All OurFinest

Lingerie

Waists

Reduced

HE DIES THE DEATH Why Worry About

Electric Shock Ends Life of Tucker, Murderer.

FINAL APPEALS PROVE VAIN

Governor Refuses to Interfere, and President, When Appealed To, Approves His Action-Story of Mabel Page's Death.

BOSTON, June 12.—Charles L. Tucker was electrocuted at 12:12 e'clock this morning for the murder of Mabet Page. He was officially pronounced dead by the prison doctor at 12:19. Three applications of the cur-

when Tucker arrived in front of When Tucker arrived in front of the death chair he drew from his trousers pocket a brief statement, which he read. The statement was:

"I hope that God will forgive me for all the wrongs I have ever done in my past life. I forgive everybody who has wronged me. I am at peace with my Maker, May God have mercy on me soul."

my soul."
Tucker then sat down in the chair, and after the guards had adjusted the straps the warden raised his hand as a signal to the electrician.

Three Shocks Finish Him.

After the first application of electricity Dr. Joseph McLaughlin, the prison surgeon, made an examination and announced that the pulse was still beating. After the current had been applied a second time the surgeon de-tected a movement of the heart, but when the current was applied a third time Tucker was pronounced dead. announcement was made at 12:19

The surgeon stated that Tucker wa unconscious from the moment the first shock was applied.

shock was applied.

One more effort was made today to prolong the life of Tucker through executive elemency, but after hearing the appeal of his elergyman as well as his counsel Governor Guild tonight again declined to interfere with the execution of the sentence.

After haptizing Tucker in the faith of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Pay Thomas W Rishon a former pas-

of the Methodist Episcopai Church, Rev. Thomas W. Bishop, a former pas-tor of the church at which Tucker was once an attendant and his spiritual adviser, convinced by his protestations of innocence, sought an interview with the Governor and was closeted with him for an hour, but the executive de-clined to interfere in any way.

Roosevelt Refuses to Meddle.

One of the incidents of the day was a telegram received at the State House by the Governor from President Roose-veit in regard to the case. It ap-peared that some of those who participated in the Fanuell Hall meeting on Saturday night sent a telegram to the President asking him to interfere in Tucker's behalf. The President's telegram to the Governor, in which he commended the Massachusetts executive's action last week, was as follows:

Have been requested on behalf of certain parties in Boston to interfere with the execution of Tucker, it being alleged that it is my duty so to do, inasmuch as I have the power under the Federal laws.

No showing has been made to me that I have such power, but without regard to this I desire to state to you that in my judgment your decision not to interfere with the carrying out of the sentence of Tucker seems to me entirely sound and commands my hearty sympathy. It seems particularly a case in which there should be no interference with the carrying out of the sentence. tive's action last week, was as follows

Long Struggle to Save Him.

The electrocution of Tucker marked the final chapter in the history of the murder of Mabel Page at her home in Weston, March 31, 1994, and also marked the close of the most desperate legal bat-tle ever waged in Massachusetts for the life of a convicted murderer. Tucker's case was taken through the legal wind-ings until it received a hearing in the Supreme Court of the United States. A decision by that court sustaining the ruling of the lower courts did not discourage Tucker's lawyers. A petition to the Governor was prepared and circulat-ed throughout the state. In a short time were over 116,000 names attached

The attorneys for the prisoner went before the Governor not only with new evidence, but with a general plea for executive clemency and with affidavits, but they were not successful.

Crime and Its Detection.

Mabel Page was murdered at her father's home in Weston on March 31, 1904. Her body was found several hours later by her aged father. On a near-by table was found a note, supposed to have been written by MISS Page, stating that she had been called to Boston because of the illness of her brother. It later developed that her brother Harold was not ill and the handwriting on the note and a card which was also found in the figured in the trial, the Government con tending that the handwriting as shown the postal card was identical with the specimens of Tucker's handwriting.

The police learned that Charles L. Tucker, an Auburndale young man of roving habits, had been seen near the Page house on the day of the murder. They found Tucker, and, on taking him to a police station, questioned him, but released him. About three weeks afterreleased him. About three weeks afterward the officers searched Tucker's home. There, in an old coat, they found a broken knife-blade stained and scarred, the scars indicating that an effort had been made to destroy it by means of a file. A stickpin of peculiar design was also found, which was similar to one that Mabel Page had owned. Indictment for murder in the first degree followed. The evidence at the trial was largely cir-cumstantial, and counsel for the defense oduced witnesses and maps to prove

Since Tucker's trial and conviction, Edgirl, has died, as has Professor E. S. Wood, of Harvard University, who was the expert analyst for the prosecution.

SCIENTISTS AT BOSTON.

Large Delegation From Portland Attends Great Convention.

BOSTON, June 11 .- (Special.) -- One of the leading lights of the Christian Science convention, now in session here at the new \$2,000,000 cathedral dedicated yesterday with 20,000 members of the faith pres-ent at the six different services, was Mrs. David B. Ogden, of Portland, Or., who is here with her husband. Others in the party from that state are the following: Mrs. Blanche Hogue, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bruhn, Mrs. Lillian Berry, Mrs. May B. Hewett, Edward R. Brown, Mr. nd Mrs. John Lloyd, Mrs. Milton Jones, Mrs. Lesile Knapp, Mrs. Alice H. Allen, Mrs. Amelia Burckhardt, Mrs. Elizabeth Cadwell, C. H. VanHouten, Mrs. A. A. Moore, Mrs. Lillian McMorris, Mrs. F. O. Northrup, Mrs. Lottle C. E. Smith, Carrie Thompson, Mrs. F. W. Waters, all

Many went up to Concord, N. H., today to see the home of Mrs. Eddy, founder of

Your Children?

Right Food Goes Far to Keep Them Strong and Healthy.

Give your children plenty of good, pure Give your children plenty of good, pure food, rich in nutrition but easy to digest, and let them romp and play out doors to their hearts' content and you need not worry about their health this Summer. We know of no other food so good, so pure, so rich in all the nutrition that little folks need, and so very easy to digest, as Malta-Vita, the delicious malted whole wheat food. whole wheat food.

whole wheat food.

Malta-Vita gives children the highest possible degree of nourishment that their young bodies need, but does not tax the strength of their stomachs or overheat their blood. All the valuable food elements contained in this crisp, delicious, flaked whole wheat food are practically predigested and are taken up quickly by the system, forming pure red blood and giving vitality to the body and mind alike. It is the ideal food for every one all the year around, but, most especially, is the one perfect food for children in

A bowlful of Malta-Vita with milk or cream, and perhaps a little fresh fruit or fruit juice, makes the ideal breakfast for the little folks and it goes far toward making the complete, ideal breakfast for the rest of the family. Such a breakfast starts you off on the day just right. It starts you the life and vicer to accomplish gives you the life and vigor to accomplish things and enjoy yourself. It is a safe-guard against indigestion and postive in-surance of good health. All grocers.

ant View," and to visit the new Christian Science Church recently dedicated there. Mrs. Eddy was not to be seen, however, and in deference to her wishes her followers refrained from attempting to see

GOVERNMENT WILL PORSECUTE NEZ PERCES CASES.

Grand Jury Asked to Bring Indictments Against Every Man Who Has Introduced Liquor.

LEWISTON, Idaho, June 11 .- (Special.) The United States Government has made public the announcement that it will ask the grand jury to return indictments against all liquor-sellers on what is known as the Nez Perce Indian reservation. This information was made public today by Assistant United States Attorney Miles S. Johnson, of this district, who received a copy of the instructions sent to United

States Attorney N. K. Ruick, of Boise, from Attorney-General Moody, Mr. Ruick announced that his instrucions leave him no discretion in the matter, and at the convening of the next grand jury at Moscow the case of every nan who had introduced liquor into the reservation or who had sold or disposed of the same to Nez Perce allottees would, so far as proof could be procured, be pre-sented to the grand jury and indictments found. This decision will affect 25 saloon-keepers now doing business on the reser-

AVOID ISLAND SERVICE.

Americans Unwilling to Serve in Philippines.

MANILA, June 11 .- "The average Eu ropean is content to live and die east of Suez; the average American is not, al-though under improved conditions he might be prevailed upon to do so." Thus begins the annual report of Ex-cutive Secretary A. W. Ferguson to Governor-General Ide. Mr. Ferguson says that conditions have not improved to great extent during the past year, and the Executive Bureau is having trouble in curing Americans who will remain in the service. The grade of men coming from the United States is below that of the standard of the elerical forces sen here several years ago. Although the Executive Bureau has been established four years, the office force of 137 persons includes only five Americans. The Fili-pino members are the original personnel of the office. Mr. Ferguson says:

The great stumbling block is that few Americans intend to make the Philippines their ome or stay on the Island for an extended This condition can be overcome by making Philippine appointments a permanent means of livelihood by providing an effective system of transfer to the Federal service after reasonable period of service here. It is believed that, if the conditions in respect to mansfers are arranged as suggested, there will be no difficulty in securing Americans well enalified for the ordinary duties performed in the higher grades of the service. It is be-lieved to be useless to try to influence men to come out here unless something permanent offered them at the expiration of a reason-

Philippine Schools Open.

MANILA, June IL-The public schools opened today throughout the islands. It is estimated that half a million pupils attended, though the accommodations are limited to about 400,000. Governor Ide dedicated the new High School at Lar-cena, Province of Tayabas. He delivered a short address, advising the people to educate their children. He said that the future of the islands depends on the way the rising generation meets its responsibilities, and that education best fitted them for the duties they will be called on

Demand Expulsion of Friars.

MANILA. June 11 .- There was a nemon stration of the people of Lucena, Province of Tayabas, against the Capuchin Monastery last night. Governor Ide, who arrived at Lucena today, was met by a delgation of the populace, who presented a petition asking for the expulsion of three Capuchin friars from Sariaya. The people reminded the Governor of the promis of former executives to cause the with drawals of friars from the islands, and declared that the promises of Americans were not kept. Governor Ide ordered that protected, and promised to

Fusillade at Idle Coal Mine.

DILLONVALE, O., June 11 .- An attack, presumably by strikers, was made early today on the checkhouse of the M. A. Hanna Coal Company at Dillonvale, when 50 shots were fired from a hill 200 feet distant. There were four watchmen in the building, but no one was injured. Officials of the company who were holding a confer-ence with Mayor Eberle at the time of the attack organized a party and went to the mine to protect their property. Not a shot was fired by the company

Not one person responded to the blast Not one person responded to the blast of the whistle today notifying the strikers to return to work. The miners are firm in their refusal to accept anything but the 1903 scale.

Why suffer from this painful malady? One application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm will relieve the pain and make rest and sleep possible. Many cures have been effected by its continued use. Try it and be convinced. Price, 25 cents; large size, 50 cents. For sale by all druggists,

Good Morning! HereArethe Bargains

HEADQUARTERS FOR ARTISTIC PICTURE FRAMING BY EXPERT FRAMERS

Cipman, Wolfe & Co.

Here Go All the Mussed and

Handled Muslin Undergarments

These chances come just twice a year-at the close of our June and January sales. It is the nearest approach to giving away fine undermuslins that any store makes, and the occasions are watched for eagerly by women with the bargain instinct. Just a little mussed-but there is nothing that a trip to the wash tub will not remove,

Special Corset Covers

Made of fine Nainsook, daintily trimmed with fine lace or embroidery, insertions, beading and ribbons; sale prices 29€ 39¢ 39€

Special Gowns

Made of cambric and Nainsook, daintily trimmed with lace, insertions, beading and ribbon; sale prices 85¢ 98¢ \$1.10 \$1.65

Special Skirts

Made of cambric and Nainsook, deep flounces of cluster tucks, wide embroidery or lace insertion, dust ruffles; sale prices \$1.10 \$1.59

Special Drawers

Made of fine cambric and Nainsook, with trimmings of embroidery, lace, insertion and cluster tucks; sale prices 39¢

The June Lace Clearance

89¢

Laces Priced at Half and Less

Very Special

15c Wash Lace 7¢ yd. 121/2c Torchon Lace 31-3¢ yd. 35c Net Top Lace at . 12¢ yd. \$1 Net Top Lace at ... 27¢ yd. \$1 Allover Nets at ... 57¢ yd.

Allover Laces

\$1.75	Allovers		.\$.98
\$2.00	Allovers		.\$1.19
\$2.50	Allovers	*****	.\$1.27
\$3.00	Allovers		.\$1.47
\$3.50	Allovers		.\$1.97
\$4.00	Allovers		.\$2.4
	Allovers		
	Allovers		.\$3.47
\$6.00	Allovers		.\$3.97
		-	-

Valenciennes Laces

3/4 to 1 inch wide, 50c	
values, dozen	25¢
3/4 to 11/4 inches wide, 750 values, dozen	37¢
r to 1½ inches wide, \$r values, dozen	484
I to I1/2 inches wide, \$2	200
values, dozen	98¢

Corset Cover Embr'd'ries

\$.85	Values	\$.47
\$1.25	Values	\$.67
\$1.50	Values	\$.77
\$2.00	Values	\$.87
\$2.50	Values	\$.97
		\$1	

The Baby Bazar

Prices Cut



Special price on everyth in g. No space for detail, but there are big reduct ions on Infants' Coats, Caps, Dresses, Slips, Skirts,

Socks, Bootees, Shoes, Sacques, Bibs, Diapers, Shirts, Bands, Flannel Skirts, Pinning Blankets, Aprons, Guimps, etc.

Black "La Vida" Corsets at Half

Short hip, medium hip, round length, long hip, low and medium bust, made of diamond sateen and imported coutil. -Regular Price-

\$8.50 \$6.00 \$4.50 \$3.75 -Sale Prices \$4.25 \$3.00 \$2.25 \$2.00

Pictures \$5.00

to \$15.00

For JUNE Weddings

There is nothing more suitable or appropriate for a wedding gift than a beautiful picture, and as they are given the most prominent place in the home they act as a constan reminder of the giver.

A wide variety here at every price-every imaginable subject and every style of art

All Tailor-Made Suits Reduced

AGENCY FOR COLUMBIA

YARNS

HEADQUARTERS FOR

THE COLLEGE WAISTS

1906 Models Were \$18.50 to \$125.00 Now \$12.95 to \$ 87.50



\$50.00 Suits red'c'd to \$34.50

\$60.00 Suits red'c'd to \$43.80

\$65.00 Suits red'c'd to \$46.00

gone, for the values are very tempting, and this is the prettiest, most stylish, most up-todate lot of suits ever offered These are cleverly designed suits, representing every new, popular model and fashionable color and shade; effectively

But you must be prompt ow. While variety is broad

and the quantity generous,

many of them will soon be

tailored and trimmed in individual effects, and portraying character and elegance in every line and curve. \$18.50 Suits red'c'd to \$12.95 \$20.00 Suits red'c'd to \$13.85 \$22.50 Suits red'c'd to \$15.75 \$25.00 Suits red'c'd to \$17.25 \$27.50 Suits red'c'd to \$19.85 \$30.00 Suits red'c'd to \$21.50 \$32.00 Suits red'c'd to \$22.75 \$35.00 Suits red'c'd to \$24.50

\$37.50 Suits red'c'd to \$26.00 \$40.00 Suits red'c'd to \$28.40 \$42.50 Suits red'c'd to \$29.75 \$45.00 Suits red'c'd to \$31.85 \$75.00 Suits red'c'd to \$53.50 \$85.00 Suits red'c'd to \$61.75 \$100 Suits red'c'd to \$72.50 \$125 Suits red'c'd to \$87.50

CORSETS Down Goes the Prices on

The "Nemo" is world-famous for quality, perfection of fit and comfort. If the quality has not induced you to buy, these prices surely will:

"Nemo Self-Reducing" Corsets, of white brocade, sizes 22 to 28; regular

regular \$1.25, sale price......98¢

San Francisco Committee at Washington.

CITY BONDS AS SECURITY

Will Ask Shaw to Deposit \$14,000, 000 in Banks for Municipal Buildings-Proposed Loan to Homebuilders.

WASHINGTON, June 11.-The Califoria committee which is to enlist the aid of the National Government toward the habilitation of San Francisco arrived re today. It is composed of Judge pere today. Morrow, Thomas Magee, Franklin K. Lane, Dr. Edward Devine, of the Red Cross, W. J. Bartnett and F. M. Willis. They were visited tonight by various members of the California delegation in Congress and their plans, which will be presented to Congress and to the Secretary of the Treasury, were talked over informally. Tomorrow morning there will be a meeting with the entire California delegation in the House and the Senate, where the various measures for relief suggested will be considered

The city of San Francisco has \$14,000,-000 unissued 3½ per cent bonds. It is pro-posed by the visiting committee that they or made receivable for national bank the General Government, in they are to be sold by the which case they are to be sold by city at par. Authority is vested in the Secretary of the Treasry to accept mu-nicipal securities under certain conditions as national bank deposits, and the committee will confer with Secretary Shaw with a view of having the unissued bonds made receivable for such deposits

If this plan is successful, the money realized from the sale of the bonds will, Judge Morrow sald, be used to start in otion the rehabilitation of the city gov ernment, viz. the construction of muni-cipal buildings, schoolhouses and other ecessary buildings. *
The other proposition which the com-

mittee has in view and which will re quire the action of Congress is the loan of \$10,000,000 to the National Red Cross Society for use in loaning to those persons whose homes have been those persons whose nomes have been destroyed for the purpose of reconstructing them. Judge Morrow said there are over 40,000 people homeless in San Francisco, living in tents or temporary structures, and 103,000 in adjoining towns who are being tem-porarily provided for. Numbers of them own lots in the city of San Francisco, but having lost everything in the earthquake and the fire following, have not a cent to rebuild.

It is proposed to loan to such per-sons money for that purpose at a small rate of interest, the entire loan to be repaid to the National Government, The loan proposition, Judge Morrow said, is a suggestion of the financiers of the city and will be urged because the savings banks have as a rule loaned all their available funds. It is desirable, he said, that the class af citizens referred to shall remain in San and not drift away to other must be given some assistance with which to reconstruct their homes.

RIGHTEOUS THREE HOLD OUT Refuse to Join Other Insurance

Companies in Shaving Claims.

OAKLAND, Cal., June The efforts Guyrene Bertrand, a San Franci of 75 insurance companies holding risks was also badly injured. Other in San Francisco to induce all of the party sustained minor injuries.

per cent of the face value of all policies in the way of settlement with policyhold-ers has practically falled through the in-

strumentality and objections of three of the largest insurance corporations. These three companies not only refused These three companies not only refused to come into the scheme, but declared that such methods would eventually discredit insurance underwriting on the Pacific Coast, and that such a policy would prove more expensive to the companies than if they should pay the full insurance risks. Another reason advanced for not going into the scheme of a 25 per cent cut was that there are earthquake clauses of which many of the companies can take legal advantage without dis-

HONEYCOMB OF SEDITION

New Arrivals From Guatemala Find Treason and Spies Everywhere.

MEXICO CITY, June 11 .- Several Amer icans and Germans arrived in this city from Guatemala via Santa Cruz and the Tehuantepec Railway. They left San Jose de Guatemala June 4 and were not in possession of the late news from the acene of the revolutionary operations, but are able to throw light on the conditions in that country. Leopold Fitchner, a German planter in Guatemala, says Pres-ident Cabrera is a good ruler and should he be successful in suppressing the present revolution, would become wise and generous in his policy of opening up the ountry to settlement by foreigners, but for the present he is unable to do so, as he is surrounded by enemies and the country is honeycombed by sedition. The Government may have to forced loans to carry on the war.

war news and only bulletins were issued, chiefly thanking the people for their loyalty to the Government. The country is filled with spies and nobody dares discu The people favorable to the revolution and familiar with the ultimate projects of its leaders assert that the purpose of the movement is to do away with graft and oppressive taxation and

papers in Guatemala were not publishing

new methods. Foreigners and foreign cap ital will be asked to come into Guatemak and do for it what has been accomplished in Mexico.

TOLEDO CAPTURES ALL GUNS.

Dashing Movement Against Cabrera Barillas Also Victorious.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 11.-Private advices received here from the Republic of Salvador show that General Toledo, lead-er of the revolutionists in Southern Guate-mala, after sustaining six hours' artillery fire on June 8, made a dash June 9 and captured all the guns of the government of Guatemala. This victory, it appears, was won in a masterly manner. The news from Northern Guatemala shows that the revolutionists organized by General Baril-las, the former President of Guatemala, have captured Ocos and Ayutla.

Cabrera Claims Victory.

WASHINGTON, June 11 .- A crushing defeat to the revolutionists who invuded the country across the Honduras boundary, together with the remainder of those who went across the Salvadorean frontier, was reported to the Guatemalan Minister in a cable-gram dated today from the Minister of Foreign Affairs. The action, the dispatch further stated, took place at a place called Mongoy.

Disaster on Way to Dance.

MANHATTAN, Nev., June 11 .- A party of 25 people, mostly physicians and nurses, who were driving to Belmont today to attend a dance, met with a serious acci-dent. The brakes broke on a hill and the vehicle dashed down into a gully. Dr. John D. McKellar, of Chicago, and Dr. J. L. Garner, of Shover Springs, Ark., were so seriously hurt that they may die. Miss Guyrene Bertrand, a San Francisco nurse, was also badly injured. Others in the

Finds Compromise on Statehood Which All Accept.

LET THE VOTERS DECIDE

Arizona and New Mexico to Vote or Union and Elect a Constitu-

tional Convention-Oklahoma Is Safe.

WASHINGTON, June 11 .- The Carter compromise on the statehood bill was agreed upon today by Republican leaders of the Senate and House. Nothing now stands in the way of the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as a state, and a choice by Arizona and New Mexico as to whether they desire to come in as another state. It is expected that the pending conference report will be recommitted or withdrawn when it comes in tomorrow and an amended report returned to both houses embodying the com-promise. In this way the discussion of a question that has been before Congress almost continuously for six years will be

ended. The compromise presented by Senator Carter provides for the rejection of the Burrows amendment striking from the bill all reference to the admission of Arizona and New Mexico and the adoption in lieu of section 24 of the original bill of an amendment providing the following:

Provision for Vote on Union.

Provision for Vote on Union.

That at the general election to be held on November 6, 1906, all the electors of said territories respectively qualified to vote at such election are hereby authorized to vote for and choose delegates to form a convention for said territories. The aforssaid convention shall consist of 110 delegates, 66 of which delegates shall be elected to said convention by the people of the Territory of New Mexico and 44 by the people of the Territory of Arizona, and the Governor, Chief Justice and Secretaries of each of said territories respectively shall apportion the delegates to be thus elected from their respective territories, as nearly as may be equitably done, among the several counties thereof, in accordance with the population as shown by the Federal census of 1900.

That at the said general election and on the same ballots on which the names of candidates to the said convention are printed there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of each of said territories a question which shall be tated on the ballot in substance and form as follows:

"Shall Arizona and New Mexico be united to form one state"

Then follow instructions in detail for a state of the state of the said form one state." Then follow instructions in detail for

terior, after which it is provided: One State or Two Territories.

marking the ballots and transmission of the results to the Secretary of the In-

One State or Two Territories.

If it appears from the returns that a majority of the electors in each of the territories voted in favor of union, then, and not otherwise, the Inhabitants of Arizona and New Mexico as at present described may become the State of Arizona, but, if in either of the territories a majority of the electors shall have voted against the union, then the provisions of the bill for the assembling of the constitutional convention shall be null and vold, excepting that the appropriation made shall be available for defraying all and every kind and character of expense incurred on account of the election of the delegates to the convention and the submission of the question of statehood. Each territory will elect a delegate to Congress and vote for regular territorial afficers at the same election, so that in case the joint statehood proposition is rejected, the affairs of the territories will continue as heretofore.

Pacific Coast Appointments. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- The Presi-

Artistic Silver Gifts

T. Elliott, Northern District of Califor-nia; Levi E. Longworth, Southern District of California. Postmasters-Oregon, J. T. Brown, Pendleton; ington, James E. Wart, Colfax.

NO GOVERNMENT LIKE THIS Tawney Dilates on Respect Shown

WASHINGTON, June 11 .- During consideration of the sundry civil bill to-day in the House, Keifer endeavored to have an appropriation of \$4000 for the ompletion of the work of marking the places where American soldiers and sailors fell and were temporarily interred in Cuba and China. While the amendment was defeated, an interesting discussi-

Tawney, chairman of the appropriations ommittee, in opposing the appropriation, stated that ne country in the world provides for its soldiers as we do. He said that we not only bring the bodies of the dead here from foreign lands, but that the Government reinters them and marks their last resting-places with headstone pearing appropriate inscriptions of deeds

said, "a cemetery where are interred the bodies of many who fell in the Mexican War." A superintendent is in charge and an appropriation is made each year to keep up the cemetery, but this, Tawney said, was not parallel to an appropriation for marking the spots where our soldier our soldiers fell and were temporarly interre He also instanced the fact that at King's Mountain in North Carolina, where was fought one of the early battles of the Revolution, the bodies of General Ferguson and 40 British soldiers rest the English government has never asked the English government to erect a mon-the American Government to erect a mon-ument, let alone a mark, to show the ment, let alone a mark, to participants in that famous battle.

TILLMAN AND HOPKINS SPAR

Wildcatting. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- The Tillman

Hopkins controversy of a few weeks ago concerning the status of the affairs of the Chicago National Bank was re-vived in the Senate today by an inquiry made by Tillman concerning the status of his resolution for an investigation of the course of that bank, of which John

Eruptions

of pimples and other eruptions is to cleanse the blood, improve the digestion, stimulate the kidneys, liver and skin. The medicine to take is Hood's Sarsaparilla

tions to the Senate: Marshals, Charles R. Walsh was president. The inquiry was T. Elliott, Northern District of Califor-

to Dead Soldiers.

arose as to the policy of marking the places where our soldiers and saliors fell foreign soil.

performed. "We own near the City of Mexico," he

Walsh Bank Failure Called Case of

The only way to get rid gent today sent the following nomina- Which has cured thousands.

For June Weddings The finest products of the allversmith dis-played in large and interesting variety at attractive prices.

mittee on finance, before which the reso-

lution is pending.
Tillman said he had read a newspap article which showed that the "admirable financiering" which Mr. Hopkins had so highly praised had been only "wildcat banking Hopkins replied that newspaper information is "not such as a man would rely upon in a financial matter." He again assured the Senate that Mr. Walsh's

bank had paid 100 cents on the deliar and expressed the opinion that this re-sult should be satisfactory to Illinois. The incident closed for the day, with an assurance from Aldrich that his com-mittee would take up the resolution to-

Blackfoot Bill Sent to Conference. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- The bill open. ing the Blackfoot Indian reservation in Montana to settlement was sent to con-ference, the conferees on the part of the being Sherman of New York. Curtis of Kansas and Zenor of Indiana

Bill to Pay for President's Trips. WASHINGTON June 11.—Representa-tive Watson (Ind.) introduced a bill to-day intended as a general statute, that annual appropriation of \$25,000 may made to cover the expenses of Presi-

dential trips. WHEN SLEEP FAILS Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water ust before retiring brings refreshing sleep.





