CONE OUT OF SIGHT

Miss Ware Headed for Ash-

land When Last Seen.

UNDER A MALIGN INFLUENCE

Eugene People Say She Expected In.

dictment and if She Has Done Wrong, It Was at Instigation of

Another, Not Her Own Gain.

nade no effort to conceal her where-

make no enort to conceal her where abouts. Before leaving here she told some of her friends she expected an in-dictment would be brought against her. She was well qualified to act in land masters coming before her, and all who have hud business relations with the of-

have had business relations with the of-fice will so testify. Her friends are con-fident that if any crookedness has been dons it has been at the instigation of an-

due influence over her. Reports of a crocked transaction in tim-ber-land mattera, in which an outsider fig-ured, and which was quickly hushed up

LOCAL OFFICIALS KNOW LITTLE.

Ignorant Regarding Charges Against

Miss Ware.

Surveyor-General Daly was yesterday saked what the course of his office would be regarding the case of Miss Marie Ware. Inte United States Commissioner at Eb-

As stated in yesterday morning's Orego-nian, Miss Ware was forced to resign her position as the result of investigations

made by inspector Greene, of the Interior Department, which connected her and several others with charges of falsification

of records and with compiracy. Although

the details of the charges cannot be learned and it is not known what the course of the Federal authorities will be,

Miss Ware has left her home at Eugene and is apparently in hiding, and cannot

be located.

ed of them.

be located. General Daly declined to discuss the matter. If any steps had been taken looking to the prosecution of Miss Ware and the other Commissioners, he was not

Informed of them. Informed of them. United States Attorney Hall was asked if he could throw any light on the sub-ject. He said: "I know nothing about the matter except from the reports pub-lished in the newspapers. I have not re-ceived a line nor a word from the depart-ment at Washington regarding the cases. My instructions, if I am to receive any, will have to come soon, if the matters are to be taken up by the present grand jury, as it will be discharged on May 4. You can say that I know alsolutely noth-ing about the matter."

Boodle Case Expected.

er party, who has seemed to have un-

discovered, were current some time Her friends do not think she would

# THE MORNING OREGONIAN, SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1903.

# FUNSTON IS VINDICATED

WAR DEPARTMENT SAYS THERE IS NO CASE FOR INQUIRY.

ers Has Been Investigated and

Christians and Jews Come to Blows at Labor Meeting.

NEWARK, N. J., April 24.-In a race riot between Christian and Hebrew work-ing girls, who gathered for a labor union election in this city last night, blows were freely given and received and many were painfully injured hefore the police restored order. The M0 girls who went to the hall are members of the Hat Trim-mers' Union. William Czley was elected president when the union was formed. The members are about evenly divided between Christians and Hebrews. Both between Christians and Hebrews. Both EUGENE, Or., April 24.-(Special.)-The present whereabouts of Miss Marie Ware, who is wanted by the Federal authorities to answer charges of crookedness while acting as United States Commissioner, cannot be learned. She has not been in Eugene for the past three weeks. When whe left here she said she was going to visit friends. It is learned that she spent a few days in Portland, then went to Se-atile and visited a few days, returning bout a week ago. She did not stop in Eugene, but went through on the night train, whether to visit some intimato friends in Asbiand or to go farther south cannot be learned. She has 'apparently made no effort to conceal her wherefactions agreed it would be better to have a woman for president and the election was called.

serve the multi addressed to the adju-ant-general, is fraudulently receiving and insappropriating the funds intended for he association and not for him; that he

the association and not for nim; that ne was short in his accounts, and that with-out warrant he organized a ladies' auril-lary and had his wife elected to office therein and is, soliciting and securing, money under shelter of her name and has

GIRLS FIGHT FIERCELY.

nisapplied these funds willfelly

Ballots were cast and the counting was under way when the trouble started. Oxley had taken a prominent part in the election. Before the counting had got far, some of the girls charged that sharp practices were going on. Angry words were exchanged Christopher Donnegan entered the hall

in search of Oxley, whom, he said, he had been sent to take to the meeting of the Hat Makers to stand trial on the charge of breach of the union rules. Oxley and Donegan engaged in a wordy brawl, which excited the giris, one of whom attacked Donnegan, smashing his hat and knocking Do him down. Immediately the hall was in an uproar. The girls set upon each other, an uproar. The girls set upon each other, striking blows and screaming. A stam-pode was made for the doors. Several were knocked down and several fainted Two polibemen who heard the commotion ran to the hall and prevented a panic.

> OFF TO THE FAIR. (Continued from First Page.)

ests. Therefore, this park, like the forest reserve generally, is of the utmost advantage to the country around from the commit any frauds for personal gain, and if she has done so it has been to shield or ald those who have seemed to have an un-is to be reserved as a beautiful playis to be reserved as a beautiful playground. Here all the wild creatures of the old days are being preserved, and their overflow into the surrounding country means that the people of the surrounding country, so long as they see that the laws are observed by all, will be able to insure to themselves and to their children, and to their children's children, of the old-time pleasure of the much hardy life of the wilderness and of the

## hunter in the wilderness. Perpetuate the Buffalo.

"I have been literally astounded at the enormous quantities of elk and at the number of deer, antelope and mountain sheep which I have seen on their Wintering grounds, and the deer and sheep in particular are as tame as domestic animais. A few buffalo are being preserved. I wish very much that the Government could somewhere provide for an experimental breeding station of cross-breeds between buffalo and the common cattle. If these cross-breeds could be successfully perpetuated we could have animals which uld produce a robe quite as good as the old buffalo robe, with which 20 years ago every one was familiar, and animals, moreover, which would be so hardy that I think they would have a distinct com-

mercial importance. They would, for in stance, be admirably suited for Alaska Territory, which I look to see developed autoundingly within the next decade two, not only because of its furs and fisheries, but because of its agricultural and pastoral possibilities."

LEE BEFORE GRAND JURY At the conclusion of the ceremonies the President's train pulled out for Living-Startling Developments in St. Louis Here John Burroughs will leave ston. the party and will spend a short time at ST. LOUIS. April 24.-Lieutenant-Gov-ernor John A. Lee, who returned from Chicago last night, appeared before the grand jury today when that body resumed the investigation of charges of booding Spokane, Wash., and on a ranch in Montana, after which he will return to his home in Peckakill N.V.

SALOON-MAN AT THE HEAD, Bodyguard Selected for President

Causes Anger in Spokane. KANE, Wash., April 24.-(Sp

Charge of Shooting Filipino Prison

Disproved Three Times.

WASHINGTON, April 34-By direction of the Secretary of War, Judge-Advocate-General Davis today addressed a letter to Brigadier-General Funston refusing his re-quest for a court of inquiry to investigate his conduct in the Philippines. The text of the letter is as follows:

his conduct in the Philippines. The text of the letter is as follows: "I have to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the fith ultimo., in which you requested that a court of in-quiry be appointed to investigate certain allegations contained in a letter addressed to the President by Herbert, Waish, of Philadephia, in which it is charged that on or about February 10, 1880, certain orders in respect to the treatment of prisoners of war were given by you to the orders in respect to the treatment of prisoners of war were given by you to the regiment of which you were at that time the Colonei, as a consequence of which two prisoners of war were put to death during the progress of an engagement with the enemy at Caloccan, Province of Lexton, P. L. by officers or enlisted men of the Twentleth Kansas Volunteers. "The Secretary of War directs me to ex-press his satisfaction with your attitude

press his satisfaction with your attitude in respect to the above-mentioned allegain respect to the above-mentioned allega-tions, as expressed in your urgent request that the incident be made the subject of an exhaustive investigation by a tribunal having power to administer oaths and to compel the attendance of witnesses. He is especially gratified at the disposition man-ifested by you to waive all responsibilities which stand in the way of a thorough incutry and the statement which your nquiry, and the statement which, your Inquiry, and the statement which, your letter concludes that 'If a court of inquiry finds that I gave any other orders before the battle of Caloocan or before any en-gagement in the Philippines that I partici-pated in in the Philippines that would justify the giving of no quarter, that I will at once resign my commission in the United States Army.' "The matter has already been made the subject of official inquiry upon three sen-

subject of official inquiry upon three sep-arate occasions. In one of these investi-gations, which occupied 16 days of continuous examination, an officer authorized to administer oaths to witnesses and exer-cising his authority whenever necessary examined over 300 witnesses. Neither in that or in any other investigation was there any testimony elicited showing or tending to show that orders directing the killing of prisoners of war had been given by you at any time, or under any cir-cumstances; on the contrary the evidence isaves no reason for doubt that the charge mayes no reason for doubt that the charge was without foundation. The Secretary is therefore of the opinion that the public interests will not be served by a further prosecution of the inquiry and directs that you be so advised."

# FAITH IS BROKEN. (Continued from First Page.)

United States will move first in the matter of representations to China to withhold acquiescence in the Russian terms is that Russia has made, as one of the conditions precedent to the evacuation of Niu Chwang and the two southern provinces of Manchuria, the condition that there shall be no treaty ports in Manchuria, whereas the draft of the new commercial treaty between the United States and China provides for the opening of Muaden

and Taku Shan as treaty ports. The date for Russia's withdrawal from Niu Chwang was April 8, but it is not known here just how long before that date Russia communicated the demands to China which were announced in the Pekin dispatches this morning, and it is not, therefore, known whether the propo sals relative to treaty ports antedate the

drafting of the American-Chinese commercial treaty. Light on this point is now of especial interest. Under the terms of the Manchurian convention, the final evacuation of Manchuria by Russian troops is to take place next September, therefore the diplomatic representatives of the powers in interest in the Orient will closely

watch developments since the determination of the present issue will materially affect the final step. It is not expected in diplomatic quarters that any repre-

Chinese story, when Prince Ching, the Grand Secretary, received the Russian de-manda, he returned the document to M. Pianchon, Russian Charge d'Affaires, and refused to consider them. W. B. Town-ley, first secretary of the British Lega-tion, and Ouchida Yusuya, the Japanese Minister, counselled Prince Ching to re-main firm and to insist upon the restora-tion of Manchuria according to agree-ment, which atipulates that the Chinese Government shall be replaced in Man-churia in all respects as it was before the war.

churia in all respects as it was before the war. The United States has not yet taken formal action in the premises. Japan is more strongly opposed than any other Power to Hunsda's aggression, but it is not believed here that she will go to the length of war. The policy of the Russian Ambassadors abroad and of St. Petersburg of fostering reports that China was on the eve of insurrection has been watched here for some time past with much interest, as attempts to cre-ate the impression that Russia was justi-fied in holding Manchuria. United States Minister Comper has been annoyed by the repeated newspaper re-

United States Minister Conger has been annoyed by the repeated newspaper re-ports that he has represented to Wash-ington that he expected an uprising and an attack upon the legations. All his re-ports have been of a directly opposite tenor; he has sent nothing that could possibly be construed in an slarmist tone.

# BRITAIN MOVES SLOWLY. Has Too Much Trouble on Hand to

Get Into Fresh Trouble. LONDON, April 24.-The Foreign Office has heard nothing confirming the reported dispatch of Japanese warships to Niu Chwang. It received no information to-

Chwang. It received no information to-day regarding initialize steps on the part of Japan, actual or in contemplation, al-though no doubt was expressed that Japan would join in the protest. At the German Embassy here it was pointed out that Count von Bulow, the German Imperial Chancellor, had ex-pressly excepted Manchuria from the Brit-ish-German-Chinese agreement. Count Bornstorff. First Secretary of the German Bornstorff, First Secretary of the German Embassy, said: "While Germany is a friend and supporter of the open door, our interests in Manchuria are scarcely sufficiently important to justify our in terfere Both on account of international politi-

litions and King Edward's approaching visit to Paris, where Russian sympathy is giving, the announcement from Pekin came like a bombshell to Lon-don. It is discussed with much reserve. No attempt is made, however, even by the most careful students of far Eastern the most careful students of far bastern conditions, to underestimate the gravity of the situation. Nothing definite will re-sult until Wednesday of next week or later. Lord Lansdowne is moving slow-ly, on account of lack of information and because he realizes that Great Britain has her hands full, owing to the troubles in Somalliand, the government's attitude in the matter of the Bagdad railroad, the difficulties in South Africa and party dis-affection. The Foreign Secretary has been warned not to take any steps to emroll Great Britain in unnecessary trouble. There does not appear to be the slight-

est hesitation, however, in joining the United States and Japan in a joint pro-test in the event of confirmation of the construction which has been placed on Russia's attitude.

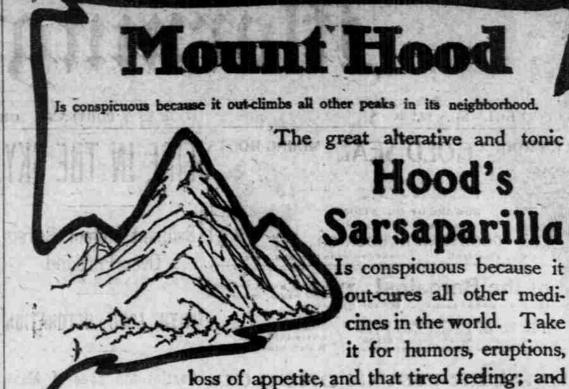
Hayashi, Japanese Minister to Baron Great Britain, was questioned tonight on the situation. He said there was every reason to believe the correctness of the reports of Russia's demands, which he characterized as contrary to the provi-sions of the agreement. He pointed out that China had not yet given her consent to these demands. The Minister declined to express his opin action of Japan. ion as to the pos

# FORCIBLE JOINT PROTEST

# Three Powers Against Russia Action, Which Violates Treaty.

LONDON, April 34.—The Associated Press learns that there is in contemplation a forgible joint protest on the part of Great Britain, the United States and Japan against the Russian demands in the Sapar against the Russian demands in the matter of the sovereignty of Manchuria. Bir Ernest Satow, British Minister to China, in a dispatch to the Foreign Office, confirmed the synopsis of the note ad-dressed to China by M. Plancon, Russian Charge d'Affaires at Pekin. Further of-ficial advices regarding the intentions of the Chinese government and explanations from St. Petersburg are awaited anxious-ly. In the meantime the British governby in the meantime the british govern-ment is not taking active measures, al-though Foreign Secretary Lansdowns in-tends to circulate pour parleurs looking to joint action from Washington, London and Tokio, provided further information sus-

tains the present abstract of the Russian



if you are bilious or constipated, take Hood's Pills also.

"I have never found a better blood medicine than Rood's Sarsaparilla, Hood's Pills are the easiest and most ef-fective I have ever used." Buar Roomas, 1427 Commercial St., Waterloo, Iowa.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for loss of appetite, and it has made me feel better than ever before." LIZZIE M. VIRMIA, South Westport, Mass.

"For six months boils troubled me, I read of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and took three bottles with Hood's Pills. Have since been well." THOMAS GUNDER-SON, Morris, Ill.

"We have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla as a tonic for that tired feeling, and have always gained strength from it." N. S. PROK, 358 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Accept no Substitutes for Hood's Sarsaparille and Pills No Substitutes act like them,

# that Russia does and Germany is consid ered indifferent.

WILL VOTE ON STRIKE The opposition papers attack the gov-ernment for its "weak-kneed policy in China," and contend that it ought to have secured some equivalent if Russia is to have Manchuria. The Daily News, re-ferring to the claim of the United States for treaty ports in Manchuria, which Rus-

sis is opposing, mays: "It is their quarrel, and not ours. It is to our interest to come to terms with Rus-sia in Asia and let her have Manchuria, if she will leave us alone in India." The Standard thinks that this virtual

seizure of Manchuria cannot be allowed to pass without the strongest protests and something more.

# JAPANESE SPIES ARE MANY. Prepared to Blow Up Railroad Which

# Russia is Fortifying.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 24.-Travelors who have arrived here recently from North China, including well-posted army officers, have told of how spice of Japan were at work in Manchuria, and of Jap. anese engineers disguised as laborers or commercial men, who had caches of ex-plosives stored at various places along the Russian railway, ready to blow up the line if war was declared between Japan and Russia as a result of the con-tretemps over Manchuria. Russia is also reported to have been

making warlike preparations, for Japan-ese papers received by the Empress of China tell of how, far from evacuating Manchuria, the Russians have been for tifying their garrisons in different see

# Still Wrangle About Indemnity.

LONDON, April 25 .- In a dispatch from shanghal, the correspondent of the Times offered them all the wage concessions de anys:

"The Chinese delegates, while intimatmanded, but maintain that they must reing their readiness to sign the indemnity gold bonds, still intend to stipulate that the table of amortization thereto append-ed shall be expressed not in gold, but in Halkwan taels, and that the amorti- have agreed to abolish the double-heads nation payment shall be made as stated in the bond of the United States. In other words, the American® bond only is acceptable and the entire question is re

the Western Union Telegraph Company is concerned, the City of Butte, Mont., has been wheed off the map. Acting under in-structions from New York, Manager Wild, of the Western Union office of Butte, promptly at midnight last night cut out GREAT NORTHERN DISAGREES WITH ITS TRAINMEN.

Headers Rejected and Question Now Rests .With Employes.

ST. PAUL, April M.-The question of whether or not a strike shall be declared on the Great Northern system is to be submitted to a vote of the trainmen. The conference held here today between Gen-eral Manager F. E. Ward and the officers of the trainmen's organization resulted in an absolute disagreement upon the ques-tion of double-heading. The road was willing to grant the concessions in wages tion of double-neading. The road was willing to grant the concessions in wages asked by the men, but refused to be dic-tated to in the matter of double-headers. According to Mr. Ward, the effeat Northern does not use double-headers ex-Northern does not use double-headers ex-cept in the mountainous districts of Mon-tana, and then only uses "helper" engines to assist trains over the mountain ranges. The company, he says, has re-duced grades and increased the motive power of its locomotives for the sole purpose of avoiding the double-header system entirely. But it contends there is no reason for paying the men employed is no reason for paying the men employe

on double-headers in Montana twice an much as men in Minnesota receive for practically the same amount of work where trains are pulled by a single loco-motive. This is the position of the com-

pany. The officers of the trainmen's organiza-tion admit that the Great Northern has

of all railroad construction gangs employed in Bouthern California on the vari-ous electric roads now building, for in-creased wages, was inaugurated today. The strike is the culmination of five weeks' agitation among the Mexican peons, who constitute the construction crews. About 3000 men are said to be affected. The majority are ignorant Mex-icans of the Cholo class, who have been brought in from Northern Sonors in large

Miners Return to Work

# Demand for Double Pay for Double-

every instrument working in that office except the press loased wire. When "30" on night report had been sent this, too, was cut out, the office locked up and the operators relieved from all further duty. Until the troubles with the labor unions are settled it is announced that the com-pany will remain closed. Not only does this affect the commercial

business of the city, which is large, but also the leased press wires, and those used by commission houses, and in conse-quence the newspapers will be limited in their news to what little can be brought in over the long-distance telephone and the whree of the Postal Telegraph Company. There appears to be little probability that the Western Union will resume business in Butte before Monday at least A movement is said to be already under

way, started by the Business Men's As sociation, to have the Trades and Labor Union to drop the A. D. T. Messenger Union from its protection, a petition to this effect, it is understood, having been this energy is a series of the trades and Labor Union will meet Sunday and the matter will be taken up at that time. In the meantime the Western Union office will remain closed, the officials here and in the East being determined to hold to the stand they have taken.

# Mexican Peons on Strike. LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 24 .- A strike

ent and assisted Circuit Attorney Folk ent and assisted circuit Attorney Fold in questioning the witnesses. Several in-dictments were returned by the Cole County grand jury as the result of Mr. Lee's testimony at Jefferson City, and it is expected that a number will be handed

in the General Assembly in connection with baking powder legislation. Attorney-General Crow, who is conducting the Jef-ferson City end of the inquiry, was pres-

was before the grand jury one hour and 15 minutes. He was expected to tes-tify especially as to the \$1000 given to him as bribe money by D. J. Kelley, the legis lative agent of the baking powder trust. He will again go before the grand jury

The two grand juries, that of Jefferson City and the local city jury, will convene City and the local city jury, whit convene in St. Louis Monday morning and take up the boodle investigation simultaneously. It is acid that both sessions will be of the greatest importance, and issuance of bench warrants may follow. The evidence given by Lee to the grand jury today, it is said, did not in any way suffice to bring to light all that he is supposed to know. It is presumed he will be subjected to a rigid examination Monday.

D. J. Kelley, of New York, may yet be given a chance to turn state's evidence, if

Lee eays the question of his resignation is in the hands of Attorney-General Crow, and that he will probably do as that offi-cial recommends. Lee says, however, that he has reasons for wishing to retain his office. One of these, he says, is that he is a poor man and needs the salary attached. to the office.

## Four Years for Decker.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.-The sealed ver-dict returned last night by the jury be-fore which Louis Decker, a former mem-ber of the House of Delegates, who has been tried on the charge of perjury in connection with suburban franchise boo-die legislation, found him guilty and im-posed an imprisonment in the peniten-tiary for four years. The verdict was read in court today. Counsel for the det immediately applied for a new Judge Ryan took the application under advisement.

# CHARGES AGAINST LILLER

# Made by National Association of Spanish-American War Veterana,

LANCASTER, Pa., April 24 - A prelim-inary injunction was granted today on petition of the "National Association of Spinish-American War Veterans" sgainst William C. Liller, of this city, "restrain-ing him from selling goods and chattels, badges, blanks and papers as the alleged adjutant-general of the Association of Epanish American War Veterans,"

The petitioners sot forth that Liller was appointed adjutant-general in 1961 and that charges were preferred against him prior to the Indianapolis encampment in Sep to the industry point of the second second provides the second se tee with the Washington, and in compliance with the call "had himself elected adjutant-genoral." The petitioners adjutint-gen-oral." The petitioners aver that he re-tained possession of the books, papers, badges, etc., of the association and, "act-ing on his fraudulent election, still re-tains them, and has illegally copyrighted forms and bianks belonging to the as-sociation."

It is also alleged that he continues to

When President Roosevelt is drawn sentations will be made to Russia direct through Spokane May 26, his carriage will be surrounded by a mounted escort of 20 picked men headed by and under command of Jack Wilmot, proprietor of one man of Jack Wilmot, proprietor of one of the most notorious saloons in the city. The selection of Wilmot was made to-day by Police Commissioner Root and Chief Reddy and the announcement has caused considerable indignation that a sa-

loon man should be chosen as chief of the personal bodyguard of the President. Secretary Loob had written suggesting the desirability of a personal bodyguard dur-ing the big parade. Commissioner Root gave as the reason

Commissioner Root gave as the reason for selecting Wilmot that he looked well

# Great Crowd at Livingstone.

LIVINGSTONE, Mont., April 24-Re-turning from Gardiner, where the Presi-dent hild the corner-stone of the arch at the entrance to Yellowstone Park, the Presidential train made a short stop here tonight. An immense crowd greeted the President, who appeared on the rear plat-form of his car and made a few remarks.

# Shaw Goes to Meet Roosevelt.

CHICAGO, April 24.-Secretary of the Treasury Shaw arrived at Chicago today on his way West to meet President Roose velt and accompany him through Iowa.

Judge Michael Arnold Is Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Presiding Judge Michael Arnold, of the Common Pleas Court, died at his home here today of cancer. Judge Arnold was born in this city in 1840. He was admitted to the bar in 1883, and in 1883 was elected to a Judge-ship on the Democratic ticket, retaining the office up to the time of his death. Judge Arnold was an honored member Judge Arnoid was an topored member of the Masonic Fraternity and was grand master of the Ancient and Honorable Fra-ternity in this state during 1838 and 1884. Among the cases heard by Judge Arnold was the famous H. H. Hoimes Murder case, which attracted attention throughout the country.

Army Officer Charged With Frand. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 24.-John F. McCarthy, a Second Lieutenant in the Nineteenth Infantry, stationed at

in the Nineteenth Infantry, stationed at Fort Leavenworth temporarily as a sta-dent in the General Service and Staff College, is in the County Jall here, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses. McCarthy, it is said, handed in his resignation as an officer Thurs-day night and left supposedly for St. Louis, but was caught in Kansas City today by two Leavenworth merchants. Both of them hold his voucher for his pay for the month of April.

Engineer Wisker Not Guilty, NEW YORK, April M.-The jury in the trial of John M. Wisker, the engineer of the Harlem train at the time of the Park avenue tunnel accident, which caused the death of IT persons, inday brought in a verdict of not guilty. Wisker was charged with criminal neglect.

Have you friends coming from the East; If so, and their names to the Denver & Rio Grande office, 18 Third streat, Fort-iand, Or.

Avoid baldness, gray hair, dandruff and th locks, by using FARKER'S HAIR BALEAN Hindercorns, the best cure for corns, thete.

by the powers affected by the Rusisan demands, but rather to the Chinese government. This would as effectually apprise Russia of the views of the powers moving in the matter as if a note should be directed to the Russian Foreign Office.

Russia's Broken Pledge. The nature of some of the Russian pledges is disclosed in the following cable

messages: Department of State, Washington, March I. 1.—The following memorandum, which was ded to the Chinese Minister on February 19, is transmitted to you for your information and munication to the government to which you ars accredited;

The preservation of the territorial integrity of The preservation of the territorial integrity of China having been recognized by all the powers mow engaged in joint negotiations concerning the injuries recently inflicted upon their Min-teters and nations by certain officials and sub-jects of the Chinese Empire, it is evidently advantageous to China to continue the present interastional understanding on the subject. It would be therefore unwise and dangerous in the extreme for China to make any arrange the extreme for China to make any arrange ments or to consider any proposition of a pri vate nature involving the surrender of terri tory or financial obligations by convention with

tory or financial obligations by convention with any particular power, and the Government of the United States, alming solisly at the pre-ervation of China from the danger indicated and the conservation of the largest and most baneficial relations between the empire and oth-er countries, in accordance with the principles set forth in its circular nois of July 5, 1000, and in a purely friendly spirit toward the Chi-ness Empire and all the powers not interested in the negotiations, desires to express its sense of the impropriety, inexpediently and even ex-treme danger to the interests of China of con-sidering any private territorial or financial arrangements at least without the full knowl-edge and approval of all the powers now en-gaged in megotiation. HAY. These instructions were cabled to our

These instructions were cabled to our representatives at St. Petersburg, London, Berlin, Paris, Vienna, Rome and Tokio, Our representative at St. Petersburg, on August 30, 1901, wired the State Depart. ment:

Count Lamsdorff then volu ment in the most positive terms that, while Russia is at present, for certain necessary military purposes, occupying certain points within the Chinese dominatons, this is a tem-porary measure and that Russia has no inten-tion whatever of steking to acquire or rea single moh of territory

Strength of Fleets in Orient.

In view of the latest developments in Manchuria, the naval strength of the various powers in Chinese waters becomes interesting. The Russian fleet has been gradually increased until now it numbers

42 vessels. France has 31 ships and 20 others in India and Cochin-China waters. Great Britsin, at last accounts, had 27

war vessels in Chinese waters, and Ger-many 17. The Kentucky and Oregon are the only American battleships on the Asi-ado stations, but there are 3s other smaller American warships, including two moni-tors and some small gunboats in Philippine waters. Japan has a strong naval force on the coast.

CHING REFUSES DEMANDS. Incked by Britain and Japan, He

Stands Firm PEKIN, April N .- According to

The Associated Press is authorized by the Foreign Office to state that the Chinese government correctly represents the Russian claims. These claims constitute absolute breach of all the undertakings given in connection with Manchuria and utterly abrogate the principles of the open door, territorial division and inter-national comity to which the British gov-

ernment constantly and publicly has committed itself. It is added that in these principles Great Britain has always acted with the United States and it is presumed that similar feelings exist in Washington. Nothing, however, is definitely known, as exception of the British Minis-hina no British Ambassador has with the ter to Chi yet reported.

It is pointed out that Russia's explanation may throw a different light on her demands, although in official circles there is a frank expression of the belief that Russia has no intention of evacuating Manchuria, and that she hopes, after de-manding the maximum, to secure a com-

# FRENCH WILL ACQUIESCE. Her Relation to China in South Same

as Russia's in North.

PARIS. April 24.-Owing to the absence of Fereign Minister Delease, Foreign Of-fice officials maintain reserve in the mat-ter of the Russian terms for the evacuation of Manchuris, but the bellef appears to be generally accepted that the strong ties existing between France and Rus-sia assure at last sympathetic support sia assure at last sympathetic support of Russia's position, or else silent acquiesence. It is pointed out that France and Rus-

sia have been in accord throughout in the matter of policy toward China; furthermore, the view prevails in well-informed circles that the continuance of the bonds of amity between Russia, and France is of far greater importance than any question relating to China.

It is also pointed out the French in-terests in Southern China are identical with those of Russia in Northern China, as the Chinese territory abutting on French Tonguin bears the same relation to France that Manchuria does to Russia. Advices recently received at the Foreign Office indicated disturbances all along the French-Chinese border following the removal of Vicercy Lu, and it was then semi-officially announced that French troops would be moved across the border if French interests were further menaced This corresponds to the Russian course in the north, where Russian troops original-ly occupied Manchuria on the ground that this step was necessary for the pro-tection of Russian interests.

# ALL DENOUNCE RUSSIA.

# But London Disagrees as to Action That Should Follow.

LONDON, April 25-The daily papers this morning, while protesting at the cynical and almost brutal methods of the Russian move in Manchuria, take differ Russian move in Manchuria, take differ-ent views as to how this action should be met. No surprise is expressed at the tenacity displayed by Russia in holding on to Manchuria. Little else has been ex-pected since Russia built the railroad, and no one has thought for a moment that China would be able to make an effective restatance. It is recomized that the

He resistance. It is recognized that the made to United States, Great Britain and Japan the admit are the only powers likely to protest; ies, bein France is expected to agree to anything property.

# No Serious Trouble in Ching.

opened.

LONDON, April 25 .- Cabling from Pekin, the correspondent of the Times con-firms the statement that there is no justification for the alarmist reports and rumors that the legations anticipate outbreaks and are preparing for trouble. Messages from every province in the Em. pire report that foreigners of all nationalities are traveling unmolested and

with a sense of safety and protection actly opposite to the conditions w preceded the Boxer outbreak, tions which preceded

# THE DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

Colonel William Bailey, Promoter. NEW YORK, April 24.-Colonel William Bailey, a Western railroad promoter, died suddenly today of a stroke of appoplexy, aged 67 years. Colonel Bailey was born in this city

to 1837, and in his infancy went to St. Louis. In the Civil War he commanded the Tenth Missouri Volunteers and later was an Assistant Paymaster in the Army. He took a degree at the Harvard Law School, was an instructor in the Pope Medical School in St. Louis, and prac-ticed law in that city. Later he was engaged in promoting many Western rail-

At the time of his death he was At the time tand general manager of the Tacoma & Southern Railroad & Naviga-tion Company, and president of the Pacific Coast Improvement Company of Ta-

# Long a Railroad Man

NEW YORK, April 24.-Anthony Thomas, vice-president of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railroad, form-eriy with the banking firm of Drexel, Morgan & Co., and for many years promi-nent in railroad circles, died suddenly to-day of cerebral hemorrhage. He was 77 years of ago.

Was Once Minister to Belgium. BUFFALO, N. T., April 24-James O. Putnam, ex-Minister to Belgium, died here today, aged 84.

To Defend Alaskan Boundary.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Chandler P. Anderson, of New York, has been appoint-ed Assistant Counsel for the United States in the presentation of its case to the joint commission, which will consider the Alaskan boundary question. Mr. Ander-son was secretary of the United States at-tached to the High Joint Commission, and occupied a like place with the Behring Sea arbitration which met in Paris. John W. Foster, who is preparing the case of the United States, expects to be able to sub-mit it early in May.

Administrators' Fat Fee.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., April N. —The report of the three administrators to collect in the Stratton estate has been filed and formal transfer of the property made to the executors. The court allowed the administrators \$56,511.75 for their serv-less being file server. ices, being bis per cent of the value of the

or pay double time to the train crews on such trains. MAHANOY CITY, Pa., April 24 .- Pursu-

ant to the action taken at a mass meet-ing here yesterday, 10,000 miners returned to work in the Mahonoy district today, waiving the Saturday short day pending a settlement of the dispute by a board of conciliation. The Shenandoah Valley men ant to the action taken at a mass The trainmen's officials have gone to their homes and the question of or not there shall be a strike has been submitted to a vote of the employee of the road. Each side is confident that the vote will sustain its position. It will prob-ably he a week or ten days before the have as yet made no move to accept the mpany's terms. final result is known. Seven Hundred Strike for One.

STATEMENT BY THE COMPANY.

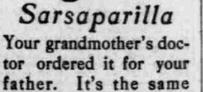
Intte Office Will Remain Closed Till Employes Are Protected.

NEW YORK, April 24-The Western Union Company today issued the follow-

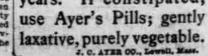
notice: The Western Union Telegraph messe "The gers at Butte, who are affiliated with labor organizations, demanded large in-creases of pay and a reduction of hours, which were refused. The company has 25,000 offices, and might be called upon for proportionate increase at all other places, if granted at Butte. The messengers went on strike and other messengers employed were mobbed by men and boys and prevented from performing their work. "The Mayor of Butte gave police protection at times, but the police were dispersed by the mob. This state of affairs as been going on for two weeks. Yesterday the mob attacked the offices of the company, bombarding it with stones, eggs, etc., and so completely intimidated all other employee that the office had to be closed. It will remain closed until the authorities afford full protection to all

the company's employes." The Postal Telegram Company has an office in Butte, its services being partly over the Canadian Pacific wires. Helena is the nearest place of importance at which Western Union service can be had. The Western Union Company declined to state what are the specific demands of the strikers. It is said that as high as \$10 had been paid to the substitutes wi fared so badly.





old Sarsaparilla today. Tested and tried for 60 years. If constipated,



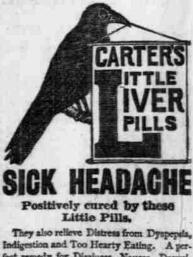
IRONTON, O., April 24.-Because the Ironton-Portland Cement Company refused to give Ben Garvey his old positi as olier, the entire force of the mines, numbering 300, went out, of the plant and Eczema Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Itch, Acne or other skin troubles, promptly relieved and cured by



This scientific germicide, which is harmless, cures by killing disease germs. Used and endorsed by the medical profession everywhere. Sold by leading druggists. If not at yours, send 25 cents for a trial bottle. The genuine bears my simulture. Accent no. my signature. Accept no substitutes, Address aza 62h

Prof Charter Hourstends Prince Street

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