Sections From Senate Measure Grafted Upon That of the House.

DRUGS AND FOODS DEFINED

Use of Product of a Diseased Animal or One That Has Died Otherwise Than by Slaughter Is Forbidden.

PROVISIONS OF BILL.

Misdemeanor to sell any adulter ated or misbranded article of food,

druge, medicines or liquors. Maximum punishment for first offense fixed at \$500, one year's imprisonment, or both; second offence, fine not less than \$1000 or one year's

imprisonment. Shipment between states or abroad of adulterated or misbranded articles is prohibited.

Provision made for examination of specimens of foods and drugs by Department of Agriculture.

United States Pharmacopeia taken as standard for drugs. Poods are adulterated when con-

taining substances affecting quality or strength.
Use of external preservations is prescribed.

Trade formulas of wholesome proprictary foods are safeguarded

**************** WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The pure-food bill was agreed upon by the conferees for the Senate and House today and was reported to the Senate just before adjourn-ment. The House bill was taken as a bails of agreement, and into this were grafted many of the important sections of the Senate measure, which had been given great attention by Senator McCum-ber and Representative Hepburn, extend-ing over three sessions of Congress.

With the exception of two sections the bills were not materially different. Two provisions of the House were eliminated entirely. They were the sections which authorized the Secretary of Agriculture to fix the standards of the various articles of food as to the wholesomeness of unwholesomeness of the various preserva-tives, and which would compel the person selling drugs or articles of food to furnish samples of such product for the purpos of analysis.

Punishment Is Provided.

The bill as agreed upon makes it a mis-The bill as agreed upon makes it a mis-demeanor for any person to manufacture, sell or offer for sale any article of food, drugs, medicines or liquors which is adul-terated or misbranded, or which contains any poisonous or deleterious substance. It prescribes for each offense a fine not to exceed \$500, one year's imprisonment, or both, within the discretion of the court, and for each subsequent offense a fine of not less than \$1000 or one year's imprison-ment.

Section 2 prohibits the introduction into any state or territory, or the District of Columbia, from any other state, territory or district, or any foreign country, or the shipment to any foreign country, of any article adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the act, under penalty not exceeding a fine of \$200 for the first offense, and \$300, or one year's imprison ment, or both, for each subsequent of-

Shipments to Foreign Countries,

Concerning shipments to foreign countries, it is provided that no article shall be decined misbranded or adulterated when no substance is used in conflict with the laws of the foreign country for which It is intended. This clause, however, does not exempt any person from presecution if the article is offered for sale for domes-

Section 4 provides for examinations of specimens of foods and drugs in the Bueau of Chemistry of the Department of hearings, and if it is found any provisions of the act have been violated, the Secre-tary of Agriculture is to certify the fact to the proper United States District At torney for action, and the adverse judg-ment of the court is to be published.

Definition of Druge and Foods.

Section 6 defines the terms drugs and foods, and section 7 defines what shall be idulteration in the case of drugs, confe tionery and foods. The standards for drugs are those recognized in the United States pharmacopela or National formulary. Confectionery is held adulterated if it contains any ingredient or coloring matter deleterious or detrimental to health. Foods are held adulterated if containing

any substance reducing or injuriously at fecting their quality or strength, when any substance has been substituted wholly or part for the article; when any valuable constituent has been abstracted; when mixed, colored, powdered or stained to ceal damage or inferiority, or any onous or deleterious ingredients

Use of External Preservatives.

The use of preservatives by external application is permitted when the directions for the removal of such preservatives are printed on the covering or the package. 'cod products are declared adulterated if In whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance, or of any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if the product of a diseased animal or one that has died otherwise than by slaugh-

The term misbranded applies to foods or drugs whose package or label bears any statement, design or device, false or misleading, or if falsely branded as to place where manufactured or produced Any article, however, which does not con-tain any added poisonous or deleterious ingredients shall not be deemed adulter-ated or misbranded, when known under its distinctive name, or if compounds, imitations or blends are plainly indicated. The term "blend" is construed to mean a mixture of like substance and does not ude harmless coloring or flavoring in-

Trade Formulas Are Protected.

Proprietors or manufacturers of pro-prietary foods which contain no added unwholesome ingredients are not required to disclose their trade formulas, except so far as this act may require to secure freedom from adulteration or misbranding. Dealers are protected against prose-cution if they hold the guaranty of the concern from whom they purchased the

articles.

The bill makes provision for court procedure and for confiscation of articles or drugs imported are to be furnished the Chemistry Bureau by the Treasury De-partment, articles decided against to be

ivered under a penal bond for the amount of the full invoice value. The act is to of the full invoice value, take effect January 1 next.

BUSY DAY IN THE SENATE.

Inspection Conference. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The Senate was in open session for about five hours and a half today, and, notwithstanding the session began with a rollcall in order to assure a quorum, the day was crowded with business of importance, including the announcement by Senator Proctor, chairman of the Senate committee on agriculture, of a deadlock in conference on the neat inspection provision of the agricultural appropriation bill; a reply by Senator Hailey to the repent attack upon him in the Cosmopolitan Magazine; the passage of the naturalization bill; the continuance of Senator La Foliette's effort to pass his bill limiting the hours of service on railroad trains, the acceptance of an almost complete report on the sundry civil appropriation bill, and a speech by Senator Warren in support of his resolution relative to the livestock industry. Senator Bailey denied all the allegations in the Cosmopolitan article attacking himself, and, holding William R. Hearst responsible for the attack, said that in all, the six political campaigns made by himself he had not spent as much money as Hearst had spent in one ward in his recent race for Mayor in New York. tural appropriation bill; a reply by Sens

York.

In his statement concerning the meat inspection provision, Proctor said that the House conferees had refused all efforts at compromise and had refused to join in a report. The announcement was generally the provision of the conference of t erally received as indicating a deadlock, but the hope was expressed that cooler counsel might prevail tomorrow.

TOO BUSY FOR REVISION.

Senator Warren Says Country Is Too

Prosperous to Think of Tariff. WASHINGTON, June 27.-Senator Warren made a speech in the Senate today on his resolution calling on the Director of the Census for a statement covering the extent of the livestock industry of the the extent of the livestock industry of the United States and of the foreign business in this country in leather and raw material. He cited the recent agitation concerning this industry as his reason for seeking the information. He confidently asserted that the statement would show an astonishing increase and that the product is not less than \$2,000,000,000 annually. at is not less than \$2,000,000,000 annually. nore than the value of all the gold pro-tuced by the United States in the entire

history of the country.

Warren pronounced as unjust and self-ish the demand made by the manufac-turers for free hides. He said that while the livestock men do not envy Massa-chusetts its prosperity they do not desire to add to it by taking the duty off of hides and wool, and closed an appeal for the continuance of the tariff.

"We are," he said, "too busy, too well employed, too well paid for our labor, too rosperous to think seriously of tariff revision in the year of our Lord, 1906."

BACON SURPRISES THE SENATE

Democratic Opponent Moves for Vote on Dominican Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Taking the Administration Senators completely by surprise, Senator Bacon, in executive ses sion of the Senate today, moved that the Senate agree to vote on the Santo Do-mingo treaty December 17 at the next session of Congress. This is the treaty under which the United States undertakes to collect and disburse the customs of the Dominican republic for the payment of its debts. Efforts extending through the session of Congress have been made by the Republican Senators to ratify the treaty, but Democratic opposition has pre-The motion in executive session, com-

ing from a Democrat who has been one of the chief opponents of the measure confounded the Republican Senators. Sen ator Bacon's manner indicated his belief that the treaty would be rejected if

PASSES ARE TO BE LIMITED

Rate Bil Conference Will Also Report Pipe-Line Amendment.

WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The confer ence on the railroad rate bill tonight re-culted in no agreement on that measure. The discussion made it clear that the pass provision, which is to be perfected for the action of the committee tomorrow morning, will follow closely the lines of the original Senate amendment on that subject. It will name certain classes of persons who may receive passes and ex-

clude all others. There is also ground for the prediction that the pipe-line amendment will be reported exactly as it was in the last con-ference report; that is, the phrase, "com-mon carriers," will give place to the word "railroads." The effect of this will be to permit pipe lines to transport the product owned by the owners of the pipe

Before discussing the two disputed amendments it was decided that the for-mer agreement as to all other points in dispute should stand. This was the first meeting since the rejection of the con-ference report by the Senate on account of the pass amendment and the provision

Agricultural Institute at Rome. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The Senate committee on foreign relations today authorized Senator Bacon to report fav-orably the protocol bill providing for the establishing of an International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy. There are about 40 governments party to the arrangement. The Italian government will supply the buildings and the cost to other governments will be about \$5000 a year

the protocol and ordered that it be made

Nominated by the President. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The President

today sent to the Senate the following onel, to be Brigadier-General, Walter

Secretary of Legation and Consul-General at Bangkok, Slam, Irwin B. Laughlin, Pennsylvania. Secretary of Legation at Stockholm Sweden, Norman Hutchinson, California,

Ship Subsidy at Next Session.

WASHINGTON, June 27 .- General Grosvenor, chairman of the House committee on merchant marine, stated that the ship subsidy bill will be reported to the House at the next session and he had no doubt

To Measure Flow of Streams. WASHINGTON, June 7.—The confer-ence Committee today adopted appropria-tions of \$150,000 for stream measurement by the Geological Survey.

New Army Uniforms Costly.

NEW YORK, June 27,-The English-The bill makes provision for court proreduce and for confiscation of articles
ricitative of the act, and samples of food
in drugs imported are to be furnished the
Themistry Bureau by the Treasury Desartment articles decided against to be
imported within three months or deiestroyed,

Pending decisions, imports may be de-

Proctor Announces Deadlock in Meat Bill Passed by Senate Is Approved in the House.

DEFICIENCY BILL PASSES

Democrats at First Seem Opposed to Amendment, but on the Vote Only a Few Are Recorded Against It.

WASHINGTON, June 27.-The general deficiency hill, the last of the big money neasures, passed the House at 6 o'clock today, with few changes in the bill. Several items were inserted, due to late information of deficiencies in the departments, the net increase being about \$500,000 over the bill as reported from the committee on

Among the important actions of the House today were the passage of the Sen-ate bill providing for a lock type of canal and the adoption of the item in the gen-eral deficiency bill ratifying and legaliz-ing the duties collected during President McKinley's term from imports from the Philipping Telands Philippine Islands.

Early in the day it looked as if the

Democrats would line up solidly against the amendment, which was put back in the bill under a rule, but under the lead of James of Kentucky, the opposition melted away, and few Democratic votes were cast against it on its final passage. At 6 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock this evening.

AMENDMENT REPLACED IN BILL

Philippine Tariff Duties Paid for Establishing Island Government,

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Previous to urther consideration of the general de-ciency bill by the House today, Dalzell of Pennsylvania presented a rule directly

> EXPELLED MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATOR TURNS STATE'S EVIDENCE,



Frank J. Gethro

Frank J. Gethro, who was expelled from the Massachusetts House plicity in the bucket-shop bill bribery scandal, threatens to spring a colleagues in his own downfall. He is threatened with indictment by the July grand jury. The facts of the scandal have been laid before the Boston District Attorney, who will make a complete investigation.

Gethro intimates that in return for the action of the Republican majority in making a scapegoat of him, he will tell things that will secure the indictment of a large batch of State Representatives, nearly all Republicans.

affecting the amendment to the bill east fying the tariff duties on exports and imlose of the Spanish-American War, which went out of the bill yesterday on a point of order. The rule offered by Daizell places the amendment again in the bill.

The previous question having been ordered, Daizell explained the reasons for he legislation. He said that claims had been filed amounting to some \$2,000,000, and there was the necessity of ratifying and legalizing the tariff duties levied during the Presidency of Mr. McKinley and

"If this legislation is enacted," said Sullivan of Massachusetts, "It will not only scandallize the American people but will be looked upon as a scandal by every

"We are asked by the judgment of the rule to nullify a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in two cases, and it will nullify act 5 of the Constitu-tion, that the property of any individual shall not be taken without due process

of law." of law."

The need of this legislation is explained in a fetter of Secretary Taft, which stated that the duties collected between April II, 1889, the date of the ratification of the treaty of cession, and March 8, 1992, it is estimated, aggregated \$15,000,000 in gold. This sum was expended in furnishing a government for Manila and the islands and in public improvements. It was paid and in public improvements. and in public improvements. It was paid chiefly, the Secretary said, by large im-porters and exporters, who sold their goods at profitable prices, including the duties paid, and who enjoyed the benefit and protection of the Government. "The money paid as dues," says Secre-tary Taft, "never came into the Treas-

ry of the United States at all." The House then went into committee of the whole for the further consideration of the general deficiency bill. An amendment was adopted appropriating \$255,200 for lightly agents. for lighthouses, for signals and other aids

The payment of attorneys' fees in the The payment of attorneys fees in the judgment of the Court of Claims, affirmed by the Supreme Court in the case of the Cherokee Nation, the Eastern Cherokees and the Eastern and Emigrant Cherokees against the United States, was attacked by Miller of Kansus, James of Kentucky and Campbell and Reeder of Kansus. Among the attorneys who will receive proportions of the 15 per cent are ex-Senators Marion Butler and J. K. Jones and Mrs. Belva Lockwood, to whom is paid outright \$18,000. The committee refused to a change in the item as carried in

The amendment relating to the duties collected on exports and imports in the Philippines after the Spanish-American War was then adopted and the general deficiency bill passed.

Eight-Hour Bill Report Favorable. WASHINGTON, June 27.-Chairman dner, of the House committee on la-today filed a favorable report of the

munity bill, the House members accepting the bill as it passed the Senate.

MEAT INSPECTION DEADLOCK.

House Will Not Accept Any Compromise Offered.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—An absolute deadlock on the meat inspection amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill was reported by Senator Proctor to the Senate late today, after three sessions of the conferees had been held. The Vermont Senator said that the House conferees had declined to confere had account to the conference of the declined to consider any compromise on the subject of the paying of the cost of inspection by the packers.

The Senate conferees offered to compro-

The Senate conferees offered to compro-mise, he said, upon a tax of 5 cents a head on cattle and 3 cents on hogs, sheep and goats, to be collected and paid into the treasury, the same as any other reve-nue. He read the compromise proposi-tion, showing that the \$5,000,000 appropria-tion provided by the House would remain in the bill, and the cost of inspection would be paid therefrom. In reply to a question from Senator Hale, he stated the tax would amount to about one-half of the appropriation. the appropriation.

the appropriation.

The third conference of the day had been concluded a short time before Senator Proctor made his statement. At the conference he offered the compromise proposition, which was met by the House conferees with an argument that it would be unconstitutional, on the ground that Congress has no authority to levy a direct tax upon chattels.

tax upon chattels.

In making his statement. Senator Proctor said the conferees had agreed on practically all items, but that the House conferees had positively refused to consider any compromise. He then related the particulars of the provision regarding the cost of inspection, and added that the House conferees had absolutely declined to sign the report unless the House proto sign the report unless the House pro-vision should be accepted letter for letter. He said the effect of the position taken by the Heuse would be to cause the failure of the legislation and the general arrest

Hale then spoke of the gravity of the situation and advised that the Senate re-frain from further comment that might xcite feeling.

"My impression is that we will do well to leave it over night, where it is, and that we should do nothing to inflame the situation, in the hope that better coun-sels will prevail tomorrow."

Hale then, in pursuance of his sugges-tion to let the matter ite over, moved an adjournment, but he withdrew the motion in order to permit the executive session.

TARIFF DEBATE IN HOUSE.

Clark, of Missouri, and Grosvenor Discuss Cummins' Remarks.

WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The House WASHINGTON, June 27.—The House was in session for three hours tonight, the speeches taking a wide political range, though the pending bill was the customs administrative act. General Grosvenor, of Ohio, delivered a tariff "stand-pat" speech, and in a colloquy with Clark of Missouri, suggested that there were "a number of very able men and a good many editorial representatives abroad in the land who favor revision of the tariff."

"It has got to be a kind of sons

revision of the tariff."

"It has got to be a kind of song that is sung," he said. "We hear it echoing from the plains of Iowa, where self-seeking politicians are seeking to ride into power upon a mere ill-defined proposition that no man apparently yet Clark asked if it was not a fact that

the majority of the Republicans in Iowa have declared for Cummins for Gov-ernor for re-election for a third term as a tariff-revision candidate. Grosve-I do not know that he is to be nom-

inated as a revisionist."
Watson of Indiana and Lacey of Iowa suggested that Governor Cummins had said nothing in regard to the tariff this year. Clark retorted that last Novem-ber Cummins said: "All the robberies committed by all the life insurance companies in all time did not equal one-fifth of the robberies inflicted by the Dingley bill in one year." Grosvenor replied:

"Any man who will say that is un-worthy of the confidence of one Ameri-can citizen, let alone the majority of the states. Such a man as that is a the states. Such a man as that is a false libeler of every decent aspiration of American citizenship."

Grosvenor said that Governor Cum-nins had "eschewed the tariff question luring the last six weeks of the cam-

When the lown Republican conver tion, which meets in August," he added, "adopts an expression in favor of a re-vision of the tariff, without qualification, it will be time enough for the gen-tleman from Missouri to get happy, and At 11 P. M. the House adjourned till 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Suits on Safety Appliances.

WASHINGTON, June 27. - Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of rali-road companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition. The largest number of violations attributed to any road is 52, against the Atlantic Coast Line Ralirond

Rural Carriers Appointed.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washriers have been appointed for Washington St. John, route No. 3, Charles A. Mc-Kinley, carrier; Ulysses G. Miller, sub-Stitute, South Park, route No. 1, John Krohn,

carrier; William Krohn, substitute. Dates for Battleship Trials. WASHINGTON, June 21.—The Navy De-partment has fixed the date of the trial trip of the battleship Nebraska over the Puget Sound course for July 15 and of

the cruiser Milwaukee over the Gollette

ourse for July 25. House May Be Through Saturday. WASHINGTON, June M.-Speaker Can-non said today that probably the House ould finish its present business Saturday

Not a Christian Scientist.

LONDON, June 27.—Dr. George Robert docok was arraigned at the Old Bailey oday, charged with manslaughter in con-ection with the death of Major John Nicholas Whyte, of the Lancashire Fusi-leers. He pleaded not guilty. "Dr. Adcock has been erroneously de-scribed as a Christian Scientist "healer," although he was never a Christian Scien-tist," said the Crown Prosecutor in opening the malpractice case.

Not Strengthening Garrisons. BERLIN, June 77 .- The Foreign Office denies the reports that Germany and Austria are strengthening their military forces on the Russian frontier in view of the Russian disorders, adding that Germany does not need to increase the strength of her garrisons, as they are already ample for all purposes.

already ample for all purposes.

DISPUTE LAND IS

Property Occupied by the Troops During the War Is Claimed by the Catholic Church on Transfer From Friars.

MANILA, June 28.-The publication in the United States of the letter of Archishop Harty of February 27 to Governor-General Ide concerning the submission to the courts of the question of the title of the San Juan de Dios property led Governor Ide to give out his reply to Archbishop Harty this afternoon. Governor Ide took umbrage at this portion of the Archbishop's letter:

"Before going to court as a peaceful American citizen I shall have had read simultaneously in 250 pulpits a solemn protest against this attempted confisca-tion. This protest will go throughout the archipelago and will reach the White American people. This step has not yet been taken and time still remains to re-

call your order."

Governor Ide's reply states that the matter rests upon opinions of the Attor-ney-General in 1902, but that no action has yet been taken. The Governor says in his reply:

in his reply:

"A portion of your letter produced a painful impression upon me. It was what seemed to contain a threat that the course you will take through the Philippines will excite hostility against the Government. I agree that if your action should go through the archipelago it would reach the doors of the White House, but I am certain that the result would be fee other than the state of the White House, but I am certain that the result would be fee other than the state of the world. would be far other than the one you had in mind."

Governor Ide said today that no action had been taken in the matter since his letter was sent March 2. There had been no official action since the opinions had been given by the Attorney-General. Archbishop Harty stated today that he had not done anything further and regretted the publication of the correspondence, as he regarded the matter as personal and unofficial.

The dispute refutes to properties at San

sonal and unofficial.

The dispute relates to properties at San Juan de Dios. The hospital is claimed to be the property of the Government. It was used by the troops during the occupation of Manills. The claims of the church are based on a transfer of the property to the Franciscan friars during the Sangha Paralla and The American of the Sangha Paralla and The Sangha Paral the Spanish regime. The American of-ficials claim that the property was sup-ported by the Spanish and was owned by the Spanish Government and now belongs to the United States Government.

The controversy between the Archbishop and the Governor-General was brought about by an alleged order to take the case to the courts. Governor Ide declares that no such action was taken COLONEL ERNST IS RETIRED

Member of Engineer Corps Is Given Rank of Brigadier-General.

WASHINGTON, June 27 .- Colonel Oswald Herbert Ernst of the Corps of En-gineers, was retired today for age with the rank of Brigadier-General, Colonel Ernst is chairman of the Mississippi River Commission and a member of the Panama Canal Commission. He is also a member of the American section of the International Waterways Commission, chairman of the Board of Engineers charged with surveys for a waterway between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi River by way of the Despiaines and Illinois Rivers, and a member of the board to consid er cement testing in the Department of the Interior. By Presidential appoint-ment, Colonel Ernst served on the original Isthmian Canal Commission in 1898 to 1901, and upon the reorganization of the commission in 1905 he was called upon to

serve on the new commission.

Colonel Ernst will be succeeded as president of the Mississippi River Commission by Colonel Clinton B. Sears, Corps of En-gineers, now a member of that commisand Lieutenant-Colonel James A Lusk. Corps of Engineers, just promoted, will take Colonel Sears' place as a member of the commission.

Launching of the New Hampshire. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The Navy Department has been advised that the 16,000-ton battleship New Hampshire will be launched from the yards of the New York Shipbuilding Company at Camden, N. J.,

Don't wait until you are sick before try-ing Carter's Little Liver Pills, but get a vial at once. You can't take them with-out benefit.

DO YOU KNOW That Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine sold through druggists for woman's weaknesses and peculiar alt-ments that does not contain large quanti-ties of alcohol? It is also the only medicine,

ties of alcohol? It is also the only medicine, especially prepared for the cure of the delicate diseases peculiar to women, the maker of which is not afraid to take his patients into his full confidence, by printing upon each bottle wrapper all the ingredients entering into the medicine. Ask your druggist if this is not true.

"Favorite Prescription," too, is the only medicine for women, all the ingredients of which have the unqualified endorsement of the leading medical writers of the several schools of practice, recommending them for the cure of the diseases for which the "Prescription" is advised. Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free booklet, and read the numerous extracts from standard medical authorities praising the several ingredients for a free booklet, and resd the numerous extracts from standard medical authorities praising the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are made, and don't forget that no other medicines put up for sale through druggists for domestic use can show any such professional endorsement. This, of itself, is of far more weight and importance than any amount of so-called "testimontals" so conspicuously flaunted before the public, in favor of the alcoholic compounds.

The "Favorite Prescription" cures all woman's peculiar weaknesses and derangements, thus is unishing the periodical headaches, backaches, besting down distress, tenderness and draging-down sensations in lower abdomen, accompanied by weakening and disagreeable estaurhal, pulvic drains and kindred symptoms.

Dr. Pierce and his staff of skilled specialists may be consulted free by addressing as above. All correspondence is treated as sacredly confidential. By consulting in this way the disagreeable questionings and personal "examinations are avoided.

The People's Common Sense Medical Advisor contains some very interceding

are avoided.

The People's Common Sense Medical
Adviser contains some very interesting
and valuable chapters on the diseases
peculiar to women. It contains over one and valuable chapters on the diseases peculiar to women. It contains over one thousand pages. It is sent post paid, on receipt of sufficient in one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only, or 31 cents for a copy in flexible paper covers, or 31 cents for a cloth-bound copy. Address Dr. B. V. Plerce as above.

Dr. Pierce's Pallets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative, two or three cathactic.

the measure will receive the consideration of the House this session. The report, in the main, is a reprint of the previous report of the same bill.

The House has adopted a rule which will place in the general deficiency bill the amendment legalizing the collection of duties in the Philippines between the date of the peace treaty and March 2, 1902.

Philippine Governor Replies Sharply to Archbishop.

The healthy color of the skin is given to it by the millions of little red corpuscles in the blood. These are the carriers of nourishment, health and strength to all parts of the body—in other words the very life of the blood. When the germs of Malaria get into this vital fluid they destroy these corpuscles and rob the blood of its rich, lifes-ustaining qualities, rendering them, weak and watery and lot the system with the seeded strength to resist disease. Then the symptoms of Malaria with the seeded strength to resist disease. dering it thin, weak and watery and unable to supply the system with the needed strength to resist disease. Then the symptoms of Malaria such as pale, sallow complexions, weak vitality, poor appetite, deranged digestion, a general "let down" condition of the system, and perhaps chills and slight lever, show that this insidious disease is gradually affecting the entire health. Malaria must be removed from the system through the circulation, and the medicine to accomplish this is S. S. S. It not only cleanses the blood of all impure, unhealthy matter, but rids the system of Malaria, and restores the blood to a strong, healthy condition. S. S. S., besides removing the germs of Malaria, builds up and gives tone and vigor to the entire system by its fine tonic effects. Malaria is a blood disease, and S. S. cures it because it is a perfect blood purifier. Book on the blood and any medical advice without charge. without charge, THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Eat More

of the most nutritious of flour foods-Uneeda Biscuit-the only perfect soda cracker. Then you will be able to

Earn More

because a well-nourished body has greater productive capacity. Thus you will also be able to

Save More

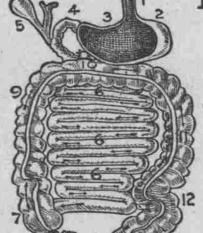
because for value received there is no food so economical as Uneeda Biscuit

In a dust tight, moisture proof package. NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Your Thirty Feet of Bowels

Bowel-Muscles.

of Delay.



THE ALIMENTARY CANAL I. Lower and

of esophagus (mest-pipe) which conveys the field from the throat to the atomich; a Cardiac and of atomich; a Pyloric and of stomach; a Duodenum; a Gall bladder; 6, 6, 6, 5 small intentines; 7. Cascum; 8. Vermiform appendin; a Azending colon; so. Transverse colon; 17. Descending colon; 18. Sigmuld flexure; 17. Rection; 24. Amas. The desdenum is continuous with the large intentine or colon at the carcum. The arrows indicate the direction which the contents of the bowels must take in passing through the alimentary canal.

OU have thirty feet of Intestinesi

through them?

the walls of these Intestines or Bowels.

of the Intestines these Muscles tighten

behind it, and thus it starts a Muscle-wave

which drives it through the whole length

It should take about 12 hours to do this properly, so that nutritious parts of the

food may have time to be digested and

But,-if it takes twice or three times

that period the food spoils in passing, and

becomes as poisonous as if it had decayed

Now, the cause of delay (Constipation)

of the Bowels.

absorbed.

When a piece of Food rubs the walls

What makes food travel

A set of Muscles that line

Phosphate of Soda, Mineral Waters, simply flush-out the Bowels for the one occa-They do not remove the Cause of Constipstion. Moreover, they waste so much of the

precious Digestive Fluids, in the flushing process, that it takes a bigger dose every succeeding time to move the Bowel load. But it is different with Cascarets.

is simply Weakness, or Laziness of the

Want of Exercise, Indoor Employment,

Castor Oil, or Glycerine, will grease the passages for one load of Food at a time,

but these lubricants can't help the Cause

"Physic" like Salts, Calomel, Jalap,

weakens these Bowel-Muscles, just as it

weakens Arm and Leg Muscles.

Cascarets act on the Muscles of the Bowels and Intestines. They act just as Cold Water, or Exercise act on a Lazy

They act like exercise. A Cascaret produces the same sort of Natural result that a Six Mile walk in the country would produce. The Vest Pocket Box is sold by all

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