THE WEST SIDE.

E. C. PENTLAND, Publisher.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1890.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The pink label on this paper tells the date to which your subscription is paid. Please examine and see that it is correct. Within a few weeks we intend sending out statements and asking for a renewal of subscription. These statements will be based on the printed tag on your paper each week.

E. C. PENTLAND, Publisher.

If precint assessors are incorporated in the new assessment law, those same precint assessors should sit as a board of equalization, and not the county judge and commissioners. The men who have taken the assessment are the best able to equalize intelligently.

In the death of Justice Miller the supreme court has lost its brighest judical mind, and America her ablest jurist. His mind was as pellucid as a mountain stream, and his judgement unwarped by the storms of passion and prejudice. His moral character was above suspicion, and his official life without reproach. His death is a nations loss.

Last week incorporation papers were filed in Salem and Dallas of the Polk County Publishing Co., of Independence, Oregon, with $10,000 capital. The stock of this corporation has all been subscribed and at no distant day the plant, and good will of the present WEST SIDE will be sold to the new corporation. While to our readers no change will be seen, yet it is hoped that the change will strengthen the hold of this paper in this community.

The Temescal tin mines have suddenly sprung into prominence through the increased duty on tin provided for in the McKinley tariff bill. Some months ago a syndicate began operations toward developing tin mines at Temescal, San Bernardino county, Cal. It is claimed "that the magnitude and multiplicity of the veins in this district, together with the unusual richness and purity of the ores, warrant the belief that we shall at no distant day be as independent of England's tin as we now are of foreign borax, iron, quicksilver and coal."

Only a small proportion of the farming community can go to a bank and overdraw their account without giving security or at least a note. Many times business men of known commercial standing are allowed to over-draw largely, and settlement is made at the end of the month, and interest charged during the time of the draft. If deducting the indebtedness clause gives this class of busines men a better credit, where is the harm to the rest of the state? The city merchant has no mortgages on record against his property. The mortgage tax law does not effect him; but the indebtedness clause does.

Taking the census returns of Polk county we find that we will have only about two-thirds of a senator at the new apportionment and just a trifle over one representative. Poor little Polk! And yet we can derive some comfort from the fact that with 7736 population, and over 300,000 acres of tillable land in the county we have forty acres to support every man, woman and child; and it gives to each householder an average of 200 acres of land. Counting the towns at over half the population it leaves 300,000 acres to be divided among about 600 householders or an average of 500 acres to each. The county of Polk can stand a population of 25,000 and not be one bit crowded.

When money is borrowed of an individual the borrower deducts his debts from his taxable property and the lender is supposed to pay the tax. When the state loans any money it does so knowing that it is robbing itself of not only that amount of taxable property, for it is not taxable, but that the borrower will deduct the debt and get out of that much more. The present assessment law makes taxes unequal, and hence causes dissatisfaction.

The *Oregonian* is right in saying that Oregon is a paradise for money changers or brokers. Our laws are a sort of protective measure, but like some other protective measures should protect the proper article, Since Oregon does not now, nor ever has, produced all the money needed for her business, we want no laws keeping out foreign capital. The hard work done by bankers in loaning their money is well enough paid already, consequently let us open the gates of Oregon to cheap foreign money, even though the plethoric purses of our banker friends suffer thereby.

House bill No. 99 of the last legislature was an attempt to improve on our present law, but outside of making provision for precinct assessors, had no merit in it, having the same indebtedness clause, and devoting nearly one-third of the bill to taxing banks, showing plainly that the intention was to, if possible, make money pay its full share of taxes, which under the present system it does not, and until our system is improved banks will shirk their share of the taxes.

One does not often come across a more touching death notice than this of the *Lexington Budget*, a weekly paper recently published in Morrow county. It is printed on a postal card as follows:

DIED.

BUDGET—At Lexington, Or., Oct. 16, 1890, *Lexington Weekly Budget*, aged 107 weeks.

In order to escape the ignominy of becoming a floating abomination upon the rising tide of debt, it chose with bare bodkin to make its own end while yet it could pay for its own burial. R.I.P.

The sands of the shore will drift o'er grave, its
But no stench from its carcass will float on
the wave.

EDITOR WEST SIDE:—Dear Sir: Accept our thanks for your courtesy in exchanging with our little *Budget*, and allow us to express the hope that you may never know the humiliation of pulling down your office sign. Respectfully,

SNOW & WHITSON.

The gentlemen who have labored so hard to maintain a paper where no maintenance existed, have our ∂ur heartfelt sympathy. Their talents should find a better field.

AT LAST WE HAVE THE CENSUS FIGURES.

The present population of Oregon is 312,446. In 1880 it 174,788, a gain in ten years of 137,678, or 78.8 per cent. The population by counties is as follows:

Counties.	1890.
Benton	8,629
Clackamas	13,192
Clatsop	9,952
Columbia	5,181
Coos	8,336
Curry	1,948
Douglas	11,788
Jackson	11,260
Josephine	4,844
Lane	15,099
Linn	16,189
Polk	7,736
Tillamook	2,888
Washington	11,874
Yamhill	13,618
Multnomah	75,675
Marion	22,456
Umatilla	12,930
Union	11,930
Wasco	9,330
Baker	6,800
Grant	4,750
Morrow	4,200
Wallowa	3,640
Gilliam	3,638
Crook	3,310
Malhuer	3,710
Lake	2,680
Klamath	2,622
Sherman	1,820
Harney	1,580

The population of the principal cities is as follows:

	1890.
Astoria	7,671
Albina	3,100
Eugene	3,456
Portland	46,384
East Portland	10,401
Salem	10,422

There is one point in this assessment question which is not understood by the general reader, and that is why the towns which are to-day paying the least taxes of any locations in the state are the most clamorous for a tax law which shall make their total amount of taxes many times what it is now. The question naturally arises, why do towns ask for the repeal of the indebtedness clause? If the towns, as is the case, pay a less average tax, and yet where statistics are used, have the greatest average wealth, why do they clamor for the repeal of the indebtedness clause? The *Oregonian* hits the nail on the head when it says that in the city men borrow on their commercial credit, and it is an easy matter to have debts at the proper time to evade taxation. When some of the banks in Portland will honor the draft of some of the merchant princes for hundreds of thousands af dollars, it will be seen how easy it is to evade the law. While Portland's or other city's men of wealth can evade taxes, yet they would prefer to have no indebtedness clause, and why? Because a tax levy based on all they possess and hold would so strengthen their commercial credit that they could well afford to pay the taxes. In a great city an established credit is worth more than actual wealthy. Merchantile agencies do rate men at their true worth, but when men of Portland could appear on the tax roll as possessors of thousands, the general public becomes informed. It is to be strengthened commercially that causes the wealthy men of the cities to cry against the indebtedness clause. A careful investigation of the assessment rolls will show that the cities are paying the least taxes, and if by not deducting indebtedness the cities would pay the greater portion of taxes, what harm does it do the rural districts?

In the last legislature Mr. Paulson introduced a bill providing for precinct assessors in each county. We here quote the section relating thereto.

Section 6. It is hereby made the duty of the several county courts in this State at the February term thereof, in the year 1888, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to divide their counties into as many tax districts as said court may deem expedient and number the same; which districts shall be known by their numbers; and in creating the same said courts will best secure as many precincts, or in cities as many wards, as in the judgement of said courts shall include as many precincts, or in cities as many wards, as in the judgement of said courts will best secure a prompt and correct listing and assessment of all property therein; and on or before the first day of February, or as soon thereafter as practicable of each year thereafter, the several county assessors in the State shall nominate and by and with the consent of the several county courts appoint a deputy county assessor for each of said tax districts, except the one in which the assessor resides, which deputies must be appointed with special reference to their qualifications and fitness to discharge the duties required by this Act, and must have the same qualifications as the county assessor, must qualify in like manner, and each must have resided in the county for two years before his appointment, and must at the time of his appointment be a resident of the district for which he is appointed; and said deputy county assessors shall have the same powers and discharge the same duties required by law of the county assessor.

Since the business of cities is largely based on a system of credits and to strengthen that credit is why business men are willing to pay taxes on their whole available wealth, a short dessertation on credit may not be amiss. Credit, in political economy, is one of many terms used in that science, of which it is said that we yet possess no scientific definition. This is less to be regretted, as the practical meaning of the word is well known, so as to enable every one to understand what is meant when economists speak of the extent to which credit is safe and proper, unsafe or improper, in this or that class of cases. The nature of credit is, that while it serves the purpose of capital, it can only do so while there is capital ready to come and take its place if necessary. Credits which are not in this position—though they may happen to serve their term, as a ship may sail some distance unwrecked without a steersman—do not accomplish the purpose of capital. The real power of credit properly resting on capital, is that it enables that capital to be devoted to more than one purpose. A bank is a great emporium of credits; that is to say, it consists of a certain amount of capital which can be operated on by a whole community, not all at one time, but by individuals as occasion requires. Thus a comparatively small stock of money can be made to do duty for carrying on numerous transactions. But it is indispensable for insuring a safe system of credit, that money must be instantly available when wanted; and this principle applys not alone to banking but to every species of transaction, in which postponed payment is concerned.

It is because a great part of the commercial world does business on its credit that the demand comes from that source for a strengthening of credit. Turkey, Spain and other countries with a poor credit pay a high rate of interest. Our government with a first-class credit gets money at low rates of interest. A good credit is of great value.

Mrs. Prof. McAdams is quite sick.

The hot water pipes for the school house are in place.

Scott Laughary returned from Colorado on Thursday.

Mrs. L. W. Robertson took in the Exposition Wednesday.

Mrs. F. A. Douty is visiting friends and relatives in Albany.

Clarence Irvine, who has been quite ill for several days, is now convalescent.

The Loyal Temperance Legion meets at the M. E. church Saturday at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. B. M. Estes is back from Portland, her husband being down with the measles.

John Waltner of Dove's island is the possessor of an eight pound girl, born last Saturday.

J. D. Irvine has moved into his new house, and G. Skinner occupies his former residence.

Judge Daly, of Dallas, and J. S. Cooper of this city took Thursday's train for Newport.

Mrs. Peter Cook returned from Portland Tuesday, where she had been to see the Exposition.

W. H. Wheeler is building a small addition to his house in the way of a kitchen, pantry, etc.

A party of seven, from Missouri, recently arrived here, friends of Mr. Ford and Mrs. Cox. Mr. J. Dugger is from Mountain Grove.

Dr. H. F. Smith, of Seattle and wife are visiting at the residence of W. W. Percival. Mrs. Smith was formerly Miss DeLashmut, of Dallas, a sister of Mrs. Percival.

The Macbeth brothers from near Suver, left on Tuesday's train for Bushnell, Ill. They expect to be absent a month or more visiting their old home. Of course they will talk Oregon to the people of the Sucker state for all it is worth.

Once more the saw mills busy hum is heard. Work was resumed on Tuesday, but the supply of logs will soon be exhausted, and then silence will again hold sway in the mill. Did anyone say railroad to Falls City?

A traveling man was heard to remark "Independence is the best town on the west side. All the traveling men sell more goods and the merchants are better pay than the other towns." Of course he was giving our people "taffy," but then it is very pleasant to hear.

There will be preaching services in the Evangelical church on Sunday evening, Oct. 26th. The sermon will be preceded by a song service. The Sunday school will meet at 3 o'clock p. m., school conducted by Mrs. Lee. Choir practice on Friday evening. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening of each week. The public are cordially invited to these services. D. V. Poling, pastor.

Mr. M. Beamer, of Independence, has purchased the harness shop of B. F. Wiley, near R. M. Wade & Co's, store on Commercial street and will continue the business at the same place. Mr. Wiley has been a prosperous and popular tradesman during his time in business here and it is expected Mr. Beemer will have like experience, as he is well spoken of as a mechanic and citizen.—*Salem Journal.*

The committee from Eagle Engine Co. has decided on giving a two-nights entertainment Nov. 21 and 22nd, to consist of a musical program the first part of the first evening, followed by a drama, and to end with some novel features. The second night will consist of a musical and literary program, refreshments, and a sale of Georgian slaves. The songs by the New York Volunteer firemen will be great.

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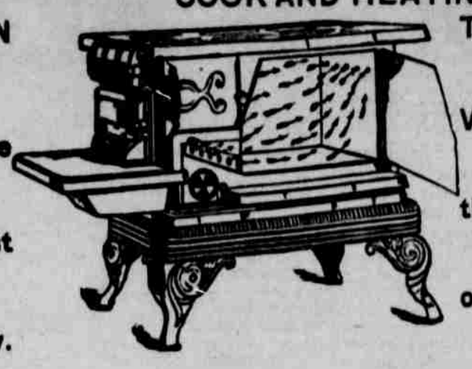
ACORN STOVES AND RANGES!

The Latest Improved in COOK AND HEATING STOVES.



The ACORN Heating Stoves are the best and Finest Finish of any. Everyone Fully Warranted and First-class.

The Improved ACORN Ventilated Oven is the Latest and Best on the Market. Have no Equal for Finish and Durability.

ACORN STOVES AND RANGES

Come and see our Car load Assortment of the ACORN Ranges and Cook Stoves, also Heeting and Box Stoves.

GOODMAN & DOUTY, INDEPENDENCE, OREGON.

[Commenced business March 4, 1889.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION.

—OF THE—

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

At Independence, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, Oct. 2, A. D. 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$134,455.10
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	5,292.42
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Due from approved reserve agents	562.72
Banking-house, furniture and fix'res	6092.50
Current expenses and taxes paid	723.80
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,031.25
Checks and other cash items	795.81
Bills of other banks	2,575.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	2.85
Specie	22,276.38
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	562.50
Total	$184,747.78

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	6,000.00
Undivided profits	1,089.90
National Bank notes outstanding	11,200.00
Individual deposits subject to check	62,746.27
Demand certificates of deposit	29,912.74
Due to other National Banks	13,513.74
Due to State Banks and bankers	9,985.03
Total	$ 184,747.78

State of Oregon, County of Polk, ss.

I, W. H. Hawley, cashier of the above-named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. H. HAWLEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of Oct., 1890.

JAMES GIBSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

J. S. COOPER,
L. W. ROBERTSON,
GEO. W. WHITAKER,
Directors.

OF CURRENT INTEREST.

In the morning, at noon and at night—politics. Give us a rest.

It is a wise nominee who can count upon his election being certain.

How glad the congressman who didn't get renominated is to get out of public life.

The speaker of the house of representatives has become a stump speaker. His popularity is not increasing among the democrats.

The fellow whom the office is seeking is usually scarce this fall, but the fellow who is seeking the offices is on hand, and he is making himself heard throughout the land.

This country will be doing business at the old stand in the usual manner the morning after election day, notwithstanding the stump speakers predictions that disaster will follow the defeat of his party.

Members of congress who failed to catch the speakers eye during the session are now inflicting upon their constituents the speeches that Mr. Reedes neglect or vigilance, just as you look at it, kept out of the *Congressional Record*.

Last week the one hundredth anniversary of the introduction of cotton spinning into the United States was celebrated at Pawtucket, Rhode Island, by the unveiling of a statue to Samuel Slater, the man who introduced this most important industry. How young we are after all.

Could anything be more pathetic and expressive to those who have been initiated into the mysteries of trying to run a newspaper without money than the following paragraph clipped from one of our exchanges: "No, we didn't issue any paper last week. We might give a number of reasons but suffice it to say, why didn't Jack eat his supper? Before kicking ask yourself this little question. "Is my subscription paid?"

Mr. Wanmaker is still hamering on his pet hobby—a postal telegraph system—forgetting that one cent letter postage is what the people want, We advise that pledges be obtained from the congressional candidates of both parties to work and vote for a bill giving us one cent letter postage. If this be done all over the country the end will be accomplished, no matter which party controls the next house of representatives.

It is fitting that the count of Paris should be given a cordial welcome by the people of the United States during his present visit, and he is a claiment for the French throne, in the event of there ever being one again, should be forgotten for the time being. As a descendent of the French king who aided us in the trying days of '76 he is entitled to all the courtesy we can show him, to say nothing of his meritorious personal service on the staff of Gen. McClellan during the late war, and has far more valuable services as a historian of that war. Welcome, count! to the land where every man is a king.

Isn't it about time the tariff was taken out of politics? Good or bad as it may prove to be there is not the slightest probability that any material change in the new tariff law will or can be made for years to come. Why? Because it is a republican measure, and no change will be possible as long as the republicans remain in control of the United States senate, which they are certain to do for the next six years, if no longer. Such being the status of the matter is it not a waste of time to discuss it further at this time? Let us drop the matter, but at the same time keep a careful watch upon the workings of the new law that we may intelligently commend or condemn it when the proper time comes.

Independence Roller Mills,

GEO. SKINNER, Proprietor.

These Mills, now building will begin operations about the first of November, 1890, and will then be prepared to buy wheat or store for use of farmers through the season.

Until the Elevator is completed wheat will be received at some warehouse here, and flour in same will be delivered at the Mill door.

Independence. - - - Oregon.

DR. HILLER'S Special Prescriptions.

HOME TREATMENT — SELF CURE

A Specific Remedy for Each Disease.

DR. HILLER'S HYDRASTINE RESTORATIVE. Stimulates nutrition. Purifies the Blood. Cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and General Debility. A perfect tonic and strength builder.

DR. HILLER'S ANTI-BILIOUS STOMACH AND LIVER CURE. Cures Biliousness and all Liver Troubles, Chills and Fever, Malarial Fevers, and all Typhoid conditions.

DR. HILLER'S CATARRH CURE. Cures Acute Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, and Catarrhal Deafness. Guaranteed to cure the worst cases when directions are followed, or money refunded.

DR. HILLER'S COUGH CURE. Cures Colds, Hoarseness, Coughs, Bronchitis, Pleurisy and Pneumonia, and relieves Consumption. Contains no Opiates. Cures Croup in 10 minutes. Try it.

DR. HILLER'S DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT CURE. Prevents and cures Diphtheria. Will positively cure any sore throat in from 5 to 24 hours. Cures Quinsy in 3 days.

DR. HILLER'S FEVER CURE. Indispensable in all acute diseases attended with fever. Prevents and cures Scarlet Fever, Scarlatina, and Measles. Mothers should bear this in mind.

DR. HILLER'S NERVOUS DEBILITY CURE. Cures Nervous Weakness, and Loss of Power. Never fails. Send for Private Circular to Hiller Drug Co., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. HILLER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIC CURE. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, and Sciatica, by neutralizing the blood acids which cause them.

DR. HILLER'S TEETHING CURE. Aids the growth and development of children during the teething period, ensures painless teething and sound teeth, and prevents and cures Spasms, Rickets, Brain Troubles and Bowel Complaints. A blessing to both mother and child.

DR. HILLER'S WHOOPING COUGH CURE. Prevents and Cures Whooping Cough.

NOTE.—With the exception of Dr. Hiller's Hydrastine Restorative, Dr. Hiller's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Cure, and Dr. Hiller's Cough Cure, the above remedies are put up in Tablet form, and, if not obtainable from your druggist, will be sent free by mail, on receipt of price.

$1.00 per Package. Six Packages for $5.00.

These remedies are the result of twenty-five years of practical professional experience, and are guaranteed to cure when a cure is possible. Dr. Hiller's 48 page book of directions for home treatment, containing valuable instructions as to hygiene and diet, sent FREE on application

HILLER DRUG COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., U. S. A.

For Sale by BUSTER & LOCKE.

DR. ABORN

IS NOW AT PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE SCIENTIFIC HEALER. THE SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN.

FOR THOSE WHO CANNOT POSSIBLY CALL PERSONALLY, HOME TREATMENT PLACED WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL THAT WILL GIVE INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF AND A PERMANENT CURE.

The most speedy, positive and permanent cure for Catarrh of the Head, Asthma, and all Throat, Bronchial, Lung, Heart, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Affections, Nervous Debility, etc. Consumption, in its various stages, permanently cured. DR. ABORN'S original mode of treatment and his medicated inhalations gives instantaneous relief, builds up and revitalizes the whole constitution and system, thereby prolonging life. Weak, nervous, debilitated and broken-down constitutions, old and young, invariably gain from ten to thirty pounds in from thirty to ninety days.

DR. ABORN'S phenomenal skill and marvelous cures have created the greatest astonishment on the Pacific Coast and throughout the American continent, during the past twenty-five years. Asthma, Catarrh of the Head, and all Throat, Bronchial and Lung trouble instantly relieved, and Deafness often cured permanently at first consultation. DR. ABORN'S essay on the "Curability of Consumption," and a treatise on "Catarrh of the Head," with evidences of some extraordinary cures, mailed free. Call or address

DR. ABORN,
Fourth and Morrison Sts., Portland, Oregon.

NOTE.—Home treatment, securely packed, sent by express to all parts of the Pacific Coast, for those who cannot possibly call in person.

ALL INVITED TO CALL FOR FREE CONSULTATION.

COUGHS, SORE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including CONSUMPTION, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of complaint. The genuine is always signed on the wrapper, IRA W. BUTTS, M.D., Prop'r, BOSTON, MASS. Sold by dealers generally.

MARVELOUS DISCOVERY MEMORY

Mind wandering cured. Books learned in one reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. Prospectus POST FREE, sent on application to Prof. A. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave. New York.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success

So said Bulwer, that greatest of Novelists, and he never spoke more truly, and he might have added with equal force, that *merit* is the essence of success. Wisdom's Robertine is the synonym of merit, and its history is success. The magical effects of this preparation have been attested by thousands of the leading ladies of society and the stage. It is the only article ever discovered which gives a *Natural* and *Beautiful* tint to the complexion, at the same time removing all roughness of the face and arms and leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety. It has long been the study of chemists to produce an article that while it would *beautify* the complexion would also have the merit of being *harmless*, but these two important qualities were never brought together until combined in

WISDOM'S ROBERTINE. 50c.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

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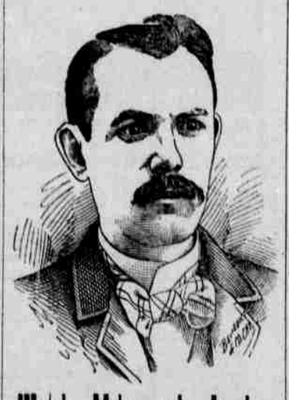

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—Wants Your Repairing.—

Watch repair a specialty. Will give you bargains in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

—WITH—

Buster & Locke.

SEASONABLE STYLES AND FAIR FIGURES!

Is a reasonable proposition to Sensible People. You know it is possible for us to do this. We promise it in good faith. It means for you

—The best at Lowest Prices in—

--BOOTS and SHOES--

For Ladies, Gents and Children's wear, our Stock abounds in Necessities and Latest Novelties. Quality the best in everything we offer this Season. The lowest prices and the best bargains offered in Polk county.

-H. D. Waller,-

Main St., Independence.

PIONEER STORE

-OF-

SHELLY & VANDUYN

Is well Stocked with Seasonable Goods and will be replenished to suit the times.

Their facilities for doing business are equal to any House in the Valley and their prices are always right.

Their reputation for keeping good Goods together with the courtesy extended to their customers insures them the Liberal Patronage they are receiving, and for which they are thankful.

Shelly & Vanduyn,

INDEPENDENCE, - OREGON.

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The Public is Most Cordially Invited to Call and Price Our Latest Selected Stock of Writing Papers, Tablets, Pens, Ink, Rulers, etc., also All the School Books in Use in the Public Schools.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

THEY ALL SAY

(and it is true) that you can get at

W. H. Wheeler's Store,

—THE BEST SELECTED STOCK OF—

—STATIONERY AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES—

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Candies, Cigars, Notions, Arctic Soda, Fruits, (in season) *Smoker's Articles, Cutlery, Bird Cages and Bird Seed, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, Toys, Wagons, Pianos and Organs, Sewing Machines and Extras, etc.*

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