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THE SANCTIFIED SECT.

Religious Movement That Has Found Favor in Tacoma.

THE WOMEN PURIFIED BY GOD.

Married Women Renounce Their Husbands Until They Shall be Sanctified, and Matrimonial Infidelity Result—Other Pacific Coast News.

TACOMA.—Mrs. G. W. Gallagher, wife of the pastor of the Atkinson Memorial Congregational Church of Old Tacoma, is the leader of a new religious sect.

A number of women, principally married, have renounced their husbands and men generally, unless the latter have become sanctified, as the women believe themselves purified by God and sanctified beyond the touch of unrepentant mankind.

The movement has met with sufficient popularity among married and unmarried women and a few men to warrant the leaders in erecting a hall to discuss the subject of universal sanctification, which they consider an important one in a higher civilization and ethics.

As a result of adhering to the spirit of the principles of the new sect there are reported several matrimonial infidelities, regarding which Mrs. Gallagher says that if either the husband or the wife is sanctified and the other is not they cannot get along together. It is currently reported that Rev. Mr. Gallagher is displeased with the new sect's plans and would seek a divorce.

SENT TO STOCKTON.

Many Witnesses Affirm Jake Rudolph's Insanity.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Jake Rudolph, who attempted to kill the business manager of the Chronicle on the 7th instant, has been committed to the Stockton Insane Asylum as the result of the examination before Superior Judge Levy and the Insanity Commissioners. There was no attempt to interpose a defense, and the consensus of testimony established beyond question that Rudolph was insane, and that his mental condition was of hereditary origin. Chris Buckley testified that he had known him for twenty years, during the greater part of which time Rudolph had been his clerk and companion. The ex-convict recalled the occasional fits of melancholia which threatened to kill others and then himself. Buckley testified that Rudolph was insane, as well as dangerous to the community. J. B. Elliot, whom Rudolph tried to shoot, testified that he did not know the man and had never seen him before the assault. Leonard Rudolph, a brother of Jake Rudolph, testified that he believed his brother was insane, and that he had been committed to the asylum at Stockton, with the provision that should his reason be restored he must be turned over to the San Francisco authorities for trial upon the charge of assault with intent to commit murder.

SMUGGLING STEAMER.

The Strange Craft That Hovers About Monterey Bay.

PACIFIC GROVE, CAL.—Belated pedestrians who were on the railroad track that lines the beach near Chinatown the other night were considerably amazed at seeing through the thick fog the distinct outlines of a small steamer. Being so near the shore and among some of the most dangerous rocks in this vicinity, they came to the conclusion that the boat was a smuggler. The helmsman evidently knew the line and outs of the bay, as no vessel could approach so near the dangerous shore without being in great peril. No lights could be discerned by the men on shore. She had evidently been there some time, as men on the shore were seen by those on the steamer the vessel was put about and made straight for the open sea. This is the second occurrence of this kind in this neighborhood, as on the 28th of March last some railroad hands saw what appeared by their description to be the same boat that attempted landing the other night. Monterey Bay is the best harbor on the coast for smugglers, and at times they have been captured here; but since the fifty Chinamen landed near here by the Halcion were taken into custody the smugglers have been cautious. Some weeks ago several customhouse officials were at Pacific Grove, and since then a close watch has been kept by their orders, and some interesting developments are looked for.

TWO AGAINST ONE.

Decision of the Court in a Midwinter Fair Dispute.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The suit of Concessionaire C. F. Hall against the Midwinter Fair management has been decided in favor of the latter. Hall claimed that in Chicago he bought the exclusive right to exhibit gold and silver plating at the Midwinter Fair. He paid \$500 for the privilege, and a \$1,200 booth. After he was in working time he discovered that three other people at the fair were in the same line of business. Hall demanded that their privileges should be revoked. The management refused to do this, and Hall brought suit for an injunction. The whole case rested on his application papers. Hall said he had been unable to get them from the management. The management declared that they were "lost." In consequence testimony had to be offered to show that they contained. Hall swore they granted him the "exclusive" privilege, and pointed to his receipt to show that he would not have paid the money had he not got an exclusive right. Messrs. De Young and Connelley swore that Hall had not been granted the "exclusive" privilege.

BRYAN'S CANAL BILL.

Provisions Made for an Immediate Working Capital.

GREAT INNOVATION INTRODUCED.

Plan for the Completion of the Nicaragua Canal by This Government by a New System of Financing—Some Features of Morgan's Product.

WASHINGTON.—A plan for the completion of the Nicaragua canal by this government by a new system of financing has been introduced in the House by its author, Mr. Bryan of Nebraska. While some features of Senator Morgan's product are repeated, a great innovation is brought forward by provisions intended to increase the circulating medium of the country, paying for the stock of the canal company by an issue of legal-tender notes modeled after the greenbacks of 1862. The plan is designed so as to meet favor from the anti-bond men. According to the bill the stock of the canal company is to consist of 1,000 shares of \$100 each, for which legal United States notes identical in character to those issued under the act of February, 1862, are to be issued, redeemable to the same extent and same manner as those of 1862. The Secretary of the Treasury is to purchase \$70,000,000 of the stock of the company and pay for it at par by the issue of the notes described, which are to be kept in circulation as a part of the currency of the country. Six millions of the capital stock is to be loaned to the government of Nicaragua, \$500,000 to Costa Rica, and the remaining \$23,500,000 is to be held in the Treasury until the government decides whether to purchase it or permit it to be sold by subscription, except an amount not to exceed \$7,000,000, to be used by the company in taking up its outstanding stock. Provision is made for an immediate issue of \$2,000,000 as a working capital and the issue of the remainder in quarterly installments as may be necessary to carry on the work of construction.

FIGHTING SMALLPOX.

Extra Precautions Taken by the Chicago Authorities.

CHICAGO.—Mayor Hopkins and Health Commissioner Reynolds have issued a joint proclamation requiring all persons in the city who have not been vaccinated to have that operation performed within ten days under penalty of prosecution under a city ordinance providing a fine of not less than \$3 nor more than \$25 for failure. Those who cannot afford to pay for vaccination will be treated free. The Commissioner has put 100 men on the rolls. They consist mainly of physicians and senior medical students, and will be used as vaccinators. The force of men investigating daily the "sweat shops" twenty-five others were added, making the total force fifty. The health officials have secured a lumber kiln in which to fumigate clothing. This will be useful in the fumigation of clothing taken from "sweat shops." On account of the prevalence of the disease the City Collector has temporarily refused licenses to junk dealers.

LOVE HAS FOREVER FLED.

Lillian Russell and Signor Pergoli Agree to Separate.

NEW YORK.—Lillian Russell and her husband, Signor Pergoli, who is known in private life as John Chatterton, have separated forever and aye. This announcement, which is made positively on the authority of no less a person than Miss Russell herself, will be a big surprise to the public, as the memory of her marriage to her fellow-singer, not quite four months ago, is not yet faded, but to those who are intimate with Miss Russell and her husband it will come only as the logical result of their difference in temperament, which became pronounced a few days after the strange Sunday morning ceremony performed by a Hoboken Justice of the Peace. For to their relatives and others close to them the songbirds made no secret of their sad discovery that their hearts, unlike their voices, were not attuned and never could be.

LABOR IN OREGON.

A Statement From the American Protective Tariff League.

WASHINGTON.—The American Protective Tariff League has prepared a statement showing the condition of labor in Oregon. From 140 different reports in thirty-five different towns it is shown that the total average number of hands employed in 1892 was 3,848. In 1893 there were 3,021, and in 1894, 1,512. This was a decrease in 1893 of 21 per cent, and in 1894 of 60 per cent. Sixty-six reports were received from Portland, showing 2,589 hands employed in 1892 and 1,154 in 1894. The statement says the deplorable condition in Oregon is not confined to any one industry, but extends to grain-storing, flour mills, agricultural implements, sheep and wool, furniture, hardware, lumber, iron and steel building, etc. The details of the depression from all sections of the State are given.

Death of a Recluse.

DENVER.—Mrs. H. M. Kerr of North Fifteenth street, Philadelphia, and J. J. Munn of Chicago, the sister and nephew of Hiram J. Brendlinger, are heirs to over \$500,000 by his death. Brendlinger was a bachelor, and was found dead in bed recently. He owned a large amount of unmortgaged property in the center of the city. Munn was formerly with the Colorado National Bank of Denver and afterward with the First National Bank of Helena. He is now in Chicago. Brendlinger was 74 years old, and for ten years has been a recluse. He was a California argonaut, came to Colorado in 1850 and was second Mayor of Denver in 1864.

Locusts in Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK.—Reports come from all over the State that locusts are abundant, and many fruit growers are making anxious inquiries regarding their destructive habits and their probable damage to fruit and crops.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NEWS.

A bill to provide for coinage at the branch mint at Denver, Col., has been introduced in the House by Pence. It appropriates \$500,000 for the construction of the necessary plant.

Representative Wilson of Washington is prepared to show that the House cut of the Apache Indian appropriation from \$125,000 to \$60,000 will necessitate a reduction next year of 1,000,000 pounds of beef and 20,000 pounds of flour. It is his opinion this cut is likely to lead to trouble with the Apaches. It will also be shown that the Indian police service will be made inefficient by the proposed cut and the Indian schools crippled. There are many other specific items likely to cause an uprising among the Indians.

Senator Squire has offered an amendment to the river and harbor bill providing for the Seattle canal in a new form, as follows: "Dredging Shilshole Bay and Salmon Bay and improvement of the waterway connecting the waters of Puget Sound at Salmon Bay with Lewis and Clark River by enlarging the waterway into a ship canal, with necessary locks and appliances in connection therewith, \$250,000." He has offered an amendment of \$25,000 for dredging Everett harbor, including the mouth of Snohomish river and Snohomish river from its mouth to Lowell.

Among the serious charges Secretary Herbert is investigating on the coast-defense ship Monterey at San Francisco is one relating to the virtual running of hydraulic turbines, which contain the big twelve-inch rifles of that ship's battery. It is understood that on the recent sea cruise of the ship during practice firing of the guns it was thought by the officer in charge that the hydraulic machinery for taking up the recoil needed modification. One of the machinists of the ship was ordered to take out the plungers and reduce their diameter a quarter to half an inch. The plungers were reduced one-quarter, and when the guns were fired again the water naturally rushed past the plungers with very little resistance, and every pipe and joint connected with the apparatus burst, flooding the turret and necessitating repairs which will consume several weeks.

All but the final step has been taken in the admission of Utah as a State of the Union. A favorable report on the bill has been made to the Senate by Faulkner, Chairman of the Committee on Territories. It is provided that the election for a constitutional convention shall be held the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1894; that this convention shall meet the first Monday in March, 1895, and that the constitution framed by this convention and the election of State officers under it and members of the State Legislature shall take place the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1895. The constitution framed by this convention and the election of State officers under it and members of the State Legislature shall take place the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1895. The constitution framed by this convention and the election of State officers under it and members of the State Legislature shall take place the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1895.

Attorney-General Olney has rendered an opinion in which he holds the settlement made by Secretaries Windom and Foster with the North American Lumber Company, by which the government for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892 received a less rental both as to the bonus and the rental per skin than was originally agreed upon, was illegal and therefore is not binding upon the present Secretary. This reduced rental and tax was accepted because the company had not been permitted to take the full number of skins ordinarily specified in the lease as a limit. In view of this decision the Secretary has made a formal demand upon the company for the full amount of rent and per skin tax for the year 1893, and has referred to the Attorney-General for such action as he may deem advisable the matter of collecting from the company the full amount due from the previous years. The whole amount claimed is \$230,000, of which \$22,000 is on account of the 1893 catch.

The legislative and judicial appropriation bill has been completed by the Appropriation Committee. It carries the salaries of all the government officers for the coming year. The whole amount recommended in the bill is \$21,081,823, being a reduction under the estimates of \$1,208,887 and a reduction under the appropriation act of the current year of \$766,190. The whole number of salaries especially provided for in the bill is 10,110, being 363 less than the number provided for in the law for the current year. The reorganization of the Treasury Department on the basis recommended by the Dockery commission is a feature of the bill. It reduces the Treasury force 185, and reduces expenses \$230,080. Another new feature of the bill is the provision for printing 10,000 copies of the rebellion records, both of the Union and Confederate navies, to be apportioned among Senators and members and then distributed to libraries. The appointment by the Secretary of the Treasury of a chief of the revenue cutter service is provided for. The item for sugar inspectors, heretofore in the bill, has been dropped, as the committee evidently believes there will be an abolition of sugar bonuses.

Attorney-General Olney has rendered an opinion on the request of Secretary Carlisle upon the question whether Chinese merchants lawfully in the United States when the statute of November, 1893, took effect are within the provisions of the third paragraph of section 2 of that statute. He says that to interpret the language of the statute literally would be to make Congress establish a new class of Chinese persons admissible to the United States and to wink at persons who might not be merchants at the time of their application and might even be laborers, but who had been merchants in the United States at some former period. But the presumption applicable to every statute is to prevail in the case of a chief of the revenue cutter service, that it lays down a rule of conduct for the future, but makes no change in the rights already acquired or conditions already established. He concludes from these premises: "That this third paragraph of section 2 of the act of November 3, 1893, is to be regarded as wholly prospective in its operation and as applying exclusively to Chinese merchants who both come into the United States for the first time since November 3, 1893, and, having carried on business here afterward, leave the country and seek to return. Merchants already here when the statute took effect may leave the country and return as if the act of November 3, 1893, had not been passed."

Political Situation in Argentina.

LONDON.—A dispatch to the Times from Buenos Ayres, Argentina, says: The political situation is rapidly becoming difficult for President Pena. The opposition declares that ex-President Pellegrini dominates the Ministry.

To Discuss Disestablishment.

LONDON.—The Liberal Federation of the North of Wales resolved at a recent meeting that, as the government had refused to pledge themselves to carry the Welsh disestablishment bill this session, the federation should take an independent line of action and convene the Welsh Liberals to discuss the situation.

Fleeing From Persecution.

Moscow.—One hundred German Baptists have left the province of Kherson and the province of Volhynia for America to seek an asylum from Russian religious persecution. As the vessel on which they embarked left Libau the emigrants sang a psalm which was heard for some time after the vessel had left the harbor and greatly affected the crowd on the dock.

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