

nembers of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution. At the conclusion of the routine business, Morgan resumed his speech begut yesterday. He read a part of the Clayton. Bulwer treaty which relates to the Nicaragua Canal, and also the protocols of an agreement for the construction of the canal made between the United States Government and the Governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. He declared

was perfectly clear that the protocols entered into last Fall by this Government were a distinct violation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It was equally evident that the United States must abandon its lighted faith with Nicaragua and Costa Rica in order that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty might be fastened permanently upon this Government and hang like a pall over it, or take such a stand as will pair over it, or take such a stand as will sustain the President in his "patriotic and noble action." The protocols en-tered into expressed the defiance by the President of the Clayton-Bulwer trenty and his disregard of its provisions. They undertook to place the Government on the high ground that the Clayton-Buiwer treaty is abrogated by this Government. "It is our duty." insisted Morgan, "to declare that that treaty is not in the way of our legislating for the Nicaragua Ca-nal. If we hesitate today, it will be the same a year hence, and the provisions of that treaty will be fastened upon us." Morgan urged that his resolution be adopted in order that the President might understand the position of the Senate so thoroughly that he would feel justified in proceeding along lines looking to the construction of the Nicaragua Canal while

Congress is in its long recess. At the conclusion of Morgan's speech the Senate, without taking any action upon the resolution, on motion of Lodge, at 12:10 went into executive session. At

Opposition to Sanger. WASHINGTON, March L-Senators

Platt and Depew, of New York, are both apposing the proposition to nominate Col onel Sanger for the office of Assistant Secretary of War. Senator Platt saw the Secretary of War on the subject today and entered a formal protest on the ground that Colonel Sanger is not a con-sistent Republican. Senator Depew also has indicated his opposition. Neither of them was consulted before the nomination was decided upon. The selection seems to have been made by the Secretary, but the Senators claim that if that official is to assert that prerogative he should find a man who will be acceptable to them. Senator Platt today expressed the opinion that the protest which had been made would have the effect of preventing the President from sending in the nomination.

British Press Not Alarmed.

LONDON, March 7 .- The afternoon papers here today make little comment on the statements of Senator Morgan, of Alabama, yesterday in the United States Senste in his plea for the Nicaragua Canal, following his resolution declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty abrogated. The Westminster Gazette says: "Mr. Morgan is having a great time. His warn ings are all very alarming, but we are reassured by the knowledge that the route of the canal is not yet definitely determined.

Seating of Senators. WASHINGTON, March 7 .- The disturb-

ance in the Senate over the assignment of the best sent on the Democratic side to Senator McComas, a Republican Senator from Maryland, has been transfer. Senator Heitfeld falls heir to the coveted place and Senator Mc Comas takes Senator Teller's seat on the Republican side of the chamber, Mr. Teller going to Mr. Heitfeld's old seat.

NEW YORK, March 7.-The Jumel mansion and grounds in Harlem, which were cupied by General Washington as headquarters, will come into possession of the city as a public show pince of Revolutionary relics through the action of the Board of Public Improvements. Walter S. Logan appeared before the board as the representative of the Sons Revolution, and M. A. Hall appeared as the representative of the Society of Historical Pinces of Interest. The mansion was built in 1770 by Roger Morris, a Colonel in the British Army. General Washington used the mansion as headquarters during the Summer 1777. Stephen Jumei bought the property in 1866, and his widow, Mme. Jumei, who married Anron Burr, occupied the property at the time of her death in 1865. The house is fair state of preservation. The cost of the property to the city will be \$200,000.

months, with the exception of the commercial treatles, which will probably take a long time. General Chaffee replied to the copy of General Yin Tschang's letter sent him by Count, von Waldersee that he had given instructions to the American troops when any detachments were sent against rob-

bers and Boxers to obtain to the fullest extent possible the assistance of Chinese officials in making arrests and punishing the guilty. Regarding indemnity for losses sustained by missionaries and na-tive Christians, General Chaffee pointed out that his sentiments were well known to the American missionaries; that he was opposed to extortion in every form, and that he favored strict justice in every case, and that he would agree

to his excellency's proposition that the indemnities Sir Robert Hart mentioned should be settled by the diplomats. Count yon Waldersee will leave soo for Tsin Tau, the trip possibly extending to Shanghai. He says he expects to re-

turn to Pekin temporarily. It is asserted that China has decided

to delay her answer to Russia regarding a fort.

they should not be completed in two sideration of this the United States serv ice will transmit Japanese mail, unde proper military escort, between Shan Hai Kwan and Tien Tsin, with frequency of trips to conform to the dates of arrival and departure of the Japanese transports at Shan Hai Kwan. This reciprocal cooperation was begun in January, and will last through the Winter months. An ar-rangement has also been made by which the New Orleans will make two trips per onth between Nagasaki and Ching Kwan Tao for the purpose of carrying mail to our troops in China.

Danger of Withdrawing Troops, LONDON, March & .- The Pekin corres ndent of the Morning Post, wiring yes terday, dilates upon the danger of withdrawing the aliled troops until the transfer of control to the Chinese is possible. He says the foreign commanders have refused a request from the Chinese au thorities for permission to send 3000 Chi nese troops to Pekin. The Morning Post has the following, dated March 5, from Pao Ting Fu:

"General Ketteler has received insolent tters from Si

exports to Oceania to fail fully \$15,000,000 below the actual amount, since the ex-isting law provides no method by which exporters can be required to furnish a statement of their exports from one port of the United States to another. Other circumstances are causing the figures of our exports to Japan to fall in the fiscal year 1901 below those of the preceding

year. This is due entirely to the fact that Japan imported such large quantities of cotton from the United States in the fiscal year 1900 that she requires but little at the present time, and our exports of raw cotton to Japan in the seven months ending with January, 1901, amount to only 5,520,865 pounds, against 93.037.286 pounds in the corresponding months of the preceding fiscal year, thus causing a reduction of more than \$6,000, 000 in the single item of cotton exports to Japan. These three peculiar circum stances-the reduction of exports to China by more than 50 per cent, the re-duction of cotton exports to Japan, amounting to over \$6,000,000 in seven months' time, and the inability of the Bureau of Statistics to present the figures of our exports to Hawill, which have doubtless amounted during the seven months of the fiscal year to nearly \$10,000,000-must have a marked ef-

fect upon the export figures to Asia and Oceania, and it is not surprising that the figures of the Bureau of Statistics show an apparent reduction of \$15,000.000 in the total exports to Asia and Oceania in the seven months ending with January 1901, as compared with the seven months ending January, 1900, when China and Japan were taking their full quota and when the exports to the Hawalian Isl-ands were being recorded. The following tables show the principal

exports to China in seven months ending with January, 1899, 1900, and 1901;

nation, which disclosed a tumor as big as a hen's egg, and a systematic degeneration of the pancreas. The patient was thereupon prepared for the operation. A vertical incision about five inches long was made in the abilomen, and through the growth, the exposed pyloris showing a tumor outside of the stomach. An incision was then made in the stomach, and inside was found a cancerous growth the

The point where the inclsion was made at the pyloris-is the exit of the stomach nto the intestines, the other opening being the entrance through the esophagus. The stomach was cut away from the in-testines and the organ was lifted completely out of its place and laid on a cushion of antiseple cloths placed on the patient's chest. Then the doctors cut away the tumor and cut off the pyloris. the other malignant growth being also thoroughly cut away. The stomach was then put back in its accustomed place, having been joined to the intestines with

silk sutures But little blood was apparent throughout the whole operation, which lasted one heur and 15 minutes. The patient railled at once, and it was seen that the operation was a success.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Important Measures Under Consideration.

NEW YORK, March 7.-A special to the Journal of Commerce from Ottawa, Ont., says: The Parliament of Canada will he

engaged until the end of the ses-sion in the consideration of three of the

largest measures ever presented for its consideration since the inception of the

\$1.247.625

848,414 180,121

4,546

rado; S. J. Gilmore, Texas; Conrad Schaf-fer, Colorado. It was decided to establish headquarters for the present at the Denver stockyards

An Extra Session in Chile.

NEW YORK, March 7 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chile, says:

sociation has recently secured a great victory in the defeat of the iniquitous

Grout bill, which, if it had become a

w, would have deprived the cattlemer

"Whereas, it is the intention of this

of this country of over \$20,000,000 every

association to uphold the good work be-

ng done by the National Association

and all reports to the contrary are un-

founded and not based upon the facts;

therefore, "Resolved, that the members of the

American Cattlegrowers' Association in

the National Livestock Association and

our congratulations to the officers of said

association, in their success in defeating the Grout bill, and the executive com-

mittee of this association is instructed

that, if, in their judgment, it is practica-ble for this association to be enrolled as

a member of the National Livestock Association, the committee is hereby au-thorized to take necessary action to ac-

The convention adjourned sine die. The executive committee held a meet-ing tonight at which J. C. Leary, of Sait

Lake, was chosen secretary and traffic

manager of the association. The follow-ing working board was named: A. J. Night, Arizona; W. H. Howery, New Mexico; E. J. Stmonson, Nebraska; Al Bowie, Wyoming; H. H. Robinson, Colo-

omplish this result."

invention assembed extend greetings to

year: and,

size of a large orange.

1:40 P. M. the Senate resumed consid-eration of legislative business. On motion of Allison, the Senate by a formal resolution elected Prys president pro tem. Allison and Morgan were named as a committee to escort Senator Frye to th sident's dosk. Then, at 1:59 P. M., the Senate adjourned until tomorrow.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

Several Not Acted Upon Expired With the End of the Session.

WASHINGTON, March 7 .- The foreign epresentatives interested in the reciproity treatles pending in the Senate are in communication with their governments a to the course to be pursued, since the Senate has failed to act upon them. With most of them the view prevails that they expired at the end of the regular session. This is so with various treaties with Great Britain covering the British West Indian possessions, Barbadoes, Bermuda and Guiana. In case there is a renewal of negotiations regarding the West Indian colonies, they are not likely to be taken up before next Autumn, in time for the regular session of the Senate. The French treaty is not held to be among those which expires with the Congress, as the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, and the American Reciprocity Commissioner, Mr. Kasson, had previously concluded a written agreement extending the time within which ratification could be made until the 26th of the present month. It is usual for the executive branch to the property to the city will be \$200,000 make such extensions, and in this case the extension of the Franco-American treaty is said to be operative without ref-effence to what the Senate may do at the special session extending the time for ratification. It is expected that further action will be taken either in the executive branch or in the Senate which permit the treaty to be considered at the next regular session of the Senate. Several other important treaties, including those with Italy and Russia, have not oncluded, owing to the inaction on the French treaty.

French Treaty Urged.

NEW YORK, March 7 .- The Chamber of Commerce today unanimously adopted res-olutions urging upon the Senate of the United States "the wisdom and necessity of the early ratification of the commer-cial treatles with the Republic of France, demanded by the best interests of this country.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Senate Confirms the Appointment of Minister McCormick.

WASHINGTON, March 7 .- The President today sent the following no tions to the Senate: mina-

J. Otis Humphrey, of Illinois, to be District Judge for the Southern District of Ellinois: Thomas Worthington, of Illials, to be Attorney for the Southern District of lillnois. Sergeant-Major Walter E. Barrett,

Thirty-ninth Volunteer Infantry, to be Second Lieutenant: Chief Musician Walter H. Loving, Forty-eighth Volunteer Infantry to be Second Lleutenant. Acting Assistant Surgeons, U. S. A., to

be Assistant Surgeons, with rank of First Lieutenant-James Franklin Edwards, of Pennsylvania; Jay Ralph Shook, of Pennsylvania; William Eugene Vose, of Mary-land; Frank Thomas Woodbury, of Penn-

The Senate in executive session today onfirmed the following nominations: who have been exposed will be shackled. Robert S. McCormick, of Illinois, to be in order to keep them indoors.

Dinner to Retiring Senators.

WASHINGTON, March 7 .- Friends of ex-Senators Carter, Shoup and Thurston whose terms have expired, tendered them a complimentary dinner at the Shoreham tonight, About 20 covers were laid. The dinner was attended by Senators, Repreentatives and newspaper men who have been intimate friends of the Senators,

Washington's Headquarters

NEW YORK, March 7 .- The Jumel man ion and grounds in Harlem, which were coupled by General Washington as headquarters, will come into the posse the city as a public show place of Revo. tionary relies through the action of the Board of Public Improvements. Walter S. Logan appeared before the board as the representative of the Eons of the Revolution, and M. A. Hall appeared as the rep-resentative of the Society of Historical Places of Interest. The mansion was built in 1770 by Roger Morris, a Colonel in the British Army, General Washington used the mansion as headquarters dur ing the Summer of 1777. Stephen Jumel bought the property in '1890, and his bought the property in '1800, and his widow, Mme. Jumel, who married Aaron Burr, occupied the property at the time of her death in 1865. The house is in a fair state of preservation. The

Attorney-General Griggs Scored.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 7 .- In an adfress before the annual convention of the odist Episcopal Church of New Jersey today the Rev. M. B. Leonard, cor-responding secretary of the General Misnary Society, arraigned United States Attorney-General Griggs for his action in connection with the Army canteen question. The speaker was applauded, and the mention of Mr. Griggs' name elic-tied a storm of binas ited a storm of hisses "No official," said Dr. Leonard, "of this

or any other nation or power, should in-terpret a law to work for the benefit of a few against the popular sentiment of the people. Your New Jersey Griggs abrogated the canteen law but, thank God, other New Jersey Griggs, or any other Griggs combination, prevent or ignore the public sentiment that is growing against the increase in the trade of in-

Charges Against Ten Eyck.

toxicating liquors.'

BOSTON, March 7-Edwin H. Ten Eyck ex-champion amateur sculler of America and winner of the diamond sculls at the Henley regatta, has been officially informed by Secretary Fortmeyer, of the N. A. A. O., that charges have been preferred against him and he will be ex-pected to appear before the executive committee in New York, March 16. The Wauchusett Boat Club, of Worcester, to which Ten Eyck belongs, will be repre-sented at the meeting. The only charge they believe has been made is that the sculler refused to go to Paris last Summer without his partner, and in this, it is said, the club assumes responsibility.

Balls and Chains for Patients

POPLAR BLUFFS, Mo., March 7.-About 75 cases of smallpox exist at Fisk, a small town east of this city. The people have disregarded the quarantine reg-ulations. Today balls and chains were sent to Fisk and every patient and those

night solved to modify the legation plans so as to allow the five government boards to to drive back the Chinese who arrived in in in the occupation of the Chinese.

FIRED ON BRITISH CONSULATE.

Outrage by Russian Soldiers at Che Foo.

VANCOUVER. B. C., March 7 .- The Japan Mail says: "February 10 the Russian soldiers

haved with great violence at Che Fon, A whole squad of soldiers became intoxleated, and were running amuck. They took more liberties around the British consulate than the Consul wished, and when they killed the Consul's Chinese servant out of pure wantonness, the Consul remonstrated and threatened to eport them. The Russians were then ordered by their drunken commander to line up. They did so. The officer then line up. They did so. The officer then shouted "Fire!" waving his sword at the consulate. Half of the Russians refused. The other half fired straight at

the consulate, and the Consul narrowly escaped being killed." In Shan Tung Province, Governor Yuan has annulled the recantation pledges of native convicts. In the province are 20-000 Roman Catholic converts, and 15,000 Protestant natives. Last July tions were issued throughout Shan Tung

calling upon all Christians to recant. Gov-ernor Yuan has also issued a proclamation warning natives against molesting missionaries or converts. The Times publishes a story of a band of mounted Manchurian robbers surround-

ing a foraging party of the Jodhapore Lancers and some Japanese infantry near Shan Hai Kwan. One trooper escaped and brought reinforcements, who arrived just in time. In one house three men had een hemmed in, one shot dead, the house being afterward fired, and the two remaining troopers all but suffocated. Further on, three troopers were found deunded Indian coolles with fending three we only two or three cartridges remaining Five Japanese infantrymen and seven Manchurian bandits were killed, the rest escaping into a large village from which a hot fire was opened. The next day a force of 100 cavalry and 400 infantry

moved on the village, but it was found to be deserted. With the increasing severity of the weather the distress caused by the famine in She Si increases. Over 100,000 people

are now said to be in danger of perishing from cold and hunger. The stations established by the Governor of the prov-ince for the free distribution of rice are nadequate, and supplies intended for the relief of the starving are said to have been stolen by dishonest officials.

A TENTATIVE ARRANGEMENT.

Chinese Troops to Try Their Hand at Suppressing Robbers.

RERLIN March 1-It was asserted to day by a high authority that Count von Waldersee's agreement with Ll Hung Chang was in response to important steps already taken by the Chinese Govern ment to meet the demands of the powers and upon representations to the pow-ers that the Chinese regular troops were now able to put down the robbers. How-ever, the official who made this explanation emphasized the fact that the agree ment was only tentative and that Count von Waldersee had by no means laid

down his authority in favor of the Chinese Government. According to the Chinese statements

Si, insisting that the foreign troops must The Ministers of the powers have re- remain in the Province of Chi Li. The Chi Li to prevent the French and Ger

man troops occupying the passes lead-ing into Shan Sl. The Boxer movement reviving, encouraged by Buddhist priests."

Puntitive Expeditions.

BERLIN, March 7 .- The War Office has received the following from Count von Waldersee, dated Pekin, March 6:

"A company of the Third Asiatics, un der Captain Knoersen, came in contact yesterday south of Man Sheng with 400 Chinese regulars, who had apparently been separated from their main body. The Chinese were scattered and 50 of them were killed. Two of their banners were taken. A small detachment was sent from Tien Tsin to Thsang, March 8, to suppress brigandage. Three companies of infantry, a squadron of cavalry and a pattery, all under Lieutenant-Colonel Arnstedt, left for Yung Tsing, March 5, with the same object."

A Mohammedan Uprising.

LONDON, March 7 .- "The Mohamme dans in Mongolia are trying to foment an asurrection among the Mohammedans of the Siberian steppes," says the Odessa corespondent of the Dally Express. He says the Russian Government has ordered at least two soldiers billeted in every family throughout Eastern Siberia, wh shall act as menials and be ready to assemble at any moment to suppress a rising.

Squires Not a Looter.

WASHINGTON, March 7. - Secretary Hay today received a cablegram from Mr. Conger, at Pekin, stating that the reports that have reached America to the effect that Mr. Squires, the secretary of legation at the United States embassy, had been guilty of looting was based upon misinformation. As a matter of fact, the Minister states that Mr. Squires is entirely guiltless of any such thing.

Trans-Mississippi Congress.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., March 7 .- A March 14 to discuss ways and means make a Trans-Missiasippi Industrial agress a success. It is proposed to suild an auditorium with a seating capacity of 7000, and the greater portion of the money required has already been pledged by mineowners. The executive committee has organized, with Charles N Miller as chairman and G. Boos N. Miller as chairman and G. S. Hoag as secretary. Owing to the critical Iliness of ex-Governor Pitkin, of Louisiana, who was to have presided over the con-gress, it has been decided to invite Wal-

ter Gresham, of Texas, to take his place,

Not Matched for Louisville Fight.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 7 .- Dave Sullivan and Terry McGovern deny that they have been matched to fight in Louis-ville as reported. Sam Harris, for Mo-Govern, has accepted an offer of the Twentieth Century Athletic Club of San Fransiscso to guarantee a \$5000 purse for a bout between Sullivan and McGovern, Charlie White to referee, but Sullivan re-fuses to fight with White as referee. He insists that Tim Hurst shall referee.

Carroll M. Carrington Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7 .- Carroll M. Carrington, a well-known newspaper man and writer of short stories, is dead in this city of pnsumonia.

1,554,001 261,752 91,124 28,539 15,446 7,133 10,008 6,807 12,560 4,513	g a decrease	
1,172,021 \$8,677,270 1900. \$ 13,140 46,636 25,885 44,891 23,922	137 1475,425 1,529 1,521 1,521 1,521 1,521 1,521 1,521 1,525	

THE VENEZUELAN WAR.

Formidable Uprising In Progress in That Country.

NEW YORK, March 7 .- The Times this

morning says: A resident of New York who for political reasons declined to permit the use of his name, but who has extensive business and political dealings with Venezu ela, gives an outline of the situation ex-

isting in thet country: "General Ignacio Andrade arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, from Cuba, February 17, and remained at his ranch for a few days, when he departed quietly for more active service, presumably in the field, as he had perfected his final arrangements with his Cuban friends who are to take part in the decisive movement for the overthrow of Cipriano Castro, the present dictator of the Republic of Vene-

"Notwithstanding that but little, if any, news of the revolution now going on in Venezuela finds its way into print, it is true that a most formidable, powerful and far-reaching uprising is now in progress in that country, and it will not progress in that country, and it will not be many weeks or days, perhaps, before the censorship established by Casfro in December last will be broken, and the details of the affair will be sent out

"The entire country lying west of the Orinoco River up to within 100 miles Caracas, the federal capital, is now 100 miles of the hands of the revolutionists, under the leadership of General Nicholas Rolando with General Pedro du Charme and his brother, General Horatio du Charme, each in charge of large and wellsifted. disciplined armies, composed of fighters of no mean qualities. These divisions of the revolutionary army are well equipp with modern arms and an ample supply of ammunition

from the Orinoco district, only a few revolutionary troops have been required to care for places like Cludad Bollvar, Barrancas and the Maccarlo River, and hence the bulk of the best fighting men have joined the divisions of Rolando and the two Du Charmes, who have been admarch to Petare, which is connected with the capital by a well-built and equipped railroad. All the telegraph lines in the State of Bermudez are now in the hands of Rolando's troops. "In the western section of the republic

the same activity prevails as regards massing troops, and pressing them to the center. These forces are under command of General Perrana, and a corps of abl generals, each of whom has a local fol-lowing and influence. It is also renorted

1,712,589 \$4,105,338 90,461 3 79,446 57,609 45,355 76 120 Canadian Pacific Railway scheme. James J. Hill, F. H. Clergue and other promot-ers engaged in securing charters will

superintend operations here. These measures are the Crow's Nest Pass Coal & Railway project, the Canadian Lloyd's bill and the scheme intended to complete a new transcontinental route practically under Government control and partially under Government ownership. A hard problem which must be faced

is the acquisition by American capitalists of the control of Canada's greatest in-dustries. It is computed that the passing of the Sydney (Cape Breton) steel and coal interests into the hands of the American steel syndicate means, in effect, that the Canadian treasury will be called upon to pay direct tribute to the syndicate to the extent of \$15,000,000 a year under the bounty law. The bounty expires in 1908, and if the trust can put out 10,000,000 tons of manufactured pro duct in that period it will cost the Cana

dian taxpayers \$10,000,000 in cash. The situation is thus summed: With the Morgan-Rockefeller trust

controlling the iron and coal of the At-lantic seaboard, with Hill and Rockefeller controlling the coal of the Crow's Nest Pass, with the same combination directing the Midland, the "Soo" and the Nanaimo (B. C.) enterprises, the annexa-tion of Canada's industries will be practically complete, and Canada henceforth a mere annex of the American syndicate These subjects will come prominently to the front during the coming month and indications of the policy of the Gov ernment are sure to be elicited by the discussion on the rallway and private bills committee of the House, where all questions must be thoroughly

Passengers From the Orient.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7 -- A numb SAN FRANCISCO, sharen .-- A number of prominent foreign army and navy of-ficers arrived from the Orient on the steamer America Maru today, Among them was Prince Engalitscheff, of Rus-sia, recently a member of the staff of Count von Waldersee. The Prince is en route home. Barton von Polentz, of the German Army, was another passenger. He is returning home from China. Other



For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Bignature of Chart H. Thitcher.

have developed among the political parties and strong dissatisfaction with the pres-ent Conservative Cabinet, an extraordi nary session of the National Congress has been called. The object of this move-ment is to provoke a Cabinet crisis, which will lead to the formation of a new Min-istry, representing only the liberal elements, which now form the controlling .

majority in Congress. Public attention has been centered wholly on the electoral convention, which has been endeavoring since Sunday to nominate candidates satisfactory to the Liberals in opposition to Senor Pedro Montt, who is supported by the Conservatives. It is believed that the convention will end its session this week without finding a solution of the difficulty.

Coming Election in Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, March 7 .- There is reat activity in political circles in anticisation of the coming Presidential elec-tion. The two foremost candidates are Rodriguez Ales and Quinto Bocayauva. It is claimed that Juto Castilhos Governor of the State of Rio Gr Rio Grande will withdraw in favor of Senor Boon-

yauva Workmen in a mill at Carloca, who are on strike, attacked the officers. The police interfered and several strikers were shot.

The Government will publish on Saturday a decree announcing that the plague has disappeared in the republic.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines-but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

> ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by ex-

travagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills an absolute cure.

"Since the withdrawal of Castro's forces

vanced to the westward, doubtless to con centrate near the Bay of Carenero, loss than 100 miles east of the City of Caracas, From this bay it is scarce two days