



INTERESTS BOW TO "BIG STICK"

Decide It Is Time to Be Good

PAYS TO ABIDE BY THE LAWS

Support of President More Profitable Than Resistance.

FEAR POWER OF STATES

Will Be No Let Up in Prosecution of Anti-Robate Laws—Bonaparte Aiming His Shots Where They Will Hurt the Most.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Law-breaking corporations have come to realize the futility of resistance to the "big stick," and have already decided to come under cover. A movement has been started by great financial interests to side in with the President and thereby restore order to the chaotic condition of affairs in the business world.

The vigorous prosecution of the railroads, the Standard Oil Company and other corporations has convinced the "interests" that a continuation of their stiff-necked attitude is unwise. They would like to combine the "conservative" element of the two political parties, but they recognize that even such a combination could not be finally effective. There is no question there will be approval by the people of the policy pursued by the administration or of the existence of a general willingness to have the Government go even further.

In St. Louis a meeting of the Attorney-Generals of half a dozen Mississippi States has just been held for the purpose of taking concerted action designed further to restrict corporations within their respective jurisdictions.

States Enforcing the Law.

The Southern, Middle, and Far Western States have begun the enforcement of anti-robate legislation against common carriers doing business within their territories.

The most the Federal Government has done to protect these carriers has been to advise them to obey State laws and to assure them it will see that exact justice is administered in the United States Supreme Court. The States apparently have awakened to the warning given by Secretary Root last December, that they must enforce the rights they possess and not compel the Government to perform the duties which belong to them.

Attorney-General Bonaparte is following with closest attention the policies of the States toward the corporations and the railroads. The chaotic situation which has arisen abundantly shows, in the judgment of officials here, the importance of the adoption of the President's proposal for a national license for all companies doing an interstate business which would insure their regulation by one instead of by 46 different governments.

Wants Some in Prison.

The administration believes it has shown that it is in dead earnest in its determination to punish all bad corporations, and in order to make the punishment effective it would like to place some of the Standard Oil officials who have been guilty of wrongdoing behind the bars. Unfortunately, some of these men have protected themselves in such a way that their conviction is practically impossible.

It is a comparatively easy matter to fasten upon a subordinate the blame for a violation of the law. But these are not the officers the administration wants to prosecute. In the investigation by the department of justice efforts are being made to obtain evidence which will show a connection between the subordinate giving an order and an officer "higher up" who directed him to give it.

Attorney-General Bonaparte laughingly said today that there was a pretty big game of game and that it would be a poor marksman who could not land a bird or two when once he got started. The start is under way, and the dogs are in the field, nosing around to see what they can discover. The Attorney-General stands ready with the Government gun so that when the covey is flushed he can pick off the birds which are most desirable. If it shall prove impossible to secure the game, Mr. Bonaparte expects the President to recommend the enactment of legislation at the coming session of Congress which will make his shot effective.

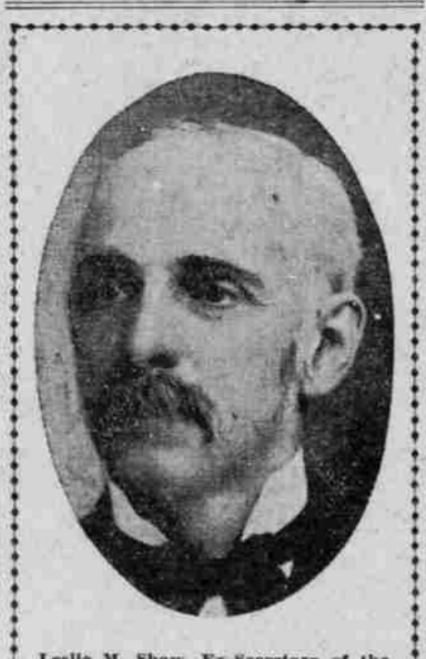
Roosevelt Will Keep On.

It was reiterated today that the administration is as anxious to maintain the value of securities as any of the stockholders of the corporations, but it has no intention of stopping the enforcement of the law against corporations and individuals who have violated it because of the flurry in Wall Street. With the country prosperous, it is declared that there is no danger of anything more than a "rich man's panic," such as occurred last March. At that time, however, the Government deemed it advisable to steady conditions by giving aid to the street, and undoubtedly this would be done again in case of need. There is ample money in the treasury for use for this purpose in case Secretary Cortelyou gives the word. It was reported here today the financial situation has been considered at

Oyster Bay, and should it be necessary to take such action, as may be advisable, Secretary Cortelyou will go to the subway in New York.

Anxious Over Industrial Crisis.

But beside the unsatisfactory financial conditions the telegraph strike and other labor troubles show a degree of unrest in the industrial world which is causing the administration some concern. The natural effect of the economic disturbances is that there is a lack of money for investment and no disposition on the part of the people with funds to exploit new enterprises. The railroads insist they have been greatly hampered in making additions to their equipment. The administration is convinced that the additional legislation the President has recommended is absolutely required. If the Government were authorized to approve new issues of securities by all corporations and carriers doing interstate business it is believed there would be no



Leslie M. Shaw, Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Who Discourages Fear of Hard Times.

trouble about sufficient money appearing for investment.

It is proposed by the President to discuss the economic situation at length in his annual message and it is understood one of the purposes of the conference now going on at Oyster Bay relates to the recommendations he will make.

Attorney-General Bonaparte denied today that there is any intention on the part of himself or any other members of the Cabinet so far as he knew to return to private life. He proposes to remain in the Cabinet until the end of the administration.

HAS NO FEAR OF HARD TIMES

Ex-Secretary Shaw Contrasts Conditions With Those of 1893.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Leslie M. Shaw, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, authorized the following interview on the present financial and industrial conditions today:

"Our farms produce more than \$5,500,000,000 per annum, and the prospect is good for an average crop. Our mines yield more than \$1,500,000,000 and our forests more than \$1,300,000,000, and neither of these sources of wealth has been exhausted. The output of our factories, in other than food products, is \$12,000,000,000, and no fires have been more than \$2,000,000,000, and they are all in successful operation. The payrolls of our factories and railways aggregate approximately \$3,500,000,000, and the scale of wages has not been reduced. In other words, the real sources of the people's wealth have not yet been affected and the ability of industrial concerns to pay dividends is not measured by the market price of their stocks. Logical reasons for serious conditions are therefore wanting. Psychological reasons are never wanting."

"If I judge correctly, the people will have exactly what they expect. If those who have money in the banks withdraw it and lock it up—if the banks refuse to grant accommodations, and if the consuming public declines to place orders, then we will very soon witness the effects. Let those who think that times of disaster follow each other at regular intervals bear in mind that this country never yet experienced a period of depression that was not traceable to financial or economic agitation or legislation, and usually to both."

"In 1893 the redemption of greenbacks in silver instead of gold was openly advocated, the party in power was not able to remove the protective tariff from our industries, and the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 was championed by prominent members of both parties. The country might have survived any one of these sources of alarm, but it could not survive all three. At this time no one questions our financial system, and the tariff will not be touched for at least 18 months."

"Some check in the speed at which we are going is most desirable, and the checking proceeding has probably begun. It will not require a fair measure of confidence and courage to prevent undue retardment in our industries. Capital cannot be forced into activity, but it can be forced out of activity. I have never seen the time when universal safety was more essential to our wellbeing."

WORK PUMPS FOR WEEKS

Ship Shenandoah Has Perilous Voyage on Trip Around Cape Horn.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 18.—The ship Shenandoah, with a cargo of coal for the Navy, was wrecked at Melbourne, Australia, due to a heavy storm encountered while rounding Cape Horn. For 64 days the men worked at the pumps before reaching harbor. The ship, it is said, will probably have to be destroyed.

TURNING POINT IS NOW REACHED

Both Sides Confident They Can Win.

STAMPEDE OF THE STRIKERS

Companies Expect Them to Rush Back to Work.

STRIKERS ARE CHEERED

Pleased by Reports From Various Cities of Strength Gained—Telephone Operators May Be Called Out by Small.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Important developments in the strike of the Commercial Telegraphers are looked for tomorrow by both disputants. Confident that the strike has spent its force, and that the turning point has been reached, the telegraph companies look for a stampede of the strikers to regain their former positions.

Cheered by the reports they have received from the various cities affected, the strike leaders on the other hand are prepared to prosecute the fight more vigorously than ever.

According to advices received at union headquarters, the messenger boys and check clerks in New York are scheduled to go out tomorrow. Broker firms throughout the country have been given until noon tomorrow to sign contracts with their operators or suffer the consequences of a walk-out.

Telephone Strike Threatened.

Three hundred operators employed by the American Telephone & Telegraph Company throughout the Southwest may be called out before night, unless a 10 per cent increase in wages is granted. This is one of the trump cards which President Small expects to play. If the order is issued it will isolate Chicago from the rest of the country, so far as telephonic communication is concerned.

A local representative of the company was surprised tonight to hear of the contemplated strike, and said he understood the entire matter had been settled by officials in New York. He declared he understood the settlement applied to the operators employed by the company throughout the entire country, as well as in the Chicago office.

Tie Up Cable Service.

More important is the contemplated plan of the strike leader to call out the cable operators, which would isolate America from the rest of the world. But it is admitted that this coup is not likely to materialize. The strike leaders themselves doubt their ability to tie up the cable service at the most important points.

DRIVE OPERATOR FROM KEY

Goldfield Man Told by Miners to Leave Town.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—The Western Union tonight reported that its office at Goldfield, Nevada, was closed at 3 o'clock and would remain closed at night time hereafter, until proper protection could be afforded its operators. The service to Goldfield was suddenly broken last night, and it was reported that a delegation of miners had called upon Operator Shively and ordered him to leave town immediately. While the Western Union has not been definitely informed regarding Shively's movements, they believe that both the operator and his wife at once obeyed the order of the miners. It is said that the Chief of Police of Goldfield told Shively that he was powerless in the matter of giving him protection.

STRIKE SITUATION QUIETER

New York Local Decides to Make Demands on Brokerage Offices.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—As though by mutual consent, the parties to the strike of telegraphers took things easier today, and the usual claims and counter-claims of the day's developments were not made public. The local union met tonight, and later it was announced that it had been decided to make certain demands upon the Wall-street brokers so that the brokerage offices which have not already done so would be given until tomorrow noon to sign the union scale. It was also stated that the strikers have decided to begin at once the publication of a daily paper, which would set forth the strikers' side of the controversy. The special leased wire news service was materially improved throughout the country today.

MOORISH TRIBES FALL OUT

Wrangle Among Themselves and Run Short of Ammunition.

TANGIER, Aug. 18.—Trustworthy reports state that the tribesmen invading Casa Blanca are short of ammunition and quarrelling as to what course to pursue. The threatened attack on Casa Blanca had not occurred this morning.

Austria Records Earthquake.

LAIBACH, Austria, Aug. 18.—A violent

earthquake was recorded in the observatory here last night, beginning at 9:55 and lasting 50 seconds. It is calculated that the earthquake was distant 5480 miles from Laibach.

SPANISH TROOPS ARE LAZY

French at Casa Blanca Say Castilians Shirk Their Duties.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—The Figaro Casa Blanca correspondent says: "To the surprise of all, the Spanish contingent returned to the city after simply making a reconnaissance of the ground allotted them. They announced that they would repeat the reconnaissance the next day, and then would decide what they would do. There is some indignation at the attitude of the Spanish troops, who do nothing but stroll about the city, while the French soldiers are worn out from ceaseless guard duty."

GETS NO NOTICE OF WEDDING

Westminster Rector Knows Nothing of McKim-White Marriage.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Canon Hensley Henson, rector of St. Martin's Westminster, who was seen this evening with regard to the rumor that Mrs. Stanford White would be married to Charles Pollen McKim at St. Martin's next month, said he had received no notice whatever on the subject.

OFF AGAIN TO SOUTH POLE

Dr. John Charcot Is Organizing Second Expedition in Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Dr. John Charcot, who headed the French Antarctic expedition of 1905, says that he is organizing another expedition and hopes to start in July, 1908, in an attempt to discover the South Pole.

AERIAL VISITOR FRIGHTENS

METEOR DROPS INTO OCEAN OFF LONG ISLAND SOUND.

People Are Terrified When Blazing Mass Drops to Water From the Heavens.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Everybody out

of doors at Amagansett, L. I., was startled this evening on hearing a terrific roar, and at the same time saw a brilliant mass shooting through the heavens over the ocean apparently only a little way out from shore. The blazing object appeared to many to be about 20 feet in diameter. Those who witnessed the flight, say the meteor must have weighed several tons. When it struck, the ocean huge breakers came tumbling shoreward. Several bathing pavilions were washed away and fishermen's nets were battered from their moorings. While considerable damage was caused 67 property along the ocean front. Great numbers of dead fish were swept in.

GROWING BRIGHTER EACH DAY

Comet Named in Honor of Princeton Astronomer.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A new and beautiful comet which appears daily in the eastern sky and is visible for about an hour before sunrise has been under observation for some time by astronomers at the United States Naval Observatory. This comet, which is entirely new to astronomy, has been named in honor of Mr. Daniel Curtis, Princeton University astronomer, who discovered the celestial interloper some weeks ago. The observers at the Naval Observatory say the comet is growing brighter each morning and now appears as about a fourth magnitude star. It shows itself above the eastern horizon at about 3 o'clock A. M. and is visible, of course, only until the sun rises.

Was Sister of Younger Boys.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 18.—Mrs. Emma Leach, sister of Col. Jim and Bob Younger, died here as the result of injuries received in a streetcar accident. She was 64 years old.

CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER

The Weather. YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 74 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees. TODAY'S—Fair, northwest winds. Telegraphers' Strike. Goldfield miners order Western Union operator out of town. Page 1. Both sides take situation more calmly in New York. Page 2. Crisis in telegraphers' strike expected today. Page 1. Domestic. Hetty Green says girls should work more and think less of fine clothes. Page 2. Foreign. International Socialist convention convenes at Stuttgart. Page 4. Moorish bands quarrelling among themselves. Page 4. National. "Interest" realize futility of continued resistance of big stick. Page 1. Ex-Secretary of Treasury "Shaw" sees no reason to fear hard times. Page 2. Democratic leaders scheme to "smoke" Bryan out. Page 1. Sports. Beavers take double-header from the Seals. Page 5. Pacific Coast. Hartman, tired of body and weary of mind, arrives in San Francisco. Page 2. Governor Chamberlain's business Deschutes Irrigation & Power Company is acting in good faith. Page 3. Two well-known Vancouver young people are drowned. Page 3. Beavers take double-header from the Seals. Page 5. Portland and Vicinity. Daniels' comet may be seen from Portland. Page 14. General Manager O'Brien returns from conference with Harriman. Page 7. Austrian Baron visiting Portland expresses opinion that United States is acting in good faith. Page 5. Oregon Lumbermen will launch campaign against advanced freight rates today. Page 14. Father O'Hara preaches at the Cathedral on the papal syllabus. Page 9. Dr. Clarence True Wilson will preach to Kelly Bute prisoners. Page 9. Commissioner Atchison of Railroad Commission finds Seaside train overcrowded. Page 5. Situation in telegraphers' strike shows little change. Page 4.

COMET SWIMS INTO OUR KEN

Aerial Visitor Seen in Eastern Sky

STEADILY GROWING BRIGHTER

Seen From Points of Vantage About Portland.

VISIBLE ABOUT 3 O'CLOCK

Named Daniels Comet for Its Discoverer, Whose Camera First Found It—Wanderer Is Being Carefully Studied.

SEEN FROM ARLINGTON.

ARLINGTON, Va., Aug. 18.—(To the Editor.)—The people of this vicinity noticed a comet, which appears on the eastern horizon about 3 o'clock in the morning. Why have we not heard something about this comet through the papers? GEORGE W. MONTAGUE.

A comet is to be seen on the eastern horizon about 3 o'clock every morning. It is small and dim and remains visible only a short time, as the dawn soon overpowers its feeble rays. Being so near the sky line it cannot be seen unless the night is clear. But if one wishes to get up at 3 A. M., climb to some point so that he can overlook the morning mists that hug the lowlands and search the East with keen eyes or a good glass, he may see what until very lately no man has ever seen—the new comet. It looks like a star of the fourth magnitude with a faint tail. But it is daily growing larger and brighter.

Some comets are regular visitors to our section of the universe and some come only once, then disappear forever. The present space wanderer was discovered by Astronomer Daniels, of the Princeton University observatory last Spring, when it was a mere faint, uncertain point on a photographic plate, far too dim for any organic eye to see even with the aid of a 30-inch lens. Slowly the vast cloud of incandescent gas drew nearer to our sun at the rate of millions of miles a day. Though in size the comet is larger than millions of our sun, hotter than boiling gold, and brighter than the strongest searchlight or electric arc, it was so far away that it was only a faint glow, the size of a needle point, when Mr. Daniels first found it.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Pronounce It New Comet.

Then the question arose among the astronomers in the secret whether a new point of light was a suddenly brightening fixed star or a moving body. Every night the stranger was photographed, and the point on the photographic negative slowly changed its position and grew larger and plainer. There was but one possible conclusion: the stranger was a comet and was coming nearer.

Comet Sighted From Ship

Celestial Phenomenon Seen From Liner on Eventful Voyage.

The New York Sun of August 12 contains the following account of the sighting of the comet at sea:

"The Insular Line steamship Brooklyn, in company with the steamer Enterprise, was en route from New York to London, and on the morning of the 11th of August, the vessel was off Cape Cod, and the crew was watching the sea, sky and other changes on the voyage. On the second day of a school of 14 whales apparently mistaking the steamship for their breakfast, the vessel was surrounded by a flock of herring, and a large number of these creatures were seen to bump against the ship's side and to be splashed by the waves, and waving their flukes as splashing the liner, he headed off her course."

At 4:30 o'clock Friday morning Captain McLean, who was in charge of the bridge, saw a luminous keener shaped form above the eastern horizon. Later, after all of the glowing figures were visible, the skipper knew it was a comet, and one of the biggest he had ever seen. He had seen no account of a recently discovered comet, and he decided that he probably was among the first observers of it at sea. It lost itself in the clouds for the remainder of the voyage, but the skipper and his passengers about his celestial find, and all of them got up before dawn on Saturday and saw the comet and vanish. Its head pointed to the horizon and its tail was a huge protuberant shuttlecock descending.

A school of whales and a comet on a five-day voyage from New York to London, a fair experience until about 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, while the ship was off to the westward, and the sea was calm, held a hint of storm. Five miles ahead of the passengers, most of whom were in the dining room, a bright, white, and embryonic at first. Then it resolved into a massive pillar of gray and finally into a blackish column that looked as if it were holding up the empyrean roof. It seemed to be a mile high, and its pedestal was a ferment several hundred feet wide. It collapsed quickly and some of its aerial structure fell in spray on the deck of the Brooklyn.

About three hours before her adventure with the waterspout the ship passed part of the deck of a sailing vessel, attached to which was a white, and very bright, and the Curander Etruria also ran across deep-sea spectacles. On the fourth day dawn on Saturday and a great flock of Mother Carey's chickens flying south. Then two whales came along, followed by an immense school of dolphins.

men field surveying but of a far more delicate character, is the mathematical method, the stop watch, that times its hurtling flight through space. The same methods are used to determine its size and its distance from the earth. A delicate instrument called the spectroscopic, which splits a ray of light, be it ever so faint, into a number of bars of colors, is the means to tell what the comet is composed of. If we train this instrument on a candle flame six feet away, it shows a certain ribbon of light, colored in a certain way. Now if we burn iron in that candle flame a new line appears in the ribbon of light on the screen. A thousand experiments under as many different conditions as man can invent shows that iron in a flame always shows this same particular line; also that no other substance known to man produces the same line, or lines, in exactly the same spot in the ribbon of light. Hence man has assumed that

whenever this line appears in a ribbon of light on the screen thrown by the spectroscopic, there is iron in the flame that produces the ray of light on six feet, as matter how far away that flame may be. So when the spectroscopic is trained on a comet and this line appears we know that there is iron in some form, usually in the shape of incandescent gas, in the comet.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Will Be Closely Studied.

In times past the coming of comets was considered an evil omen, even by the most intelligent of men. Such a visitation was supposed to predict the coming of some dire calamity to the human race, such as plague or war or famine. Such a view is still held among the ignorant of all peoples, especially by savages. But today the educated mind looks on a comet as a natural and wonderful sight in Nature, a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

Man fears that, and only that, which he does not understand.

Today we know what a comet is, so we do not fear it. For a few weeks to come the watcher of the skies will see in the morning heavens not a sign of the wrath of the Gods, but one of the most beautiful and wonderful sights in Nature—a harmless visitor to our solar system from unknown space into which it will disappear forever.

FORGE BRYAN TO COME INTO FIGHT

If He Wants on Ticket He Must Say So.

FOLK READY TO CONTEST HIM

Conservative Leaders Will "Put It Up" to Nebraskan.

TAGGART ACTS FOR EAST

National Chairman Empowered to Promise Support Where He Wishes in Next Convention. Schemes Laid in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Will

Ham J. Bryan will not be permitted to be a "passive" candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination. He will have to speak up if he wants a chance at the job. Before the Democratic National Committee meets in December to fix the place and date for holding the National Convention, Mr. Bryan will be forced to declare himself an active aspirant for the nomination.

A decision to this effect was reached in Chicago Saturday at a conference in which National Chairman Taggart and Roger C. Sullivan had a prominent part. Some of the details have leaked out. In the conference, it is understood, were representatives of enough elements to make the upshot of the Government's move. Mr. Bryan is to be the wedge used to pry Mr. Bryan off the lid which has kept all possible candidates of Democracy quiet.

The penalty for a refusal to abide by the will of the National leaders means a transfer of the delegations of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin from the Bryan column to some other candidate, probably Governor Folk.

Proposition, it is understood, is to have an authoritative announcement made from Missouri that Folk is ready to get into the Presidential race. Then a delegation of Folk's friends will ask Mr. Bryan to declare himself for the Missouri Governor. A refusal will be considered as a declaration of war, and Bryan will be forced to fight for the Missouri delegation.

Such a situation is what conservative leaders are hoping for. Chairman Taggart carries a commission with him, it is said, to do and act for the solid Eastern strength in the next National Convention.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks, the results will be announced and a bit of knowledge will have been added to the store of human wisdom.

Will Be Closely Studied.

The study of the new comet has, of course, not been completed. It will go on six long as the comet is visible to the human or to the photographic eye. When the Daniels comet has become a thing of the past forever, which it will within a few weeks,