

COAL IS \$80 A TON IN FRANCE

# Morning Oregonian

KEEP THE HUT FIRES BURNING

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 18,091.

PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## GOMPERS, MOYER DENOUNCE I. W. W.

### Bolshevism in America Repudiated by Labor.

### RUSSIA'S WOES RECALLED

### Americans Champion Law and Order at Laredo Meeting.

### GUILT OF HAYWOOD TOLD

### Former Associate Declares "Big Bill" False to Federation That Once Aided Him.

### LAREDO, Nov. 15.—The I. W. W. in the United States is just exactly what the Bolsheviks is in Russia and we have seen what they have done to the working people in Russia, where the people have no security, no peace, no bread and no hope.

This statement was made by Samuel Gompers today in an address to the Pan-American labor conference in this city. Another highly interesting feature of the session was the denunciation of William D. Haywood by Charles H. Moyer, a former associate of the I. W. W. chief.

The attack by the two American labor leaders on the I. W. W. was precipitated by an attempt of Mexican delegates to have adopted a resolution limiting at the release from prison of industrial workers of the World.

### Moyer Leads Opposition.

The opposition to the Mexican resolution, offered as a result of I. W. W. influence in Mexico, was led by Moyer, who, as president of the Western Federation of Miners several years ago, had as secretary of that organization William D. Haywood, now secretary and treasurer of the I. W. W., who is serving sentence under the espionage act.

### Moyer Dramatic Figure.

Moyer, who is now president of the Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, had previously taken no part in the conference proceedings. He arose to answer a statement by a Mexican delegate that the I. W. W. had advised many Mexican workmen that the American Federation of Labor sought the Haywood organization merely because the two organizations were seeking the same end by different means.

Moyer, who with Haywood had been charged with the murder of Governor Tompkins, of Idaho, presented a dramatic figure when he arose. "My name is Moyer," he said. "Remember that name and go back to Mexico and tell them what I say. Twelve years ago Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone were on trial for their lives and, although we were not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, that organization contributed the funds which enabled us to prove our innocence and saved our lives.

### Haywood False to Friends.

"Pettibone died and on his deathbed gave thanks to the American Federation of Labor for the help it had given him. Moyer lived and served and tried to be true to the organization to which he owes his life. He is now paying part of the debt he owes them.

"Haywood was false. He started at once an organization to undermine his benefactors and to injure his country." The resolution which brought out debate was amended to provide that the executive council of the American Federation of Labor should investigate any report of men in prison improperly and take what action the members saw fit. The resolution as adopted reads: "That an agreement be reached as to the best way for finding honorable means to exert influence so that justice and protection will be imparted to those working men who, for various reasons, are deprived of their liberty in the jails of the United States."

### Release of Prisoners Sought.

Mr. Gompers started the debate by demanding the exact meaning of the resolution. He was answered by Perez Ruiz, delegate from Torreón, who conceded that the influence of the I. W. W. had made itself widely felt in Mexico, and that the resolution had been introduced as the opening wedge to obtain the release of the I. W. W. prisoners now confined in the Leavenworth prison.

The arguments presented by various Mexican speakers included the contention that the I. W. W. and the American Federation were rival organizations, animated by jealousy, that the American union had planned to put into jail all working men who did not belong to it and finally ended with the conviction of the men in the should forgive the convicted men their past offenses and obtain their release.

Mr. Gompers related to the delegates the part organized labor has played in aiding the people of Mexico in years past, including its protests which

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 2.)

## OREGON SOLDIERS MAY BE FIRST TO RETURN

### PLANS FOR RELEASING BOYS OVERSEAS UNDER WAY.

#### Secretary of War Baker Unable to Say Whether Soldiers Will Return for Christmas.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The War Department has made no definite plans for the return of the American expeditionary forces to the United States, it was learned tonight, and it is not regarded as likely that the movement except of sick and wounded, will start soon.

Asked specifically if any of the men could be expected home by Christmas, Secretary Baker said he did not know, adding that no estimates of the time required had been made.

General Pershing, it is understood, has been considering the question of getting the Army back home, but it is said that many factors in his plans have not yet been decided. Among these is the question of what proportion of the guard duty in Europe the American forces will assume.

Mr. Baker has previously indicated that the fundamental desire of the War Department in mustering out the Army would be to release first those men who had been longest in France and the first in action. In that event it is to be expected that the first and second (regular) divisions and the Twenty-sixth (New England), Forty-second (Rainbow), and Forty-first (Sunset) National Guard divisions would be the first to be sent home.

Included in the Sunset division when it left the United States for France were the 152d Infantry, previously known as the Third Oregon regiment, and Batteries A and B.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—Secretary of War Baker has stamped with his approval the suggestion that returning troops from Europe be landed at ports nearest their home ports. The plan as proposed is to have the transports bringing them back directed to proceed to those ports from which the soldiers may at once proceed to their respective homes without being obliged to move in relays.

## PHONE OPERATORS ARE OUT

### Twin Cities Service Badly Crippled as Result of Strike.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 15.—Telephone service in the Twin Cities, with the exception of the automatics, was badly tied up tonight as the result of a strike of operators of the Tri-State Telephone & Telegraph Company in St. Paul, and the Northwestern (Bell) Telephone Company in Minneapolis. Business in general was seriously handicapped in both cities during the day.

Postmaster-General Burleson tonight telegraphed the companies to proceed at once to hire operators to take the place of the strikers, who are given 24 hours to return to work or be barred from further employment with the companies.

The girls demand a 40 per cent increase in wages, which the companies contend they cannot pay without increasing telephone rates.

## PROVINCES TO BE HONORED

### Paris to Hold Big Celebration for Alsace and Lorraine.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Next Sunday a great manifestation will be held in honor of Alsace and Lorraine, which promises to be the most important Paris has seen for many years. For the procession more than 200,000 participants have inscribed their names.

Six French bands and one American military band and the Royal Horse Guards' Band will accompany the procession.

Two thousand pigeons will carry President Poincaré's address to all parts of France.

## THIS LIZARD OVERGROWN

### Reptile Sixteen Feet Long Seen in Borneo by Scientist.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Distinguished ichthyologists and herpetologists met here today to hear about the largest lizard ever discovered. The enormous reptile was found in the wilds of Borneo by H. C. Raven, of the American Museum of Natural History.

This lizard, officially described as a "fresh-eating monitor," was larger than any reptile of its species ever before encountered, measuring 16 feet from nose to tail.

## HONOR FALLS TO WILSON

### President Will Be Invited to Lay Cornerstone in France.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—(British Wireless.)—President Wilson will be invited to lay the cornerstone of the proposed monument at the mouth of the Gironde River commemorating the help given to France by the United States in the war.

A national fund for the purpose has been started and now amounts to 300,000 francs.

## POLITICAL SKIES IN GERMANY CLEARING

### Socialists Seem to Have Grip on Situation.

### RED GUARDS WILL DISBAND

### Fighting in Berlin Results in Hundred Fatalities.

### SOLDIERS PLUNDER TOWNS

### "Flying Division" of Army Deserters Formed at Bremen for Purposes of Pillage.

(By the Associated Press.) COPENHAGEN, Nov. 15.—All reports reaching here from Germany are of a more hopeful tone.

A good impression has been made by the Socialist government's pronouncement concerning the constituent assembly. The Vorwarts declares the pronouncement "makes the constituent assembly a certainty."

The Hamburg Fremdenblatt reports a large part of the members of the Soldiers' Councils at Berlin have removed red badges from their sleeves. Not all danger for democracy has passed, the correspondent adds, but he says the government can rely on the soldiers, who are the "real holders of power."

At a meeting of soldiers, the withdrawal of the order for the formation of a civilian red guard was demanded. One Socialist speaker who said: "But, comrades, you are Socialists," was answered with the shout: "We are soldiers."

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The Berlin Soldiers' and Workers' Council has decided to dissolve the Red Guards, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

### Red Guard Leader Dismissed.

Captain von Herzfeld, the leader of the Red Guards, has been dismissed for making revolutionary plans.

German army deserters who formed a "flying division," at Bremen are plundering German towns, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

Thirty-six were arrested in Berlin and three of them were immediately shot. A score of the others were sentenced to death by a court-martial.

Some of the marauders were driven out of the Hanover Railway station on Thursday. A number of them were captured and will be shot.

About 100 persons were killed in the fighting in Berlin which marked the overthrow of the imperial government, according to a report from Berlin received in Copenhagen and forwarded by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The dead were buried in the Friedrichstrasse church yard. More than 100 men, mostly German

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

## BOLSHEVISM IS SAID TO MENACE AMERICA

### SERIOUS CONDITION IN THIS COUNTRY PREDICTED.

#### Representative of Secretary Baker Asks Lutherans to Help Fight the Propaganda.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Bolshevism entered into the discussions of the Lutheran delegates here today, who incorporated the United Lutheran Church in America.

The delegates were urged by Captain Eugene L. Swan, representing Secretary of War Baker, to aid in combating the Bolshevik propaganda in this country.

"There is a very serious condition abroad that is coming over here," said Captain Swan. "There is a spirit of unrest about which we are very much worried."

"You all know that here in Fifth avenue the other day some people started to march up the avenue carrying red flags and that they were attacked in the streets by men in uniform, soldiers and sailors."

"The Bolshevik propaganda is spreading like wildfire in many undreamed-of places and by people that you would think would adopt a spirit of honor."

## NEWSPAPER BOMB TARGET

### Attempt Is Made to Wreck Plant of Youngstown Telegram.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 15.—Bombers attempted to wreck the offices of the Youngstown Telegram shortly before midnight Thursday. A bomb placed just outside the pressroom exploded, breaking windows and crushing doors and otherwise damaging the building.

The Telegram has been strongly pro-Bolshevik.

## BAVARIAN KING MISSING

### Ludwig III Disappears, According to Dispatch From Munich.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—(British wireless service.)—The whereabouts of Ludwig, III, former King of Bavaria, is unknown, according to a dispatch from Munich.

The Frankfurt Gazette announces that the Bavarian government has adopted an eight-hour working day in all state departments.

## MRS. WILSON NAMES SHIP

### "Atlantis" Is Title Given First Concrete Vessel.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, has given the name "Atlantis" to the first concrete ship built for the United States Shipping Board, the Emergency Fleet Corporation announced today.

The vessel will be launched at Brunswick, Ga., next Thursday.

## MINNESOTA TO STAY WET

### Official Count Shows Dry Amendment Failed by 756 Votes.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 15.—Minnesota will remain "wet."

Complete official returns announced tonight by Secretary of State Julius A. Schmal showed that the proposed amendment to the state constitution failed by 756 votes at the general election November 5.

(Concluded on Page 3, Column 1.)

## PEACE CONFERENCE TO BE HASTENED

### Menace of Revolution in Europe Recognized.

### RELIEF MEASURES URGENT

### Lansing, House, Brandeis and Root May Be Delegates.

### WILSON LIKELY TO ATTEND

### American Airmen Land at Cologne, Armistice Terms Censored in Enemy Publications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Developments in Europe, not only military but in international politics, and the tendency of the revolutionary spirit manifested by the demoralized civilian population of the central empires to spread to neighboring states, have influenced the allied and American governments to arrange for the meeting at an early date of the great peace congress.

The Atlantic cables were burdened today with Government business believed to have been made up for the most part of exchanges between Washington and Paris, where the inter-allied council is endeavoring to reach an agreement as to the time and place for holding the conference, the conditions under which it shall be held and the nations that shall be admitted to participation.

New States Born Daily. Consideration of this last question will probably occupy much time, for almost every day witnesses the birth of a new state.

There has been a disposition to delay the holding of a peace conference until the political situation in Europe had somewhat crystallized, but it was understood today that other considerations finally led to a decision by the associated governments to proceed to assemble the conference at the earliest date that can be set, having regard to the difficulty of insuring the attendance of commissions or delegates at Versailles, which seems most likely to be selected as the place of the meeting.

Economic Relief Necessary. One reason suggested for the change of decision is the necessity of restoring the channels of trade and industry in the late enemy states so as to afford employment to labor and thereby relieve the threat of Bolshevism and anarchy.

Another is the general desire now expressed by all of the allied governments to relieve the civilian populations of the central powers from the danger of famine. It is recognized that this relief work can best be carried on after formal peace treaties have been negotiated.

There also has been some apprehension that delay in the consummation of

(Concluded on Page 3, Column 1.)

## HUNS MUST PAY FOR ATROCITIES AT LILLE

### FRENCH INDICT BOCHES RESPONSIBLE FOR CRIMES.

#### Following Verdict of Commission, Criminals Will Be Punished if Ever They Are Discovered.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—(British Wireless Service.)—As a result of investigations made in Lille and the region of the department of the north, very precise charges have been made out against German officers guilty of giving orders or of having themselves committed shocking crimes.

In the presence of evidence that has been revealed by a commission of inquiry, the Under-Secretary of State at the Ministry of Justice has ordered that criminal proceedings be instituted at once against the German officers in question. They will be tried by court-martial in their absence if the allies are unable to secure their arrest, but whatever sentences may be passed will remain valid.

## MINIMUM WAGE INCREASED

### Washington Commission Rules That \$13.20 Is Necessary.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Nov. 15.—(Special.)—The Washington State Industrial Welfare Commission has set the minimum rate per week for women in this state at \$13.20, this amount being deemed necessary for the cost of living and to maintain them in health and comfort.

Women will be prohibited from the following occupations: Working on the railroad section; certain work in ship-building plants; certain work in lumber mills; certain work in hotels, such as bellhops; certain work with molten metal, all underground work, all work in shooting galleries, penny arcades and the like.

Women doing equal work with men are to receive equal pay as men.

## TELEGRAPH MERGER DUE

### Postal and Western Union Consolidation Assured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Investigation of the feasibility of consolidating Western Union and Postal Telegraph facilities, begun by a special committee when the Government assumed wire control last Summer, has been practically completed.

Orders providing for the consolidating in a number of cities over the country probably will be issued shortly.

## WOUNDED VETS RETURN

### Four Hundred Americans Are Home From France.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Major-General Beaumont B. Buck and Brigadier-General John G. Barrett and 400 veterans, many of them wounded, arrived this morning from France.

When the ship steamed past the Statue of Liberty at dawn the men lined the rail and cheered themselves hoarse.

## PUBLISHER RESIGNS PLACE

### Emil L. Scholz, of New York Evening Post, May Enter Army.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Emil L. Scholz, publisher of the New York Evening Post, announced today his resignation, effective at once.

His application last month for a commission in the Army has been approved, but whether he will enter the service depends, he said, on the peacetime plans of the War Department.

## INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

- The Weather.
- YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 22 degrees; minimum, 46 degrees.
- TODAY'S—Rain; westerly winds.
- War.
- Official casualty list, Page 9.
- Foreign.
- Political situation in Germany improves, Page 1.
- United States peace delegates said to have been chosen, Page 1.
- Revolution in Holland threatened, Page 2.
- Huns must pay for atrocities at Lille, Page 1.
- American editors spend day with King and Queen at Sandringham, Page 4.
- National.
- Senators clash over League of Nations, Page 2.
- American expeditionary forces to be brought home speedily, Page 2.
- Domestic.
- Bolshevism said to menace United States, Page 1.
- I. W. W. declared by Gompers to be America's Bolsheviks, Page 1.
- Oregon soldiers may be first to return, Page 1.
- Sports.
- Camp Lewis and Multnomah teams meet here today, Page 5.
- University and O. A. C. teams clash today on gridiron, Page 5.
- Pacific Northwest.
- Suit for injunction against telephone company promised, Page 5.
- Cos Bay Jetty wrecked by storm, Page 2.
- Commercial and Marine.
- Oregon hops advance to quarter mark, Page 17.
- Food shortage in Europe has bullish effect on corn, Page 17.
- Steel stocks strong features of Wall-street market, Page 17.
- New steamer ready for endurance trip, Page 17.
- Portland and Vicinity.
- Ex-Governor West is recalled to stand, Page 7.
- Portland schools to reopen Monday, Page 13.
- United war work crusaders will stick until quota is in, Page 1.
- Bright future is seen in lumber industry, Page 18.
- Multnomah plans for road campaign, Page 6.
- Influenza deaths lowest on record, Page 6.
- Portland women say allies will deal justly with Hunns, Page 4.
- Multnomah Guard ordered to vacate Armory, Colonel Campbell says, Page 12.
- Weather report, data and forecast, Page 14.

