

THE NEWS

VOL. IV.

PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1899.

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Other brands are not JUST AS GOOD.

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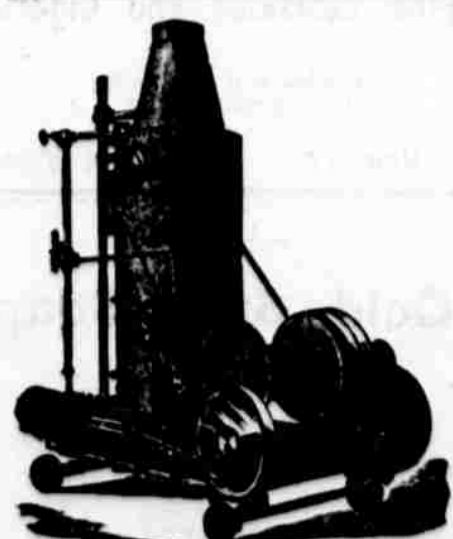
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Cures Backache, Kidney, Liver and Bladder troubles. Non-Retention of Urine, Brick-Dust Deposit, Leucorrhoea, Painful or Suppressed Menstruation, Uric Acid Poisons, Nervousness, Biliousness, Constipation, and all complaints arising from a debilitated or diseased condition of the Stomach, Kidneys or Urinary organs of either sex.
Purifies the Blood by eliminating all poisonous matter, stimulating the secretions, regulating the bowels and aiding nature in throwing off that which makes a yellow skin. The effect on the COMPLEXION is quite pronounced, as a few days' use will demonstrate.

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Finest and Most Central Storehouse in the City.
A GENERAL STORAGE BUSINESS TRANSACTED. Cheap Insurance. Storage Rates Reasonable.
SPENCER-CLARKE CO., Lessees. Cor. Fourth and Davis.



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WORTHINGTON STEAM PUMPS, Pumping Plants of any Capacity, Wilfrey Concentrators, S. F. Air Compressors and Giant Drills, Mining Hoists, Cars, etc., Hoe Chisel Tooth Saws, Saw Mills, Shingle Mills and Woodworking Machinery. Pittsburg Boiler Scale Resolvent, (No charge if not satisfactory).

ALBANY GREASE. TATUM & BOWEN 29 to 35 First Street, PORTLAND 34 and 36 Fremont St., S. F.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns

The transports Sheridan and Grant are at Seattle.

Engineers and firemen of the Union Pacific have asked for more pay.

The Pacific Express office at Omaha was robbed of from \$5,000 to \$20,000.

The British ship Glenholm will be fumigated at Astoria for fear of yellow fever.

A prominent Frenchman says the England is ready for war with the whole world.

A negro was shot at Lewiston, Id. The bullet flattened on his skull and he was comparatively uninjured.

Washington officials are anxious over the possible fate of the American prisoners in the hands of Aguinaldo.

The football team of the University of California will play the Carlisle Indians on Christmas day, in San Francisco.

Commander E. P. Wood, U. S. N. is dead of typhoid fever at Washington. He commanded the Petrel in the battle of Manila bay.

To increase Admiral Dewey's troubles Minnesota people will present him with a large black bear recently captured.

The supreme court of Oregon has finally passed upon the case of the state vs. Magers, the petition for a rehearing being denied.

Congressman Bailey will protest against the entrance of General Joe Wheeler into congress on his return from the Philippines.

"Governor of Cuba" will be the official designation of the office to which Major-General Leonard Wood will be assigned early in the new year.

Colonel James Graham and William P. Cunnenn, prominent politicians of St. Marys, Kan., drank from a disinfectant bottle which they supposed to contain whiskey, and are not expected to live.

The president will soon send a special message to congress regarding rewards for officers and men from the Atlantic squadron who distinguished themselves during the war with Spain, and whose gallantry has not yet been recognized.

The controller of the currency has declared the fifth dividend of 10 per cent in favor of the creditors of The Dallas National bank, making 95 per cent paid on the claims proved, amounting to \$26,318.20.

Spain will build a new navy. Englishmen are depressed by the situation in Africa.

Arizona will apply for statehood to the present congress.

The Americans have occupied Bangueo, province of Abra.

Steamers will leave Portland every 10 days for Cape Nome.

A gas explosion killed many coal miners at Carbonado, Wash.

The Kentucky election commission gives Taylor's plurality as 2,383.

The Filipino's treasury was captured by the Americans at Mangatarem.

The government's herd of reindeer in Alaska is rapidly increasing and now numbers 2,600.

Bishop Henry Potter, of New York, has arrived in Manila on a brief visit to study the Philippines.

The British artillery arm in South Africa has been materially strengthened by the arrival of six big guns.

Commander Charles I. Howell is dead at New York city. He was chief engineer of the Maine when she was blown up.

Lady Francis Cook, formerly Tennis Clafflin, announces her intention to forsake England and take up her residence in New York.

Two hundred miners are on a strike at the Tesla coal mines, California, because of a dispute with the superintendent over the wage schedule.

The horticultural commissioners of Southern California propose to establish a quarantine against infected nursery stock imported from foreign countries.

General Gregorio del Pilar was killed in a fight with the Thirty-third infantry, 18 miles northwest of Cervantes. The insurgents lost 70 men in the engagement.

The Vananda group of mines near Baker City was sold for \$1,500,000. The property is to be extensively developed by the new owners, who are British Columbia capitalists.

General Grant's expedition in Luzon has visited Orani and several western towns, meeting small bands. He killed several of the rebels and captured a quantity of munitions of war.

LATER NEWS.

The province of Cayan, Luzon, has surrendered to Captain McCalla.

Commander Tilley may be given charge of our possessions in Samon.

Americans have destroyed Aguinaldo's body guard and the rebel chief has fled in disguise.

MacArthur has captured Mabini, one of the ablest of insurgents, and founder of their government.

Prominent officials will go to Washington to lobby for the admission of New Mexico to statehood.

Owing to the British reverses in South Africa it is said Russia and France are getting restless.

The army and navy are each urging different routes for the Pacific cable. Private companies are also after it.

Alaska is after better government. Her special envoy is in Washington to present a petition for favors desired.

Ladysmith relief force's advance column has reached a position within three miles of Colenso without opposition.

General Methuen attacked 12,000 Boers on the Modder river, but found their position too strong for him. He reports great losses.

Major-General Andrew G. Wauchop was killed in action at Modder river. He was a veteran of the Ashantee and Egyptian campaigns.

A recent decision of the customs department in regard to the shipment of goods in bond works a great injury to Pacific coast interests.

Secretary Gage declares he has no present intention of further action to relieve the money stringency, but if the situation gets worse he may act.

Germany has inquired as to our intentions regarding the Danish West Indies. It is believed Germany would like to have them, but this would not suit Uncle Sam.

Two Americans were killed, apparently without provocation, in San Pedro, Spanish Honduras. The killing, as reported, was of a particularly aggravating type.

Major-General Edward Ferrero is dead at New York. In 1861 he raised the "Shepard Rifles," of which he was made colonel. He took the first fortified redoubt captured in the war.

Another gigantic corporation is now organizing to oppose the sugar trust in the islands. A former member of the sugar trust is believed to be one of the leading spirits. The capital will be \$100,000,000 and may be known as the Colonial Sugar Refining Company.

A Washington dispatch to the Cleveland Leader says that McKinley and Root will head the Republican ticket. Leading Republicans favor their nomination by acclamation. Tuesday, June 12, is suggested as the most likely date for the convention.

An anti-British meeting was held in Omaha.

Gatacre does not blame the guides for his disaster.

Otis has been instructed to open ports in the Philippines.

A colony of 30 Michigan people will settle near Fairhaven, Wash.

Five stores were burned out on Sixth street, near Alder, Portland, Or.; loss, \$10,000.

It is said that South Africa has always been a graveyard for the British generals' reputations.

The British bark Indian Emprie, laden with coal, was burned to the water's edge near Lima, Peru.

Our iron ore supply is short. It will take 200 vessels to handle the cargoes of iron engaged for importation.

Two prominent Portland physicians have been sued by a lady who claims negligence in diagnosing her case.

A report comes from Astoria, Or., that the packers' combine will operate only three of its canneries next season.

Britishers acknowledge that they lost over 700 men at Stormberg, and Boer reports apparently agree with those from British sources.

Nearly 2,000,000 bushels of wheat are stored in warehouses of Tacoma and not a ship is loading, the owners of the wheat holding for better prices.

A company has been organized in Eastern Oregon to build a railway line from Hilgard to the John Day country. The O. R. & N. is said to be in the deal.

Jones of Washington has introduced in the house a bill for a cable to the Philippines, to cost not to exceed \$8,000,000, and the creation of a cable commission.

Terrific gales were reported from ports on the Great Lakes Tuesday, and fears were felt for the safety of a fleet of steamers which had left the Straits of Mackinac.

Crocker denies that he has given up his Southern Pacific job. He will continue as a director in the company until the Crocker stock just bought by the Speyer syndicate is paid for.

Otis reports that 2,000 additional Spanish prisoners have been secured in Northern Luzon, making over 3,000 released within a month. Seven hundred are now en route from Vigan, and transports will be sent for the remainder.

NOVEL MEANS TO GET MONEY

Thirty-Five Women Fasted Three Days.

GAVE PASTOR THEIR SAVINGS

To Be Applied to "Ceiling, Plastering and Weatherboarding the Church"—Success of the Plan.

Thirty-five women of the St. Mary's African Methodist church, 4926 Dearborn street, jointly agreed on Thursday to fast for three days. They were neither to eat nor drink. According to their plan, the money usually required for victuals during that period was to be presented Sunday morning to the Rev. R. L. King, pastor of the church, and the sum was to be used to help defray the expense of "ceiling, plastering and weather boarding the church." The women started in bravely and confidently to fulfill the agreement, but after a dozen hours most of them suffered so severely from thirst and hunger that the plan of absolute fast was abandoned. Many of those who agreed to the plan, however, held out the whole of the three days—Thursday, Friday and Saturday—with scant nourishment, confined to bread and weak coffee. In thus cutting off their more expensive food some of the poorer women were able, even without real fasting, to save as much as 30c a day, which was given to the "weather-boarding fund."

"We all would have starved to death or died of thirst if we had carried out the plan of a fast," said Mrs. Sadie Bowman, 5003 Armour avenue, who was one of the parties to the agreement.

"The women were enthusiastic in their wish to help the church and did not realize at the time that three days without either food or water would have serious results.

"The church was put to hard straits, and our financial condition was desperate. We had tried every possible means to raise funds to keep the church going, and when our minister, Mr. King, suggested that we fast for three days and use the money that might be spent for food to fix up the church we women did not hesitate. It was figured that the money which we might otherwise have spent for food would make a fund sufficient materially to help pay for plastering our new church which is now without weather-boards and too cold to be comfortable. We soon found, however, that hunger and thirst could not be fought off, and the idea was partly dropped, although some of the members are living on short rations."

The pastor, Rev. R. L. King, said the fast had been proposed by members of the congregation. It appeared to him as a good idea, and he had favored it. At his suggestion the matter was laid before the public in an advertisement, as follows:

"A Christian colored woman's three days' fast, without eating or drinking, and praying to God to direct the dear people of Chicago to our church Sunday and assist us toward a fund to help defray the expenses of ceiling, plastering and weather boarding our church, which we are unable to do ourselves; our church is located on Dearborn street, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth; I shall be there to thank those that help us."

(Signed)—A member of the St. Mary's A. M. E. Church.

Among the women who agreed to fast were the following:

Mrs. Mary Robinson, 5016 Dearborn street; Mrs. Fanny Battle, 4839 Armour avenue; Mrs. R. L. King, 4040 Dearborn; Mrs. Anna Bradshaw, 4863 Fifth avenue; Mrs. Mary Lee, 4865 Fifth avenue; Mrs. G. W. Green, 4747 Armour avenue; Mrs. Hannah Thomas, 5119 Armour avenue.

"While none of the women have fully carried out the fast," said Rev. King, "many of the most earnest church workers have done so partly, and as a result we will obtain some money by the plan. I have been spending the last few days with the members, and I find the women have dispensed with table luxuries. Among the poor members I found that some had denied themselves even common table edibles. Some of the women served hot water instead of coffee at their tables and some dispensed with butter."

"I am heartily pleased with the results. I find that besides raising money the self-denial of the members has aroused interest in the future of the church. By the partial fast I believe the members of our congregation have been brought closer together, for the fasting has an element of suffering about it which brings people into common sympathy."—Chicago Tribune.

One of the leading clothing houses in the Northwest is that of Mr. Sam Rosenblatt, corner of Third and Morrison. Mr. Rosenblatt is a liberal patron of The New Age, through which he makes a fair bid for the trade of our people. The Rosenblatt clothing house is certainly one of the most liberal places of its kind on the coast.

GOVERNOR BRADY'S

Devotes a Considerable Portion to of Alaska.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, in his annual report, pleads for statehood, government establishment and the operation of cable and telegraph lines and the persistent branding of female seals and the cessation of killing them for at least 10 years. An appropriation of \$110,000 is asked for a penitentiary and suitable public buildings at Sitka. The governor says that to preserve the seals the United States should own a property right in the seals and brand the letters "U. S." four inches long on every female seal—thus spoiling them for fur seals.

The governor's report is an important document, making a pamphlet of 57 pages. It is a complete report upon the industries and prospects of the immense northern empire. Naturally he devotes a considerable portion of his report to the mining situation. He devotes particular attention to gold quartz mining, of which he says:

Quartz Mining in Alaska.
"The year's progress in this industry has been most gratifying. The managers of the Treadwell plant felt that life is too short for the treatment of that immense mass of ore with a 240-stamp mill, which had been doing duty so long and well. Accordingly they have constructed other mills and needful accessories thereto, and now have in operation a total of 880 stamps.

"Back of Juneau, in Silver Bow basin, quartz mining is going on vigorously. The 30 stamps of the Juneau-Alaska mill have been steadily at work during the season.

"Ketchikan, on Tongas narrows, is now the center of a district in the extreme southeastern portion of Alaska, wherein is a keen interest in quartz mining. The sea level claims are now ready for operation and a milling plant will soon be erected.

"The Appollo Consolidated on Ungas island, one of the Shumagin group, has been kept steadily at work throughout the year and has been a pretty steady producer, with a 40-stamp mill, at the rate of about \$30,000 per month.

"All the district north of Juneau, along the mainland, is rich in quartz ledges and in the neighborhood of Berner's bay there are several mills at work.

The Fisheries.
The governor refers to the fisheries at length and after describing the extensive salmon canneries says:

"The cod will always be our standby. We probably have the grandest banks in the world. It is a safe calculation that we have not less than 125,000 square miles of cod fishing in connection within the Alaska coast. Here is an immense wealth simply waiting for development."

Index and Adjacent Camps.
The Summit mine, seven miles from Index, has just completed a seven-mile horse tram and 1,400-foot wire tram, and are now making regular shipments. They have about 150 feet for stopping ground above the present tunnel. Stope shows about 16 feet of ore. They are also sinking a winze on ore body, in which they are getting some high grade bournite ore. The Golden Tunnel Company, whose property is near Barling, are just completing their mill, which is a centrifugal machine called the Montgomery pulverizer. It is supposed to handle 30 tons of ore per day. In addition to this they are putting in Hungarian rifles and Willey concentrator. The Vulcan Iron Works of Seattle have the contract and are putting in a 1,700-foot wire tramway from the mine to the mill. The Golden Tunnel property is something entirely different from anything else in the country. It has never had any development work done on it to speak of and still they have several thousand tons of ore in sight, most of which lies loose in a large cave, the main chamber of which is 75 feet high and 25 feet wide, extending something like 75 feet into the mountain. The ore looks like a pile of white sand or cement finely pulverized. It is said this ore has more metals in it than anything in the country, containing gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, iron, aluminum, tellurium and a number of others. At Skykomish the Cleopatra people are putting in a wire tramway and are preparing to ship some of their high-grade ore. In their lower tunnel, at a depth of 500 feet, they are taking out a 16-inch streak of gray copper and antimonial silver ore, which runs very high. A crew of 30 men is at work on the Mona, a property on Miller river, about four miles from Skykomish.

Closet & Dever's Costly Fire.
Monday night, December 4, Closet & Dever's, the oldest and largest coffee and spice house in the Northwest, were completely burned out at Portland. The loss was about \$65,000 and insurance \$44,500. They have already a new gas roaster in operation, as they had an extra machine in reserve. Roast coffee orders can be filled now. For other goods they will be in shape in about a week. Their loss was heavy, but they have energy and determination and have been much touched by the numerous offers of sympathy and encouragement from all their friends in every quarter.

Chicago Police-men's Benevolent Association realized \$34,000 by the recent annual benefit at the Auditorium.