Protests from Italian-American Interest Against Issue to Italy of Fiume. Witnesses Declared President Wilson had "blue-penciled" the award of Fiume to Italy, that British interests for economic reasons had sought to create a breach between the United States and Italy, and that a new proposal from Paris for compromising the Italian territorial dispute now was before the president for approval.

Compromise Believed Near.

President Wilson, in a letter presented in the senate late today by Chairman Lodge of the foreign relations committee, submitted further information regarding the Rhine territorial agreement. The memorandum enclosed by the president defines the respective jurisdiction of military forces occupying the Rhine district and the inter-allied high civilian commission.

Presentation of Senator McCumber's Proposed Substitute Reservations Today

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CAMP LEWIS MAY GET HUN-CHASING CANNON

FAMOUS PIECES THAT SPOKE AT SEDAN EXPECTED.

"Deutsch Cleanser," "Wilson's Answer" and "Kaiser's Mystery" Among Guns 31st May Bring.

CAMP LEWIS, Wash., Sept. 5.—(Special.)—The long-range high-powered cannon "Deutsch Cleanser," "Wilson's Answer" and "Kaiser's Mystery," cannon that were pounding the Hun last November near Sedan, soon will be lumbering behind powerful tractors across the drill fields at Camp Lewis if the 31st artillery brigade, now at the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., brings these weapons to its new station.

Word has just been received from San Francisco that this organization is under orders and awaiting the word to proceed here to form part of this garrison. The 31st brigade now has a strength of about 100 officers and 400 enlisted men, but when at full strength would have about 210 officers and 2750 all other ranks.

The guns now at the Presidio of San Francisco are of the 155-millimeter type, of French manufacture. Twenty-four of these cannon recently arrived at the Presidio. They include several which bear the symbolic device of the 5th division, a red diamond. Some of these show the effects of enemy shell-fire. They are painted with characteristic names.

YANK CAPTURES 263 HUNS

Sergeant "Bill" Donnelly, With Six, Takes Boche Officers, Men.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—One lieutenant-colonel, 12 other officers and 250 snipers of the German army cried "Kamerad" to Sergeant "Bill" Donnelly, a member of company B, 18th infantry, during the second battle of the Marne, and thereby placed Sergeant "Bill" up in the class with Sergeant Alvin York of Palmyra, Tenn., champion hero of the world war; it was announced here today.

Donnelly, according to his official record, with a squad of six men "surrounded" a chateau in which German snipers were at work, drove them to their "bomb proof," and then loudly called for grenades with which to blow them up.

The result was that all surrendered, fled out and marched back to the first division lines under Donnelly's able direction.

DRY ENFORCEMENT PASSED

Measure Goes to Conference From Senate; Brewers Watching.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The prohibition enforcement bill was passed by the senate today without a record vote and virtually in the form it came from committee. The measure now goes to conference for discussion of amendments inserted in the house bill by the senate.

2-HEADED SNAKE WANTED

Offers Received by Owner From Many Places, but All Refused.

PASCO, Wash., Sept. 5.—(Special.)—A number of offers have been received for the two-headed snake which was found two weeks ago on the house lawn, several offers being made from Spokane, but none of the offers has been accepted.

INCOME TAX LAWS BROADER

Citizens Going Abroad Must File Compliance Certificates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—The requirements of the internal revenue law charged with having had reasonable dealings with the Germans and of having betrayed Edith Cavell to them, was today convicted and condemned to death.

FRENCH TRAITOR MUST DIE

Quien, Betrayer of Edith Cavell to Germans, Sentenced.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—Georges Gaston Quien, on trial before a court-martial charged with having had reasonable dealings with the Germans and of having betrayed Edith Cavell to them, was today convicted and condemned to death.

BELGIUM KEEPS HER COAL

Embargo on Export Announced, to Safeguard Industries.

ANTWERP, Thursday, Sept. 4.—M. Jaspars, minister of economics, announced today that exportations of coal from Belgium had been strictly prohibited.

PEACE PACT'S FOES CALLED QUITTERS

'See Game Through,' Says Wilson at St. Louis.

ISOLATION POLICY IS SCORED

Loss in "Playing Lone Hand," Asserts President.

LEAGUE NOT ONE FOR WAR

Arbitration and Boycott Features of Covenant Described; This Nation Senior Partner.

COLISEUM, St. Louis, Sept. 5.—In two addresses here today President Wilson discussed at length disputed points of the peace treaty and invited those who oppose it to prove whether they "are not absolutely contemptible quitters if they do not see the game through."

The Shantung provision the president defended as the only solution possible by which China can be assisted in her effort to regain control of Shantung province. Analyzing article 10 of the league covenant, he said the league council could only advise and could not do that without concurrence of the American members. The right of revolution, he asserted, was scrupulously preserved.

Kansas City Next Stop.

President Wilson left here at 11 o'clock tonight for Kansas City, where he will speak tomorrow. As the train pulled out the president was seen operating a typewriter.

The president's first address here was at the chamber of commerce luncheon, after he had been cheered along the route of a seven-mile automobile ride through the streets. At night he spoke in the coliseum, where in 1916 he was renominated for the presidency.

After the midday address, President and Mrs. Wilson went for an automobile ride and stopped at Washington university to visit several members of the faculty, who were school chums of the executive. Returning, the executive was driven through the residential section of the city. He and Mrs. Wilson had supper privately.

Cheering Lasts Four Minutes.

The coliseum was packed, and when the president arrived the crowd arose and cheered for more than four minutes. Thousands of small American flags had been distributed and the audience waved them wildly while they cheered.

Mrs. Wilson was on the platform. During the day many bouquets were sent to her and tonight she presented them all to a local hospital.

After the evening speech, the president (Continued on Page 3, Column 1.)

PERSHING WELCOME WILL COST \$100,000

NEW YORK DECLARES HOLIDAY FOR BIG PARADE.

Procession Five Hours Long Will Celebrate Homecoming; Famous Gun to Be Displayed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Funds were provided by the board of admirers today to insure a reception worthy of the city for General Pershing and the famous First division. The last of the troops came home on transports which arrived today, and the commander-in-chief will return on the Leviathan, which is due early Monday morning.

Not only did the admirers appropriate \$100,000 to pay the welcoming expenses, but they declared next Wednesday, when the division will parade with Pershing at its head, a holiday in all city departments. Most of the \$100,000 will be used in the construction on Fifth avenue, along Central park, of a grandstand which will seat 30,000 persons.

General Pershing will lead the parade on his charger, "Kidron," which he rode in the Paris and London reviews. Immediately behind him will ride his personal color-bearer carrying the general's four-starred flag on a red field. Next in line will come the general's staff followed by the composite regiment which has formed his guard of honor in the European victory parades. Major-General McGlachlin will lead the First division. The procession is expected to take five or six hours to pass a given point.

The famous French "75" gun with which the division artillery fired its first shot at the Germans, arrived today and together with the divisional colors will be placed on exhibition.

Boyhood and Mexican border friends of General Pershing are flocking to this city to take part in his welcome. The mayor of El Paso, Texas, and 25 business men of that city are due here tomorrow, together with a party from Cheyenne, Wyo., the home of the general's wife, who lost her life in a fire at the Presidio, San Francisco.

SALT LAKE MAN NAMED

S. Abbott Maginnis Nominated as Minister to Bolivia.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—S. Abbott Maginnis of Salt Lake City, Utah, was nominated today by President Wilson to be minister to Bolivia.

BOY, 14, LOST IN WOODS

Parties Search Two Days, but Find No Trace of Allegary Lad.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Sept. 5.—(Special.)—The 14-year-old son of L. L. Smead of Allegary has been lost for the last two days in the woods near there.

He went hunting with a companion who returned, saying the Smead boy was following. The lad failed to reach his home. Searching parties are scouring the woods daily, but have found no trace of the youth.

DISQUE UNCOVERS SPRUCE PROFITEERS

General Tells of Effort to Make Big Profits.

ACHIEVEMENTS ARE MENTIONED

Logging Roads Routed After Experts Give Advice.

BIG PRODUCTION CITED

Clashes at Times Take Place Between General and Investigators Who Call Him to Time.

The turn in the tide of testimony came for Brigadier-General Brice P. Disque, former head of the spruce production corporation, when he was cross-examined yesterday by Representative Clarence F. Lea, democratic member of the congressional committee of inquiry, relative to his administration of affairs in the division and in the widespread activities of spruce logging and milling throughout Washington and Oregon.

There were verbal battles, charges and counter-charges, in the forenoon session, when Chairman James A. Frear relinquished the inquiry and left the hearing, but the afternoon session flowed smoothly in the development of General Disque's testimony concerning expenditures and decisions made during his tenure of command.

Engineers Advised Railroads.

Summarizing the points which General Disque presented to the committee, shorn of the mass of detail which enveloped them, the following definite statements were made in refutation of the testimony of many other witnesses and of the charges that the spruce administration was one of waste, extravagance and incompetence:

That the Yaquina bay government spruce railroads, north and south from the entrance, were constructed upon the advice of competent engineers and practical lumbermen.

That efforts to have the north line run directly north from Toledo were inspired by the desire of Toledo citizens to advance the interests of their community, and that the territory that would have been tapped held little spruce.

That certain Puget sound lumbermen, who asked for a contract to log in Lincoln county, presented a proposal that would have netted them \$270 daily per side (donkey engine unit), or several times the eventual cost under spruce production corporation logging.

That figures of production, under the cost-plus contract system, showed a marked increase in production, reaching one-third of the total airplane stock (Continued on Page 8, Column 1.)

BARUCH IS EXPECTED TO SUCCEED REDFIELD

CLOSE FRIEND WITH WILSON UNTIL SPECIAL PULLS OUT.

Connection With Peace Conference Regarded as Qualification for Secretary of Commerce.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 5.—Persistent rumors here tonight are that Bernard R. Baruch, special friend of the president, former head of the war industries board and financial adviser to the American peace delegation in Paris, is to succeed William C. Redfield as secretary of commerce.

Baruch was in the president's company up to the time that the presidential special pulled out of the union station Wednesday night and, second only to Colonel House, is closer to Mr. Wilson's thoughts than any other man. During the time that the big five were sitting in Paris it is said that Mr. Baruch was hardly out of sight of the president at any time.

It is said in his favor that his connection with the peace conference and his long stay in Paris makes him the logical man for Mr. Redfield's place. Because of the new after-war responsibilities of his charting trade in all parts of the world for the American business man, his appointment, it is believed, would be popular in business circles.

Baruch first came into prominence when he cleaned up \$425,000 in the New York stock market in a single day in December, 1916, by selling short the morning of the day that one of President Wilson's celebrated notes to Germany was to be published.

This transaction was one of the several that led to the historic leak investigation. It was then revealed that Mr. Baruch had for some time been a member of Mr. Wilson's "kitchen cabinet," which included Harry A. Garfield, James McComick, Herbert Hoover, Joseph E. Davies and Edward N. Hurley, late of the shipping board.

SPOKANE BREAD 10 CENTS

Price Is Dropped After Recommendation of Committee.

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 5.—Retail prices of a pound loaf of bread dropped to 10 cents in nearly all stores of the city today, following recommendations of the Spokane county fair price committee.

The price had been 11 cents and the committee's recommendation that the price be lowered one-half cent by wholesalers led to the reduction in the retail price.

THEATER STRIKE TO SPREAD

Stagehands Are Ordered Out of 169 Shubert Playhouses.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—A strike of stagehands in 169 theaters throughout the country where Shubert productions are being offered has been ordered by the International Alliance of Stage Employes and Moving Picture Operators of the United States and Canada, it was announced here tonight.

GUARANTY FOR BELGIUM

Security Pledged by America and Britain, Report.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Evening Standard says it learns that Belgium's security in the future is to be guaranteed against German aggression by Great Britain and the United States.

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ANCHORS OF FLEET DROP AT PORTLAND

Birmingham Leads War Vessels Up River.

CITY TURNED OVER TO "GOBS"

Uniform to Be Pass for Men to Theaters and Dances.

WELCOME IS DELAYED

Failure of Telegraph Company to Deliver Message Telling of Hour of Arrival Spoils Plans.

HOW AND WHEN TO VISIT WAR VESSELS.

Visiting hours on the U. S. S. Birmingham and the six destroyers which will remain in Portland harbor until Wednesday morning are: 10 A. M. to 12 M.; 1 P. M. to 5 P. M. each day. Rear-Admiral Wiley yesterday issued an invitation to the people of Portland to visit any or all of the seven vessels at any time within these hours.

Small boats carrying persons to and from the warships will ply from the municipal pier at the foot of Stark street. Private launches will take parties to the vessels for a nominal charge, and the navy gasoline boats will take civilians free of charge when doing so does not interfere with the carrying of sailors back and forth.

Led by the flagship Birmingham, a veteran cruiser of 31 months' service in foreign waters, the squadron of six torpedo boat destroyers, steamed into the Willamette river late yesterday for a five-day visit. The entrance of the squadron was without auspicious ceremony, the reception committee having received notice of the hour of arrival too late to send an official boat to meet and escort the seven ships into the city.

The entry of the squadron was in the midst of a downpour of rain, thus giving the crews a true demonstration of the famous "Oregon mist" which many of them said they had been told a great deal about.

Admiral Wiley in Command.

The squadron includes the flagship Birmingham, carrying Rear-Admiral A. A. Wiley, in command, and torpedo boat destroyers Ward, Thatcher, Boggs, Crosby, Palmer and Walker. The Birmingham was the first to drop anchor directly below the Broadway bridge on the east side of the river, the anchor chains having been slipped at exactly 1:46 o'clock P. M. The destroyers were placed in line on the west side of the river, dropping anchors immediately after the flagship had been made fast. The trip up the Columbia river was without incident, officers advised.

Plans had been formulated for the assemblage of the reception committee at 3 o'clock, early advices having given the hour of arrival of the squadron at 4 o'clock. Failure of the telegraph company to deliver a message, sent from Astoria by Captain Speler early Friday morning before 12:25 o'clock, in Mayor Baker's office muddled all pre-arranged plans.

Committee Pays Respects.

Effort made by the mayor to assemble the committee in time to send a boat to the mouth of the river failed, and as a result the committee waited until 3 o'clock, met at the Stark street boat landing, and embarked on the large steam launch Wisdom and traveled to the Birmingham where they paid respects to Admiral Wiley and other officers.

All the vessels proudly wore service chevrons upon their smoke stacks, indicating the overseas work in which they had been engaged.

The Birmingham, flagship, which led the way into Portland harbor yesterday, is a scout cruiser of 4500 tons with a crew of 500 officers and men. It conveyed the first American troops to France, in June, 1917, acting as flagship of the first division.

The six destroyers are sister ships, each of 1200 tons, with a speed of 35 knots an hour and carrying four-inch guns. The complement of each ship is 120 officers and men. The vessels were all constructed after the war began, but got into the game in time to perform valuable convoy and subsurface service.

"We are more than glad to come to Portland," said Admiral Wiley yesterday. "I am sure that all the officers and men were happy when they found that they were to have five days in your city. Many friends here whom they will enjoy visiting."

Bar Offers No Trouble.

Regarding the trip across the bar and up the Columbia river the admiral said that no difficulty whatever had been encountered. The trip up the river was made at a speed of 17 knots in spite of the rain and mist. The run from California, where Admiral Wiley joined the fleet from the east, was made at an average speed of 15 knots through a rolling sea. No difficulty was experienced in crossing the bar, where ample depth of water was found.

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