

infinence. They may not be-all of them may not be, but they are suspected, and their actions have justified

Aldrich and the Corporations.

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The name of Senator Aldrich has always been associated with corpora-tions; he has the reputation of being the best and the strongest friend corporate interests in the Senate. Senate. one has ever proven that he is a corperation Senator eration Senator, but his reputation such extends from Maine to California, and there must be some foundation for the suspicion.

Likewise, the mention of Senator Kenn of New Jersey always brings to mind the Standard Oll Company and other corporations. Mr. Kean may be unjustly suspected, but he rests under a cloud and the public has its doubts. Chauncey Depew was never an influ-ential Senator, but whenever he got into action the people began to look for the motive, and they soon came to dans him among the corporation Sen-

At the present time, and heretofore, Senator Elkins has been listed as a "rail-road Senator," and yet Elkins asserts that his interests in railroads amounts to one-temh of his interests in business; in other words, h ciaims that where he has \$1 invested in railroads, he has \$10 invested in business that classes him as a shipper. He points to this fact as discrediting the report that he is a railroad Senator Elkins may be unjustly accused; some of the others may be unjustly accused, but he, like they, has voted on numerous occasions in a man-ner to arouse suspicion, and once a Sena-tor is branded it takes a long time to live down a bad reputation.

Foraker Dentes the Charge

One of the ablest men in the Senate, and Presidential aspirant, Senator Foraker, Ohio, now stands at the top of the list of "railroad Senators." This is be cause he takes a more radical stand on the rate question than any other man in Congress. Foraker is suspected of being under railroad influence; many times he has been accused of representing the rail-roads on the floor of the Senate, yet he himself disclaims this, and says he is acting solely according to his individual judgment. Nevertheless, he has carned reputetion.

Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania not a great Senator in any sense, but successor of Quay through the death of the latter. The name of Penrose is syn-"Pennsylvania Railroad," ac onymous fer ording to the rumor of the day. He i ooked upon as a representative of that corporation on the floor of the Senate. Maybe he deserves the reputation-maybe not, but in any event, the Pennsylvanta Railroad might have done better, and probably would if it had much at stake. Then there is Senstor Knox, who was held up before the country as another corporation Senator and friend of the e floor of the Senate ever having represented the Pennsylvania in the capacit of attorney, and disclaimed all obligation to that corporation. Senator Knox is not generally regarded as a corporation Sena-tor, and is credited with acting from the best motives and strictly according to his personal judgment. And yet he was susacted sufficiently to induce Senator Fill-an to hold him up as an object of attack efore the Senate.

One of Jim Hill's Senators.

Other Senators are credited with being the representatives of special interests. more or less important. Out in the West the Great Northern Ballroad is said to control Senstor Hansbrough Maybe it does, maybe it does not, but such is Hansbrough's reputation that he is sus-

Senators as Allison and Dolliver of lowa, Frye and Hale of Maine, Lodge of Massachusetts, Spooner of Wisconsin even Tillman of South Carolina.

The names of these men do not suggest rruption to the American reader; Alli-n was never connected with any jobbery and was never suspected of any. Neithe was a single man on this list. They are great and influential Senators, too, and they are returned term after term be cause of the service they render their states and the country.

So, whatever the justification for the ugly stories that are flooding the country, the fact cannot be denied, that the Senate is divided into two factions, those under spicion and those who are above sus

WORK OF TRACT SOCIETY

Immense Amount of Literature Pub-

lished During the Year.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- The annual meeting of the American Tract Society was held tonight in the Luther Place Memorial Church, Justice Brewer, of the Supreme Court of the United States honorary vice-president, presided. Gen-eral O. O. Howard, president of the soclety, delivered the address and Rev. Judson Swift, field secretary at New York, made a report.

General Howard dwelt on the "Great and Good Work," accomplished by the Tract Society. He referred to "those who at present are clamoring for the United States to give up the Philippines," and said:

"We cannot do such a thing until we have accomplished for those islands what providence has intended us to do, name Christianize them

Secretary Swift stated that the annual report showed 106 publications added to the society's list during the year, includ-ing many of different language, and the total number of languages and dialects in which the society had published was now 162. He said the periodical circu-lation for the year was 2.55,560 copies, making the grand total of volumes, periodicals and tracts since the organi-zation of the society 7.54 56 565 zation of the society, 754,956,946.

The secretary's report declared that the question of the hour was the immigrant problem, upwards of 1.100,000 immigrants having arrived in the United States during the year 1965.

The district publications at foreign mission stations has reached a total of 5342, and the total grants of cash and electrotype amount to \$812.847.

"No less than \$1,000,000 is required to furnish the literature needed. The so-clety's work is wholly dependent on do-nations and legacies. The donations should be greatly increased to enable the society to perform the work waiting for accomplishment. An earnest appeal is made to both the evangelical churches and individuals for larger offerings."

DEWEY PASSES GIBRALTAR All Are Reported Well Aboard the

Big Drydock.

GIBRALTAR, March 26 .- Mr. Sprague the American Consul here, today re-ceived a wireless dispatch from the United States collier Giacler, informRailroad Attorney.

ACCUSES HIM OF BIAS **Recalls Scene in Committee-Room**

Where West Virginian Showed His Hostile Attitude to

Railroad Rate Bill.

DES MOINES, Is., March 21 .- Govrnor Cummins has mailed to Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, a reply to the Senator's letter in which he criticized statements made by the Gov-ernor in a speech to the voters of lowa, regarding his examination before the Senate committee on interstate

merce, when it had under consideration the rallway rate bill. The Governor says that the Senator occused him of falsehood in declaring that his position was hostile as that

and attorney that sat at the right of Elkins during the examinat tion: that Elkins during the examina tion, appeared to be in communion and symplithy with this attorney and that the attorney handed to Senator El-kins questions to be asked the Gov-'If," says the Governor in his lette

to the Senator, "you understood your duties and obligations as chairman of a legislative committee to be similar to those of an advocate, I have no riticism to make of your conduct except to say that you should be or

the side of the people instead of on the side of the railroads. I have thought, however, that as a chairman of such committee your duties and obligations were more nearly like those of a Judge, namely, to hear both sides pa-tiently without bias or prejudice, and then decide impartially without fear or favor

You heard patiently, but it was clearly apparent in your attitude, that you had decided the case in favor of the railroads and were determined to shatter my evidence if you could. The examination shows conclusively that you made up your mind that the pro-

posed authority should not be give to the Intersthate Commerce Commis sion, and that the power sought to be given was unnecessary and filled with disaster to commerce. It is from beginning to end just such a cross-examination as an attorney for the rail-road companies would have conducted, and it was unseemly for you to assume

that attitude The scene in your committee-room

is sharply stamped on my memory and it is impossible that I can be mis-taken about it. Sitting squarely at your right, just a trife behind you, ant a gentleman, who, as I was afterward informed, is ex-Senator Faulkner. I inquired what relation he hore to the investigation and I was told that he was an employe of the railway companies to resist the proposed law. "I do not know whether the other Senators are with him or not, for their faces were turned toward me and

therefore away from him; but I do know that you saw him; first, because he was o close to you that you could not turn your head without seeing him; second, because you were in con-

tinue in my denunciation. "It appears to me that if you propose

to assail all persons and papers and magazines that have admitted your loyalty to the railroads and questioned your fidelity to the people you should give some attention to the attacks that come from points nearer Washington be felt in the Phillippines. than Iowa

The truth is, Senator, that you have fairly established the reputation of a standing of railroad attorney in the United States Senate. It is most unfortunate that a United States Sen-ater should acquire such a reputation among the people of the country. It is in the highest degree important that the body of which you are a member shall enjoy the fullest public confi The gravest problems which confront us are those which relate to the regulation and restriction of spe-cial powers. These problems will not successfully be answered by those whose lives have been so molded by corporate thought and corporate influe that they instinctively turn to cor-

formation and guidance. "It is with profound regret that I have condemned your course, but my regret disappears and another feeling takes its place when I observe that you are not only persisting in your indefensible attitude, but are endeavoring to reach over 1900 miles of space and advise the Republican voters of lowa how to elect a Governor. The burden is too heavy for you; you can-not lift it. The task is too great for The you; you cannot accomplish it. tions.

poration officials and managers for in-

Growth Has Been Enormous Despite Attempted Reduction.

WASHINGTON, March 25. - Trade of the United States with Canada in the fisthe United States with Canada in the in-cal year 1906 aggregated 1200,049.213. against 189.429.065 in 1855, according to a bulletin issued by the Department of Commenser-and Labor. It shows that in the two years from 1875 to 1895 our trade, with Canada increased \$57,000,000, and from 1895 to 1995 it increased \$114,000,000.

The larger portion of this growth has been on the export side. The imports in-creased from \$27,857,815 in 1875 to \$62,469,422

in 1905, and experts advanced from \$54,-547,219 in 1875 to \$140,529,581 in 1905. "This rapid growth in trade relations with Canada." says the bulletin. "Is es-pecially interesting in view of the vary-ing conditions to which commerce with

ing conditions to which commerce with Canada has been subjected. During the period from 1855 to 1856 a reciprocity treaty was in force between Canada and the United States, but in the latter year it was terminated, so that commerce be-tween the two countries was unaffected by special trade arrangements until April by special trade arrangements until April

by special trade arrangements until April 1987, when the United States was placed at a slight disadvantage as compared with the United Kingdom, products from that country entering the Dominion of Can-ada being admitted, by special arrange-ment, at a reduction of 125 per cent of the tariff levied on imports from other countries

"August 1, 1898, the reduction of British "August 1, 1888, the reduction of Brillsh products was increased to 25 per cent, and on July 1, 1300, was still further increased to 23 1-3 per cent. Despite these advan-tages in favor of goods entering Canada from the United Kingdom, exports to Canada from that country grew from 425-743,712 in 1857 to \$50,605,556 in 1954, while ex-ports to Canada from the United States grew from \$54,825,825 in 1857 to \$140,525,581 in 1305." The percentage of imports to Canada

cate whether he is or not. The battleship onsin, which also has been statio at Manila, preceded the Unio to Shanghal

w one day. These movements, the officials of th Hureau of Navigation say, were not or-dered by the department, being probably incident to the approach of warm weather, the influence of which is beginning to

Des Planches Expects to Retire.

WASHINGTON, March 25 .- Baron May er des Planches, the Italian Ambassador, who has been absent since last Fall, is not expected to return from Italy before the beginning of this Summer. The Ambassador had to leave Washington on ac count of his health, but he will return his post unless one of the European dipl natic positions is opened and tendered to

Baron des Planches le actively interest ory, a wholesale grocer, is running for Mayor of Kansas City at the head of the Democratic ticket, is even more radical ed in his mission in this country, and had traveled extensively through the Southern States, with a view of directing Italian than the Republican platform on the sub-jects of cheaper gas and compensation for public utility franchises, although the mulgration to those agricultural states, instead of to the already crowded cities.

Hloki in Line for Advancement.

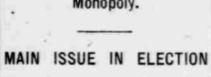
WASHINGTON Marca 25.-Directly after the arrival of the new Japanese Ambassuador, who is expected here the end of next month, Mr. Hioki, the first sec-retary of the embassy, will leave for Japan on leave of absence. Mr. Hioki has been charge d'affaires for a consid-erable length of time, and it is expected here that the Japanese government will appoint him as head of one of its lega-

THE DAY'S DEATH RECORD

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 26.-Colonel H. Shackleford, better known as Hal Standish, under which nom de plume he wrote "Fred Fearnot," "The Old Sleuth" and other well-known detective stories, died here this morning, aged 5 years. Colonel Shackieford was for 35 years a writer of detective stories. Besides being a prelific writer, he was at various times a Baptist minister, Democratic campaign speaker and lecturer.

NEW YORK, March 25 .- Dr. Albert the street railway franchises "for any consideration or upon any pretext Prescott Marble, assistant superintendent of public schools of this city, ex-superinwhatever.' tendent of schools of Omaha, and exnt of the National Educational The gas plank is as follows: The acquire for the city upon the most foreable proverable terms and as the foreable proverable terms and as the foreable proverable terms and as the foreable supply of natural gas to be foreable supply of natural gas to or be made to be people as the state of the foreable supply of natural gas to or be made to be people as the state of the foreable supply of natural gas to or be made to be able of the prover and teget for the out the state of the prover and teget for the out the interest of the people. We will never surrender, postpone or otherwise in never be date to on the gas company to be the date of the gas company. **Browth of Public Opinion**.

the past two days, workmen have un earthed in all ten human skeletons, to to the Indian heart. The skeletons were found within a few feet of each other. all buried face down and showing evi-



Public Opinion Crystallizes in Two

Weeks to Produce More Radical

Democratic Plank Than

Republicans Adopted.

KANSAS CITY, March 25 .- (Special.)-

The platform in which Robert L. Greg-

Republican platform is strong and clean

on these subjects. Consequently, no mat-ter which party prevails in the election

on April 3, the principle will have been asserted that the people own the streets

Choice Between Issues

reform was the thing nearest at ha

railway franchise extension was the big.

'We declare that all public utilities

should be owned by the municipality and operated in the interests of all the peo-

The platform opposes extension of

Radical Plank on Gas.

Growth of Public Opinion.

It is proper to explain that the more

The gas plank is as follows:

There was a controversy in the Demo

serve the

over their business.

platform begins:

and the public service corporations must

people or the people will take

the voters are the outgrowth of an agi tation which began, as in Portland, with timid complaints against adulterated gas, erratic meters, high rates and refusals to extend the mains on now streets. Concessions and polite words might have mollfied the grum-blers and staved off the popular risnow streets. ing, but the company officials used a lub instead of a soft answer,

Hereit and the second second second

Gas Boodle Ineffective.

The gas company in the recent prinaries supported a candidate of each party, and both these candidates were defeated overwhelmingly, though abundantly supplied with money. The present campaign is the first in which the discussion is about city affairs, to the entire neglect of the tariff, currency, imperialism and other subjects that wara formarly considered "live issues" in a city election. The registration is very large, all public meetings are well attended and civic consciousness has been aroused.

Fishermen Pass Resolutions.

OREGON CITY, Or., March 25 .- (Spe ial)-At a mass meeting of Clackamas County fishermen held in this city yesterday afternoon, resolutions were adopted calling for several amendments to the calling for several amendments to the fish Jaws, the most important of which was that changing the dates for the closed season. More than 50 fishermen attended the meeting, and it was decided to present the resolutions to the various legislative candidates for their consideration, and when the position of these candidates is learned, another meeting will be held, when it is probable that the fishermen as an organization will indorse certain legislative candidates and lend their sup-port in the approaching primary election.

A TROUBLE MAKER.

Coffee Poison Breeds Variety of Ills.

Mayor of Cleveland, and a trolley road expert, says would be worth \$10,000,000 A California woman who didn't know for 20 years what kept her ill, writes to telt how she won back health by quitting The gas plank advocates urged that gas that coffee:

"I am 54 years old," she says, "have ger question. The differences were ad-justed by this declaration, with which the used coffee all my life and for 30 years uffered from indigestion and insomnin Life was a burden and a drag to me oll the time, and about once a year my ail-ments got such hold upon me that 1 was egularly 'sick in bed' for several weeks each time

"I was reluctant to conclude that coffewas the cause of my trouble, but I am thankful that I found out the truth. "Then I determined to use Postum Food

Coffee exclusively-for a week at firstfor I doubted my ability to do witnout to old kind of coffee for any length of th made the Postum carefully, as directed, and before the week expired had my re-ward in a perceptible increase in strength

and spirits Seeing the good that my short experiment had accomplished. I resolved to con-tinue the use of Postum Food coffee, cui-ting out the old kind of coffee entirely. This I did for nine months, finding daily increased cause for gratification at my steadily improving health. My indiges-tion gradually left me, my sleep returned. I gained 26 pounds in weight, my color changed from sallow to a fresh, rosy hue and life became a blessing.

if hecame a blessing. "Then I thought I would try the old kind of coffee again, and did so for a few weeks. The punishment for deserting my good friend, Postum, was a return of my old troubles.

my old troubles. "That taught me wisdom, and I am now and shall be all my life hereafter using Postum Food Coffee exclusively and en-joying the benefits it brings me." Name given by Postum Co., Rattle Creek, Mich, Read the little book, "The Road to Well-wills." in underse radical tone of the Democratic platform as compared with the Republican plat-form is due to the fact that the Demo-cratic declaration was written two ville," in packages.

Dr. Albert Prescott Marble.

preside Association, died here today.

Joseph Cassidy, Shortstop. CHESTER, Pa., March 25-Joseph Cas-sidy, shorstop of the Washington Amer-ican League baseball club, died at his home in this city today. Indian Skeleton Dug Up.

THE DALLES, Or., March 25 .- (Special.)-In excavating and leveling an emp-ty lot belonging to A. M. Anderson, of this city. in the bluff addition, within gether with the bones of horses, the re-mains of firearms and quantities of beads, buttons, elk teeth and other trinkets dear

cratic convention over the principal plank of the platform-whether it should be the demand for better, cheaper gas, or a declaration against extension of the franchise of the street railway company, the latter company having tried recent-ly to smuggle through the City Council Author of "The Old Sleuth." an ordinance giving a franchise extension in Kansas City, which Tom L. Johnson

OUR TRADE WITH CANADA