# LOGAN STATUE UNVEILED

WASHINGTON'S FINE EQUESTRIAN FIGURE OF "BLACK JACK."

Ceremonies Conducted in the Presence of the President, His Cabinet and Widow of Famous Soldier.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The heroic conne equestrian statue of Major-General John A. Logan, which rests on an impos-ing bronze pedestal in lowa Circle, was sonn A. Logan, which rests on an impos-ing bronze pedestal in lowa Circle, was unveiled today in the presence of the President, the Cabinet, the widow and relatives of the saliant soldier, many of his comrades at-arms and a vast multi-tude of people. The sculptor, Franklin Simmons, who wak knighted by King Humbert of Italy as a tribute to the artistic character of the work, was also present. Master George Tucker a grand-

artistic character of the work, was also present. Master George Tucker, a grandson of the honored warrior, pulled the unveiling cord at 2:35 clock. The folds of the large American fing fell away, and the dashing figure of "Black Jack" Logan, seated on his charger, stood revealed, amid a roar of cheering that echoed far down the intersecting streets and avenues. The President and members of the Cabinet had been escoried to the statue by a milliary parade under command of Colonel Francis L. Guenther, of the Furth United States Artillery. The procession included detachments of the artillery and infantry arms of the regular Army, a Battalion of marines and a company of seamen from the District of Columbia militia, members of the Societies of the Armies of the Tenof the Societies of the Armies of the Ten-nessee and the Cumberland, and mem-bers of the local Veterans' Association. bers of the local Veterans' Association.
Mrs. John A. Logan and other relatives sat upon a platform at the base of the monument. Mrs. Logan has been quite ill with the grip recently, but was able to be present. Among those with her were Thomas A. Logan, of Murphysboro, ill, a brother of General Logan; Miss M. E. Logan, a niece: S. K. Cunningham, of Logansboro, Logan Tucker, of Chicago, a grandson, and Miss Tucker; Mrs. George M. Pullman, of Chicago, and the personal servant of Major John A. Logan, Jr., who was with the latter when he was killed. was with the latter when he was killed in the Philippines. The President and his Cabinet and other distinguished guests occupied a flas-draped stand opposite this platform, while in another stand extending around the monument were other guests, including many of General Logan's old comrades; representatives of John A. Logan Post, G. A. R., of St. Louis; the Logan Republican Club, of Brooklyn, and the Logan Club of Philadelphic

the Logan Club, of Philadelphia. General Grenville M. Dodge, who is the only living General represented in the only fiving deperal represented in the group on the bronze pedestal showing General Logan in the council of war with his commanding officers, presided over the ceremonies. He paid a high personal tribute to the dead chieftain, and, after the invocation had been offered by Rev. Frank Bristol, introduced the sculptor, Mr. Sim-Bristol, introduced the sculptor, Mr. Simmons, to the assemblage. The statue was then unveiled amid great applause, and the Fourth Artillery Band rendered "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." At the moment of the unveiling a section of the Fourth Artillery fired a National salute on the lot south of the Executive man-

President McKinley's Address. President McKinley received an ovation as he was introduced, and it was some

time before he could begin his remarks. He spoke as follows:
"My Fellow-citizens: It is a good token

when patriots are honored and patriotism exalted. Monuments which express the Nation's gratitude for great deeds inapire great deeds. The statue unveiled today proclaims our country's appreciation of one of her heroic sons, whose name is dear to the American people, the ideal volunteer soldier of two wars, the emi-ment Senator and commoner, General John A. Logan, Logan's career was unique. His distinction does not rest upon his mili-tary achievemets alone. His services in the Legislature of his own state, in the place in the annals of the country. He was great in the forum and in the field.

the alternative came he was swift to dedicate his life and fortune to the party of Lincoln because it stood for the indivisibility of the Union. How much he did to create and increase the sentiment of loyalty and patriotism among the people of his own state and throughout the Nation can never be told. He stood with Douglas holding up the cause of the Union, and offered his own life as a cheerful sacrifice, if need be, for its preservation. "Logan was never half hearted. An in-

tense patriot, he was also an intense par-tisan. He was forceful in the Senste as he was undaunted in battle. He had convictions and followed them to their con-clusions at any cost. He was never a trimmer nor a laggard. He despised duplicity, was the soul of frankness and almys at the front in every struggle, civil or military, during the years of his eventful life. He was a leader from boyhood, the recognized captain among his youth-ful associates. His integrity was pronounced and served him well, as integrity will serve every man who has and keeps it. His success was founded on good character, unfalling sincerity, high courage and unremitting industry. He came out of the war with the highest military hon-ors of the volunteer soldier. Brilliant in battle and strong in military council, his was also the true American spirit, for when the war was ended he was quick and eager to return to the peaceful pursuits

While a strict disciplinarian, he was yet beloved by all his men. No duty was too hazardous for them to cheerfully under-take and no sacrifice was too great for them to undergo when he com He was not only considerate and tender of the soldlers whom he led, but generous and courteous to his brother officers. It was significant of his generous spirit that un-der the tempting opportunity of great command he declined it rather than in-Sustice should be done and Humiliation put upon a brother officer. Ne wonder that General Logan was the ideal of the rank and file of the army. They loved him;

'In Washington, with most onerous and exacting Senatorial duties resting upon him he was devoted to the wants and him, he was devoted to the wants and necessities of his old comrades. His sympathy, his services and his purse were never denied them in their need. He was among the first commanders of the Grand Army of the Republic and to him we are indebted for that beautiful service which May 20 each year brings to the graves of the soldier dead, among whom he now rests in everlasting comradeship the of-ferings of an affectionate people and the undying gratitude of a nation.

"As a popular orator, his voice was heard in every state and territory of the Union, always for his country and far the

"The highest enlogy ever paid him was by his father. The latter in his will diwided his property between his widow and children equally, except—and I quote from the will—'John Alexander, whose marked abilities are such that he can provide for himself and aid his mother if necessary. This provision is not made from want of affection, but because of moed confidence in his future suc-

What a remarkable tribute from father. That expression of faith was enough to fire the young man's noblest' aspirations and call out the best that was within him. And how worthly he vindi-cated the confidence. To have inherited, to have deserved and to have fulfilled the commendation from his father's love and faith were better than any inheritance of lands and tenements, stocks, bonds and money. Beloved of father, wife and chilbeloved of his comrades in war and ace, and beloved of his country, his whole life realized his father's prophecy,

and its words would adorn any monument to his fame."
The President several times was inter

rupted by appliause, and there was a great outburst of cheering when he concluded. Senator Depew's Oration. The oration was delivered by Senator Depew, of New York, who spoke as fol-

"The "Typical American" has long been the subject of discussion and portraiture. In caricature, in picture and upon the stage our national characteristics are represented by the 'brother Jonathan,' who is sharp, keen, aggressive and fearless, but who exhibits no trait of that culture, sensitive honor and lofty morality which marks a noble and successful people. We do not thus for that the 'type. the subject of discussion and portraiture. ple. We do not, therefor, find the 'typ-ical American' in the sketch of the artist

or upon the dramatic stage.

"The professional or business man who has been successful in his pursuit; the one who, with the great opportunities offered in the United States and by the fered in the United States and by the exercise of rare gifts has accumulated a phenomenal fortune; or the distinguished soldier or sailor who has come from the severe training of West Point or Annapolis is not peculiar to our country. He exists under all governments and accom-plishes the same career under all insti-tutions. American liberty and law which grant to all equal opportunities, which neither foster nor favor nor permit class or privilege, cultivate a kaleidoscope activity which is possible alone with us. It develops an American who passes easily and naturally to and from private purmits and solve life. It ready and forms suits and public life; is ready and force-ful upon the platform or in hall of legis-lation; is facile with his pen and keen upon all questions of current interest and with that leisure which comes only to the very busy, finds rest and recreation in travel, fraternal organizations and so-

"He early in life becomes a member of the military company of his town or the National Guard of his state and locks his office or leaves the shop to march with his command to the field of duty and of danger. If he survives the perils of bat-tle and dangers of disease he practically beats his sword into a plow share and his spear into a pruning hook by exchanging the uniform of the soldier for the dress of the citizen and quietly resuming the peaceful paths of the industry he aban-doned to fight for his country. The Grand Army of the Republic has upon its rolls numberless examples, living and dead, of heroes in war who were also successes in the professions or business, orators of rare merit and statesmen of unique distinction. Such a man-a typical American-is the soldier, statesman and patriot, for the unveiling of whose statue, erected by a grateful country we are here

Mr. Depew sketched the life of Gener-al Logan from the time he entered the Mexican War as a private until he was made Commander of the Army of the Tennessee, in the Civil War, characteriz-ing him the finest example of the volun-teer soldier. Continuing he said:

"The most gratifying tribute to him-self and the best expression of the opinion of the volunteer Army in regard to him was his election as the First Com-mander of the Grand Army of the Repubic, and the election repeated as often as he would accept the place." Concluding, Mr. Depew said:

"In every community in our land the leaders of public opinion and the dwel-lers in the homes of prosperity have come from the ranks. Among those suc cessful Americans in many lines who have won and held the public eye and died mourned by all their countrymen, there will live in the future in the history of the Republic no nobler figure, in peace and in war, in the pursuits of the citizen and in work for the welfare of his fel-low citizens, than General John A. Lo-

Rev. J. G. Butler, of this city, prounced the benediction. The assemblage then dispersed.

The Statue.

The statue of General Logan has been turned over to the people of the United States, and now has become one of the greatest monuments of the National capital. The statue represents seven years' of labor in the quarry of Franklin Simthe Legislature of his own state, in the National House of Representatives and in the Senate of the United States would in sculpture in Washington in that it rests upon a pedestal of bronze. Congress appropriated \$50,000 for the statue, and the senate of the country. He "Some names instantly suggest sentiment. This of Logan stands for exalted high. On its west face is a group reprepatriotism. This was the key of his success. Party polities to him was nothing when the Union was in danger. When bronzes of Generals Dodge, Hazen, Slo-cum, Leggett, Mower, Blair and Captain Strong. On the east face of the pedestal is a group representing General Logan taking the oath as United States Senator, which is being administered by Vice-President Arthur. In this group are portrait bronzes of Senators Cullom, Evarts, Conk-ling, Morton, Miller, Voorhees and Thurman. The south front of the pedestal is embellished with an allegorical figure of War, and the north with another of Peace. equestrian statue rises above the pedestal 164 feet. General Logan, facing south, is represented as riding along the line of battle, his horse moving forward at a gentle trot, his hat on and his sword drawn. The statue produces an impression of dignity, beauty and power. Hum. bert, late King of Italy, after a private view of the monument, knighted Mr. Sim-

### TEA MERCHANT'S MONEY.

Further Proceedings in the Gilman Will Contest.

NEW YORK, April 9 .- Justice Truax, in the Supreme Court, today granted an ap-plication by the Pifth-Avenue Trust Company, which corporation is the defendant in an action brought against it by Mrs. Helen Hall to recover \$14,150 deposited by the late George Gilman during the year 1800, to turn over the money to Theophilus Gilman and Edward F. Norton, the temporary administrators of the Gilman es-tate. It was claimed by Mrs. Hall that the money belonged to her, but the trust company alleged that it had been deposited in Gilman's name, and should there-fore be handed over to the administrators and dealt with according to the decision

of the court.

Application was made to Justice Smith, in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, today, for the appointment of a commissioner to inquire into the alleged insanity of Anna K. Gilman, 62 years old, now under restraint for lunacy in Brookhouse, Upper Clapton, London, England. Her brother, Frazier Gliman, of Brooklyn, made the application. She is a sister and one of the of the late tea merchant, George

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—The failure of the torpedo-boat destroyer Perry to attain the contract speed of 29 knots an hour has led the Union Iron Works to propose changes in the design of the four similar vessels now being constructed here. The Perry was built on the plans of the Navy Department, but her builders believe that if her water line is altered by straightening the plates, which are now rounded at her stern, her speed will be considerably increased. No changes will be necessary in bunker room or in the

Buried by a Sliding Dump.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., April 9.— News has just reached here that the family of James Smith, consisting of the father, mother and four children, were killed in their home this evening by the sliding of the huge dump of the Granite mine. The Smith residence was located just below the base of the dump. The recent snows had softened the dump so that the top suddenly slid down. Hundreds of men are digging away the dirt and rocks, but it is not thought possible that any of the victims will be found alive.

Greve's Ointment is a grateful relief for muscular pains and all skin irritations. Parker's Hair Basam is life to the hair.

# CAPITAL TAKEN

PLUMER OCCUPIED PIETERSBURG WITH SLIGHT OPPOSITION.

Big Supply of Ammunition Found in the Dutch Magazine-English Control the Railway.

LONDON, April 8.—Lord Kitchener, reporting to the war office, under date of Pretoria, April 8, says:

"Plumer has occupied Pietersburg with slight opposition. He captured two locomotives and forty-nine trucks. He took sixty prisoners, capturing a seven-pounder and destroying 210 000 cartridges with 1000 rounds of seven-bounder ammunition and

South. She also built in Lexington, Va., a memorial chapel to Major-General Robert E. Lee. Her husband, before his death, had endowed a chair in the Washington and Lee University in connection with Cyrus McCormick.

with Cyrus McCormick.

Mrs. Newcomb was a woman of many eccentricities, and had long been estranged from her relatives. She had been living in this city and New Orleans a secluded life for many years. Last Fall it was her intention to go to New Orleans, but her feebleness prevented and she lingered for many months, finally succembing to old are. cumbing to old age.

GRIEVANCES OF CHINA.

For Years She Has Been Bulldozed by the European Powers.

motives and forty-nine trucks. He took sixty prisoners, capturing a seven-pounder and destroying 210 000 cartridges with 1000 rounds of seven-pounder ammunition and a considerable amount of powder and dynamite."

CHICAGO, April 9.—President Angell, in the course of his speech here tonight, referred to China and declared that in his opinion the Administration of President McKinley in dealing in China "has The capture of Pietersburg is regarded been following the same wise, magnani-

GENERAL PLUMER



THE BRITISH COMMANDER WHO CA PTURED PIETERSBURG, THE BOER

here as important. The place is the terminus of the raliway, and has been the capital of the Boer government since the evacuation of Pretoria. The whole Northern Raliway is now in the hands of the British. According to Lord Kitchener's dispatch, orly one officer and one man was killed. The Boers evacuated the town during the night prior to Plumer's arrival, after blowing up two trucks laden with ammunition.

Lord Kitchener reports the capture of sixteen prisoners, fifty horses and the depot of war stores at Boshman's Kop, Orange River Colony.

mous and noble policy which General Grant himself would have followed if he had been President of the United States, a policy of magnanimity and justice." Then, speaking of the grievances of the Chinese, he said:

"No nation was ever exposed to such provocations from the great powers of the world as China has been during the last two years. I have not time to go over the whole Story: I will refer to but a single thing, and that is to the grasping of territory without any justification was constructed to the control of the United States, a policy of magnanimity and justice."

Then, speaking of the grievances of the Chinese, he said:

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ange River Colony.

Trial of the British Mule Case.

their escape.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.- The suit of the Boer representatives here against the agents of the steamship Anglo-Australian prevent the shipment of mules ald rses through New Orleans to South Africa for the use of the Boer army was taken up for trial today before Judge Parlange, in the United States Circuit Court. General Pearson, of the Boer army, and a number of British army of-ficers, were among the spectators. Atforneys for the plaintiffs argued that the shipment of mules from New Orleans was a violation of the neutrality laws, and was conducted under the supervision of British officers, and as this was the base of supplies, the court here was authorized to act. The defense claimed that they were engaged in legal business; that the iles were not munitions of war, and that the matter was political and in the hands of the executive branch of the government and without the jurisdiction of the courts. The court took the matter advisement.
Anglo-Australian cleared today for Cape Town with 1000 mules.

Kruger at Tammany Hall. PARIS, April 10.-Le Rappel, which has iblished several remarkable statements

as to the plans of Mr. Kruger, displays the following dispasch from The Hague this morning: "Mr. Kruger's departure for the United States has been fixed for May 31. He will lecture in Tammany Hall about June 8, as the guest of the Democratic party."

NEW YORK, April 9.—Dispatches from Holland, says the Tribune London correspondent, revive the humor that Mr. Kru-ger is bent upon visiting the United States during the Summer. Private information from The Hague leads to the belief that his physician is strongly opposed to any course of action which will subject him to excitement. Mr. Kruger's general health is fair, but he has weak heart action, and has been warned that he must live quietly. The talk about his American urney comes from Boer sympathizers in who are unwilling to admit that he has exhausted the resources of diplomacy and has nothing in reserve.

German Indemnity Claims.

BERLIN, April 9.-It is officially reported that while Dr. Steubel, of the Colonial Department of the German Foreign Office, was in London a mutual agreement was reached between Germany and Great Britain regarding Germany's claims to indemnity for Germans evicted from the

Well-Known Southern Woman Dead. NEW YORK, April 9.-Mrs. Lemonle Newcomb, who died Sunday, at the home comb. She was born in Baltimore, of believe that any such railroads French descent, and was married to tered into or are about to enter Warren Newcomb, then a commission merchant in Louisville, whom she met in Orleans while on a visit to that At the time of her marriage her D. Newcomb & Bro., of Louisville. Later he came to this city and started a commission business here with H. D. Newcomb and his nephew, H. V. Newcomb, He died in 1855, leaving a large estate. After the death of her only child, Sophie Newcomb, about 18 years ago, Mrs. New-comb founded the Sophie Newcomb College, for girls, an adjunct to Tulane University, in New Orleans, the handsomest Russian goods imported, instead and best-equipped school for girls in the 4 per cent, as heretofore in force.

any foreign power or any combination of As an offset, the Commander-in-Chief reports that 100 men of the British Lancers and Imperial Yeomanry were attacked by 400 Boers to the northward of Aberdeen, Cape Colony, and that after several hours' fighting the British were surother power scheming what part to take of Florida and Georgia, and another had of twenty-five, who succeeded in making California, and the foreign press of all these countries preaching up and down the earth that the partition of our country was impending, then, I ask you, what

ould follow in the United States?
"When Russia first came over to Manchuria and took part of that, and Great Britain then, in compensation, took the port just opposite, and then Germany came along and selzed the best harbor on the Pacific Coast, that of Kalo Che and also seized control of all the co of-At-40,000,000 of inhabitants, and France then came along for a slice of Southern China and Japan then said: 'I must have i piece of it,' and even little Italy called out for a part, and all the European press far and wide proclaimed that the day had come for the partition of China be-tween these nations—I ask you if I have overstated this when I say that no nation that had a particle of self-respect would endure such an aggression as that." Then, after complimenting Secretary Hay for his conduct of the affair, Pro-

fessor Angell said: fessor Angell said:
"I think the policy which they are en-deavoring to compel, of maintaining the present government in power, is the wise one. I do not believe that any other government that can be put in power has so good a chance of holding the control of the country over its own subjects as the present Emperor has, if he is properly maintained and is not too much interfered

with by foreign powers. "I cannot but think if the great powers undertake to divide China, there is great danger of a European war in the scramble for division, and that would be a calamity certainly very great. I doubt a control of the could govern very much whether they could that country in peace if they tried, Think of Great Britain trying to govern the Yang-tse Valley, with more than 200,000,000 inhabitants and 300 miles long, when we remember what measure of success she has had with the little company of peo-

has had with the little company of peo-ple down in South Africa. (Laughter.) I doubt if she has much strength for any-thing of that kind now.

"I therefore, most-profoundly trust that the programme which our Government has marked out may be successfully carried out. I think it is the best hope for the future of China and of the world." future of China and of the world,'

Against Railway Consolidation.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 9.-In the Senconcurrent resolution was intro duced which recites the reports that the Duluth & Iron Range and Duluth, Mesaba & Northern Railways have consoli-dated or are about to consolidate and be-come merged into the United States Steel Corporation: that dispatches from New York report the formation of a great trust to consolidate and control the stock, property and franchises of other great railways of this state, all of which is de-clared to be in violation of the State laws. The Attorney-General is directed of the Rev. Dr. John Chamberian, in at once to investigate these reports and this city, was the widow of Warren New- in case he finds reasonable grounds to tered into or are about to enter into such unlawful trust, combination or consolidation to take steps to protect the people of this state, either by proceedings to forfeit charters, or by injunctions restraining the performance of such lawful acts, or by invoking any other remedy. On notice of debate the resolution went over until tomorrow.

> Persian Tax on Russian Imports. BERLIN, April 9.- The Teheran corre spondent of the Cologne Gazette says that the Persian government has ordered the imposition of a duty of 5 per cent on all

ACCESSION OF THE NEW RULER OF MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN.

Frederick Frans, the Fourth, Made His State Entry Into His Capttal-Other Foreign News.

SCHWERIN, April 9.—The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg - Schwerin, Freiderich Franz IV, who attained his majority today, made his state entry into this city today. The weather was magnificent. His royal highness was received at the rail-road station by Grand Duke Johan Albrecht, his uncle, who has been regent of the grand duchy, and the grand duke's guardian during his minority, and by a number of princely guests. The princi-pal authorities of the grand duchy were also present. The procession passed through gally decorated streets, which were lined with school children, to the town hall, where the burgomaster delivered his hearty appreciation of the warm welcome accorded him. There was a grand reception subsequently at the castle, where the official record of the accession of the new ruler was signed.

peror William wore a British Admiral's uniform, with the Order of the Garter. After the formal ceremonies were over, his majesty conversed affably with each member of the mission and then conducted them to an adjacent room and intro-duced them to the Empress.

The ceremony of conducting the mission to the palace was imposing. The Emperor sent to fetch them three elaborately ornmented court carriages, with gorgeously liveried coachmen. The military depart-ment escort of the mission was from the regiment of which the late Queen Victoria was honorary Colonel. The police were much in evidence, and kept the streets clear of people 100 yards above and below the Hotel Bristol and haif way across Unter den Linden. This precaution is said to have been taken to avoid an un-seemly anti-British demonstration like that of Sunday night, when, upon the arrival of the mission, a number of persons crowded in front of the Hotel Bristol and shouted, "Down with England," "Victory for the Boers," which caused four or five

arrests to be made.

It was the first time in the history of Prussia that such an honor as being es-corted to the palace in royal carriages was paid to an Ambassador. A band of music stationed in the courtyard played "God, Save the King," as the mission entered. His Majesty received the mission with great ceremony. After the Duke of Abercorn had handed King Edward's autograph letter to the Emperor and the mission had been received in audience by the Empress, the Duke of Abercorn and his party were re-escorted to the Hotel Bristol by the cavalry detachment. The commissioners did not wholly escape a demonstration of Anglophobalsm. There were shouts of "Down with the English" outside of the hotel, in spite of the strong police force on duty in its vicinity. On the occasion of Count Waldersee's

birthday. Emperor William sent him a fine traveling clock, together with an appreciatively worded telegram,
The congress summoned by Count von Bulow to consider ways and means of destroying phylloxera will meet tomorrow at

Frankfort-on-the-Main. The physicians employed by the sanitary authorities at Leipsic, who recently went on a strike in a body for better conditions of employment have been supplanted by physicians in need of employmen from Berlin and other cities.

Robbery on a Steamship.

CHERBOURG, France, April 10.—On the arrival here of the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse yesterday, from New York, it was announced that three gold bars, worth £4600 each. Robbery on a Steamship. had been stolen during the voyage.

PARIS April 10 -On the arrival of the steamer train from Cherbourg, it was ascertained that the robbery was discovered when the last passengers on board were about to land. Thus far, the affair is shrouded in mystery, in spite of the activity of the detectives in examining the baggage. The search in Paris yielded no better result than that at Cherbourge. The total value of the bars is now said to be

112,500 francs. Riots Caused by a Drama, NEW YORK, April 9.-A special to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: Serious anti-clerical riots have occurred at San Pablo. State of Santiago del They were caused by the production of the Spanish drama, "Electra," which recently caused disturbances in There was great excitement dur Spain. ing the performance, and at the end the audience rushed out and marched through the streets uttering cries against the clergy. They marched to the convent of San Benito and stoned it. The police finally dispersed the rioters and arrested

Frequent earthquake shocks have been felt at Buerno Sucesco, in the State of Minas Geras.

"The Fortune-Teller" a Success. LONDON, April 10.—London gave an en-thusiaetic welcome to "The Fortune-Tellwhich was produced last evening at Shaftesbury Theater by the Alice Nielson opera company. Every detail of the production received cordial approval from an overflowing audience. Miss Niel son, whose first appearance in England It was, won an instantaneous triumph. Joseph Cawthorne, Eugene Cowles and Alexander Clark made hits.

English Takes the Place of French WASHINGTON, April 9.—Emperor Wil-liam has decreed that the English language shall take the place of French in the high schools of the German Empire, according to a communication received at the State Department from Consul-Gen-eral Gunther, at Frankfort. The French language hereafter will be an optional

Emperor William's Assailant. BERLIN, April 10.—Deitrich Weiland, the assailant of Emperor William, at Bremen, who is now in an insane asylu has suffered several severe epileptic at-In one of these he almost killed the counsel retained for his defense.

Earl of Halsbury Will Resign. LONDON, April 9 .- The Daily Mail says t understands that the Earl of Halsbury about to resign the post of Lord Chanmade. cellor, and that he will be succeeded by Baron Alverstone, Lord Chief Justice of Disturbances in Persia.

LONDON, April 10.-The Odessa corre spondent of the Standard says that re-ports have been received there of serious colitico-religious disturbances in Tabriz,

Condition of the French Premier. PARIS, April 9.—Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, paesed a good night. His condition is excellent, and his rapid recovery le anticipated.

Demonstrations in Bulgaria. SOFIA, April 9.- The recent arrests of Macedonian agitators have led to antigovernment demonstrations. Meetings of

GRAND DUKE IS OF AGE protest have been held and excited crowds have made demonstrations in front of the police station. One of the men arrested fired several shots from his revolver be-

The Plague in Africa. ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, April 9.—One death from bubonic plague has occurred

CAPE TOWN, April 9.-Five fresh cases of bubonic plague have occurred here, one of which is a soldier.

Asked Aid From the French. TRIPOLI. April 9.—Advices from Ben-hazi state that the Sultan, finding himself helpless against the rebellion now in progress, has invoked the assistance of the French, which has been promised him.

German Iron Works Burned. BERLIN, April 9.-The big iron works at Ooynhausen were destroyed by fire to-day, the damage reaching 500,000 marks. The fire is believed to have been of in-cendiary origin.

LONG DEFEATED DOBBS.

Sixteen Rounds of Tame Fighting at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—In the twenty-round fight between Bob Long, of Chica-go, and Bobby Dobbs, of Memphis, to-night, the Chicago man gained the de-Unusually Warm Reception by Emperor William.

BERLIN, April 9.—At the reception today of the British special mission to announce the death of Queen Victoria and the accession of King Edward VII, Emperor William wore a British Admiral's uniform with the special mission to announce the death of Queen Victoria and the accession of King Edward VII, Emperor William wore a British Admiral's uniform with the chicago man gained the decision after sixteen rounds of very ordinary fighting, Dobba's seconds throwing up the sponge, claiming their man had broken his arm. Dobba outpointed his opponent in almost every round and did most of the leading, but Long had a big advantage in weight, and would probably beautiful to the control of the leading. vantage in weight, and would probably have been given the decision had the fight gone the limit. The main event was tame in comparison with the preliminary, which was to have been for ten rounds between Young Sharkey and Young Mowatt, both Chicago men, They gave a fast exhibition for three rounds. Mowatt knocking Sharkey out with three strong punches to the stomach and jaw,

### THE DAY'S RACES.

Winners at Tanforan. SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Princess litaria was the only favorite to win at Tanforan today, but most events went to well played horses. Weather fine; track

fast Results: Six furlongs, selling—Aphrodis won, Catherine Bravo second, Master Cal third,

Time, 1:52%.

Four furlongs, purse—Divina won, Minerva second, Luetta third. Time, 0:48%.

Mile and a quarter, selling—Twinkler won, Rio Shannon second, Faunette third. Time, 2:08.

third. Time, 2:09.
Seven furlongs, selling—Princess Titania won, Satin Coat second, David S.
third. Time, 1:284.
One mile, purse—MacGyle won, Hagerdon second, Dangerous Maid third. Time, Six furlongs, selling-Maggie Davis won, Doublet second, Mocorito third. 1:13%.

Races at Memphis. MEMPHIS, April 9.—Results:

Seven furlongs, selling-Pirate Queen won Colonel Gay second, Rhinelander third, Time, 1:23%. Four and one-half furlongs-The Boston won, Sally Green second, Lathrop third. Time, 0:57%. third. Time, 0:57%.

Mile and seventy yards—Petit Maitre won, Kenova second, Hood's Brigade third. Time, 1:47.

Country Club handicap, one mile—Louisville won, Alard Schreck second, Caviar third. Time, 1:42.

About two miles, steeplechase—Salust von, Basie second, Tricotin third. Time, Seven furlengs, selling-Wax Taper won, Sue Johnson second, Duke of Baden third. Time, 1:29.

Races at Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 3.-Results: Six furlengs—Fire Play won, Lawton econd, Sister Sadie third. Time, 1:18. One and one-eighth miles, selling—Get About won, La Sparta second, Dan Rice

Half mile—El Givata won, Effect ond, Queen Friese third. Time, 6:49. Six furlongs B. G. Fox won, Golden Battle second, Nancy Till third. Time,

Chicago Wants Olympian Games. CHICAGO, April 9 .- Henry J. Fuhrer, Jr., of the committee on pro is urging Chicago as a place for the Olympian games in 1904, today received a letter from Paris announcing that President Loubet, of France, honorary president of the Olympian games committee, would personally preside at the meeting in Paris May 19 to determine where the next revival of the ancient sports should be held. A conference of those interested in securing the event for Chicago will be held and immediate arrangements made for the securing of the subscriptions necessary to secure the guarantees of \$200,000 proposed. Already about \$50,000 has been maranteed and the committee is confident that it will be able to cable President Loubet before the date of the meeting that the necessary guaranteee has been

raised. "Ithaca Ginnt" Arrested for Murder. CINCINNATI, April 9 .- Mike Conley, the ex-pugilist, known as the "Ithaca Giant, was arrested today, charged with being implicated in the murder of Telegraph Operator Charles D. Gildea, who died of fractured skull, received in a fight in Bob O'Brien's saloon early Sunday morn ing. On the advice of his attorney, Conley refused to testify before Coroner Schwab today. David Switchwell, a waiter, testified that he saw Conley strike Gildes. oon, denied Switchwell's statement, Conley claims he is innocent. He says he was in the saloon at the time of the fight, but denied that he hit Gildes.

Tie Game of Baseball.

WASHINGTON, April 9 .- Georgetown and Yae struggled hard for suprem the ball field today, but when the game was called at the end of the tenth inning on account of darkness the score was a tie, as follows: Georgetown, 1; 5; 2. Yale Battries-Mackey and Drill; Cook and Hirsh.

Davis Will Contest. CHICAGO, April 9 .- Notice of the filing of a petition to set aside the letters of administration issued by the probate court in the estate of Edward A. Davis has been served on the attorneys of the administrator, Charles G. Davis of Chicago, and administrator John E. Davis, in Butte, Mont., by Mary A. Davis, who claims dower rights as the divorced wife of Edward M. Davis. In this petition

charges of conspiracy and perjury are

Olympia to Be a Flagship. NEW YORK, April A -- A special fro Washington to the Herald says that re-ports received by Secretary Long are that the reconstruction of the protected cruiser Olympia, which is to go into activ service, will be completed in August next. She will then be placed in commission.

### After Dinner To assist digestion, relieve distress

after eating or drinking too heartly, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills Bold everywhere. 25 cents.

Lyon, now on duty at the New York Navy Yard. The Olympia will become the flagship of the North Atlantic Squadron, taking the place of the battle-ship Kearsarge, upon which Rear-Admiral Higginson will hoist his flag as soon as he assumes command of the squadron on

The Summer maneuvers will be held from May until July at Newport, and will be participated in by all the vessels

DENVER ELECTION FRAUDS.

of the North Atlantic Squadron, the tor-pedo-boat flotilla and the submarine-boat

Woman Arrested for Voting in the Wrong Precinct.

DENVER, Colo., April 9.-A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Mrs. M. A. Rateliffe on the charge of having willfully, knowingly and unlawfully voted in the wrong precinct at the late city elec-tion. She is 38 years of age, and has two children. She was an active Democration worker during the campaign preceding the city election. It is said that she is the first woman arrested for an election fraud

in this country.

R. L. Myers, a Deputy Internal Revenue Collector, was arrested today on a warrant charging him with having paid Aaron Bearnstein \$1 for his vote. The three judges who accepted Bearnstein's vote one minute after the polls had legal-

ly closed, were also arrested. They fur-nished bonds in the sum of \$500 each. The Tax Reform League decided today to increase its fund for the prosecution of election frauds from \$10,000 to \$20,000. Committees representing both the Republican and Democratic parties are co-oper-ating with the league in the work.

Younger Brothers May Be Paroled. ST. PAUL, April 9.—The House today reconsidered the vote which killed the bill to permit the parole of the notorious Younger brothers, now serving life sentences in the state prison, and sent the bill to the Governor for approval or re-

Porto Ricans Petition McKinley. NEW YORK, April 9.—Santlago igle-das, delegate of the Federation of Labor of Porto Rico, who arrived on the steam-er Ponce from San Juan, is the bearer of a petition from the workmen of Porto Rico to President McKinley. In this pe-tition, which bears 6000 signatures, the

Porto Ricans say:
"Misery with all its horrible conse-quences is spreading in our homes with wonderful rapidity. It has already reached such an extreme that many workers are starving to death while others that have not the courage to see their mothers. wives, children and sisters perish by hun-ger, commit suicide by drowning them-selves in the river or hanging themselves from branches of trees."

Charles B. Flugg.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 9.—Charles Benton Fings, supreme secretary of the Order of United Commercial Travelers, died today of pneumonia, after an ilineas of a few days. Mr. Flagg was 46 years of age.

## WOMAN

IS LIKE A DELICATE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

In good condition she is sweet and lovable. and sings life's song on a joyful harmonious string. Out of order or unstrung, there is discordance and unhappiness. Just as there is one key note to all music so there is one key note to health. A woman might as well try to fly without wings as to feel well and look well while the organs that make her a woman are weak or diseased. She must be healthy inside or she can't be healthy outside. There are thousands of women suffering stiently all over the country. Mistaken modesty urges their silence. While there is nothing more admirable than a modest woman, health is of the first importance. Every other con-alderation should give way before it. Bradfield's Female Regulator is a medicine for

women's ills, It is thesafestandquick-est way to cure leu-corries, falling of the womb, nervousness, headache, backache and gen-eral weakness. You will be astonished at the result, especially if you have been experimenting with other socalled remedies. We are not asking you to try an uncerainty, Bradfield's Regulator has made happy thousands of has done for others it can do for you. Sold in drug stores

for \$1 a bottle. THE BRADFIELD 1 REGULATOR CO.



DR. W. S. BURKHART, Cincinnati, O.

# Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

A Strong Fortification. Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life" Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills