

MORNING ENTERPRISE

OREGON CITY, OREGON

E. E. BRIDIE, Editor and Publisher.

Published at second-class matter January 8, 1911, at the post office at Oregon City, Oregon, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One Year, by mail, \$3.00; Three Months, by mail, \$1.00; Single Copies, 10c.

ADVERTISING RATES: First Page, per inch per week, \$1.00; Second Page, per inch per week, \$0.75; Third Page, per inch per week, \$0.50.

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place him in charge with the belief that he will another his competence to save them the necessity of another their own.

There are a thousand and one horrors in the world that men must face if they would receive their daily bread. The girls in the cheap factory that turned in New York recently were in the midst of one, and while it was not beneath the ground it might as well have been for all the chance there was for the saving of their lives. And there are thousands of others just as bad now that are still in operation today which should be given consideration very soon.

To the hygienic who has a good and wholesome place to work the mine looks the more dangerous of them all, and to promise the least in the matter of escape. Thousands of these mines should be made safe that are not now and perhaps never have been safe.

But while one is talking of lack of safety in mines he may as well take into consideration all places that have about them elements of extreme danger, and when a campaign is started at all let it be world-wide.

When once the consciousness has been reached there will not long remain these danger spots, steps should then be taken to quicken the public conscience.

WARREN, Wis., April 7.—Representative Woodell, who has just returned from a trip to Panama, says American planning a vacation who enjoy a sea voyage cannot do better than make a trip to Panama and witness the stupendous work being carried on for the purpose of linking the Atlantic and Pacific.

"If one makes the six-day ocean trip from New York," he says, "he may encounter a little rough weather—just enough to give one an ocean experience worth remembering—but the voyage is ordinarily restful and enjoyable.

"One cannot visit the Panama Canal Zone and view the work that is being done without feeling a justifiable pride in the fact that American genius, enterprise and energy have conquered the terrors of the isthmian climate, overcome the tremendous engineering difficulties and carried out the stupendous canal work in a spot where completion is daily in sight.

A visit to Panama brings some agreeable surprises, even to one who makes the trip with the expectation of finding conditions reasonably satisfactory. In the first place, the climate, particularly in the United States, is far from being oppressive hot, as most visitors expect to find it, and to one fresh from a Northern winter who dresses properly the climate is agreeable and pleasing.

"During our six days on the isthmus the mercury was never higher than 80 degrees. There was generally a good breeze, and at night in the open and well-ventilated houses of the tropics one was not entirely comfortable without a blanket.

Another surprise that one meets is the spirit and energy with which the work is being carried on. One naturally expects to find everyone moving at a deliberate and languid pace in the tropics.

"It is true that the natives move with much deliberation, that where hard work is being carried on with colored crews the pace of the laborer is exasperatingly deliberate, though steady, but the great portion of the work on the isthmus is being done with machinery, and where this is the case all hands have a lively gait which is not at all suggestive of the tropics.

The Gospel of Work. Sunday is Palm Sunday, and in the Congregational Sunday school the Bible

VACATION TO PANAMA TIME OF ONE'S LIFE

MANY RIGHTS TO SEE AND PLEASURES TO ENJOY ON THE ISTHMIUS.

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War Department Shows It Can Mobilize Troops In a Hurry

Photo Copyright by American Press Association.



Photo Copyright by American Press Association.

UNCLE SAM showed that he could become quite active for an old man when he suddenly decided that it would be well to hunt a lot of his soldier boys in Texas. "On to San Antonio! Double quick! March!" he ordered, and the soldiers obeyed. Twenty thousand armed men were in motion almost before they knew that they had been told to go. They did not know what they would do when they got to San Antonio, and they cared but little. They were to exchange the lay comforts of life in an army post for the activity of the field and the discomforts of a camp, but they were satisfied. Troops were ordered from every army post between the Atlantic and the Pacific. From New York and Philadelphia many of the regiments were sent by boat a part or all of the distance to the Texas coast. From other points the men went to the southwest by special trains. They carried with them their full equipment of arms and enough ball cartridges to do great execution if they were called on to use them. While they were taking passage on trains and boats and after they reached San Antonio the government officials at Washington were busy explaining what the movement meant and did not mean. What was at first said to be merely a "maneuver" was afterward said to be part of a plan of properly patrolling the Mexican frontier to prevent the violation of the neutrality laws, Mexico having presented that the insurgents were using Texas as a base of supplies. Then Mexico protested again at the presence of so many troops along the frontier and at the sending of so many warships to the vicinity of the Mexican coast. It was said that such a demonstration caused a wrong impression in Europe and did much harm to Mexico. The pictures show the arrival of supplies and troops heading the U. S. S. Prairie at Philadelphia.

will be called Decision Day, as many of the young people as feel inclined being urged to take a stand as to future living. In the evening L. D. Keenan, of Portland, will speak, his subject being the "Gospel of Work."

WILL TEST RICE. A plot of ground will be set aside and seeded artificially. The points especially to be tested are the adaptability of rice to the climatic conditions of the State and to the soil.

COFFEE, OR, April 7.—An experiment in rice-growing will be undertaken in the near future by the experts of the experiment station and college. This work will be carried on in conjunction with C. E. Cambria, of the United States Bureau of Plant Industry, who has been in conference with the college authorities during the past two or three days for the purpose of determining what would be advisable in the way of experiments in this State. It was decided that the college authorities make experiments with about 20 varieties of rice, which have been found to grow luxuriantly in California.

A plot of ground will be set aside and seeded artificially. The points especially to be tested are the adaptability of rice to the climatic conditions of the State and to the soil.

WANTED—Small advertisements for this column. Prices very reasonable. See rates at head of column.

CREATED BY FRIENDS WHOM SHE DELIGHTS

KATE WISNER McCLUSKEY PRESENTS "MODERN MADONNA" WITH PLEASING EFFECT.

Mrs. Kate Wisner McCluskey, who is spending her Easter vacation in this city as a guest of her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Wisner, gave a lyric reading in the Congregational church Friday evening. Mrs. McCluskey is a teacher in the Common School of Orono, in Los Angeles, and is away from her duties for a short rest and to visit her brother and his family and give her reading to answer to the solicitations of friends here who had a desire to hear her.

Mrs. McCluskey gave as her program for the evening, "The Modern Madonna." This is one of the subjects which has much to interest the reader as well as the listener, and Mrs. McCluskey is thus enabled to get the best dramatic effect.

At the entertainment Friday evening Mrs. McCluskey was at her best and her audience was well pleased with her interpretation of the selection. It was given with great good taste and the interpretation was one rich in the many new visions that were presented by the reader. The audience was well pleased and gave repeated manifestations of this fact. There was a good attendance and those present were people who were present to profit by the reading.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Back of Movement to Secure Arbitration Treaties All Nations.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The New York Chamber of Commerce will send to Congress and to the President copies of resolutions recently passed by that body urging the negotiation "with Great Britain, France and other leading nations," of arbitration treaties. The resolutions use the words of "President Taft referring to treaties, 'such as shall establish positive agreements of amicable by the adjudication of an international arbitral in every issue which cannot be settled by negotiation, no matter what it involves, whether honor, territory or money.'"

The resolutions further put the Chamber on record as in favor of such treaties, because it holds them to be a necessary step toward a reduction in the size and cost of National armaments, and because such a reduction is imperatively demanded for the relief of heavy burdens and the elimination of causes of widespread social unrest.

PALM SUNDAY SERVICES. Special Music and Exercises at the Baptist Church Next Sabbath. Palm Sunday will be observed at the Baptist church next Sunday. The choir will sing Palm Sunday music and Pastor Hayworth will preach a sermon in the morning on the "Triumphs of Christianity." In the evening the service will be for the special

Are You A Money Saver?

Most every one expects to be a money saver some time. Some expect to save when their income is larger; others plan to save when their expenses are less. People who wait until they are without effort rarely begin to save; they wake up some day filled with regrets because of the opportunities they have missed.

The moral is: Begin regular saving at this bank NOW; whatever the income, make the savings a little less and save the difference. It's a simple matter to start a savings account here.

The Bank of Oregon City

D. C. LATOURETTE President F. J. MYERS, Cashier

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of OREGON CITY, OREGON

CAPITAL \$200,000.00 Transacts a General Banking Business. Open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

R. W. & R. S. Ward MACHINISTS

We do general repairing. Broken machinery made to do as new work as new. Experts with gasoline engines. Phones: Main 2094, Home 100.

109 FOURTH STREET OREGON CITY.

Garage and Repair Shop ELLIOTT & PARK

5th Street between Main and S. P. R. R. Automobiles for Hire Day or Night Gun and Locksmiths General Repairing Brazing and Vulcanizing Agents for Columbia, Hartford and Flyer BICYCLES Repair Work Guaranteed Pacific Phone 2022 Home 112

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benefit of the Woodman orders. The Modern Woodmen will come in a body and special invitations have been sent personally to the members of the Woodmen of the World.

The Williamsville Juvenile band will accompany the Modern Woodmen from the hall to the church. An elaborate program of music is being prepared for the evening service and Rev. S. A. Hayworth will deliver a special sermon entitled, "Woodman Spare That Tree."

Depot at Clairmont Acreage. The Clackamas Southern Railway will run across the back corner of Clairmont acreage, owned by Schooley & Co. The depot—which they feel certain will be located near the acreage—will be on the corner of the property owned by them and its location on the acreage will come near making the back end the front end of the acreage.

We guarantee Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve to cure common sore eyes in 24 to 36 hours. This seems strange, but it is backed by our guarantee. You run no risk and it only costs 25c. Geo. A. Harding, Druggist.

REAL ESTATE.

James and Martha Neely to Ellen M. Rockwood, lot 21, Rockwood Acres; \$1200.

Ellen M. Rockwood to James and Martha Neely, lots 11, 12, 13, block 10, Arden ward; \$1200.

N. H. Wester to James W. and Elizabeth Berry, 10 acres of Joseph Scott D. L. C., townships 1 and 2 south, range 2 east; \$1. James W. and Elizabeth Berry to W. E. McCord, 10 acres of sections 2, 4, 33, 34, townships 1 and 2 south, range 2 east; \$1.

George A. and Zina Gerry to Mount Hood Land Company, southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 25, township 1 south, range 5 east; \$10.

M. and Rose Abrams to Alberta May Diaber, 6.50 acres of Fruitdale; \$5000.

Rosa and Fred Karlen to Emma Viola Sellwood, 42.50 acres of Lot Whitcomb D. L. C.; \$1.

Emma Viola Sellwood to John Garbarino, land in Milwaukie; \$1.

W. T. and Ada Smith to Frank B. Smith, 10 acres of section 2, township 4 south, range 4 east; \$1.

Albert G. Hedger et al to Charles and May Ladd, undivided 2-4 of lots 14, 15, block 15, Gladstone; \$220.

Gilbert Hedger to Charles and May Ladd, 1-4 interest of lots 14, 15, block 15, Gladstone; \$1.

H. D. and Mary A. Brady to Nancy J. Brooks, 1 acre of Lot Whitcomb D. L. C., township 1 south, range 1 east; \$3500.

Herbert E. and Claire Judge to Hendee Brothers, land in Clackamas county; \$1.

Hendee Brothers to Herbert E. Judge and Claire Judge, land in Henderson Luelling D. L. C.; \$1.

B. T. Mon by Administrator to James Rivers, lot 4, block "C," Clackamas Heights; \$1.

LATEST MARKETS

Oregon City Markets. Markets, as a general thing, are slowly moving downwards. Part of this comes from the fact that the new crop of certain foods is being harvested in the southlands. Other commodities will soon be supplanted by new crops, or are losing the good qualities that they possess and must be soon marketed, if at all, causing

the price to fall. Thus, taking the market as a whole, there is an outlook off in prices and in some cases it is quite noticeable.

APPLES—Good stock is scarce and high, prices ranging from \$1 to \$1.50. Local stock is nearly gone and the Hood River product is reduced to a few varieties. Few good apples are left in the local market.

POTATOES—Market is a little of from last report, in demand it is in price. Real good potatoes are scarce and bring \$1 to \$1.25, while good ones do not command \$1 to a \$1.25. There are not enough being offered in large quantities. The California product is off, 15c a hundred, 20 cars only in one day and demoralizing the market. Local stock pretty well sold off; a few with choice stock holding for a rise.

VEGETABLES—Little change since last report; onions are a little higher in price but other vegetables remain about the same. Onions 75c, turnips and carrots 75c to \$1 sack, parsnips \$1 to \$1.25 sack, cabbage 10c, peas 10c, green beans 10c, cauliflower 10c, lettuce 10c, radishes 10c, asparagus 10c to 15c, Mexican tomatoes 10c pound.

WHEAT—Prices in the local market show an advance of 10 to 15c in bushel. Chicago and Eastern markets are lower. Holders here want the price and the local price is 40 to 45c above the exporting price. Local holders are paying 85c to 90c for the bushel.

HAY—Is very weak and little demand. Those who have it want to get it well protected want to get it at \$4.50. In feed the tendency is toward lower level. Clover \$8 to \$10, alfalfa \$11 to \$12, timothy \$15 and \$16. Alfalfa commands \$18 to \$20.

OATS—Dealers buying for shipment to meet the demand in the old country. Gray \$25, white \$25.50 to \$26. The market is weak and unsettled.

BUTTER—Very weak and country only commanding from 16c to 20c, creamery always stiff and commanding 20c to 25c now. The market is only paying from 16c to 18c. Choice dairy will bring 20c to 25c.

EGGS—Prices about the same with demand about equaling the supply. Quotation at 19c dozen.

POULTRY—Prices are somewhat higher and the demand good. Hens bring 16c, roosters 15c, young chickens and mixed chickens 15c to 16c. Eggs doing in larger fowls.

MEATS—Veal, dressed, is bringing 16c to 17c, hogs 8c and 10c, and big demand for mutton that market fluctuate according to what is offered.

HIDES—Green 5c pound, salted 6c to 7c each, dry hides 15c to 14c, sheep 10c to 7c each.

WOOL—Brings 16c to 18c per mohair 25c to 30c.

DRIED FRUITS—Evaporated apples 6c and 7c, sun dried 5c, prunes 6c and 7c.

SALT—Selling 60c to 70c per 50 lb. sack, half ground 50c to 60c per 100 lb. sacks.

The Kind That STANDS OUT

GLOSSY HANDSOME STATIONERY

Our New Steel Die Embossing Machine IS THE THING

Oregon City ENTERPRISE

In the front rank of the ART PRESERVATIVE

PRINTING BOOKBINDING LOOSE-LEAF SYSTEMS

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Millions Yet to Die In China From Plague

By Professor SHIBASBURO KITASALO, Discoverer of the Plague Bacillus.

I AM of the opinion that the PLAGUE EPIDEMIC IS ONLY IN ITS INFANCY and that its ravages will be terrible.

There could be no more auspicious breeding ground for the plague in these days than is China.

THE SANITARY AND HYGIENIC CONDITIONS OF CHINA TODAY ARE ABOUT ON A PAR WITH THOSE OF EUROPE DURING THE THIRTEENTH AND FOURTEENTH CENTURIES, WHEN THE AWFUL RAVAGES OF THE BLACK DEATH ARE KNOWN TO HAVE CARRIED OFF AT LEAST A QUARTER OF THE ENTIRE POPULATION.

THESE FIGURES RUN INTO TENS OF MILLIONS. WHAT GROUND, THEN, HAVE WE FOR SUPPOSING THAT CHINA WILL FARE MUCH BETTER THAN DID THE EUROPE OF THAT DAY?

The measures which MUST be taken if the plague is to be fought with any prospect of ULTIMATE VICTORY are precisely those which the Chinese authorities have no adequate means of taking.

A vital and an indispensable factor is COMPETENT MEDICAL INSPECTION, so that at the very sign of the disease instant quarantine measures may be taken.

Let us imagine the case of a family of seven persons one member of which is found to have contracted genuine lung or bubonic plague. The patient must instantly be CONVEYED TO A PROPERLY EQUIPPED PLAGUE HOSPITAL and the other members of the family isolated.

These six must each be given an injection of twenty cubic centimeters of the plague serum. The effect of this treatment is immediate.

That is to say, even if the plague bacilli have gained access to these six, provided no external symptoms have declared themselves, the injection will neutralize their operation and the bacilli will speedily perish.

DO YOU WANT ANYTHING . . .

Try the Classified Columns of the MORNING ENTERPRISE

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