

MEET AT CAMP FIRE

Grand Army Veterans Recall Old Times.

BUSINESS SESSION IS ENDED

New Council of Administration Is Named - Resolution Indorsing Miles as Soldier and Executive Is Indorsed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The G. A. R. concluded its business today and many of the veterans will start home at once. Today was Oakland day. About 400 veterans went across the bay. The Grand Army button passed the veterans. The people gave them a royal reception. At the head of the delegation, William P. Baro, of Nineveh, Pa., could be seen from all quarters. He is seven feet tall, and 90 years old.

Oakland had prepared a spread under beautiful oaks on the banks of Lake Merritt. After feasting there was music and speeches. The veterans then went on short trips to various points of interest, the larger portion going to Berkeley, where they were met by a company of commissioned and noncommissioned officers of the university cadets under command of Colonel Henry De H. White and conducted to the campus of the university. Here there was a great demonstration in their honor, and General John C. Black, the new Commander-in-Chief and Corporal Tanner made speeches.

Tomorrow there will be a great excursion to the garden city of California, San Jose, where a luncheon will be served to the veterans and their families. Then they will be taken through the famous Valley Santa Clara.

HENRY A. BARDEN.

BUSINESS AFFAIRS TAKEN UP.

New Officers Are Installed and Appointments Made.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—The National encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic closed its 57th annual session this afternoon, after a protracted morning session. The newly-elected officers, with the exception of Junior Vice-Commander Kessler, who is now on the way from the Philippines, were installed. Commander-in-Chief Black announced the following appointments:

Adjutant-General, C. W. Partridge, of Illinois; quartermaster-general, Charles Burrows, of New Jersey, respectively; judge-advocate-general, James Tanner, of New York; inspector-general, E. B. Wessen, of Iowa. The new council of administration is composed of the following members:

Alabama, M. D. Wickersham; Arizona, George Atkinson; Arkansas, A. A. Whitson; California and Nevada, A. W. Barrett; Colorado and Wyoming, U. S. Holst; Connecticut, C. C. Hendricks; Delaware, Samuel Worrall; Florida, Charles Donovan; Georgia, J. A. Comerford; Idaho, George M. Parsons; Illinois, T. B. Smith; Indiana, H. H. Burt; Iowa, F. E. Cary; Kentucky, Jacob Zeltner; Louisiana and Mississippi, C. H. Schute; Maine, Louis Sedgwick; Maryland, R. C. Surrison; Massachusetts, W. H. H. Mitchell; Michigan, F. Finlon; Minnesota, L. W. Collins; Missouri, J. T. Dew; Montana, S. H. Hansell; Nebraska, Andrew Traynor; New Hampshire, G. H. Foster; New Jersey, C. C. Tilson; New Mexico, John R. McFie; New York, James Owen; North Dakota, S. K. McClinton; Ohio, A. W. Taylor; Oklahoma, W. Taylor; Oregon, W. M. Moore; Utah, W. W. Hoshang; Vermont, A. C. Brown; Virginia and North Carolina, J. E. Fuller; Washington and Alaska, S. W. Clark; West Virginia, W. B. Woodcock; Wisconsin, Phil Creek.

The reports of the various retiring officers were adopted, and a vote of thanks given each for efficient service. It was recommended that a telegram be sent to President Roosevelt, favoring the resolution to pension veterans over 62 years of age, which was adopted yesterday morning.

The committee on resolutions presented a number of resolutions on which action was taken. The proposition to make all past Adjutant-Generals members of the encampment was defeated.

A resolution favoring legislation to prevent, by education and in other ways, the desecration of the flag, was adopted.

The endorsement by the committee of the service pension bill was approved. The proposed establishment of National Soldiers' Homes at Fort Sherman, Idaho, and in Florida and Oklahoma was indorsed.

It was resolved to appoint a committee of five to investigate cases of discrimination against veterans in the civil service. Captain H. H. Coney, of Kansas, introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That we congratulate that splendid soldier, exemplary commander and patriotic citizen, General Nelson A. Miles, upon his attainment of a distinguished and honorable retirement after a matchless record as a soldier of over 42 years' service, without just criticism of his official career, which began as a Lieutenant in the Twenty-second Massachusetts Infantry, progressing by the brightest grade of heroic patriotism from Massachusetts to Appomattox, during the greatest of all Civil Wars, from 1862 to 1865, and illuminating this record by his great military achievement, first as an Indian fighter and again as a gallant and judicious military disciplinarian and organizer."

A committee of five was appointed to provide for the perpetuation of Memorial Day in the South, and a committee of three will revise the constitution. James Coney was restored to the honor as past commander of California.

The committee on resolutions stated that it was deemed unwise to offer several resolutions which had been presented to it, as their discussion might provoke extended controversy. It was resolved to ask Congress to erect a statue to the memory of General Miles.

Major-General MacArthur was introduced and delivered a brief address, which was warmly received. A delegation from the Sons of Veterans, who were invited to the encampment yesterday denied the privilege of participating in the meetings, was presented.

The closing feature tonight was a National campfire session at the Mechanics' Pavilion. The immense building was packed to the doors. An address of welcome was delivered by Major-General W. R. Shafter, Commander of the Department of California and Nevada. It was best received by General John C. Black, the new commander-in-chief, who received an ovation.

Major-General MacArthur spoke on "The Regular Army," and "The Passing Grand Army" was the subject of a few remarks by Past Commander-in-Chief Stewart. Corporal Tanner paid a tribute to the Army of the Civil War. Past Commander-in-Chief Torrence eulogized the American soldier. Other addresses were as follows: "The Early Days of the Grand Army," by General John C. Black; "The Soldier's Life," by General Charles A. Woodruff, U. S. A.

After the speaking the evening was given up to informal entertainment, the old soldiers enjoying the pleasure of a wartime campfire. Commander-in-Chief J. C. Black, after the adjournment of the encampment, received the following telegram from General John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans:

"My hearty congratulations to you and the country. Your election assures us of a bright and increased good-will and closest unity."

General Black responded as follows: "The encampment having adjourned, I submitted a message to the council of administration, and I am directed by them to acknowledge it and say, as do I, that they fully reciprocate its fraternal and beneficent spirit. God bless our land."

LADIES OF THE G. A. R.—All the Offices Are Much in Demand—California Gets President.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic received their annual meeting here today, there being an unusual number of candidates for the various offices. The election for National officers resulted as follows: National president, Belling B. Bailey, of California; senior vice-president, Ruth Poole, of Colorado; junior vice-president, Emma Pierce, of Massachusetts; chaplain, Jennie Varney, of New York; treasurer, Julia Gordon, of Kansas; first counselor, M. Anna Hall, of West Virginia; council of administration, Emma Chamberlain, of New York; Ruth Hall, of West Virginia; and Mary Hager, of Ohio.

The new officers were duly installed by Mrs. M. Anna Hall, the retiring president, after which the convention adjourned to meet next year in Boston.

Women's Relief Corps.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—At the second and concluding day's session of the National convention of the Women's Relief Corps, held here today, the following officers were chosen, in addition to those elected yesterday: Mrs. Mary Tygart, of Texas, junior vice-president; Mrs. Sarah E. Phillips, of New York, treasurer; Mrs. Reynolds, of Massachusetts, first counselor; Mrs. May, of Minnesota, first member of the executive board.

TO TAKE AWAY CHARTER

Rock Island Railroad Must Fight Texas Commission.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Railroad Commissioner Allison Mayfield said today that at tomorrow's meeting of the commission he would introduce a resolution instructing the State Attorney-General immediately to file suit in court against the Rock Island Railroad for forfeiture of its Texas charter and to place it in the hands of a receiver. It is understood that a majority of the members of the commission favor the resolution, and that it will be adopted. The principal charge in the proposed suit is that the Rock Island is owned and operated by a company with its domicile situated outside the state, which is in violation of the Texas law. Other alleged violations of the law are also charged against the road.

COMPLETING HIS WORK.

Engineer R. R. McCleod and His Crew Will Soon Leave Milwaukee.

Engineer R. R. McCleod, of the Southern Pacific Railway Company, who has been running lines for the company at Milwaukee and the Tualatin, is completing his work, and will leave for his home in Milwaukee in a few days. McCleod has made his home in Milwaukee for nearly a year, as it has been that length of time since he commenced his work for the company. The lines he has run include the one from Willburg through Milwaukee, crossing the track of the Oregon Water Power & Railway Company at the southwest of the main portion of that place. This line will be carried above the electric railway about 10 feet, so as to clear the cars. It swings around the Willamette River and across the Clackamas River, between the electric railway and the present bridge of the Southern Pacific.

This will be the main line instead of the one that now passes through the outskirts of Milwaukee. The heavy grade between Willburg and the Clackamas River will thus be avoided. Engineer McCleod says it looks strange that the test should have laid on the heavy grade from Willburg, but it was probably caused by the property-owners asking a big price for their property when Holiday wanted land in a wide area for catfish. They asked \$20,000 for a few blocks.

Perhaps the most important of Engineer McCleod's work was running the lines for the electric which will be built to Hillsboro, as this means the erection of a steel bridge just above Oswego. He is quite sure that the Southern Pacific Railroad will be able to make these changes, and build the steel bridge across the Willamette River at Oswego, or he and his crew would not have been kept at work on the surveys for nearly a year.

New Position for Santa Fe Man.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 21.—A special to the Express from Winslow, Ariz., states that L. H. Hibbard, division superintendent of the Santa Fe line in Arizona, with headquarters at Winslow, has been ordered to report at Los Angeles to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation yesterday of W. R. Reamer, superintendent of the Southern California division, to take effect October 1.

Railroad Notes.

A. D. Charlton, assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, is at the seashore. H. H. Charlton, assistant general freight agent of the Oregon Short Line, went to Astoria yesterday.

H. M. Adams, assistant general freight agent of the O. R. & N., is to return to duty from his leave at the Superior Court had jurisdiction. This decides the contention of the defendant company's attorneys that the National bankruptcy act superseded the state insolvency law, and that the state had no powers in the premises. The effect of this ruling, based upon a decision of the Supreme Court of this state, will be to force the company into bankruptcy.

Forces Into Bankruptcy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—In the proceedings instituted in the Superior Court to have the Eppinger concern, known as the Pacific Coast Warehouse Company, declared insolvent, Judge Murasky has overruled the demurrer to the complaint of the creditors and held that the Superior Court had jurisdiction. This decides the contention of the defendant company's attorneys that the National bankruptcy act superseded the state insolvency law, and that the state had no powers in the premises. The effect of this ruling, based upon a decision of the Supreme Court of this state, will be to force the company into bankruptcy.

Great MIMIC WAR ON.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 21.—Theoretical hostilities between the troops today to attack Portland, and secret service agents notified the United States Government of the fact. In this way began the mimic war in which detachments of the United States Army and the combined fleet of the North Atlantic squadron are to take part during the next ten days.

"THE DIFFERENT STORE." OLDS, WORTMAN & KING FIFTH AND WASHINGTON

10 HOURS TODAY FOR LEFT-TO-THE-LAST MINUTE THINGS. THE LAST DAY—a ten-hour day—for the Olds, Wortman & King Store closes at 6 tonight, the same as on all other nights of the business week, the down-to-date custom of a down-to-date store—of the grand series of Summer Clearance Sales that have served to make this store famous for bargain giving, thro'out all the great North-west. The last ten hours of the sweeping clearance made by the "ODDS AND ENDS CLEAN-UP." Today also marks the ebb of vacation season—the stragglers start away today, the van of the great army of home-comers will return next week in time to feast upon our opening banquet of Autumn merchandise for use and wear. Today comes the final round-up of Summer bargains—but ten hours remain to us for selling—two months remain for you to enjoy their use. We have hammered down prices upon every Summer article on our four floors. If you are a "go-away" WALK THROUGH THE STORE ON YOUR WAY TO THE TRAIN. It is a good habit to cultivate. The store is sort of an Aladdin's lamp—rub against it and you will find something you want; perhaps something that you meant to get, but forgot. It is better than making a list, trying a string on your finger or shifting your ring. Try it—today!

85c FALL DRESS WAISTINGS TODAY 48c. Fancy all-wool and silk and dress French waistings, cream grounds, with neat, colored stripes, also dark grounds with various stripes, sprays, flamingo, sarah weaves, right fabrics for the new Fall waists; regular 85c values; 48c per yard, today.

A FEW SUMMER REMINDERS. For the Tardy Vacationist, the Tourist or even the "Home-Bodies." All at Slaughter Prices for Clearance Today.

A Suit Case. The sorts fitted with conveniences cost more, and are worth it. We have many styles and kinds, from the cheapest that is good up to any price you wish to pay. First floor. Handkerchiefs—who doesn't need plenty in sweltering weather? Linen, of course—cool and pleasant to the face. The linen sorts are not expensive here—"linen" means all linen. First floor. Underwear. Shirts in the main, protection in the rain—we have been having so much weather of late that one doesn't know "what minute will be the next." A new umbrella looks better to take away with you. Bargains on the first floor.

A Hat. An outing hat if a woman—a hat that does well for traveling or for use on the beach or when golfing. Second floor. Toilet Goods. Get good extracts, soaps, or what-not. The cheap sorts apt to be found in small country stores are—well, don't buy them; use forgotten and lay in a supply before they go. Tooth brushes, tooth powder, combs, hair brushes. First floor.

A Bathing Suit. Every one should have his or her own; every consideration of personal pride calls for an exclusive bathing suit. All these are reduced. Men's or women's, on first floor. Shoes. Neat foot styles mark the man or woman particular about appearance. Many right styles here—Oxford, oxford and for outing. First floor. Underwear and hosiery—ought to hang on the wall in every good supply won't make severe inroads on the vacation money if bought from the reduced lots we show. First floor. (Muslin underwear is in the second-floor annex.)

Saturday 1-Day Specials in Hosiery and Underwear (First Floor)

- Misses' black lisle Hose; these are fine ribbed, light weight, with unfinished foot, double sole; every pair well worth 25c but this sale. 17 CENTS. Ladies' black, fine gauge gauge Cotton Hose, full finished, regular 30c quality; this sale, 17c per pair. 32 CENTS. A lot of misses' white Summer Vests that were 25c and 30c, now sell for, each, 15c and 10c. 10 CENTS. Ladies' black lisle Hose at 17c by the dozen, 20c by the dozen, 25c by the dozen, 30c by the dozen, 35c by the dozen, 40c by the dozen, 45c by the dozen, 50c by the dozen, 55c by the dozen, 60c by the dozen, 65c by the dozen, 70c by the dozen, 75c by the dozen, 80c by the dozen, 85c by the dozen, 90c by the dozen, 95c by the dozen, 1.00 by the dozen. 17 CENTS. Ladies' fine white lisle Union Suits; one line of them sold for 1.50 a suit; now on the counter for 48c. 47 CENTS. A lot of odds and ends in ladies' Summer Hosiery, values to 50c each, go for, each. 12 CENTS. Ladies' black lisle Hose at 17c by the dozen, 20c by the dozen, 25c by the dozen, 30c by the dozen, 35c by the dozen, 40c by the dozen, 45c by the dozen, 50c by the dozen, 55c by the dozen, 60c by the dozen, 65c by the dozen, 70c by the dozen, 75c by the dozen, 80c by the dozen, 85c by the dozen, 90c by the dozen, 95c by the dozen, 1.00 by the dozen. 17 CENTS. Ladies' fine white lisle Union Suits; one line of them sold for 1.50 a suit; now on the counter for 48c. 47 CENTS. A lot of odds and ends in ladies' Summer Hosiery, values to 50c each, go for, each. 12 CENTS.

Last Day of the Sale of WHITNEY BABY CARRIAGES. Fourth floor—take elevator. Usual \$8.00 values for \$5.50. Usual \$9.00 values for \$6.50. Usual \$10.00 values for \$7.50. Usual \$11.00 values for \$8.50. Usual \$12.00 values for \$9.50. Usual \$13.00 values for \$10.50. Usual \$14.00 values for \$11.50. Usual \$15.00 values for \$12.50. Usual \$16.00 values for \$13.50. Usual \$17.00 values for \$14.50. Usual \$18.00 values for \$15.50. Usual \$19.00 values for \$16.50. Usual \$20.00 values for \$17.50. Usual \$21.00 values for \$18.50. Usual \$22.00 values for \$19.50. Usual \$23.00 values for \$20.50. Usual \$24.00 values for \$21.50. Usual \$25.00 values for \$22.50.

GRAND SATURDAY BARGAINS IN LADIES' DRESS HATS, a splendid line of untrimmed fancy chiffon Hats in black or colors, values up to \$12.50 to close at \$2.50. Ladies' ready-to-wear fancy braid and chiffon Hats, in choice of black, white and colors, values up to \$12.50; equals before for less than \$6.00; while they last, today, \$2.89 only.

75c SILK GLOVES 48c. First floor. Fabric Gloves of dainty silk, in black or white, plain or lace, wrist and cuff, values up to \$1.00, this sale 48c per pair. Extra fine, very stylish and handsome, 2.25 values, in black or white, white gloves, with silk wrist; this sale, per pair, \$1.57.

LADIES' SUITS AT \$5.00. A Rousing Wind-Up Today. Second floor. This is an opportunity without a parallel to secure high-grade garments at the least cost; most all black, yet few colors, in fine all-wool chevrons, most durable of all fabrics; sizes 32 and 34 and 36; regular \$12.50 and \$10.00; the greatest snap of the season; your choice only \$5.00.

The last of that splendid lot of jacket and shirtwaist Suits, in stampane, chevrot and noppo tweeds; all colors, black, brown, gray and fancy mixed; regular \$45.00, \$38.00, \$25.00 and \$20.00 values, to go at \$13.75.

Last day of the WASH GOODS SALE. First floor. 40c, 50c, 60c and 70c values in finest embroidered Swisses, lace lemons, silk Shiraz, blue-toned, damask, etc.; your choice of the entire lot, line, per yard, only 29c.

Regular 3c line, in a splendid assortment of dimities, organdies, muslins, Swisses, etc., per yard, 12c. All our regular 3c and 5c Crash Suits, in all-wool, natural color, navy, checks and plaids; the most suitable of all dresses for outing dresses and skirts; also a splendid line of Gaiety cloths included; per yard, only 10c.

UNDERMUSLINS IN THE SATURDAY SALE

A few printed bargains among many more on sale: GOWNS—Ladies' muslin or cambric Gowns, V or high neck, yoke of clusters of hemstitched tucks, or embroidery insertion, embroidery edging at yoke, neck and sleeves, regular \$1.25, at \$1.00. Ladies' cambric or muslin Gowns, high or low neck, yoke of embroidery insertion, clusters of hemstitched tucks and embroidery edging at yoke, neck and sleeves, regular \$1.25 and \$1.00, at \$1.00. Ladies' fine muslin Skirts, with deep cambric flounce, with cluster of 7 tucks, regular 65c, at 44c.

LAST DAY OF THE REFRIGERATOR SALE

1 regular \$25.00, good, full size, holds 120 pounds of ice, 49 inches high by 61 inches wide, special at \$17.60. 2 regular \$25.00 line, special at \$19.20. 3 regular \$25.00 line, for restaurant or saloon use, special at \$36.00. 1 regular \$25.00 line, for restaurant or saloon use, largest, special at \$50.00. Jewel Hardwood Refrigerators—Regular \$14.67 line, special at \$9.78. Regular \$15.75 line, special at \$10.84. Regular \$19.99 line, special at \$13.20. Regular \$21.16 line, special at \$14.11. The great half-price sale of fancy English Porcelain still continues.

FOWLER TAKES HOPE

Demand for an Elastic Currency Is Growing.

CENTRAL WEST NOW IN LINE

New Jersey Representative Finds the Public Nearly Unanimous for Finance System That Will Meet Fluctuating Business Needs.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Representative Charles N. Fowler, of New Jersey and currency reformer, returned today from a trip through the Central West, which he addressed many bankers. In speaking of his visit he said: "I am greatly encouraged by the growth of public sentiment upon the subject of an elastic currency responsive to the fluctuating needs of business. I look back with some interest upon my own experience in dealing with questions of National finance, because it reflects to some degree on the progress that has been made. It is eight years since I delivered my first speech in Congress, which was in favor of the single gold standard. The year following, I introduced a bill that contained these five propositions:

"The establishment of the single gold standard; the redeeming of the demand obligations of the Government; the funding of the National debt in 2 per cent gold bonds; credit currency; branch banking."

"Now, I have lived long enough to see two of these things accomplished—the adoption of the gold standard and the funding of the debt in gold. I hope yet to see the enactment of the others."

"When I entered Congress there were only a few newspapers in the country that favored my views. Now they are supported by nearly all the journals of influence and intelligence. Why, only a year ago, the National Bankers' Association of Illinois, as well as that of Iowa appointed a committee to confer with the Chicago Bankers' committee in the interest of National reform financial and currency legislation. The bankers of Wisconsin this year declared in favor of the elastic currency, and appointed a committee upon National legislation that is in accordance with my views. Similar committees have been appointed by the State Bankers' Association of Michigan. Two years ago, the bankers of Nebraska would not have listened to my plans, but I have just received an invitation expressing the unanimous desire of their executive council that I address their convention in October."

"Two years ago the Illinois bankers passed resolutions opposing me and the plans of currency reform that I advocated. This year the Bankers' Association of Illinois, as well as that of Iowa appointed a committee to confer with the Chicago Bankers' committee in the interest of National reform financial and currency legislation. The bankers of Wisconsin this year declared in favor of the elastic currency, and appointed a committee upon National legislation that is in accordance with my views. Similar committees have been appointed by the State Bankers' Association of Michigan. Two years ago, the bankers of Nebraska would not have listened to my plans, but I have just received an invitation expressing the unanimous desire of their executive council that I address their convention in October."

Orders for Philippine Troops.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Instructions have been given for the beginning of the movement of troops to and from the Philippines, which will continue during the Autumn and Winter. The Fourteenth Cavalry and the Second Battalion of the Seventh Infantry will sail on the Logan September 5.

Massachusetts Sails for Drydock.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Captain Emory, commanding the Indiana, telegraphed the Department from Frenchman's Bay that the Massachusetts, under command of the Indiana, Potomac and Lebanon sailed today for Tompkinsville. She will be docked and repaired at the New York Navy-Yard.

Supposed Cholera Merely Cramps.

MANILA, Aug. 21.—Upon investigation it turns out that the supposed case of cholera on the transport Sherman was merely an attack of severe cramps. Upon the raising of the quarantine the transport sailed immediately with a clean bill of health.

Hostile Fleet Will Try to Take Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 21.—Theoretical hostilities between the troops today to attack Portland, and secret service agents notified the United States Government of the fact. In this way began the mimic war in which detachments of the United States Army and the combined fleet of the North Atlantic squadron are to take part during the next ten days.

Moody Visits Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Secretary of the Navy Moody today made his first official visit to the New York Navy Yard. After a tour of inspection, he was the guest of the commandant, Rear Admiral Rogers, at luncheon.

Green Auditism for Winona.

WINONA, LAKE, Ind., Aug. 21.—At the stockholders' meeting of the Winona Auditorium today it was decided to build an open-air auditorium to seat 2,000 and make other improvements. R. F. Coyle of Denver was among those added to the assembly board.

MUSTN'T ASK TOO MUCH

OREGON IRRIGATION SITES DON'T LOOK GOOD TO NEWELL.

The Most Attractive Ones Are Already Taken by Private Capital—Blue Mountain Region Next.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 21.—His first annual report, made public today, F. H. Newell, chief of the Government reclamation service, reviewing conditions in Oregon, says: "The localities where irrigation work can proceed with the greatest advantage have been selected already by the state under the Carey act, and it is not desirable to forestall state action in the matter. Preliminary examinations made so far up to December 31—show that most of the reclamation land is so situated that the projects must be small and scattered, and little vacant public land can be benefited. Further examination will doubtless reveal many localities where work can be begun to advantage and persistent search will justify the expenditure of considerable sums in construction of storage and diversion works."

This presumption, it may be added, has apparently been justified, judging from the large number of withdrawals made under the irrigation act in Eastern Oregon during the past six months. Mr. Newell recognizes the justice of making expenditures in Oregon in view of the large contributions of the state to the reclamation fund. "On the other hand," he says, "the demand for and immediate necessity of reclamation works are not particularly noticeable."

He says the opportunity for reclaiming much of the land along the foot of the Cascade Mountains and in the Blue Mountain country is good, but in view of the recent selections under the Carey act, which have covered localities where water can be most advantageously used, he says there is some uncertainty as to what will be the best opportunities for Government reclamation systems. He does not wish to bring about a conflict between the operators under the Carey act and the General Government.

The country immediately south of the Blue Mountains being almost completely in control of the Government, and having an apparent abundance of artesian water to draw upon, in a general way offers attractions for a Government reclamation system not found elsewhere. This cannot be said of Lake and Klamath counties, where the lands are almost completely controlled by individuals or stock companies. These lands will probably be the last to be considered by the Government.

HELD AS FILIBUSTERS.

Chicagoans Who Sailed to Find Gold in Patagonia on Turks Island.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—The Tribune today says: Six men who sailed away from Chicago a year ago in search of a gold mine in the hills of Patagonia are now under arrest at Turks Island, in the West Indies, suspected of filibustering. Their arrest and the detention of their schooner, Mercury, has been laid before the Secretary of State.

Charles Corrigan, a Texas cowboy, came to Chicago last Fall, watched lake sailers for a month and then took five men into his confidence. Corrigan said he had a map showing the location of a gold mine rivaling that of King Solomon. His story was that his discoverer had been driven out by natives, and when he died on a ranch he gave the drawings to Corrigan.

The Mercury sailed for New Orleans in October. It was to cross the Gulf of Mexico and cruise along the coast of South America to Patagonia. Charles Harvin was the master and owner, according to the ship's papers, and Emil Brancouche was first mate.

When the Mercury crept into the harbor at Turks Island the American and British Consuls discovered many suspicious circumstances. The schooner had papers from Chicago, but could not account for the time which had elapsed since they had been taken out. Harvin was no

Lipman, Wolfe & Co

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

To assist in the opening and arranging of our enormous New Fall Stock of Merchandise you are requested to report as follows:

All Department Managers to report Monday, August 24.

Clerks Will Report as Follows: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26—Clerks in Departments C, I, M, R, T, X, Y, Z, Patterns, Mail Orders.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27—Clerks in Departments A, B, D, E, F, G, H, N, O, Q, S.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28—Clerks in Departments J, K, L, NN, O, P, V, W.

longer master. The vessel was held until the business of its owners could be investigated.

No New Cases of Plague in Peru. NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Reports from Pacasmayo state that no new cases of the bubonic plague have occurred there, cables the Lima Peru, correspondent of the Herald. The infected houses have been burned. Three new suspected cases were discovered in Molendo. All the patients belong to the lower classes.

Gold Discovered in Peru. NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Telegrams from Berraposa announce that a vein of gold five meters wide has been discovered in Chumbabambo, according to a Herald dispatch from Lima, Peru. An English company is working mines near this vein, which are producing 39 ounces of gold a day.

Italian Pedestrian Reaches Lima. NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Luis Brigrano, an Italian pedestrian, who left Buenos Ayres, Argentina, on April 26, en route to San Francisco, has arrived here, says a Herald dispatch from Lima, Peru, which will proceed after a rest of eight days.

MUNSEY'S PLANS BLOCKED. Court Restrains Him From Selling New York Paper at Auction. NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Supreme Court Judge Davies today handed down a decision in which he granted the application of Colonel William L. Brown, for a temporary injunction restraining Frank A. Munsey from selling the plant of the Daily News at auction. In his decision the justice says that in his opinion the sale of the paper at this time would not be to the best interests of the stockholders, and states that unless proceedings are brought within ten days from the date of this order for a dissolution of the corporation and the appointment of a receiver, he will appoint a receiver.

New Receiver for Bank. WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—John W. Schofield has been appointed receiver of the Navesink National Bank of Red Bank, N. J., to relieve Bank Examiner W. A. Mason, who was appointed receiver temporarily when the bank was closed. Mr. Schofield will take charge as soon as the assets can be listed and transferred to him. The purpose of this change, the Controller states, is to enable Examiner Mason to resume his regular work of bank examinations. Mr. Schofield is also receiver of the First National

Bank of Asbury Park, N. J. The proximity of these trusts will enable one to locate their affairs in a less expensive to both than an independent receiver for each.

Western Union Gains a Point. WASHINGTON, Del., Aug. 21.—United States Circuit Judge Bradford today issued an order temporarily restraining the Philadelphia, Washington & Baltimore Railroad, the Delaware Railroad Company and the Delaware, Maryland & Virginia Railroad Co., from interfering with the property of the Western Union Telegraph Company on the right of way of these railroad companies. The order of Judge Bradford will remain in force until the question has been finally decided by the United States Supreme Court.

Independent Tinplate Combination. PITTSBURGH, Aug. 21.—By the merging of a number of sheet and tinplate companies in the Pittsburgh district, an independent combination known as the United Sheet & Tinplate Company, of new headquarters in Pittsburgh and Columbus, has been formed. The estimated output annually will be 60,000 to 80,000 tons of bills, sheets and tinplate bars, 30,000 tons of black sheets, plate and tinplate and galvanized iron, much of which will be in the shape of corrugated iron conductor pipe and steel ceiling. M. F. Straus, of Philadelphia, is president of the new combine.

Smelting Trust Increases Capital. DOVER, Del., Aug. 21.—The Federal Smelting & Smelting Company, of New York, filed an amendment to its certificate of incorporation today, increasing its capital to \$100,000. When the company filed its certificate of incorporation its capital was \$50,000.