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THE NEW AGE.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1904.

NO. 11.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

Postmaster Bancroft, of Portland, has resigned.

The American Medical association will meet in Portland in 1905.

The alleged leader in the Victor, Colorado, riots has been captured.

Attorney General Knox has been chosen to succeed the late Senator Quay.

The Victor, Colorado Citizens' alliance has resolved to make war on all unions.

In a battle between Colorado ranchers and train robbers one of the latter was killed.

Russia is not negotiating with Turkey for the passage of the Baltic fleet through the Dardanelles.

General Kuroki's movements are a puzzle to the Russians and they do not know what to expect next.

The mother of Lewis Etzel, the American correspondent killed by Chinese, has filed a claim for \$20,000 with China.

An attempt was made near Grants Pass to wreck a passenger train on the Southern Pacific. Ties placed on a curve were discovered by the engineer in time to prevent serious results.

No trace has been found of the Victor assassins.

General Kuropatkin, with his main force is at Liao Yang.

Chinese say that when the Russians abandoned Taky Kao they poisoned the water sources.

Union men say the Victor explosion was the work of the citizens' alliance and not of the union.

Another outrage has been perpetrated at Tangier in which a British subject was the victim.

If Panama rejects a gold standard, a hitch in the negotiations with the United States is sure to follow.

Colorado militiamen are scouring the hills around Cripple Creek and all union miners found are deported.

Freight handlers of San Francisco have gone on strike. The trouble is likely to spread to all affiliated unions.

The acting governor of Colorado has left it with Adjutant General Bell whether martial law is necessary in Teller county.

Lewis Etzel, an American correspondent for a London paper, has been killed by Chinese bandits, who mistook him for a pirate.

The Port Arthur channel is again open.

Mrs. Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain) is dead.

Russia fears a rising against the czar if Port Arthur falls.

Vice Admiral Togo has been promoted to admiral.

The Japanese have found Tallienwan by completely mined and must delay landing.

Fire near Richmond, Va., destroyed 4,000,000 pounds of tobacco. Loss, \$600,000.

Reports have been sent out that both Japan and Russia have lost ships in a fight at Port Arthur.

Senator Mitchell fails to find anything in reports to warrant the removal of Postmaster Bancroft at Portland.

Two riots in Victor, Colo., following the blowing up of non-union miners, resulted in two miners being killed and a number injured.

Thirteen non-union miners were killed at Victor, Colo., while waiting for a train. Three hundred pounds of dynamite was placed under the depot platform and fired by electricity by unknown persons. Troops have been ordered to the scene.

A Paris report says General Kuroki has been captured.

The Colorado military continues to deport striking miners.

Russians are making important movements toward Kai Ping.

Rain has ceased in Kansas and the floods are now expected to recede.

Communication with Port Arthur is maintained by the use of carrier pigeons.

Lieutenant General Zabolkin, commander of a Cossack division, has been killed.

Bandits are becoming bolder in Niu Chwang and residents fear warships will be needed.

An allotment of \$15,000 has been made for dredging the Columbia and Willamette below Portland.

An explosion at the Pinole, Cal., powder works killed three men and destroyed \$20,000 worth of property.

The Kansas flood already covers a large area and many streams are still rising.

ONLY FIVE SHIPS CAN GO OUT.

Chinese Machinist Tells of Conditions at Port Arthur.

Chefoo, June 11.—A Chinese formerly employed in the machine shops at Port Arthur, who arrived here to port three of the five sound vessels. All the guns from the damaged ships have been removed to the forts, and the sailors from these ships have gone to the front with the troops. The Russian warships, which formerly were painted black, are now painted gray, as are the vessels of the Japanese fleet. Russian torpedoboots leave the harbor occasionally for half an hour, but the larger warships cannot get through the entrance.

The Russians are refusing permission to skilled workmen to leave Port Arthur, but many are escaping. Little work is being done in the machine shops because of the confusion among workmen each time firing is made. One workman recently wrecked a machine shop building, but did no damage to the machinery. Another shell wrecked the offices in the dockyard.

Three hundred and fifty mines have been laid in the roadstead, and many others have been placed around the ships in the naval base. Some of the latter were exploded last week by lightning, but no damage was done.

The Chinese who have come out of Port Arthur complain of the treatment accorded them by the Russian soldiers, declaring they were maltreated if they did not supply the soldiers with money and liquor. Villagers in the vicinity of Port Arthur are compelled to supply the soldiers with rice, and Russian horses are turned loose in their wheat fields, destroying the crops.

Japanese spies who entered Port Arthur last week distributed notices assuring the Chinese liberal treatment in case the Japanese were victorious.

MINE IS CLOSED.

Colorado Troops Sent to Union Property to End Strike.

Victoria, Colo., June 11.—In a bloodless assault made by 150 militiamen and deputies, led by Adjutant-General Sherman M. Bell on the Portland mine today, the mine was indefinitely closed, to be opened later on terms which will prevent any workman securing work without presenting satisfactory working cards from the Mineowners' Association. General Bell says the mine was closed because of "military necessity" as the men working in it were contributing to the support of the strikers, and thereby continuing the present conditions in the district. His proclamation also states that dangerous men in the mine should be held.

What promised to be the bloodiest time the district ever saw passed away as mildly as a summer shower. Without the firing of a shot or a harsh word, the General and his force marched up to the mine, took possession of the premises, and then proceeded to the present disposition of the mine and then left, with employees of the company in charge of the plant.

Following the closing of the Portland it was announced that the mines will begin to reopen tomorrow, the nonunion miners first and others later, and the business is to be resumed in the district at once. All miners who want work must first secure a working card from the Mineowners' Association.

RUSSIANS WILL GUARD SHIPS.

No Stranger Will Be Allowed to Visit the Navy Yards.

Odesa, June 11.—Extreme measures are being taken to safeguard the various Russian arsenals and ships. All magazines are watched day and night, and it would go hard with any stranger found prowling around them, as the orders to the guards are to "shoot first and investigate afterward."

These exceptional measures are inspired by the fear that there will be a repetition of recent deliberate attempts to wreck some of the warships in the navy yards. The attempts are believed to have been made by workmen, who had been bribed by Japanese agents, and as a result no workmen are now permitted to enter the yards or arsenals without a large metal number, which they are compelled to wear in a conspicuous position to establish their identity.

Liberty Bell at St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 11.—The historic Liberty Bell arrived here today in response to the petition of 90,000 public-school children of this city, and will remain in the Pennsylvania building until the close of the World's Fair. Accompanied by a squad of mounted police and a long line of military organizations, the famous old bell was taken to the exposition, where formal exercises were carried out. The gates had been thrown open to the school children of the city and the day had been proclaimed as a holiday by Mayor Wells.

Attack Is Begun.

Indianapolis, June 11.—A special received by the News from its staff correspondent at Chefoo says: "The long-contemplated attack by the Japanese on Port Arthur began early this morning. The Russian forces around the beleaguered city were reinforced by the troops which had garrisoned Dalny and Kinchow. The Russian vessels in the harbor with their great guns attack the land forces in repelling the attack. The fighting still goes on."

Russians Entrenched Near Kalchas.

Tientsin, June 11.—Ten thousand Russian infantry, with several batteries of artillery, are entrenched in a strong position at Pochichia, 12 miles south of Kalchas, and 35 miles from Niu Chwang.

A PITCHED BATTLE

MINERS AND MILITIA OF COLORADO IN DESPERATE FIGHT.

One Union Man Killed—Assaults Now in Full Force—General Bell Goes to Dunsmuir and Captures Laborers on Hearing They Were Coming to Victor Bent on Violence.

Victor, Colo., June 10.—A pitched battle between the military and union miners was fought at Dunsmuir, the new mining camp, 13 miles out of Victor, shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. John Carley, a union miner, was killed. The troops returned to Victor at 8 o'clock tonight, bringing with them 14 captives. Intense excitement again reigns here.

It was reported before a special train left for Victor at 2 o'clock bearing the force under General Bell that the military station, the officers numbered 250 men, and that it was their intention to march into Victor tonight in a body and make an attempt to liberate, by force, the inmates of the temporary bullpen in Victor. That the force actually consisted of but 21 men is the statement of one of the number that was taken captive.

The train proceeded to the immediate vicinity of Dunsmuir without unusual incident. When about a quarter of a mile distant from the Dunsmuir temporary station, the officers could see the camp of the miners. It included one cabin and six or seven tents. The officers left the train at the command of General Bell, and prepared to advance upon the camp of the unionists in regular skirmish order.

As they emerged from the cut in which the train had come to a stop, they were greeted with a volley of shots which came from the points of vantage in the surrounding hills. The deputies returned the fire to the best advantage possible, and a promiscuous shooting was engaged in for a period of 10 minutes. From the character of the shooting from the hills, General Bell immediately recognized the fact that the strength of the miners had been greatly overestimated, and that he had sufficient force under his command to make an immediate round-up and capture the opposing force. Accordingly, he divided the deputies and soldiers into seven detachments, and these detachments, in command of the officers named, set out to make a complete clean-up of all the surrounding hills.

FIGHT WITH TOGO.

Russians Claim to Have Sunk Four Japanese Battleships.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—There is great rejoicing in the Russian capital this morning over the receipt of a dispatch from Liao Yang which indicates that instead of being captured, as rumored yesterday, the Russian garrison at Port Arthur has beaten off an attack in force of the Japanese, and still retains possession of the stronghold. Not only that, but Admiral Skrydloff has made his way out of Vladivostok with the Russian Siberian fleet, and has made a junction with the Port Arthur squadron, after a desperate fight with the Japanese fleet under Admiral Togo. The joint squadrons are now reported inside of Port Arthur roadstead. The Japanese lost four of their best ships, while the Russians escaped practically unscathed.

The news of this Russian success was brought to General Kuropatkin by a number of dispatches and their stories are so circumstantial as to be considered reliable. The fighting is understood to have taken place on Monday and to have continued on Tuesday.

The account for St. Petersburg may only be an amplification of the report that the Russian fleet, which had been at Chefoo and Shanghai earlier in the week to the effect that the Russian fleet at Port Arthur had made a sortie and sunk several of the Japanese picket fleet which was keeping watch of the harbor.

The report that the Vladivostok squadron are now reported inside of Port Arthur roadstead. The Japanese lost four of their best ships, while the Russians escaped practically unscathed.

Beavers Faces New Charges.

New York, June 10.—When Geo. W. Beavers, former superintendent of the division of salaries and allowances of the postoffice department, appeared in the United States circuit court in Brooklyn today, he was served with a new warrant for arrest on a Washington indictment charging him with entering into a deal for the purpose of job typewriters and with receiving money for his influence in putting through a contract for the machines.

On this warrant Beavers was taken before United States Commissioner Benedict, who required an additional \$10,000 bail on the new charge.

Wireless Telegraphy for Russians.

Chefoo, June 10.—Realizing that something must be done to communicate, if possible, with the beleaguered garrison at Port Arthur, the Russian government is about to try to establish a wireless system here to send messages to the big Marconi mast, which has been raised on Tiger's Head. An agent of the Russian Minister to China was here yesterday trying to secure a position to erect a Marconi mast. It is not known what action he took, but it is believed the mast will be set up soon.

Early Release Not Probable.

London, June 10.—The correspondent of the Times at Tangier says the Sultan has not complied with all of Raoussa's demands. Those unsettled will necessitate considerable further negotiations. There is no likelihood that the captives will be released speedily.

CANNOT AID PORT.

Kuropatkin Says It Is Impossible to Relieve Port Arthur.

Paris, June 9.—A St. Petersburg dispatch quotes a general officer of the Russian army as follows:
"Two days ago there was a conference between the Emperor and the chief partisans of General Kuropatkin and Admiral Alexieff. The latter were active in an attempt to influence the czar to send an order to General Kuropatkin to advance at once and relieve Port Arthur. The intention, of course, was to upset the disposition of troops, made by the military commander-in-chief and compel him to give battle, even at the risk of defeat."
"Fortunately the good sense of the emperor prevailed and he contented himself with inquiring of General Kuropatkin if the situation permitted of his advancing to relieve the beleaguered stronghold, saying he wished it could be done, but leaving it to his general to decide. General Kuropatkin replied it was impossible at present to do anything for General Stoessel and his command. Knowing him as I do, I am certain that the commander-in-chief would sooner have resigned than to have executed an order which might have brought disaster upon his troops."

RUSSIANS DESPERATELY BOLD.

Reconnoitering Parties Go to Any Length to Get Information.

Tokio, June 9.—According to the Japanese correspondents with the first army in Manchuria (Kuroki's), the active Russian operations are limited to a series of skirmishes fought by Cossacks and mounted infantry, but which accomplished little else than to occupy the attention of the Japanese outposts. The Russians engaged number hardly more than 600 men, supported by a mountain battery. Their operations extend through the districts of Aiyang and Salmat, and their object is to interfere as much as possible with the Japanese provision trains. Their efforts have proven futile, and no damage has been done except the killing of a number of Japanese troopers.

The Russian reconnoitering parties are held to the point of desperation. They consist chiefly of a young officer and a handful of men who are willing to go to any length to secure information. They will ride boldly within the Japanese lines, and, if discovered, shoot their way out, endeavoring to do as much damage as possible before being killed or taken prisoners.

BELIEVE FLEETS MET.

Steamers Passing Gulf of Pechili See Flashes at Sea.

Chefoo, June 9.—An impression prevails here that a naval battle took place last night in the Gulf of Pechili. Passengers on steamers passing the Liao Tsi Shan promontory at the time did not hear any firing, while reports come from Tong Chow of heavy firing being heard there from 11 o'clock last night until 2 o'clock this morning. Vessels from the Miao Tao Islands confirm this report and so do the residents of hills in the vicinity of this city who heard the firing and saw flashes out at sea during the night.

The fact that the Russians were endeavoring, June 4, to clear the roadstead off Port Arthur of mines indicates an intention upon their part to give battle outside the harbor upon the first favorable opportunity.

A Japanese correspondent returning from Tallienwan says there is a persistent rumor there that the Japanese battleship Yamashiro struck a mine off that port recently and was sunk. Chinese arrivals from Tallienwan are unable to confirm the story.

Japanese Punishing Bandits.

Chefoo, June 9.—A fleet of junks which has arrived from Dalny for the purpose of buying stores for the Japanese report having heard continuous firing from Dalny and Port Arthur for several days, Japanese warships are making Dalny their headquarters and are coming and going continuously. They take turns guarding the entrance to Port Arthur. The junks report Chinese are no longer allowed to leave Port Arthur, and that the Japanese are punishing the bandits who raided Dalny and Tallienwan.

Japan May Have Got It.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 9.—A report reached this city today that the submarine boat Protector had been shipped to Japan from New York, and that four boats modeled after the Protector are now under construction at the works of the Newport News Drydock & Shipbuilding Company. Bridgeport men interested in the construction of these boats decline to give any information as to what has been done with the Protector. Japanese agents have been in this city several times.

Third Pacific Squadron.

St. Petersburg, June 9.—Grand Duke Alexis, commander-in-chief of the navy, according to an apparently reliable report, which, however, is not officially confirmed, has obtained the permission of the emperor to create a third Pacific squadron from the ships of the Black sea fleet, and permission has already been obtained from Turkey to take the ships through the Dardanelles on the condition that they will not return.

REPUBLICANS WIN

ENTIRE STATE TICKET ELECTED BY A BIG MAJORITY.

Democrats Successful in a Number of Counties on the Legislative and County Tickets—Local Option Will Carry by 2,000—Direct Primary Nominating Law Swept the State.

The republican plurality of Supreme Judge F. A. Moore has passed 22,000, and is still climbing. As the complete returns come in the decisiveness of the republican victory is indicated. Food and Fair Commissioner J. W. Bailey is keeping up with the head of the ticket.

In the First District Binger Hermann is holding close to the 7000 mark, and it is evident that he will reach this figure on the official count. J. N. Williamson is climbing past the 13,000 mark in the Second District. Complete returns show steady gains, as in the case of Hermann and Moore, and it is evident that Mr. Williamson will be returned to congress with the largest plurality ever won by a republican.

Local option has swept the state by a majority of more than 2500. The majority of Multnomah county against the measure has already been wiped out, and the measure is making steady gains. It will take the official count to determine the majority won by the advocates of the law.

The counties carried for local option are Baker, Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Crook, Douglas, Gilliam, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Morrow, Polk, Sherman, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Wheeler and Yamhill. Standing with Multnomah in opposition to the law are Clatsop, Columbia, Malheur, Washington and probably Wasco and Grant. Curry, Lake, Marion and Willamette are yet to be heard from, but their vote will not make any appreciable effect on the result.

Direct primary nominating law has carried the state by more than 25,000 plurality, and that of the state printer amendment is little less. Both aroused practically no opposition at the polls.

The surprise of the election in the First District was the defeat of D. L. Key, republican, by F. H. Hawk, democrat, as representative by six votes. A recount may change the result.

A. C. Marsters, republican, is defeated for state senator in Douglas county by O. P. Coshaw, democrat.

Robert G. Smith, democrat, of Josephine county, is elected to the legislature to a seat formerly held by a republican, defeating R. W. Clarke.

In Washington county W. H. Haines is elected over Sewell, the democrat candidate.

Judge J. W. Hamilton, democrat, is re-elected to the circuit bench in the Second Judicial District, comprising the counties of Douglas, Lane, Curry, Benton and Linn.

Coos and Curry counties elect A. J. Sherwood, democrat, joint senator, and Robert Burns, democrat, joint representative. These seats were occupied by republicans in the last legislature.

G. Wright, republican, defeats E. E. Goucher, democrat, for joint senator of Tillamook, Lincoln and Yamhill.

William Galloway, democrat, has defeated B. L. Eddy for circuit judge in the Third district, comprising Marion, Linn, Yamhill, Tillamook and Polk, by 700 votes. Eddy losing his home county by 35 votes.

R. A. Booth, republican, is re-elected state senator in Josephine, Lane and Douglas by a good majority.

Eastern Oregon counties generally have given this vote and re-elected G. W. Phelps, republican, of Heppner.

W. L. Bradshaw, democrat, is elected judge of the Seventh district, comprising Crook, Gilliam, Wasco, Sherman and Wheeler counties. After a warm race with J. A. Collier, republican, Frank Menefee, democrat, becomes district attorney of the same district.

Later figures increase the lead of Leroy Lomax, republican, over Sam White for district attorney of the Eighth district, which comprises Baker, Union and Wallowa.

Dr. W. G. Cole, republican, for joint representative of Umatilla and Morrow, has a majority of 600 over F. B. Holbrook, democrat.

In the Ninth district, George E. Davis, judge, and J. W. McCulloch, district attorney, both republicans, have handsome majorities.

Complete returns from Multnomah county show that C. W. Nottingham, independent republican, is elected by 197. For district attorney Manning, democrat, is elected by a large majority, as is also Word, democrat, as sheriff.

Lincoln County.

Toledo, June 8.—Complete returns indicate that the republican state and legislative nominees have received majorities in Lincoln county ranging from 200 to 400.

Polk County.

Dallas, June 8.—Complete returns on the county ticket of Polk county show the entire republican ticket elected with the exception of sheriff, Ford, the democratic nominee, being elected sheriff by a majority of 256. Official returns of the state and district ticket, complete with the exception of three precincts, show the entire republican ticket elected with the exception of B. L. Eddy, who is defeated by Galloway for Circuit Judge by a majority of 93. Hermann receives a 300 majority.