

WORK OF A MATRIARCH

Nothing Political in the Attempt on Kaiser's Life.

THE EXTENT OF THE WOUND

The Diplomatic Corps Sends Congratulations on His Escape—Examination of His Assault.

BERLIN, March 7.—Emperor William arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning. The Emperor and Count von Bulow met him at the station. When they reached the castle Professor Bergmann visited the Emperor. His Majesty has abandoned his intention of visiting the riding club of the officers of the Potsdam Cavalry Regiment.

In the attack upon Emperor William by the assassin, a few days ago, the Emperor was driving from the Rathskeller to the railway station, the Emperor was struck on the cheek just below the right eye. He was not seriously injured, and refrained from commenting upon the subject. The Burgomaster who accompanied a member of the staff to the station pointed out that His Majesty's cheek was bleeding.

The assault on Emperor William, in trying to escape, fell under the horses' hooves. The Emperor was thrown to the ground. The Emperor was struck on the head. During an examination at the Town Hall he suffered from several epileptic fits. During the intervals between these attacks he replied to several questions but did not give out any important information. The motive of the outrage was evident when the pockets of the prisoner were searched, medicaments found in the pockets showing that he had been a chronic sufferer from epileptic fits. Nothing new was discovered in connection with the examination of Welland. He pretends to know nothing of the occurrence. He is evidently weak minded.

After the surgeons' visit to His Majesty a bulletin was issued by the Kaiser's physician. "The wound is in the right cheek and about 1 1/2 inches long, and penetrates to the bone. It has the character of a contused wound. There has been much bleeding, but the wound is now closed with bandaging, without sewing. The Emperor passed a fairly good night; is free from headache, and his general condition is good."

LEUTHOLD, "ILLEGITIMATE"

The Emperor has been obliged to forego his projected visit to Koenigsberg. Count von Ballestrem, president of the Reichstag, in communicating to that body today the news of the Emperor's recovery, expressed in behalf of the House the horror felt at the abominable act, thanked God for having preserved the Emperor and country from a grievous misfortune, and prayed that their beloved monarch might soon be restored to health, and that God would keep His Majesty under His protection. The members of the Reichstag in attendance stood during the president's speech. The Social Democrats were not present.

In the lower house of the Prussian Diet the president, Herr von Krocher, announced that the Emperor's wound was not serious, but that he would be obliged to keep to his bed for a few days. The president also expressed horror at the abominable act, and called for three cheers for His Majesty, which were given with enthusiasm.

Emperor William received the Imperial Chancellor, Count von Bulow, in audience at noon today.

The North German Gazette, official, describing the outrage on Emperor William, says:

"With hearts filled with gratitude, we thank the merciful fate which guarded the precious life of the Emperor at a moment of danger. After the outrage the Emperor preserved extraordinary composure and bravely no sign of alarm. He must have experienced from such a blow. It was only when a little boy at the station exclaimed, 'Look, the Emperor is bleeding' that a man in a dark coat drove directly to the wound. The loss of blood was such that there were blood stains even on His Majesty's cloak. During the journey the Emperor telegraphed to Count von Bulow, informing him of the occurrence, and adding: 'I feel a certain amount of pain, but otherwise I am well.'"

The North German Gazette understands that the Emperor will be obliged to keep his room for a fortnight, as the wound is so near his eye, and the latter must be used as sparingly as possible.

Inquiries, congratulations and condolences poured in throughout the day from the whole diplomatic corps, including the United States Embassy, as well as from many thousands of Germans, including the municipalities of Berlin, Charlottenburg, Potsdam and Stettin.

The opinion prevails that the Emperor will suffer much pain and probably some fever and inflammation for the next few days, and that it will require at least a fortnight before the wound is healed. Professor von Bergmann has ordered the room in which the Emperor is to be kept darkened, because of the danger that an eye may be affected.

Among the provincial bodies, the Alsatian Diet unanimously resolved to send the Emperor a congratulatory telegram. A representative of the Associated Press came today with several highly placed members of the Kaiser's entourage, who expressed the opinion that the prevailing system of police surveillance over the Emperor is ineffective, and should be abandoned to him, and that hereafter he would insist upon the public being entrusted with a large share in preventing such outrages as that of last night, which, if one of our newspapers had not been quick and intelligent, would not have occurred, or if the sight-seeing public had had a hand, would have been nipped in the bud.

The Emperor received a terrible nervous shock on learning of the attack at midnight. The German press today calmly comment upon the event. The only paper which has thus far endeavored to incite the Socialists is the Deutscher Tages Zeitung, which claims that Welland became crazed with subversive literature.

Welland's examination proved that he was not responsible for his actions. He said he felt unwell yesterday, and feared an epileptic attack. While he was waiting for the arrival of the Emperor, the sound of a fountain near the Abbey yard caused him to imagine that he was sailing a ship, his former vocation having been that of a ship captain. Under this delusion his excitement increased, and he attempted to heave a lead and three pieces of iron. Then he lost consciousness. The missile was a fishplate weighing 500 grammes.

VICTORIAN MEMORIAL.

It May Take the Form of a Chapel Near Westminster.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The proposal that the Victorian memorial shall take the form of a fountain near the Abbey or possibly at Buckingham Palace, with a statue of the Queen as its most prominent figure, is condemned as inadequate, says the Tribune's London correspondent, and the King is expected to refer it back to the committee with a suggestion for a more comprehensive scheme. It would probably involve the erection of an isolated and inertial valhalla, with a statue by Onslow Ford, and would be a complete memorial of a unique character and kind.

ENGLAND TO SEND 12,000 MEN TO SOUTH AFRICA WITHIN A WEEK.

Peace Negotiations With Both Do Not Interfere With the Dispatching of Reinforcements.

LONDON, March 7.—Whatever negotiations are proceeding in Pretoria—and Mr. Kruger declares they can only be for an armistice—the government evidently has no intention of postponing reinforcements. The War Office issued a detailed statement of 12,000 troops that are to sail for South Africa within the coming week.

The casualty list reveals the fact that two officers were killed at Lichtenburg, March 4. Lord Kitchener's telegram, "Am sending reinforcements," was dated March 6, evidently, therefore, the fighting continued for some days, and further advice according to the Daily Mail dispatch, General Dewet and Steyn have separated, the former being at Petrusburg, west of Bloemfontein, and the latter at Smithfield.

The progress of the bubic plague causes deep anxiety and apprehension in Cape Town. The Cape government has decided to remove the people from one third of the city and to cleanse it. Every precaution will be taken should the disease spread to the troops.

The Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Mail says Mr. Kruger's former contract with the Secretary of the Transvaal, is suffering from aberration of the mind.

The Times understands that the rumored war loan will be issued in console, the government having already issued as much in short-term loans and bonds as it is likely to obtain from the proceeds of a Transvaal loan.

Lord Roberts, presiding today at a meeting of the Army Temperance Society, contrasted the moderation of the British soldiers in South Africa with previous campaigns. He said it was true that they had not had many opportunities to drink, but at Bloemfontein, where they had been, they did have such opportunities, they were remarkably well behaved, and he never had heard a single complaint of a soldier being rude or impudent to the natives.

The latter and other children fearlessly went on the streets, and the children constantly played and talked with the British soldiers.

Attack on Lichtenburg. LONDON, March 7.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener: "Pretoria, March 6.—Lichtenburg being attacked by Delarey's forces; fighting continued all day long. The garrison consisted of 29 Yeomanry and 200 Northumberland Fusiliers, with two guns. Major Fletcher and Lieutenant Hull are reported killed. I am sending reinforcements."

The Capture of Peniston. CAPE TOWN, March 7.—It is officially announced that Colonel Goring recaptured Peniston, on the Great River, March 5. He says the town should have been impregnable to the Boers, but the town guard offered inadequate resistance, and the Boers captured the town together with 20 rifles, 15 men and 20,000 rounds of ammunition.

The Boers Located. ALIWAU NORTH, Cape Colony, Tuesday, March 5.—The Boers are occupying positions at Rouxville, 25 miles north of the Orange Free State, Bussman's Kop and elsewhere in parties of from 200 to 400. President Steyn is reported to be at Smithfield, Orange Free State. General Bruce Hamilton's column is here, preparing to advance.

Plague at Cape Town. CAPE TOWN, March 7.—A soldier employed at the Castle has been attacked by the plague. Two Europeans have also been attacked by the disease and European children have died of it. Twenty-three additional deaths have been reported today to be in contact with the stricken.

Offer to Surrender Conditionally. PRETORIA, Tuesday, March 6.—It is said here in Boer circles that the leaders of the burghers in their desire to surmount a majority of their followers if assured of amnesty and assistance in starting life afresh, and if a free pardon is granted to the rebels.

An Overdue Transport. MONTREAL, March 4.—Considerable uneasiness is felt here over the fact that the steamer Humidum, with the Strathcona Boer, returning from South Africa, has not been reported. The Numidian is five days overdue.

Dewet Has Lost His Guns. BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange River Colony, Wednesday, March 4.—It is reported that General Dewet is now without guns and hard pressed.

HOUSE OF COMMONS QUIET. No Disorders by the Irish Members Yesterday. LONDON, March 7.—In anticipation of a lively debate and exciting scenes arising from the suspension of Irish Nationalists and Mr. Balfour's punishment proposals, there was a great attendance in the House of Commons today. The visitors' galleries were filled, many peers and ladies being among those present. Though no extra policemen were visible, a large force of police were stationed in the corridors.

New German Tariff Bill. BERLIN, March 7.—It is asserted by a reliable person who has seen the present draft of the new tariff bill that for agricultural products throughout the minimum and maximum rates had been fixed, those on wheat being 60 to 80 marks per ton, and those on rye 50 to 70.

Oriental May Intervene. BRUSSELS, March 7.—The Naples correspondent of La Reforma says that the Duke of Orleans, moved by the insults offered to the Royalist party, intends to repair to Brussels with a view of intervening in the conflict provoked by the De Rouldeau-Buffet affair.

Explosion in Prussian Mine. GETSENKIRCHEN, Prussia, March 7.—Ten persons were killed and many injured today by an explosion of fire-damp in the Consuelo mine. It is feared that others are entombed. The adjoining shaft collapsed and at present it is impossible to reach them.

Seventy-two Pilgrims Drowned. LONDON, March 7.—According to a dispatch in the Daily Express from Odessa, a pilgrim steamer was caught in a storm in the Black Sea, and 72 pilgrims were washed overboard and drowned.

Bishop of London.

LONDON, March 7.—Right Rev. A. F. W. Ingram, suffragan of Stepney, has been appointed bishop of London in succession to Right Rev. Mandell Creighton, who died January 14.

Strindberg, the Poet, Engaged.

STOCKHOLM, March 7.—August Strindberg, the poet, and Harriet Bosse, the actress, are engaged to be married.

SHALL SENDING TROOPS

Lord Hugh Cecil, Conservative, moved an amendment providing that the recalcitrant members should be expelled. This was opposed by Mr. Balfour, who pointed out that it would place too much responsibility upon the Government, and Lord Hugh withdrew the proposal.

Several passionate speeches were made and the scene was one of the greatest excitement. Finally, having forced a division by shouting "aye" when the Speaker put the question, Irish members joined the rest of the House in the "no" lobby, the result being that no one voted for the amendment of Lord Cecil, and 426 voted against it.

An incident which had raised much blood ended amid peals of laughter. Several ineffectual attempts were then made to adjourn the debate. Mr. Balfour appealed to the House to arrive at a decision before adjourning, and the objection on At 4:30 A. M. he moved a closure in a motion for adjournment, but the motion was rejected, and debate was resumed.

The House was closed, an amendment by Mr. Labouchere, under the terms of suspension two months was rejected by a vote of 224 to 57. Mr. Balfour moved that the main question be put. This was adopted by a vote of 224 to 57. Mr. Balfour then read the new rule, and the House divided. It was adopted by a vote of 264 to 51.

William Redmond, in a brief speech, said the noble lord had not gone far enough. He should have proposed to have sent the Irish to the tower for decapitation, as doubtless his forefathers did. The noble lord was called Lord Cecil and walked out of the house amid ironical Irish cheers. Nothing occurred in the nature of a scene.

ENGLAND FINDS NEW FRIEND.

Friendship for America. NEW YORK, March 7.—American rumors that the British Foreign Office has suggested the basis of a new treaty with the Transvaal, is suffering from aberration of the mind.

The Times understands that the rumored war loan will be issued in console, the government having already issued as much in short-term loans and bonds as it is likely to obtain from the proceeds of a Transvaal loan.

Lord Roberts, presiding today at a meeting of the Army Temperance Society, contrasted the moderation of the British soldiers in South Africa with previous campaigns. He said it was true that they had not had many opportunities to drink, but at Bloemfontein, where they had been, they did have such opportunities, they were remarkably well behaved, and he never had heard a single complaint of a soldier being rude or impudent to the natives.

The latter and other children fearlessly went on the streets, and the children constantly played and talked with the British soldiers.

Attack on Lichtenburg. LONDON, March 7.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener: "Pretoria, March 6.—Lichtenburg being attacked by Delarey's forces; fighting continued all day long. The garrison consisted of 29 Yeomanry and 200 Northumberland Fusiliers, with two guns. Major Fletcher and Lieutenant Hull are reported killed. I am sending reinforcements."

The Capture of Peniston. CAPE TOWN, March 7.—It is officially announced that Colonel Goring recaptured Peniston, on the Great River, March 5. He says the town should have been impregnable to the Boers, but the town guard offered inadequate resistance, and the Boers captured the town together with 20 rifles, 15 men and 20,000 rounds of ammunition.

The Boers Located. ALIWAU NORTH, Cape Colony, Tuesday, March 5.—The Boers are occupying positions at Rouxville, 25 miles north of the Orange Free State, Bussman's Kop and elsewhere in parties of from 200 to 400. President Steyn is reported to be at Smithfield, Orange Free State. General Bruce Hamilton's column is here, preparing to advance.

Plague at Cape Town. CAPE TOWN, March 7.—A soldier employed at the Castle has been attacked by the plague. Two Europeans have also been attacked by the disease and European children have died of it. Twenty-three additional deaths have been reported today to be in contact with the stricken.

Offer to Surrender Conditionally. PRETORIA, Tuesday, March 6.—It is said here in Boer circles that the leaders of the burghers in their desire to surmount a majority of their followers if assured of amnesty and assistance in starting life afresh, and if a free pardon is granted to the rebels.

An Overdue Transport. MONTREAL, March 4.—Considerable uneasiness is felt here over the fact that the steamer Humidum, with the Strathcona Boer, returning from South Africa, has not been reported. The Numidian is five days overdue.

Dewet Has Lost His Guns. BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange River Colony, Wednesday, March 4.—It is reported that General Dewet is now without guns and hard pressed.

HOUSE OF COMMONS QUIET. No Disorders by the Irish Members Yesterday. LONDON, March 7.—In anticipation of a lively debate and exciting scenes arising from the suspension of Irish Nationalists and Mr. Balfour's punishment proposals, there was a great attendance in the House of Commons today. The visitors' galleries were filled, many peers and ladies being among those present. Though no extra policemen were visible, a large force of police were stationed in the corridors.

New German Tariff Bill. BERLIN, March 7.—It is asserted by a reliable person who has seen the present draft of the new tariff bill that for agricultural products throughout the minimum and maximum rates had been fixed, those on wheat being 60 to 80 marks per ton, and those on rye 50 to 70.

Oriental May Intervene. BRUSSELS, March 7.—The Naples correspondent of La Reforma says that the Duke of Orleans, moved by the insults offered to the Royalist party, intends to repair to Brussels with a view of intervening in the conflict provoked by the De Rouldeau-Buffet affair.

Explosion in Prussian Mine. GETSENKIRCHEN, Prussia, March 7.—Ten persons were killed and many injured today by an explosion of fire-damp in the Consuelo mine. It is feared that others are entombed. The adjoining shaft collapsed and at present it is impossible to reach them.

Seventy-two Pilgrims Drowned. LONDON, March 7.—According to a dispatch in the Daily Express from Odessa, a pilgrim steamer was caught in a storm in the Black Sea, and 72 pilgrims were washed overboard and drowned.

Bishop of London.

LONDON, March 7.—Right Rev. A. F. W. Ingram, suffragan of Stepney, has been appointed bishop of London in succession to Right Rev. Mandell Creighton, who died January 14.

Strindberg, the Poet, Engaged.

STOCKHOLM, March 7.—August Strindberg, the poet, and Harriet Bosse, the actress, are engaged to be married.

BLACKMAILED A SENATOR

ATTEMPT TO EXTORT MONEY FROM KEARNS OF UTAH.

Schuyler, Neb., Merchant Arrested for Writing Threatening Letters—Other Crime News.

OMAHA, March 7.—Ernest J. Wolter, a merchant of Schuyler, Neb., is in jail here on a charge of attempting to extort money from Thomas Kearns, United States Senator from Utah. The arrest was made by Postoffice Inspector W. T. Sullivan, of Denver. Wolter was for a number of years a resident of Salt Lake. He is said to have written a threatening letter to Senator Kearns and another to Mrs. Kearns. It is charged he sought to extort \$500 from the Senator and \$250 from Mrs. Kearns, under pain of death to the Senator and his family. The letter to Mrs. Kearns made a desperate threat against the children. The Senator put the letters in the hands of Inspector Sullivan, who proceeded to Schuyler. He suspected Wolter through his penmanship. Wolter protests his innocence.

PURSING A MURDERER. Mob of Texans After a Negro Ravisher. CORSIKANA, Tex., March 7.—At the head of a mob of 200 citizens of this county, Conway Younger is pursuing the negro who assaulted his wife and cut her throat last night. Not a word has the stricken man spoken since he learned from the lips of his little child the story of the awful crime.

The crime was committed early last night while Mr. Younger was at work in a field near by. There was no one to tell the tale save a little 3-year-old child.

A big negro knocked mamma down and dragged her away," the child told his father when he returned from work. Frantic with grief, Younger began a search and found the body of his wife in the bushes near the house. Her throat had been cut and there was evidence of a terrible struggle between the dead woman and the negro. The alarm was given at once and fully 200 men, all well armed, started in pursuit of the murderer.

CORSIKANA, Tex., March 7.—John Henderson, a negro, who it is believed is the murderer of Mrs. Younger, was arrested here this afternoon and spirited away by officers to Hillsboro, where he is now in jail. It is alleged that he had on a suit of clothes which was missing from the Younger farm house. The negro, who was in jail charged with the murder of Mrs. French last night, has also been spirited away, whither, no one seems to know. The fact was ascertained tonight by a mob of 300 men who rallied at the jail and demanded the negro. When the jailer refused them that the negro was there they insisted on his being taken to the jail. It is alleged that the officer was taking a stenographic report of the proceedings.

It is understood that Cooper has sent to Washington for a ruling as to the meaning of the instructions given him to send a record. J. A. Akina, Independent, a half Hawaiian, half Chinese member from the Island of Kauai, has been named as the independent member to be named by the Legislature. The plans are being arranged and data secured, it is understood, for the general Electric Company, of Boston. This company has acquired large lands in the vicinity of the coal fields on the Upper Nisqually River.

The Tacoma & Eastern Railroad Company will begin railroad-building and take place in Tacoma next week, and at this meeting plans will be laid out for pushing the road to immediate completion. The company has acquired large lands in the vicinity of the coal fields on the Upper Nisqually River.

The Yakima Commercial Club has taken up the matter of investigating the feasibility of an electric railway to connect the city with the surrounding section of Moses Sunnyside and the Altium. The plans are being arranged and data secured, it is understood, for the general Electric Company, of Boston. This company has acquired large lands in the vicinity of the coal fields on the Upper Nisqually River.

The action of Mayor Davis, of Pullman, in ordering the removal of all slot machines and the closing of all saloons and cigar stores at 11 o'clock P. M. and the refusal of admittance to saloons and card rooms of boys under 15 years of age, has changed in a few days. The plan is being arranged and data secured, it is understood, for the general Electric Company, of Boston. This company has acquired large lands in the vicinity of the coal fields on the Upper Nisqually River.

A pathetic story of the discovery of oil near Spokane many years ago, has come to light. It is reported that a farmer owning a large ranch near East Spokane, on the hill south of Sprague avenue, reports that he found a seepage of oil on his ranch 10 years ago. At that time he had not completed title to his land, having been on it only three years. He therefore feared to reveal his find. He carefully buried the spot with earth so that no trace of seepage could be found. The next three years he spent in perfecting title to his land. The final papers having been secured, Cobhan set out to find the supposed oil well. But in this month he has forgotten the exact location and the changes of three years had completely obliterated all surface traces of its whereabouts. "Seventeen years have I been looking for that oil," said he, "and never a trace of it have I been able to find. All my spare time have I put on that hill, till it seems that I have dug up almost every foot of it, and now I'm all worn out with searching. But I am sure it is there and will be found yet."

Smallpox in Kansas. TOPEKA, March 7.—Dr. J. B. Swan, secretary of the State Board of Health, has reported that smallpox is now in progress in over 100 cases of smallpox in the state. The worst infected district is Crawford and Cherokee counties. In these two counties there are not less than 500 cases of the disease.

Louis Clears for San Francisco. ASTORIA, March 7.—The schooner Louisa is cleared at the Custom-House today with 750 cases of lumber and 100 cases of laths. She was loaded at Knappton and goes to San Francisco.

The Inter-Island Telegraph Company has given formal notice of the opening for business of the wireless telegraphy system between Honolulu and the Island of Maui. The system has long been under tests, but is now pronounced in a satisfactory condition for regular business, and the company states that it will soon extend communication to Hilo.

The case of Editor Edwin S. Gill, charged with assault with a deadly weapon upon M. I. Stevens, has begun before Judge Humphreys.

Annual meetings of several sugar plantations have been held this week. The managers report large crops and good prospects for the coming year. Most of them report having had some difficulty on account of scarcity of labor. In some cases the acreage planted was slightly lessened on account of lack of labor. The managers all report the labor situation improved, and it is expected that there will be no further trouble.

William H. Marshall, former editor of the Volcano, has been released from Oahu Jail on pardon from Governor Dole. He was sentenced for six months for criminal libel of the late Chief Justice Judd, and he had served four months.

The German steamer Ewa, Captain Peterson, has put in here for coal in way from San Francisco to Yokohama, having been driven out of her course and severely used up by a hurricane. She was so delayed that she had not coal to last her to Yokohama.

The Charter Still Wiggling. PORTLAND, March 7.—(To the Editor.)—I cannot see that any particular benefit is to be gained by threshing over old straw, or, more correctly, in stirring up dead issues by discussing the water meter bill, but as several persons have been allowed space to make extravagant and incorrect statements as to the amount the proposed new charter would have saved the city, I would like to state a few facts in regard to this matter. Many were anxious to see the charter bill, but few were so fortunate, and fewer are likely to see it hereafter, as no one will care to pay for a certified copy of it.

The gross misstatements made by correspondents in regard to the amount the charter was intended to save the city may perhaps be attributed to the fact that they like to see the city in a bad way, or had not carefully examined it. Having seen it and carefully examined it, I am prepared to say that the greatest possible saving that the proposed charter would have effected would have been \$200,000, not taking into account the fact that it made no provision for the salaries of the License Officer or Poundmaster, necessary

WINNERS AT OAKLAND.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—Weather fine at Oakland; track fast. Results: One mile, selling—Pia Morrissey won, Don Luis second, Flora Bird third; time, 1:28.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Jingle Jingle won, Pilot second, St. Rica third; time, 1:05.

Three and one-half furlongs, 2-year-olds—Water Scratch won, Flora Pomona second, Monastic third; time, 0:43.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—El Mido won, Spik second, Parla third; time, 1:05.

Seven furlongs, selling—Mike Straus won, Dr. Marks second, Young Morelo third; time, 1:20.

Six furlongs, selling—St. Wood won, Dan Wethoff second, Loving Cup third; time, 1:14.

Races at Tanfano. SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—Long-priced horses were again in evidence at Tanfano today. Dangerous Maid, a 15-to-1 shot, beat Handicapper a head, and Formeto, a 10-to-1 chance, the handicapper. Dr. Cave, a 7-to-1 annex, gained a head over Catastrophe, the odds-on favorite in the closing event. In the handicap Formero was allowed to set his own pace, and the field could not catch him to the finish. A strong wind blew down the stretch, and no fast time was made. Results: Five furlongs, selling—Gonzalon won, Specific second, Edinburgh third; time, 1:05.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Wyming won, Owensboro second, The Phœnician third; time, 1:12.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

Five and one-half furlongs, selling—Danerous Maid won, Handicapper second, Inaline third; time, 1:21.

RACES AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7.—Weather fine, track fast. Results: One mile, selling—McGrathana Prince won, Bert Davis second, Hija third; time, 1:28.

Six furlongs, selling—Animosity won, Cowart second, Belle of Elgin third; time, 1:15.

One and one-sixteenth miles, selling—Governor Boyd won, Juanita second, Phildar second; time, 1:45.

Seven furlongs, handicap—Sir Florian won, Andes second, Sackatuck third; time, 1:27.

One mile, selling—All's Well won, Jack Adie second, Mybithyn third; time, 1:43.

Six and a half furlongs, selling—Goebel won, The Burlington Route second, Eight Bells third; time, 1:21.

HAWAIIAN LEGISLATURE.

The Scene of Some Remarkable Proceedings. HONOLULU, March 1. via San Francisco, March 7.—The first territorial Legislature of Hawaii began its sessions in Honolulu at 10 o'clock this morning. The session ever since. With both Houses in control of the Independent Home-Rule party, and containing a majority of native Hawaiians, the Legislature has already been the scene of some remarkable proceedings, and the end of the session promises to see many very radical measures adopted, among those to which the controlling party is committed being a liquor-dispensary law, a taxation law, a law providing a combination of single tax and the income tax doctrines, an election law based on proportional representation, and a law excluding from the territory all persons who may hereafter be afflicted with consumption or leprosy.

On the third day of the session, Secretary