

Crook County Journal

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New Parcels Post Law Effective Jan. 1

Postmaster Ledford says that he has everything in readiness to carry out the mandates of the new parcels post law that goes into effect January 1. The new law provides:

"That hereafter fourth-class mail matter, including farm and factory products, not now embraced by law in either the first, second or third class, not exceeding 11 pounds in weight, nor greater in size than 72 inches in length and girth combined, nor in form or kind likely to injure the person of any postal employe or damage the mail equipment or other mail matter and not of a character perishable within a period reasonably required for transportation and delivery.

"That for the purpose of this section the United States and its several territories and possessions, excepting the Philippine Islands, shall be divided into units of area 30 miles square, identical with a quarter of the area formed by the intersecting parallels of latitude and meridians of longitude represented on appropriate postal maps or plans, and such units of area shall be the basis of eight postal zones as follows:

"On all matter mailed at the postoffice from which a rural route starts, for delivery on such route, or mailed on any point of such route for delivery at any other point thereon, or any rural route starting therefrom, and all matter mailed at a city carrier office, or at any point within its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office, or at any office for local delivery, five cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 1 cent for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the first zone, 50 miles, 5 cents; for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 3 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery in the second zone, 50 to 100 miles, 6 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 4 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the third zone, 150 miles to 300 miles, 7 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and five cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the fourth zone, 300 miles to 600 miles, 8 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 6 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the fifth zone, 600 miles to 1000 miles, 9 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 7 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For deliver within the sixth zone, 1000 miles to 1400, 10 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 9 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the seventh zone, 1400 miles to 1800 miles 11

cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 10 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

"For delivery within the eighth zone, all over 1800 miles, and between the Philippine Islands and any portion of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the several territories and possessions, 12 cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and 12 cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

Under the new parcel post law, which goes into effect January 1, 1913, fourth-class matter will be mailable only under the new parcel post regulations, and packages presented for mailing which do not meet the new requirements will be treated as unmailable. Some of the more important provisions of these new regulations are shown herewith:

Rates of postage on packages weighing not more than four ounces are the same as at present. Packages weighing more than four ounces take new parcel post pound rates, which are arranged according to distance carried.

Distinctive parcel post stamps must be used, and packages mailed with ordinary postage stamps will be treated as unmailable. The parcel post stamps will not be good for postage on other classes of mail matter.

Sender's name and address must appear on all packages. Postmasters are directed to treat as unmailable parcels presented for mailing on which this information is not clearly given.

Seeds, cuttings, bulbs, scions, plants, etc., are mailable only at the rate of 1 cent for each two ounces without regard to distance carried. Weight limit is increased to 11 pounds. Special parcel post stamps must be used.

Printed matter, books, etc., are not mailable under new parcel post regulations, but must go as third class matter at present rate of 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction without regard to distance. Parcel post stamps not good for postage on this class of matter.

Unmailable—Live animals, live live poultry, spiritous liquors, vinous and malt liquors, explosives, articles liable to injure the mails or persons handling the same.

Liquids other than those shown in paragraph 7 as unmailable may be accepted for local delivery only when it is unnecessary to transport them over steam or electric railways. Liquids may be sent to any destination when mailed in glass bottles containing not more than 12 ounces, such bottles to be incased in a block or tube surrounded with sufficient absorbent material to take up the contents of the bottle if broken.

Insured—Parcels may be insured up to \$50 in value for a fee of 10 cents.

Teachers Hold a Social Session

Last Friday morning the county courtroom was the scene of much interest when the teachers who were taking the December examination assembled early to get better acquainted and to find out how many states were represented.

These teachers were from Massachusetts on the east to Oregon on the west and from New York on the north to Missouri on the south, with one representative from Manchester, England.

After half an hour spent in pleasant conversation the teachers divided into groups representing their different states and each group claimed certain honors for its state.

Mr. Eldridge claimed to be the lone pilgrim from Massachusetts, while others gave many interesting and humorous short speeches.

Mr. Ford then presented Mr. Tetlow of Manchester, England, and Mr. Eldridge of Boston with the prize—a bag of candy. This was distributed among those present.

One third of these teachers have been in Crook County less than six months and only six have been in the county longer than three years. There were only six Oregonians in the group.

Dr. Winship of Boston, who recently traveled through many parts of Oregon in the interest of education, was much surprised to find State Superintendent Alderman so successful in introducing so many reforms into our state system of education but after attending the teachers' annual institute in Prineville and learning of the many states represented, he said he ceased to wonder at Oregon's progress in education for these teachers were not bound down with traditions or with cut and dried ways of doing things but were ready and willing to try out and adopt the newer and better ways of teaching.

Following is a list of the teachers with their home states:

Massachusetts: W. H. Eldridge, New York: Floyd Kilts, Miss Christian.

Iowa: Glenn H. Slack, Ida M. Anderson, Miss Kimmell, Lorena Andrus.

Tennessee: S. P. Burgess, Lee B. Franklin.

Indiana: C. T. Lewark, Lelia Cochran.

Illinois: F. H. Pinkstaff, Naud Mastin.

Michigan: Erva Burdick, Ruth Hawley.

Wisconsin: Bessie McFarlane, Ellen Telfer, Goldie Telfer.

Missouri: Lillie Arensmeier, S. W. Robinson, DeWitt Williams, Z. T. Gideon, Richard R. Lawrence, C. L. McCarthy.

Kansas: Mrs. Della Nichols.

Wyoming: Elias Payne.

Washington: Ellen M. Crawford, Miss Teegarden, H. W. Hayden, Clara Bliss, Frances Williams.

Oregon: Mrs. L. C. Peck, Lulu Montgomery, Frances Langford, Floyd E. Waite, Ruth Langford, Clarine Taylor.

England, Manchester: George Tetlow.

Christmas Cantata at the M. E. Church

The Methodist church was crowded last Sunday evening to hear the Christmas cantata "The Star of the East." The beautiful story was told in song and was enjoyed by those present. The parts taken by Mrs. Coe were especially good. The music was delayed two weeks and several singers on whom Mrs. Coe had depended were unable to help. However she made the most of everything and deserves much credit for the production of this cantata.

School Entertainment a Great Success

Last Thursday evening the Prineville public schools gave an excellent entertainment. Superintendent Myers said they had to send all over the United States to get suitable material, and after enjoying the excellent program no one doubted that much work and careful planning had been done.

Every seat in the Club Hall was taken long before the program began. Many extra seats were provided, and even then a large number had to stand.

The rope jumping, with their pretty decorated ropes went through several exercises, keeping time with the piano.

The "brownies" with their characteristic suits did their part well.

The recitations by the little folks were all excellent. The motion songs with their characteristic costumes and gestures were all good.

Both the pantomime and the comedy were humorous and the parts were well acted. The little Hollanders with their wooden shoes sang in their native tongue and were perfectly at home in their dancing. The family is but recently from Holland.

The boys handled their Indian clubs well and the "sunflower boys" were unusually good.

The "butterfly drill" was the most artistic and dainty number on the program.

The Yamma-Yama girls in costume gave an appropriate finish to this program.

The parents and citizens of Prineville are much indebted to Prof. Myers and his teachers for the excellent training and high grade of work they are doing for our boys and girls.

The receipts for this entertainment were \$109.35.

Hampton a Thrifty Little Settlement

Two and one-half years ago there was only one house in what is now the thriving little settlement of Hampton. At that time Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Peck, with seven other families, left Portland to make their fortunes in Central Oregon. Each family took a homestead of 320 acres and went to work.

One of the first things they did was to organize a Sunday school in a tent. They have missed but two Sundays during this period, and now have a thriving Sunday school with three classes—men's, women and children. They hold their meetings in the school house and have a piano.

The schoolhouse was built by the men of the neighborhood who donated their work. The women papered the building and furnished it with hand-made benches and tables of their own make.

A short time ago six of the settlers went together and drilled a well on L. C. Peck's place. This well is 160 feet deep and furnishes plenty of water for these families. They expect soon to have a wind mill.

At the present time there are thirty houses in Hampton, one good store and a lumber yard which gives work to a good many men.

Mrs. L. C. Peck is teaching the school this year and says that the people of Hampton are as happy, contented and refined as one could find anywhere. The spirit of co-operation and thrift is the dominant factor in this community.

For Sale or Trade.
One Holmes Business College Scholarship, value \$75. Student must enter before January 1, 1913. Inquire of Mrs. J. C. Breeding, 12-12 2c

Accidental Shooting at Warm Springs

Miss McLean, the assistant matron at the Warm Springs Indian Agency, was accidentally shot and killed Monday afternoon by Brown, the assistant farmer.

Drs. Edwards and Hyde were hurriedly summoned to Warm Springs late Monday afternoon by the accidental shooting of the assistant matron. The fatal bullet struck her just below the nose and ranged upward, lodging under the scalp. It could be felt under the skin.

The assistant farmer had just taken a bath at the home of the superintendent and was going from the bathroom to the livingroom when the accident happened. He

had entered the livingroom in which were seated Superintendent Hall, Miss McLean and several others, when an automatic revolver carried by Brown fell to the floor and immediately exploded. The fatal bullet caught Miss McLean under the nose, as above stated. She died instantly. She was 35 years of age and had been employed at the agency for some time.

Brown, the assistant farmer, is nearly prostrated with grief. He is a man about 40 years of age; is married and has a family.

A coroner's jury was empaneled and after hearing the evidence brought in a verdict of accidental shooting.

Will Keep Open House New Years

The ladies of the Annex will be at home to their friends and the members of the Commercial Club at the club rooms on New Year's afternoon. All members are requested to invite guests, especially those who are strangers in Prineville.

Following is the program and the committees for the afternoon:

From 2 to 3—
Violin Duet—Mrs. Edwards and Miss Williams.

Vocal Solo—Mrs. Rosenberg.
Mrs. Douglas and Mr. Glaze will preside at the piano.

From 3 to 4—
Vocal Solo—Mrs. Adams.
Trombone Solo—Mr. Smith.

Duet—Mrs. Elkins and Mrs. Coe.
Music by Luckey's Orchestra.

From 4 to 5—
Apollo Quartet.
Piano Solo—Mrs. Frank Foster.

Mrs. Edwards and Miss Noble will preside at the piano.

Reception committees—
From 2 to 2:40—

Mrs. Edwards, Miss Gitchel, Mrs. L. E. Jordan, Miss Crooks, Mrs. L. A. Booth.

From 2:40 to 3:30—
Mrs. Belknap, Miss Baldwin, Mrs. Pollard, Mrs. Kayler.

From 3:30 to 4:10—
Mesdames Chas. Elkins, Wm. Wigle, Joseph Lister, Frank Elkins.

From 4:10 to 5—
Mesdames D. F. Stewart, Frank Foster, John Wigle, Claude Smith.

Executive committee—
Misses Gitchel, Cassidy, Engdahl, Hubbard; Evans, Mesdames Elliott and Grav.

The Cline Falls
Power Site

F. T. Hurlburt, president of the Condon National Bank and one of the owners of Cline Falls power site, was in Redmond last week. Mr. Hurlburt came over from Condon to look after local interests. He was one of the first men to develop land in this section of Crook county, having purchased the Cline Falls property from Dr. C. A. Cline, in 1901. The power site has recently been leased to George Jacobs, who will furnish electricity to Redmond and Prineville, furnish power and pump water for irrigation purposes to the Cline Falls ranch. It is the intention of Mr. Hurlburt to irrigate seven hundred acres on the ranch and utilize it for stock feeding.

When asked by a reporter if he had sold the Cline Falls property,

Mr. Hurlburt replied that they had not. "We have leased a portion of the property to Mr. George Jacobs, of Portland." He said "the entire ranch of about 1300 acres was sold to the Crook County Water Light & Power Company, but this Fall the company and I came to an agreement whereby the property reverted to us. Since then we have made this deal with Mr. Jacobs. His lease is for a long time and covers, beside the land along the river bank, including the power site, the pumping and power generating machinery, which is already installed. There is now between 300 horsepower developed at the falls. And in addition to this we have Mr. Jacobs' agreement to make improvements that will develop about twice the amount. Part of the consideration of the lease is that we are to have lights and power for the ranch, and Mr. Jacobs is to pump sufficient water to irrigate seven hundred acres on the ranch without any cost to us."

The Cline Falls ranch offers one of the most desirable stock feeding propositions in the state. In common with all the Redmond country, it is within easy reach of the Portland market. There is almost no shrinkage caused in stock by shipping from here to the Portland yards. The soil on this particular ranch is unusually deep and rich; there are already about 250 acres in grass. The ranch is located near the Cascade forest reserve and directly on the road between pasture, and the pasture on the 'desert' east. In addition to this, it has the oldest, and therefore the best, water right on the Deschutes river. The wheel at Cline Falls was the first to be turned by the waters of the Deschutes, now famous almost the world over for its wonderful irrigation and power possibilities.

Mr. Hurlburt left for Condon Sunday morning after conferring with Mr. Jacobs here Saturday night.—Oregon Hub.

Cattle Bring Good Price

Last week M. R. Biggs sold 22 head of cattle in the Portland market for \$7.65 a hundred. At the same time Ed Slayton sold two carloads of cattle. For one carload he received \$7.50 and for the other \$7.35. The top price paid that day was \$7.90. While the Prineville shippers did not get the highest price, yet everything considered the compensation received was fairly satisfactory. When stock can be shipped at Prineville much of the loss in shrinkage can be saved the grower.

Situation Wanted.

By man and wife, both thoroughly experienced, work on a ranch where there are no women or children. Address F. E. Worrell, Oregon Hotel, Prineville. 12-19 1tp

Lost

Dark bay mare, weight 1200 pounds, brand three bars on right hip, another brand on left, shod, mane roached, short tail, star in forehead, chunky built. Reward. Write Walter M. Brown Fort Rock, Ore. 11-14-lmp

For Sale or Trade—Woodsaw, as cheap as dirt. Can be seen working. Chas. F. Conard. 11-28

Maurine Face Preparations

Sold and guaranteed by Olds, Workman & King, Portland, Oregon. Call for a Free Facial Treatment at the home of Mrs. O. G. Claypool, local agent. Phone orders promptly delivered. 12-12

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Central Oregon Livestock & Agricultural Association will be held on the first Monday in January, 1913, at Commercial Club Hall, Prineville, Oregon, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. 12-12-3t J. F. CADLE, secretary.