JURY COMPLETE FOR THAW TRIAL

Five Jurors Secured on Last Day After Many Challenges.

DEFENDANT WELL PLEASED

Mrs. Thaw Says "They Are Much Nicer" Than Last Jury—Defense Will Rely Solely on Insanity Plea.

SECOND JURY TO TRY THAW.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The Thaw jury, complete, is as follows:

1—Charles F. Gremmels, ship broker, foreman.
2—Arthur R. Nasthing, employing baker.
3—George W. Cary, dry goods merchant.
4—George C. Rupprecht, salesman.
5—John H. Holbert, mineral water merchant.
6—David E. Arrowsmith, manager.
7—William F. Doolittle, auditor's clerk.
8—William H. McHugh, clerk.
9—Frank J. Howell, manufacturer.
10—William Burck, assistant secretary Y. M. C. A.
11—Francis Dovale, real estate dealer.
12—James A. Hooper, meat and provision dealer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The second jury to try Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White was completed late today and on Monday morning the prosecution will present its direct case against the defendant. Five jurors in all were accepted and sworn at the morning and afternoon sessions held today. As a whole, the jury is made up of a most intelligent body of men, most of whom are at middle age or over.

When the panel had finally been completed, after many vexatious delays and after the exercise of 23 peremptory challenges by the defense and 20 by the people, Thaw announced that he was entirely satisfied, and, in fact, well pleased with the twelve men chosen. Young Mrs. Thaw, who has watched the selection of the jurors with the keenest interest, also declared that she was well satisfied.

Much Nicer Than Last Jury.

"They are much nicer than the men selected last year," she said, as the court adjourned, and Thaw exclaimed that he echoed his wife's sentiments.

The new jurors selected today were Messrs. McHugh, Howell, Burck, Dovale and Hooper. The last two seats in the jury box were especially hard to fill, and a number of talesmen were passed temporarily into the places, only to be excused in a few minutes by challenges from both defense and prosecution.

Judge Dowling announced today that, beginning with Monday, the court hours will be from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. and from 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.

Trial Begins Monday.

Assistant District Attorney Francis P. Garvan will make the opening statement for the prosecution, as he did at the first trial. He will not consume more than ten minutes, and it is said that the state's direct witnesses will not occupy more than two hours. The defense will open Monday afternoon, Martin W. Littleton, Thaw's new chief counsel, making the opening statement.

Mr. Littleton has made very plain during all the time he has been examining prospective jurors that the defense will be based entirely on a plea of insanity at the time of the shooting, and it is not likely that there will be any such plea of justification as was made by Mr. Delmas in his summing up the first trial.

A report that Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the defendant, is dangerously ill at her home in Pittsburg reached the Courthouse today, and was promptly denied by Thaw himself, who stated that the last word received from his home late yesterday was that his mother was much better.

Cut in Alienists' Bills.

The Controller has cut the bill of Dr. Austin Flint $292.50 and that of Dr. Carlos McDonald $255 for services as alienists for the prosecution at the first trial, they having charged an hour and a half at $15 an hour for time consumed in going from their homes to court, when the trip could be made in half the time. Dr. Flint charged $100 a day for testifying and $15 an hour for all other services. His total bill was $3315.

TAFT ANSWERS QUESTIONS

(Continued from First Page.)

volleyed at the Secretary, who answered them with facility and great good humor, which reflected itself in the attitude of his audience. One questioner wanted to know if workingmen were ready to work so hard for private individuals, why they would not be ready to work as hard for the Government under Federal ownership. The Secretary replied without hesitation:

"Because human nature is not built along that line. It is not possible to carry on governments the same as a business, by individuals working for private gain. You cannot change the motive of enlightened selfishness into altruism."

Mr. Taft indicated clearly that he did not think the time had come for an income tax law. He was accorded another ovation when he finished, and many in the audience flocked to the platform to shake him by the hand. Mr. Taft said in his address:

True Cause of Panic.

We are suffering now from a panic. It was brought on, in my judgment, by the exhaustion of free capital the world over, by the lack of an elastic system of currency and also by a lack of confidence in our business fabric produced in Europe through the revelations in certain great corporations of business dishonesty, corruption and unlawfulness. It had been necessary for us to purify some of our business methods; but the purification cannot stop the panic. It will doubtless make another in the far future less likely. Meantime, all must suffer, both the innocent and guilty, and the innocent more than the guilty. Certainly the laborer who is thrown out of his employment by the hard times is innocent and suffers more than the capitalist, whether innocent or guilty, who has money to live on meantime until prosperity shall be restored.

Arbitrate Labor Troubles.

Discussing the difficulties in peaceful adjustment of controversies between capital and labor, Mr. Taft commended the work of such organizations as the Civic Federation in seeking to bring together capitalists and labor leaders, and expressed the hope that by reason of this friendly contact between employers and labor leaders labor unions may be induced to assist the cause of honest industry, to improve the "sobriety, industry, skill and fidelity to the employers' interests in the employe."

On the subject of arbitration Mr. Taft argued for the adjustment of labor difficulties by submission to an impartial tribunal and agreement to abide its judgment, and in this connection commended the "Massachusetts plan." This method, he declared, had practically been adopted by President Roosevelt and had shown substantial and practical results. That is a provision of law by which an impartial tribunal shall investigate all the conditions surrounding the dispute, take sworn evidence, draft a conclusion in respect to the merits of the issue and publish it to the world.

Rights of Labor.

On the question of the legal right of the labor union to strike, Mr. Taft said:

Men have the right to leave the employ of their employer in a body in order to impose on him as great an inconvenience as possible to induce him to come to their terms. They have the right in their labor unions to delegate to their leaders the power to say when to strike. They have the right in advance to accumulate by contributions from all members of the labor unions a fund which shall enable them to live during the pending strike. They have the right to use persuasion with all other laborers who are invited to take their places, in order to convince them of the advantage to labor of united action. It is the business of courts and of the police to respect these rights with the same degree of care that they respect the right of owners of capital to the protection of their property and business.

He added, however, that "a resort to violence, or other form of lawlessness, on behalf of a labor union, properly merits and receives the sharpest condemnation from the public, and is quite likely to lose the cause of labor its support in the particular controversy."

The "abuse of capital combinations"—industrial and railroad—were discussed at length, and the relation of wage-earners thereto pointed out.

Mr. Taft said:

The maintenance of such unlawful monopolies is for the purpose of keeping up the price of the necessities of life, and this necessarily reduces the purchasing power of the wages that wage-earners receive. This is a serious detriment to them and a real reason why they should condemn such corporation abuses and sympathize with the effort to stamp the out. It is not that they should sympathize with an effort to destroy such great corporate enterprises, because they employ enormous numbers of wage-earners and lawfully and normally increase the capital from which the wage fund is drawn, but they should and do vigorously sustain the policy of the Government in bringing these great corporations within the law and requiring them to conduct their business in accordance with the statutes of the country.

Capital's Crimes Against Labor.

In rare instances corporate managers have entered into a course of violence to maintain their side of a labor controversy. They have justified it on the ground that they were simply fighting fire with fire, and that if the labor union proceeded to use dynamite, they would use dynamite in return. I cannot too strongly condemn this course of argument. No amount of lawlessness on the part of labor strikers will justify lawlessness on the part of the employers. Such a course means a recurrence of civil war and anarchy.

A second abuse which employers are sometimes guilty of is what technically is known as "blacklisting." This is unlawful and should be condemned.

Mr. Taft condemned the "abuses of labor," such as violence, intimidation and the boycott, and pointed out the legal remedies by which a person may be protected against the illegal acts of combinations of capital and combinations of labor. "In cases of unlawful combinations of capital, as well as of such combinations of labor," he said, "the method in equity by securing an injunction seems to be preferred by those who are about to be injured."

He defended the injunction against the criticism that it places in the hands of Judges legislative, judicial and executive powers, and declared that "prevention is better than cure." He granted the contention that the injunction had been abused in labor disputes, and favored amendment of the law to provide that no temporary restraining order should issue until after notice and hearing; also requiring a different Judge in contempt proceedings from the Judge issuing the injunction." He said, in closing:

"There is a class of capitalists who look upon labor unions as per se vicious, and a class of radical labor unionists who look upon capital as labor's natural enemy. I believe, however, that the great majority of each class are gradually becoming more conciliatory in their attitude, the one toward the other. Between them is a larger class, neither capitalist nor labor unionist, who are without prejudices, and I hope I am one of those. The effects of the panic are not over. We must expect industrial depression. This may be fruitful of labor controversies. I earnestly hope that a more conservative and conciliatory attitude on both sides may avoid the destructive struggles of the past."

BOYCOTT ORDER STANDS

Judge Gould Refuses to Change Order on Labor Federation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Justice Gould, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, today overruled a motion made by the American Federation of Labor to amend the court's order in the case of the Buck Stove & Range Company, of St. Louis, in which the court recently temporarily enjoined the federation from placing the company on a boycott and unfair list in the federation publications. The motion of the federation contended that the order was erroneous because it was made to run until the final decree in the case instead of until the further order of the court, because it may be construed to enjoin the defendants from uniting to agree to patronize plaintiff's products; or construed to prevent the defendants and their associates from saying to others that they had united and combined not to patronize such products; or construed to enjoin their announcing that they had combined not to deal with others who should deal with the company. The motion also contended that the order abridges freedom of speech of all the defendants and freedom of press, "which is protected by the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States." The court decided that it would not alter the order in any way.

RETURN TWO INDICTMENTS

Deposit Bank Official Located and Will Be Extradited.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—The grand jury late this afternoon returned two indictments against J. D. Robertson, former assistant secretary of the insolvent California Safe Deposit & Trust Company, who has been missing since a few days before the collapse of the bank, last November. Robertson is said to be in Nova Scotia and Assistant District Attorney William Hoff Cook stated tonight that he had been located and would be extradited.

Both indictments charge Robertson with falsifying the books of the bank.

Cut in Steamship Rates.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The Hamburg-American Steamship Line announced today that the second cabin rate for all rooms on all its steamers between this port and Hamburg, until May 1, except on the steamer Deutschland, had been brought down to $35.

WARMS UP IN OHIO

Fight Causes Rival Conventions at Cleveland.

FOR CONTROL OF COUNTY

Foraker Faction Calls Convention for Today, While Taft Faction Demands Direct Primary—A Third Faction Enters Field.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 10.—A call was issued today by the Foraker-Dick faction of the Republican party in this (Cuyahoga) county for a convention Saturday afternoon, at which it is stated an executive or controlling committee of the party will be chosen. Earlier in the day the leaders of the Taft faction filed a request with the board of elections that a primary be held to select 63 delegates to the state convention.

The Foraker-Dick faction leaders allege that the present county executive committee, composed of Taft adherents, is without power to act because it was chosen for one year and has served two years without re-election.

Each faction desires to control the executive committee because the executive committee alone has power to call a primary election for the selection of delegates to the state convention.

The so-called regular committee, in its call filed with the County Board of Elections, asks for primaries to be held February 11 to select delegates to the state convention. The followers of Senator Foraker, holding the belief that the present committee is working exclusively in the interests of Secretary Taft and is arranging matters so that the voters will have no choice in the matter, filed a protest. It will be the duty of the Board of Elections to determine which of the two committees is official and which call is to be indorsed.

The situation was further complicated tonight by a hurried convention of still another element, which chose a committee and a list of delegates instructed to act in behalf of President Roosevelt. The claims of this committee will also have to be taken into consideration by the Board of Elections.

While tomorrow's convention is expected to be a Foraker affair, the Taft followers have sent out word to their workers to be on hand and take a part in the work. As a result the Foraker followers appealed to the police this afternoon and asked for protection against the Taft workers, who, they allege, may force an entrance and attempt to manipulate the convention.

LEAGUE DECLARES FOR TAFT

California Roosevelt Men Say He Is for Roosevelt Policies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the League of Lincoln-Roosevelt Republican clubs of California, held here today, W. H. Taft was indorsed for President. The resolution reads that "The League believes Mr. Taft to be the candidate most closely identified with the policies of President Roosevelt." The committee favors instructing the California delegation to the National Republican Convention to vote for Taft and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

Taft Indorsed Again.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10.—The fifth Ohio Republican Congressional Committee today indorsed the candidacy of William H. Taft for President.

WORK ON THE MOFFAT ROAD

Company Organized to Finish Construction to Salt Lake City.

DENVER, Jan. 10.—Speedy completion of the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railroad (the Moffat road) is said to be assured by an agreement reached today between David H. Moffat and the Denver Steamboat Construction Company, which has been incorporated here, with a capital stock of $1,500,000. The directors of the company are:

Colonel D. C. Dodge, Henry M. Porter, Lawrence C. Phipps, Thomas F. Walsh, John F. Campion, Charles Boettcher, Charles J. Hughes, Jr., William Byrd Page and Samuel M. Perry. The officers of the company are: D. C. Dodge, president; Thomas F. Walsh, vice-president; John F. Campion, treasurer, and Samuel M. Perry, secretary.

The company was organized to construct railroads and to acquire and own securities. The immediate purpose of its organization was to build the Moffat road from its present terminus at Harmony, through the extensive coal fields of the Oak Hill district, in Routt County, to Steamboat Springs, a distance of 68 miles. The contract for this work has been executed between the new company and the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railroad Company.

Before the filing of the articles of incorporation of the Denver Steamboat Construction Company, the directors had each subscribed important amounts to its capital stock and subscriptions of other prominent men had also been secured, and a sufficient amount of money was thus provided to insure the completion of the railroad. Acting together with Mr. Moffat, the Denver & Utah men who have now joined him in the enterprise, it is claimed, are financially able to construct the railroad through to Salt Lake City without applying to any Eastern capitalists for funds or to any other railroad organization for assistance.

This new Denver railroad enterprise will open to development and settlement a vast region of great fertility and mineral wealth in Northwestern Colorado and Northeastern Utah now without any railroad communication and practically unsettled, and, it is believed, will bring a tremendous increase in trade and growth to Denver.

Railroad Slaughter in Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 10.—The New Jersey Railway Commissioners in their report to the Governor state that from July 29 to December 1, last year, 108 persons were killed and 198 injured by the railroads in New Jersey. Railroad companies are blamed for the long fatality list. Unguarded grade crossings are said to have been responsible for many of the accidents.

Order Appointing Receiver Filed.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 10.—A supplemental bill of complaint has been brought in the United States Circuit Court here asking for the appointment of a receiver of the Chicago & Great Western Railway by J. A. Humbird and other creditors. The order of Judge Sanborn appointing A. B. Stickney and C. H. F. Smith as receivers was also filed.

Frank Gotch to Retire.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 10.—Frank Gotch, champion wrestler of America, announced today that he had made up his mind to retire at the end of this year. The height of his ambition has been to meet Hackenschmidt, and now that this seems likely to be realized, he says he is ready to quit.

Whenever there's a rainy day you can be sure there's some special inducement at our store for the economical purchaser.

Today 40 varieties of Raincoats—regular $15 and $18 ones—special $11.85.

If you come wet, you can go home dry.

LION CLOTHING CO
Gus Kuhn Prop'
166-168 THIRD STREET

HARNEY'S VAST AREAS

Road Supervisor McKenzie Works a District 20 Miles in Length.

BURNS, Or., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—It is doubtful if any man in the United States has a larger road district to oversee than A. McKenzie, of this county, who has just been appointed by the Harney County Commissioners. McKenzie's district reaches 20 miles south of this city to the Nevada line. J. T. Barnes and E. Olsen have been appointed supervisors for the two other road districts in the county. R. J. McKinnon has been reappointed county stock inspector.

The Harney County Commissioners' Court has been in session the past week with a large amount of business left over on account of the long period of holidays.

The finances of the county were found in excellent condition at the close of business on December 31, with no county debt and the following balances in the several funds:

County general fund	$1,672.27
Library	126.73
County school	581.61
High school	18.04
Road	2,990.35
Road District No. 1	100.56
Road District No. 2	44.58
Road District No. 3	13.48
City of Burns	269.30
Migratory stock fund	71.40
Institute fund	7.00
Building fund	.69
School districts	458.15
Total	$6,363.96

The total tax levy for the current year has been fixed at 25 mills on the dollar valuation, divided as follows: State tax, 7.95 mills; county, 8 mills; state school, 5 mills; library, .05 mill; road, 1 mill; high school, 2 mills, and building, 1 mill.

DEAD OF THE NORTHWEST

Henry Coply, Whitman Pioneer.

COLFAX, Wash., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Henry Coply, a well known pioneer of Whitman County, died at Kettle Falls, Wash., January 7, of dropsy, aged 71. Mr. Coply came to Colfax from West Salem, O., in 1877, locating on a homestead south of Colfax. He leaves three sons and two daughters.

TACOMA'S RECORD BABY

Woman of 113 Pounds Gives Birth to 14-Pound Girl.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—From the tips of her tiny pink toes to the top of her head, Marjorie Adelaide Bishop, now five days old, enjoys the distinction of being one of the largest babies born in Tacoma, weighing 14 pounds at birth and being 22½ inches tall with a chest measure of 13 inches. Mrs. P. H. Bishop, mother of the child, is but 5 feet 4 inches tall and weighs but 113 pounds. Doctors say it is very unusual for a child to weigh as much as 14 pounds at birth.

Geer Becomes an Elk.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Ex-Governor T. T. Geer was last night initiated into the local order of Elks. The prominence of the candidate made the event one of more than ordinary interest. Scores of Elks turned out to see the fun and to partake of the clam bake following.

Krebs Bros. Win Suit.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Krebs Bros today won their damage suit for over $6000 against T. A. Livesley & Co., growing out of refusal of the latter to accept and pay for a quantity of hops covered by contract.

POSING AS PHILANTHROPIST

Leopold Says He Wants No Personal Profit From Congo.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 10.—The government has made its reply to the report of the Congo Commission. It declares that the King does not desire any personal profit from the donations reserved under the treaty, and sets forth various philanthropic methods in which the revenue of the Congo Independent State is to be expended. The reply says that if the treaty is not ratified the King will resume his former status in the state.

Northwestern People in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Portland—A. M. Crawford, at the St. Denis; Miss A. Scanlan, at the Prince George; J. A. Daugherty, Miss A. Kinney, at the Holland; J. L. Henderson, at the Belmont.

From Seattle—G. E. Youle, at the Plaza; Mr. and Mrs. Nicol, at the Churchill.

H. B. LITT
Three Fifty One Washington St.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats

For Rain, Street Wear, Traveling, Automobiling

Usually Sold from $25.00 to $40.00

At $11.00 Each

We Don't Claim

The Cheapest Line of Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases in the City,

But We Do Claim

To carry the Largest Stock of Medium and Better Quality Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases in the Northwest.

We Are Manufacturers

And supply vast quantities all along the Coast. This enables us to carry all the latest styles and designs in stock, where our salesmen are always glad to show goods and give prices. You are always welcome

THE PORTLAND TRUNK MANUFACTURING CO.

54 Third Street, Corner Pine — Send for Catalogue — 107 Sixth Street, Near Stark

VANGUARD HAS ARRIVED

PANTHER AND YANKTON REACH RIO DE JANEIRO.

Brazil Will Make Great Show of Hospitality to Entertain Visiting Vessels of the Fleet.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 10.—The supply-ship Panther and the tender Yankton, belonging to the auxiliary division of the United States Atlantic fleet, which is making a cruise to the Pacific Coast, arrived here today from Port of Spain, Trinidad.

The official and final arrangement for the entertainment of officers of the American battleship fleet, under Rear-Admiral Evans, which is due here tomorrow, was made known today. It has been approved by Irving B. Dudley, the American Ambassador, and is as follows:

January 12—Officers of the fleet will visit the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Baron De Rio Branco.

January 13—Visit to Dr. Penna, President of the Republic, at Petropolis; in the evening a banquet at the American Embassy, at Petropolis.

January 14—Breakfast given by the Minister of Marine, Admiral Alencar, on Mount Corcovado.

January 15—Breakfast given by the President of the Republic, at Petropolis, and a garden party at the American Embassy.

January 16—Fete by the American Colony, at Fluminenz Park.

January 17—Picnic given by the Minister of Marine, in the Botanical Gardens.

January 18.—Banquet given by the Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Monroe Pavilion.

January 19—Picnic given by the Brazilian Navy, at Tijuca Park.

On January 20, there will probably be a reception on board some of the American battleships.

The fleet is scheduled to leave January 23.

North Carolina Under Speed.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 10.—The cruiser North Carolina, which returned to Newport News shipyard today, failed to make the required 22 knots per hour. The best record made was an average of 21.98 knots for four hours under forced draft.

Torpedo-Boats at Pernambuco.

PERNAMBUCO, Jan. 10.—The torpedo-boat flotilla arrived here today from Para. Seven days were consumed on the trip. A delay of two days was occasioned by the boilers of the Stewart becoming salted. Everybody is well. The flotilla leaves here January 13 for Rio Janeiro. Admiral Evans' fleet is scheduled to arrive there about January 12, and leave January 21.

Silver Service for Nebraska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—The battleship Nebraska arrived here yesterday from San Diego to await the coming of the Governor of Nebraska, who is coming here to present, on behalf of that state, a magnificent silver service to the ship which bears its name.

DRIVES OUT GENERAL KEIM

Prince Henry Objects to Politics in German Navy League.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—An official communication sets forth that Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, and who represents His Majesty as patron of the Navy League, has decided to retire from his position in the event of Major-General Keim's continuing as managing director of the League.

This decision would appear to be a result of a recent lengthy conference between Emperor William and Prince Ruprecht of Bavaria, during which the Prince explained that his retirement from the Bavarian branch of the League was due to the fact that Major-General Keim had made use of the resources of the association for political purposes. The attitude taken by the Emperor undoubtedly will result in forcing Major-General Keim to resign.

It is largely due to the efforts of Major-General Keim that the Navy League has been brought to its present powerful position, with more than a million members.

Suicide Because of Financial Trouble

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—Adam I. Heunisch, vice-president of the Illinois Pacific Glass Company, at Fifteenth and Folsom streets, was found dead today at his home, 401 Baker street, with gas flowing from an open jet in his room and an empty bottle that had contained carbolic acid beside him. Worry over financial difficulties is supposed to have caused him to commit suicide.

Stay of Proceedings Granted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—In the case of the application of George W. Austin for an injunction to restrain the Secretary of the Treasury from alloting the issue of Panama Canal bonds to National banks instead of to individuals, the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia today ordered a stay of proceedings until next week, when a decision will be announced not later than Friday. This action was taken on request of counsel for complainant.

PERSONAL MENTION.

John A. Shackelford, an attorney of Tacoma, is a recent arrival at the Portland.

Dr. Byron W. Griffin and son Howard are registered at the Perkins, from Seattle.

Julian Kutnow, of the firm of New York chemists of that name, arrived yesterday and is registered at the Portland.

The poultry show on the East Side attracted Oscar Vanderbilt from his apple orchards at Hood River. He arrived at the Portland yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. Vanderbilt.

Colonel J. E. Caren, a veteran theatrical man and one of the most interesting members of the profession, is in the city in the interests of Lee Willard, who will appear here shortly in a new play.

Mrs. Alexander Baillie and Miss Baillie arrived at the Portland yesterday for a short stay in this city. Mr. Baillie is a member of the firm of Balfour, Guthrie & Co., with headquarters at Tacoma.

W. W. Steiwer, a large cattle-owner of Crook County, one of the defendants in a suit brought against him by the Government for illegally fencing Government land, is at the Imperial. His trial is scheduled to commence in Federal Court the first of next week.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—C. W. Gardner, of Portland, registered at the Auditorium Annex today.

Electric Workers Join Strike.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., Jan. 10.—Every member of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers went out, refusing to accept the new wage scale and open shop policy of the Nevada-California Power Company. The forces of the telephone company are also affected.

"We have explained to the men that we prefer members of the Brotherhood," said General Manager Poole, "and that in declaring for an open shop we are merely meeting the requirement of the Mine Operators' Association, to which we belong."

Guilty of Defrauding.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Chauncey L. Graham and William S. Tilden, of the Steel Ball Company, were found guilty today of obtaining money by means of fictitious notes from the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, for the wrecking of which Paul Stensland is now serving a penitentiary sentence. The penalty is imprisonment from one to 20 years. It was alleged that the institution was defrauded out of $179,000.

TODAY AT GEVURTZ'

Any Ladies' Suit
Any Coat or Cravenette
All Sweaters, Bags,
Belts, Combs and Furs
(FINAL CLEARANCE)
1/2

500 Men's Strictly
Hand-Tailored Suits,
Our Entire Stock,
(Reserving Only the Blues and Blacks)
(FINAL CLEARANCE)
1/2

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK

ALSO FOR TODAY—From the Large Carpet Sections—
CARPETS, RUGS AND DRAPERIES
in Final Clearance at Prices Far Under Cost

I. GEVURTZ & SONS
FIRST — ON YAMHILL — SECOND