POLITICS IN MARION

Workings of the Simon-Geer Combination.

THE LEGISLATIVE DEAL

Supporters of Both Men Working to the Same End—Governor Confers With Tilmon Ford—Legislative Timber.

SALEM, Feb. 2.—After a very noticeable lull during the recent cold weather, political affairs among Republicans in Marion County have again assumed a state of activity. Numerous political workers from various parts of the county were in the city Saturday, and the leaders were enabled to learn something of the lay of the land in some of the county precincts. Not many politicians visited Salem from other parts of the state this week, and it is expected that few will be seen here until after the State Central Committee meets the last of this week.

Simon-Geer Union Evident.

From the general talk on the streets yesterday, and from what has been learned in the past month, it is evident that the people regard the coming campaign as a fight between the supporters of Simon and Geer on the one hand, and the anti-Simon and anti-Geer people on the other. "The Simon-Geer people" is an expression too often heard to leave any doubt as to the view generally taken of the lines that are being drawn. When Senator Simon visited Salem shortly prior to his departure for Washington, he had a conference with Governor Geer and his supporters, and it was then quite generally supposed that some sort of understanding had been reached between the two candidates for re-election. As time has revealed the situation more clearly, it is observed that the friends of Simon and the friends of Geer are working to the same end, and this confirms the opinion that the Senator is to get the help of Geer's friends in Marion County, in return for Simon's support for Geer in Multnomah. To put the matter in a more definite form: Geer's friends here will try to send a delegation to the Legislature favorable to Simon, and in return Simon will endeavor to give Geer the Multnomah delegation in the State Convention. It is also quite possible that this is not the plan, but leaders in the political combat believe this is the arrangement that has been made, and the trend of events strengthens the belief.

Looney and Smith Opposed by Geer.

One circumstance that is strong evidence of a Simon-Geer union is the fact that some of Geer's closest friends are opposing N. H. Looney and Dr. J. N. Smith in their candidacy for the State Senate. Looney and Smith are both anti-Simon men, but Looney has always been friendly to Geer. "Little Doc," as Smith is generally called, is making an open, vigorous and uncompromising fight against Geer and it would be natural to expect that Geer's friends would return the fire; but the opposition to Looney can not be accounted for upon any other ground than that Geer's friends must keep anti-Simon men out of the legislature. Dr. Smith is an avowed candidate for a seat in the Senate, and if he succeeds he will be the last man in that body to vote for Simon for United States Senator.

Croisan Helping Geer.

Another evidence of an understanding between Simon and Geer is the fact that Ed Croisan, Simon's first lieutenant in this county, is consulting with Geer's friends, and is receiving their assistance. Croisan is generally conceded to be the best all-round political worker in the county and makes no secret of his efforts in behalf of Simon. He does not confirm the report that he is also working for Geer's renomination, but his attitude toward the Geer people leads to the conclusion that he is doing what he can for the Governor.

Case of Queer Bed-Fellows.

Croisan's position is an illustration of the old saying that "politics makes queer bed-fellows." Four years ago Croisan was Superintendent of the Reform School and worked with his usual vigor against Geer for Governor. Consequently one of Geer's early acts was to aid in the election of Croisan's successor. The latter gentleman has had little political love for Geer since that time, and it is generally supposed that he has forgotten old scores only because it is for Simon's interest for him to do so.

So far as Marion County is concerned, Geer could not have made a combination that would have given him a more resourceful leader than Croisan. At the same time, Marion County is not a Simon county, and the question is, whether the ultimate results will prove the combination a profitable one. Simon's only hope in this county was to get the support of Geer's friends, and if he has any friends in the Marion County delegation in the next Legislature, it will be through the efforts of the Geer men, working under the directions of Ed Croisan.

Legislative Timber Talked Of.

In this state of affairs, the Legislative slate is certain to cut no small figure in the Gubernatorial fight. Not many names have yet been used in discussing legislative matters, probably because both sides are feeling their way carefully before making alliances that might prove embarrassing. Thus far the Simon-Geer people have been heard to speak favorably of J. M. Poorman, W. H. Hobson, Henry M. Keene, J. H. Settlemeir and Lot L. Pearce, for seats in the Legislature. The anti-Simon-Geer people talk of Dr. J. N. Smith, Nod Looney, Alex Lafollett, J. S. Ritchie and Abner Lewis. This is not saying that any one of these men wears the collar of any political faction, but it does mean that a man who is satisfactory to the Simon-Geer people will not be satisfactory to the anti-Simon-Geer people, and vice versa. Marion County will have five Representatives, two Senators, and a joint Senator with Linn County. The names mentioned above are only a small part of those that will be before the county convention. In addition to those given, the names of Frank Davey, L. J. Adams and C. P. Bishop are heard, but thus far their names have not been identified with either faction.

Where Is Tilmon Ford?

A conference that took place last Thursday evening between Tilmon Ford and Governor Geer has been the subject of some political gossip this week. Ford is one of the Republican leaders who is always to be considered in a political campaign, and hence the interest taken in his unusual call at at the Executive Office—after office hours. Geer and Ford have been political rivals since time immemorial, and Ford has thus far been classed with the anti-Geer people in the present contest. Those who know Til Ford's habits say he did not go to the Governor's office without being invited, and that his visit has some political significance. It is known that Ford has always been a political ally of Ed. Croisan, and an enemy of Dr. J. N. Smith. In view of all these facts it is assumed by political leaders that although those who pretend to know say that Geer and Ford met to talk "business," yet the result of the conference will be that Ford will stay out of the Gubernatorial fight.

Part of the Line-Up.

Among the prominent men who are actively supporting the Geer cause in this county are W. L. Jones, of Brooks, Alonzo Gesner, Salem, J. M. Poorman, of Woodburn, and M. L. Chamberlain and Bl. Geer, of Salem. Leaders in the ranks of the opposition are Dr. J. N. Smith, Salem, Walter L. Tooze, Woodburn, F. T. Wrightman, Salem, J. H. McNary, Salem, F. W. Waters, Salem.

W. J. Clark Is in the Fight.

Friends of W. J. Clark, of Gervais, take exception to the recent statement that the fight in this county is between Geer and Wrightman. Clark is a candidate for the office of State Printer and, of course, cannot get the nomination if Geer should be renominated. Wrightman is a candidate for the Attorney-General's office, and likewise cannot succeed if Geer should be renominated. This county cannot expect two state offices. Mr. Clark's friends say it is a case of Geer against all opponents, and that if Geer should be defeated, the nomination of either Wrightman or Clark does not necessarily follow, but each of these gentlemen will then have a chance. Manifestly both of these men will work for county delegations favorable to themselves, and consequently unfavorable to Geer.

The County Ticket.

There has been some discussion of candidates for county offices during the past week. Persons mentioned for the Sheriff's office are W. A. Taylor, of Macleay, and C. D. Hartman, of Scott's Mills; for County Clerk, John W. Roland, of Salem, and Frank Blackerly, of Silverton; for Recorder, Fred A. Legg, of Salem, and John Siegmund, of Gervais. Other offices have not received much attention as yet. There is some indication that candidates for the Republican nomination for county offices will be affected, more or less, by their relation to the main contest in the campaign, but all candidates are trying to keep out of all fights except their own.

RESPONSIBLE FOR CUTTING

Railway Official Blames the Interstate Commerce Commission.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 2.—That the Interstate Commerce Commission itself is to blame for the ratecutting which it condemns in its last annual report is the claim made by Walker H. Hines, first vice-president of the Louisville & Nashville Railway Company, in a pamphlet that he has just issued. Mr. Hines has given special attention to this subject. He says:

"The commission endeavors, as it has done for years, to excite support for its demand for more power by describing the prevalence of secret ratecutting. It held new investigations at Chicago and Kansas City to disclose conditions which it has known for years, delaying the publication of its report so as to give the results of these hearings.

"The indisputable fact must be kept before the public that the prevalence of ratecutting is an unanswerable argument against giving the commission more power, because it is due principally to the commission's utter failure to perform its manifest duty.

"The paramount purpose of the law was to secure publicity and the maintenance of tariff rates. It is the express duty of the commission to keep advised and enforce the law. It has the widest possible powers of investigation, including the right to call for the production of all books, documents and papers, and it can require the District Attorneys of the United States to prosecute all violators. These powers have been upheld by the courts. The commission, however, has not only failed to devote its time and energy to discovering and prosecuting violations of the law, but it has by its supineness acquiesced in and encouraged them, and has done all in its power to break down the force of the act and make it a dead letter by constantly proclaiming that the courts have made its enforcement impossible, whereas not a single decision has impaired the commission's power to prevent ratecutting.

"As an illustration of its methods, it states in its last annual report that the courts have held that to convict for paying a rebate it is necessary to show not merely that the railroad company paid a rebate to a particular shipper, but it must also be shown that it did not pay the same rebate to some other shipper, which as a practical matter is almost impossible. This statement is not true. The very decision referred to distinctly holds that the mere fact of paying a rebate from the tariff rate is in itself an offense, regardless of what was paid to anybody else, and the act makes this offense punishable by a fine, which may be as much as $2000 for each instance where the tariff rate has been departed from.

"The commission seems to have made investigations upon the subject, not to enforce the act, but simply to advertise its contention that the act is not enforceable. Moreover, no part of the new power now asked by the commission would have the remotest tendency to prevent this ratecutting, and the report shows that this is now the evil to be contended with.

"I make no attempt to excuse the railways for violating the law, but I insist that the commission's attitude is inexcusable. Offended because the courts overruled its erroneous assumptions of power in other directions, it has been sulking for years, trying to create the false impression that the act is worthless, and seeking to use the ratecutting, which it could and ought to have prevented, as a basis for demanding radical powers which would in no way tend to correct it."

YOUNG LU IN FAVOR.

Two Reform Edicts Issued by the Chinese Empress.

PEKIN, Feb. 2.—The pre-eminence of General Yung Lu in the councils of the Chinese court has been officially proclaimed. Today he made a tour of the foreign legations here, endeavoring to regain the favor of the Ministers. An edict has appeared, promoting General Yung Lu to be First Grand Secretary, an office not necessarily powerful, but of the highest honor and vacant since the death of Li Hung Chang. Wang Wen Shao has been advanced to the Second Grand Secretaryship to succeed Yung Lu. The pilgrimage of Yung Lu was made with considerable pomp. He denied the fact of his responsibility for the attacks upon the foreign legations.

The Dowager Empress has issued two edicts, the first reciting that many Chinese had formerly studied abroad, but were not Manchus, and orders the Manchu courtiers and Generals to nominate Manchus between the ages of 15 and 25 to go abroad, there to study foreign branches of knowledge. The second edict abolishes the prohibition of intermarriage between Manchus and Chinese, which has been enforced since the beginning of the dynasty, and directs officials, by diplomatic methods, to discourage the binding of the feet of Chinese female children, because this is a barbarous custom.

Boxers Plunder Corean Towns.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—"A report has just reached here from Corea," wires the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, "that 2000 Chinese Boxers have crossed the Corean frontier and plundered several towns, the inhabitants of which fled. The government has asked for military assistance."

Frozen to the Ground.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 2.—Four officers and seven men of the detachment of 210 Japanese Infantry, previously reported to have been frozen to death on the northern end of Hondo Island, have been found in various stages of exhaustion. Five corpses have also been found. Major Kamaguieni was discovered alive, but frozen to the ground by the blankets his men had thrown over him. The search for the lost men is impeded by snow storms.

New German Drama.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The new drama by Herman Sudgenmann, "Es Lebe Las Leber," was produced here last night, and was the greatest dramatic event of the season. There was some hissing at the close of the performance, which was answered by strong demonstrations on the part of the friends of the author.

LOSS OF LIFE IS HEAVY

GALES IN EUROPE SUCCEEDED BY HEAVY SNOW.

Fatal Shipwrecks on Italian Coast—Exciting Experience on an English Channel Steamer.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The recent gales have been succeeded by heavy snow storms in Western Europe and the shipping along the coast of Spain has suffered considerable damage.

Forty lives are reported to have been lost in shipwrecks on the Italian coast. Several persons were killed by avalanches in Italy, rivers there having overflown their banks, a score of bridges have been broken and many towns are blockaded by the snow. A village near Verona has been wrecked by the storm and certain districts adjacent to Rome have been flooded. There is three feet of snow at Turin, and Milan.

A German bark stranded on St. Marin Rock, off the Scilly Islands, this evening, and was broken up before the life savers reached her. The crew of the bark was drowned. Much North Sea wreckage is washing ashore at Shecrness.

The mail steamer Marie Henrietta smashed a wheel on her way from Dover to Ostend, and became unmanageable after that. Her passengers had a terrible experience. The Marie Henrietta was short of fuel and provisions, but managed Saturday and Sunday with difficulty to re-provision from other boats. It was impossible for her to take more coal. The tugs standing by the Marie Henrietta attempting to tow her were also short of coal. A steam packet will leave Ostend this morning to tow the steamer to that port. The hazardous operation of transferring provisions in a life boat to the disabled craft was accomplished with great difficulty. The engineers of the steamer disconnected her broken wheel and managed to maintain slight head way with the other wheel.

The Dover-Ostend service is again suspended today. The Calais-Dover Channel service is also suspended, the boats now plying to Boulonge instead. The other Channel vessels were maintained with difficulty last night. Dover reports the present unabating gale to be the most severe in years, and that it is accompanied with unusual cold.

There has been considerable minor damage to shipping on the Thames at London.

Snow Storm at Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The heaviest snowstorm of the Winter commenced here early this afternoon and continued until dark, covering the streets of the city to a depth of several inches, seriously impeding traffic and forcing the electric street cars to suspend service. The snowstorms continue at many points in the provinces, especially in the south and along the Rivera. The carnival at Cannes, which should have commenced today, has been postponed on account of the weather. The violent gales prevailing along the coasts of France have caused numbers of minor shipping casualties.

Much snow has fallen at Madrid and elsewhere in Spain, accompanied by great cold.

The Alps in the neighborhood of Simplon are covered with snow to the depth of seven feet, and many Alpine villages have been completely isolated.

WILL REMODEL HER OFFER.

Kipling Protests Against Amnesty Being Granted the Boers.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail says that Holland intends to remodel her offer concerning peace in South Africa and renew diplomatic representations to Great Britain. Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch Premier, has strong continental backing and the negotiations are likely to be prolonged.

Rudyard Kipling, who arrived at Cape Town January 8, in a letter to a friend in England again protests emphatically against any amnesty being granted the rebels, which, he fears, from the attitude of the home people, may be done. Mr. Kipling declares it is a question of life or death for the colony.

"The British Minister had an interview with Dr. von Lynden, the Dutch Minister of Foreign Affairs, last Saturday," wires the Brussels correspondent of the Morning Post, "and intimated that Great Britain would never negotiate with Mr. Kruger or Dr. Leyds."

FATE OF BALLOONISTS.

How Captain von Siegfield met His Death.

ANTWERP, Feb. 2.—The death of Captain Tartsch von Siegfield, the military aeronaut, who, with Dr. Linke, left Berlin on a short trip yesterday afternoon in a balloon, which was driven here by a gale in seven hours and collapsed, occurred in the following manner:

A violent storm threw the balloon across the River Scheldt, just above the masts of the vessels there. An anchor was thrown out from the balloon, but the cable broke. The balloon was then driven over the village of Zwyndrecht, followed by an excited crowd watching the desperate efforts of the aeronauts. Dr. Linke sprang from the balloon when at a height of 15 feet and Captain von Siegfield tried to do likewise, but the latter became entangled in ropes and remained hanging by his left foot. The balloon was carried on for 200 yards further, dragging him head downward. The peasants then secured the balloon with ropes and found that Von Seigfield's head was shattered and his spine broken.

Captain von Seigfield was one of the best known aeronauts in the German Army.

EXPLORATIONS IN THIBET.

Russian Party Penetrates Far Into the Hermit Country.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 17.—Captain P. R. Kozloff, the explorer of Thibet, who recently reached Irkutsk, made a detailed report of his expedition on arriving at that city. From local papers the following points were taken:

Captain Kozloff (who has been a member of an earlier exploring expedition to Thibet), accompanied by Mr. Ladyguin, a linguist, Officer Kaznakoff and 16 soldiers, entered the Desert of Gobi, on the eastern slope of the Altai Mountains, in July, 1899. The party traversed the desert in three columns. It was found that the desert was not a plain, but was intersected by a chain of hills running from northwest to southeast. The party reassembled at Sinik and proceeded to Zaidam, passing northward of the Koko-Nor. Part of the baggage was left under guard of four men in Zaidam.

The explorers quickly penetrated the Thibetan highlands, reaching a height of 17,000 feet in a few days. The climate was severe, but both vegetable life and animal life were found in plenty. Large herds of yaks and koulans (wild asses), and numerous wild bears were met. Three skins equal in size to skins of polar bears were brought back.

The population of the valleys are Tangutes. They live as nomads, following their herds of cattle. They are warlike, and are armed with guns, sabres and pikes. Another tribe, the Galyks, keep herds and raise wheat and barley on the slopes. Their houses are two or three stories in height and are built of clay and stones. At a distance they look like small towers. The Galyks feared reprisals for the murder of the Frenchman, Dutreil de Rheins in 1898, which, they explained, was due to his entering a temple.

Captain Kozloff reported that a strong anti-British feeling prevails among the Thibetans. They gave the expedition no trouble until, having crossed the Hoangho and the Yangtse, the explorers approached the Me Kong River, when the natives declared the visitors must return. Two hundred men fired from ambush as the Russians were crossing the Dsa Chu, but the latter by the use of their rifles, drove them off after two hours fighting. Twenty natives were killed and 17 others wounded. Soon after an embassy came from Chondo to beg Captain Kozloff not to go to That, the second religious capital of the country. The request was heeded. Captain Kozloff remaining where he was until a portion of his company had explored eastward to the Yangtse. Three months were spent making collections of rare and hitherto unknown animals.

The return journey was begun in the middle of March. The Chondon authorities sent guides and gifts for the Czar out of gratitude to Captain Kozloff for remaining away from that place. On their way the explorers were attacked by Tangutes, but Russian rifles were victorious. The second attack was made from an ambush. Captain Kozloff, however, had expected it and sent part of his men to fall upon the enemy's rear. Through the influence of a Lama of a neighboring convent, the Tangutes were persuaded not further to molest the Russians. The return to Zaidam was thereafter without danger. Kiachta (Siberia), was reached by way of Urga (Mongolia), in November, 1901.

The party marched 14,000 versts. Topographical surveys were made and astronomical observations were conducted at Zaidam for 14 months. The transportation of the collections gathered by the expedition required the use of 50 camels.

German Meat Inspection.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The long delay of the Bundesrath in issuing the regulations administering the meat law appears to be due to the difficulty of classifying meat products. The correspondent here of the Associated Press understands that the Bundesrath intends now to enforce paragraph 21, which forbids importation of meats preserved in borax or other chemicals considered injurious to the health, and which excludes meat products that are artificially colored.

Zelaya's Third Inauguration.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 2.—J. Santos Zelaya was today inaugurated President of Nicaragua for his third term, in the presence of the Nicaraguan Congress and a large assemblage of citizens. President Zelaya, in his address, referred hopefully to the prospects for the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, and to the benefits that Nicaragua would derive therefrom.

OREGON'S CENTENNIAL.

A World's Fair in 1905, the centennial of the Lewis and Clark expedition, is now heralded, and Portland is beginning to prepare for the display. The year 1805 is a landmark in the history of the English-speaking race, a greater landmark, perhaps, than some of the Portland committeemen have estimated. It has a three-fold significance, and in 1905 English-speaking people in all parts of the world ought to remember that great year.

In the Far West Lewis and Clark were doing the work of the pioneer, and doing it nobly. They towered above the adventurer, the gold hunter, the trapper, the ordinary representatives of advance movements. In their devoted friendship, their upright conduct to ward the Indians, their unwearied search for useful knowledge, they set an example which our noble Caucasian race has not always followed. Jefferson was a shrewd judge of men, but he never judged more wisely than when he chose Meriwether Lewis to head that famous exploring band. From his schoolboy days Jefferson had yearned to see a time when the mighty West should no longer be a terra incognita. One of the best American schoolmasters of the 18th century was the Rev. James Maury, an ancestor of the famous navigator. Maury was an enthusiastic student of geography, and pored over the crude maps of his generation as Columbus had pored over maps still more crude. In Jefferson Maury found a pupil after his own heart. The boy longed to know more about the strange lands to the northwest, and when the man became President the boyish dream was realized. In 1905 the country may well pause to read the story of Lewis and Clark.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

AS THE GUEST OF BOSTON

PROGRAMME FOR THE RECEPTION OF PRINCE HENRY.

Entertainment Provided for the German Visitor at Harvard University—Departure From Berlin.

BOSTON, Feb. 2.—The Official programme for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry as the guest of the City of Boston was given out by Mayor Collins today.

The Prince and suit will be due here at 10 A. M., March 6, and will be met at the depot by Mayor Collins and the German Consul. The party will be driven under military escort to Hotel Somerset where the Governor, the Commandant of the Navy-Yard, President Eliot of Harvard College and other high officials will be presented. Later, the Prince will call upon the Governor and the Mayor in turn. A short inspection of the public library will follow and the party will then drive to the residence of Mrs. John L. Gardner, leaving there at 1 o'clock and driving to Cambridge. The Prince will return to Boston for the evening banquet.

The itinerary of Prince Henry on his visit to Harvard University follows:

The Prince will arrive at Memorial Hall at 1:50 P. M., escorted by the National Lancers. He will call upon President Eliot, take luncheon given by the Harvard Corporation, attend a meeting of students, at which short speeches will be delivered; inspect the Harvard gymnasium, university buildings and clubs, and then attend a reception of the Germanic Museum Association at Professor Munsterberg's house. At 5:30 P. M., he will leave for Boston. The interest in Prince Henry's visit will be in the lunch at President Eliot's home, for there will also be the officers of Harvard University, Dr. von Hollenben, the German Ambassador, and many distinguished guests. At this time, a high order may be given to the Prince. Professor Munsterberg hopes that Harvard will bestow the highest honor at her disposal.

PRINCE HENRY LEAVES BERLIN.

Ambassador White Bids Him Farewell at the Station.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, left here this morning for Kiel. Andrew D. White, the United States Ambassador, came to the railway station officially to bid farewell to the Prince (who will probably not return to Berlin before sailing for the United States). Mr. White told Prince Henry that the City of Chattanooga desires to present him with an album of views. The Prince said he would be delighted to accept the album. Mr. White said he was sorry that the Prince could not go to Florida and see something of the tropical United States during the Winter months. Prince Henry also regrets that his stay in the United States will be so limited as to prevent him from seeing many other places which have invited him to visit them.

Court Councilman Waldmann, with a party of Prince Henry's servants, including two cooks, a steward and several butlers, are to leave Hamburg today for the United States on the Hamburg-American line steamer Graf Waldersee. On their arrival, the members of this party will make preparations to cater for the imperial yacht Hohenzollern and will procure special supplies for the banquet to be given on the occasion of the launching of the Emperor's new yacht.

Admiral Count Von Baudissin, commander of the Hohenzollern, wiring from St. Vincent, C. V. I., Wednesday, said he would touch at Bermuda next, and from there, if the weather is good, he would steam at full speed for New York. He expected the Hohenzollern to do 18 knots an hour from Bermuda.

RE-READS HIS PAPER.

Professor Delitsch Appears Before Emperor William's Guests.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The flurry of theologians over the interest manifested by Emperor William through his attending a lecture by Professor Delitsch, the Assyriologist, on the "Babylonish Origin of Hebrew Ideas" has a sequel. The Emperor yesterday invited to the Schlos Dr. Vander, the chief court teacher, Herr Faber, who, as superintendent of the Berlin synod has a kind of episcopal authority over the state church; Dr. Kessler, the court preacher at Potsdam, and a great favorite with the Emperor, and Professor Harnack, the foremost authority on the historical incidents of Christianity, to hear Professor Delitsch reread his paper. Besides those already mentioned, the Empress, Prince William Eitel-Frederick, Prince and Princess Henry, Count von Bulow, the Imperial Chancellor; General von Plesser, Emperor William's Adjutant General, and many other members of the royal family and notable personages were present. Emperor William, instead of sitting in front of the assemblage with the Empress, sat in the middle of the Elizabethan Hall, explaining to those nearest him, when the stereopticon views were shown, what they meant. After the reading of the paper, Professor Delitsch and the assembled company spent an hour informally discussing the points raised, Emperor William joining in the conversation.

Italian Ship Lost.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—The Italian ship Nicolo Accame, which sailed from here January 27, bound to Pensacola, Fla., has been lost near Port Blanc. The crew was saved.

Tolstoi Is Ill.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 2.—Count Tolstoi is very ill. He will be attended by a specialist from St. Petersburg.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

A CLEAR HEAD; good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

WOODARD, CLARKE & COMPANY

Today, Tomorrow and Wednesday our sale prices will continue. Thousands of new faces every day—A multitude of little sales at little profits. It's our way of conducting a modern drug store. Wouldn't you rather pay us 40c for a 50c article and KNOW that it came to you right from the factory than pay the old war price for a shopworn stale package? Isn't our money-saving method better for you? HERE ARE SOME THREE-DAY SPECIALS. It's making money to read our ads.

MALVINA CREAM, regular 50c; for this sale, 31c.

JAVA FACE POWDER, regular 50c; for this sale, 22c.

FROSTILLA, regular 25c.

CAMELLINE, regular 50c; for this sale, 31c.

CREME DE LIS, regular 50c; for this sale, 31c.

LISTER'S ANTISEPTIC TOOTH POWDER, the great tooth preservative, regular 25c; for this sale, 18c.

SUGAR MILK—Its purity is absolutely guaranteed; regular 35c; for this sale, 23c.

DR. COOPER'S SARSAPARILLA, the best blood purifier; regular $1; for this sale, 67c.

SASSAFRAS BARK, new crop, for this sale, 14c pound.

MENTHOL CHERRIES — Will stop that cough; regular 10c; for this sale, 7c.

PROPHYLACTIC TOOTH BRUSHES, regular 35c; for this sale, 27c.

CURLING IRONS, 2c.

CELLULOID SOAP BOXES, regular 35c; for this sale, 17c.

WAX TAPERS, or night lights, regular 10c; for this sale, 6c.

WILLIAMS' SHAVING STICKS, regular 25c; for this sale, 17c.

HOYT'S GERMAN COLOGNE, regular 25c; for this sale, 14c.

CREME SIMON, regular 75c; for this sale, 75c.

"CAPTOL," the hair tonic, used by Kaiser Wilhelm; regular $1; for this sale, 63c.

WINES AND LIQUORS—Purity, age and genuineness absolutely guaranteed. Fisher's Malt, 65c; Canadian rye, regular $1.25; for this sale, 90c; Cream rye, regular $1.50, for this sale $1.15; Hunter's rye, regular $1.50, for this sale $1.15; MacBrayer, regular $1.50, for this sale $1.15; Welche's Grape Juice, pints and quarts for this sale 25c and 45c.

PASTEURINE TOOTH PASTE, regular 25c; for this sale, 16c.

EMPTY CAPSULES, boxes of 100; regular 15c, for this sale, 9c.

CORN PLASTERS, per box, regular 8c; for this sale, 5c.

COLD CREAM, "Woodlark," the finest made; regular 25c, for this sale, 12c.

LISTER'S ANTISEPTIC FLUID, pint bottles; regular $1, for this sale, 53c.

BEEF, WINE AND IRON, pint bottles, the good old-fashioned appetizer; regular 75c; for this sale, 42c.

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS, imported, regular 75c; for this sale, 23c.

CAMPHOR ICE, the best, regular 15c; for this sale, 7c.

DR. COOPER'S CHILBLAIN CURE, a certain specific, regular 25c; for this sale, 16c.

WHITE'S TOOTH POWDER, half-pound cans, regular 40c; for this sale, 17c.

GOSWELL'S CHERRY TOOTH PASTE, jars; regular 50c; for this sale, 33c.

ROCK CANDY, 2000 pounds red, white or brown; for this sale, 13c pound.

GLOVER'S DOG REMEDIES, for this sale:
$1 kinds 73c
50c kinds 37c
25c kinds 18c

ALLEN'S WHITE PINE BALSAM, the great cold and cough cure; regular 50c; for this sale, 33c.

PETROLATUM, the purest of petroleum jelly, pound cans, regular 25c; for this sale, 12c.

Pure white, for this sale, 16c.

Carbolated, five-ounce jars, for this sale, 9c.

Camphorated, five-ounce jars, for this sale, 9c.

Pomade, five-ounce jars, for this sale, 9c.

COMPRESSED TABLETS, put up in nickel screw-cap vials—soda mint chlorate potash, bicarbonate soda—regular 10c, now 5c.

ANTIKAMNIA TABLETS, full ounce, original packages; for this sale, 99c.

CALISAYA BARK ELIXIR, prepared in accordance with the Pharmacopeia, a magnificent tonic and appetizer, full pint bottles; for this sale, 49c.

FLAXSEED MEAL, pound packages, for this sale, 5c.

GUM CAMPHOR, pure, regular 85c pound; for this sale, 65c.

SYRUP HYPOPHOSPHITES COMPOUND, after the National formulary, the greatest of tonics and blood makers, our regular price 75c; for this sale, 43c.

DR. COOPER'S ANTISEPTIC FLUID, pint bottles, the finest tooth and mouth wash, a healing antiseptic for the treatment of disease; should be used by every one; regular 50c; for this sale, 39c.

HILTON'S MALT EXTRACT, contains 10 times the nutritive strength of beer, ale or porter; a delightful table tonic, builds up the appetite and aids digestion; for this sale, $1.95 per dozen.

PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL, the celebrated three-fish brand, preferred by all physicians; pint jugs; regular 75c; for this sale, 47c.

EMULSION COD LIVER OIL, none better, pint bottles, regular 75c; for this sale, 47c.

EFFERVESCING LITHIA TABLETS, 5-grain, put up in air-tight bottles of 40, our regular price 25c; for this sale, 17c.

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE, regular $1; for this sale, 59c.

ARMOUR'S FINE ART SOAP; for this sale, 5c.

SHAVING SOAP, regular 5c; for this sale, 3c.

4-LB. BAR IMPORTED WHITE CASTILE SOAP, regular 65c; for this sale, 36c.

POWDERED BORAX, pound boxes, regular 15c; for this sale, 9c.

DR. COOPER'S PLEASANT ELIXIR CASCARA, a certain relief for biliousness, liver complaint, constipation; awarded bronze medals at Omaha and Buffalo; our regular price, 35c; for this sale, 23c.

CREAM TARTAR, PURE, pound boxes, for this sale, 27c.

ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER, absolutely pure and full strength, regular 25c; for this sale, 14c.

PURE DISTILLED EXTRACT OF WITCH HAZEL, for internal or external use, pint bottles, regular 25c; for this sale, 14c.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS, full weight, our regular price, per box of 24 powders, 25c; for this sale, 17c.

PURE ABSORBENT COTTON, pound boxes; for this sale, 26c.

RED RAVEN SPLITS, the famous mineral water; regular, 15c; for this sale, 9c.

ROBERTINE, for the complexion, regular, 39c; for this sale, 27c.

PINAUD'S EAU D'QUININE, regular $1 size; for this sale, 67c.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER, large size; for this sale, 37c.

SOZODONT, for the teeth, regular 75c; for this sale, 47c.

COKE DANDRUFF CURE, regular $1; for this sale, 59c.

LA BLACHE FACE POWDER, regular, 50c; for this sale, 29c.

EFFERVESCENT SALTS, Vichy, Kissengen, phosphate soda, six-ounce bottles, our regular price, 25c; for this sale, 17c.

HOREHOUND CANDY—the old-fashioned sort, regular, 15c; for this sale, 9c.

CHEST AND LUNG PROTECTORS, made of heavy English felt, large 75c size for 49c; medium 50c size, for 34c; made of first quality chamois, lined with fine English felt, large $2 size for $1 49; medium $1 50 size for $1 19.

CHAMOIS-LINED VESTS for men or women, $1 59.

POCKET KNIVES, pearl handle, three blades, guaranteed steel, regular $1 25, for 89c; buck horn handle, three blades, regular 65c, for 44c; ladies' high-grade pearl handle, guaranteed steel, regular $1 15, for 79c.

A GOOD BLACKING BRUSH with a box of best blacking, for 23c.

A GUARANTEED ALARM CLOCK, usually sold elsewhere for $1 25, for 77c.

PLAYING CARDS—
Canteen, regular 15c, for 9c
Rambler, regular 20c, for 14c
Bicycle, regular 25c, for 16c
Congress, regular 50c, for 37c
Souvenir, regular $1, for .....69c.

ALCOHOL STOVES—The new "Spirit Gass," no evaporation, most economical stove made, best heater, boils quart of water in four minutes, made to sell at $1; our price for this sale, 69c. "Mayflower" pocket stove, regular 25c, for 16c. "Mayflower," with cup, folding lock handles and cover, regular 50c, for 34c.

NURSING BOTTLES — Eight-ounce graduate, or sterilizing shapes, now 3c.

NURSING BOTTLE NIPPLES, very best 5c quality, now 34c dozen.

DENISON'S CREPE PAPER, plain or crystal, for decorations or fancy work, now 7c roll.

RAZORS—Money back if not satisfactory. Safety razors, single-blade set, regular $2, for $1 59; one-blade outfit complete, including strop and stropping machine, regular $3 50, $2 79; four-blade set, regular $5 50, for $4 29; seven-blade set, regular $10, for $7 98; Antone Berg, Swedish, regular $2 85, for $1 98; Antone Berg, Swedish, ivory handle, nickel-plate blade, regular $3 90, for $2 88; "Woodlark" Peerless, regular $2 50, for $1 59; Westenholm, I X L, for $1 29.

STROPS—Torrey's "Pullman" rolling razor strop, special 45c; best guaranteed shell horsehide strop, 92c; best genuine imported Russian strop, $1 08.

BATH TOWELS, high-grade Turkish best bleach, 22x53, regular 35c value, for 23c; 24x48, 40c value for 27c; 24x58 double knotted fringe, 70c value, for 52c.

BATH RUGS, extra heavy, 25x47, regular $1.15, for 93c; 23x43, regular 75c, for 59c.

WASH CLOTHS, silk Turkish, very soft, regular 25c, for 19c; extra fine fringed cotton, 15c, for 11c.

SHOULDER BRACES, Dr. Grey's back-supporting, for women, regular $1.25; for men, regular $2.25, for $1.95. English Military Brace, children's, regular $1.00, for 72c; ladies', regular $1.25, for 99c; men's, regular $1.50, for $1.19.

TWO-MINUTE CLINICAL OR FEVER THERMOMETER, with magnifying lens, certified correct, for 63c.

GOOD, RELIABLE HOUSE THERMOMETER, regular 25c, for 16c.

CONTINUOUS SPRAY, HARD RUBBER TIP ATOMIZER, regular 50c, for 24c.

THROAT AND NASAL ATOMIZER, with hard rubber screw connections and indestructible tubes, regular 60c, for 39c.

"WOODLARK" ATOMIZER, with three platinum-lined tips for spraying throat, nasal and post-nasal passages, with either oil or water, best atomizer made, regular $1.50, now $1.17.

MARVEL WHIRLING SPRAY SYRINGE, now $2.89.

COMBINATION HOT WATER BOTTLES AND SYRINGES, guaranteed quality, 2-quart, 99c; 3-quart, $1.08; 4-quart, $1.16.

GOODYEAR'S GOLD SEAL FOUNTAIN SYRINGE, 2-quart, regular $1.25, now 89c; 3-quart, regular $1.40, now 98c; 4-quart, regular $1.55, now $1.07.

"ALPHA" CONTINUOUS FLOW FAMILY BULB SYRINGE, with patent collapsible outlet tube and three hard rubber pipes, regular $1.00, for 69c.

HOT WATER BOTTLES, best maroon pure rubber, guaranteed one year, 2-quart, regular $1.35, for 98c; 3-quart, regular $1.50, for $1.12; good reliable water bottles, 3-quart, regular 90c, for 59c.

BATH CABINETS, regular $5.00, for $3.98; regular $7.50, for $5.79; regular $12.50, for $9.87.

ELECTRIC BATTERY, ever-ready dry cell, home medical, regular $5.50, for $4.29; regular $6.50, for $5.25; regular $7.50, for $5.79.

It's in the multitude of sales and the littleness of our margins that we win success. It makes ours the ever-busy store. Four telephones and free delivery make trading easy and pleasant with Portland's Popular-Price Drug Store.

Woodard, Clarke & Company

CANADIAN MONEY TAKEN AT FULL VALUE.